

To The Additional Principal Chief Conservator of Forest, Regional Office (Eastern Central Zone) Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change, Govt. of India Bungalow No. A-2, Shyamali Colony, Ranchi – 834002, Jharkhand.

Ref No. - JMB/ENV/DIG/37/ 169 /2019

May 23, 2019

Ref.: Environmental Clearance letter No.-J-11015/372/2010-IA.II(M)dated-30th September 2013.

SUB: Half Yearly Compliance Status Report of Environment Clearance conditions issued by MoEFCC, New Delhi to Digwadih Colliery, Tata Steel Limited, Dhanbad for the period October'18 to March'19.

Dear Sir,

We are enclosing herewith compliance report for the period **October'18 to March'19** for the EC granted vide letter no.- J-11015/372/2010-IA.II(M) dated- 30th September 2013 issued by Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, New Delhi.

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Copy of the compliance report is also being sent in soft format through email at $\underline{ro.ranchi-mef@gov.in}$ for your kind perusal. We trust the information furnished is in line with your requirement.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

Head (Planning) Jharia Division, Tata Steel Ltd.

Encl: As above.

- Copy to: Member Secretary, CPCB, Eastern Zonal Office, Southend Conclave, 502, 5th Floor 1582, Rajdanga Main Road, Kolkata -700107.
- Copy to: Member Secretary, JSPCB, T.A. Division Building (Ground Floor), H.E.C, Dhurwa, Ranchi - 834004.

TATA STEEL LIMITED

Jharia Collieries Jamadoba 828 112 Dhanbad India Tel 91 326 2320263/2320265/2320267 Fax 91 326 2320268 Regd. Office Bombay House 24 Homi Mody Street Fort Mumbai 400 001 Tel 91 22 66658282 Fax 91 22 66657724 Corporate Identity Number L27100MH1907PLC000260 Website www.tatasteel.com

HALF YEARLY COMPLIANCE REPORT (PERIOD: OCTOBER'18 – MARCH'19)

DIGWADIH COLLIERY (CAPACITY: EXPANSION FROM 0.38 TO 0.6 MTPA RAW COAL) TEHSIL: JHARIA, DIST: DHANBAD, JHARKHAND



TATA STEEL LIMITED, JHARIA DIVISION

P.O.- JAMADOBA, DIST. - DHANBAD, STATE- JHARKHAND, PIN CODE – 828112

ENVIRONMENTAL CLEARANCE GRANTED VIDE LETTER NO. - J-11015/372/2010-IA.II(M) DATED- 30.09.2013 ISSUED BY GOVT. OF INDIA, MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE, NEW DELHI.

S. No.	Condition	Compliance Status
Specific	Condition	
(i)	The maximum production from the mines shall not exceed beyond that for which environmental clearance has been granted.	It is being strictly followed. The EC capacity is for 0.6 MTPA raw coal while the raw coal production for Digwadih Colliery is well below the limit. The production details are: FY19 - 0.261 MTPA FY18 - 0.259 MTPA FY17 - 0.262 MTPA FY16 - 0.308 MTPA FY15 - 0.25 MTPA
(ii)	The impact on the Damodar river due to mining activity which is at a distance of 2 km be studied through a reputed 3 rd Party and submitted to the SPCB and the regional office of the MoEF for monitoring.	 The underground coal mines operated by Tata Steel Ltd are adjacent to the Damodar River. Other coal mines of BCCL & SAIL are also in close proximity to the river basin. Major source of pollution of Damodar River is the flow of industrial effluents and untreated sewage water into the river. A number of OB dumps lie close to the river banks causing the flow of sediments into the river. As per the hydrology study conducted by Indian School of Mines, Dhanbad, the impact of the underground mines of Tata Steel Ltd is minimal. This is due to the following reasons The mining activity does not require any diversion of river/streams or natural drain. As land profile does not change appreciably in case of underground mines with backfilling of mined out areas, there is no change in surface drainage till date and unlikely to occur in future. Surface water quality also does not undergo any change, as there is no discharge to surface drainage in dry season. In Monsoon, the excess mine water discharged gets mixed with storm water. Large settling tanks are available for storage and sedimentation of mine water before its discharge to conform to the norms. The industrial wastewater generated during vehicle washing from the central workshop catering to all the mines is treated in oil and grease trap followed by recycling of water. The two coal washeries of Tata Steel are operating on Zero Liquid discharge (ZLD) principle. Sewage water generated from our townships is treated in Soak pit and Septic tank arrangement. Now we are replacing it with Packaged Sewage Treatment Plant (PSTP). Already one STP of 200 KLD has been installed in one colony and remaining colonies are also proposed to be covered with STP.

(iii)	Details of underground transportation of coal from mine to coal yard/ rail yard be submitted to the MoEF for record.	Coal from the mine is sent to the captive Jamadoba coal washery for beneficiation purpose through a network of underground conveyor belts. The detailed diagram of transportation network has already been submitted in earlier compliance report.
(iv)	Adequate care be taken to prevent sand spillages from the trucks/tippers.	The trucks that are being used for the transportation of sand are properly covered using tarpaulin sheets. Larger trucks have been engaged for reducing no of cycles. To ensure the compliance, every vehicle is checked as per vehicle checklist on PUC, Tyre/body condition, emission check at every entry point. Quality checks are done on trucks to ensure its health and punitive action is taken against defaulters by the management.
(v)	The test results of the study of leaching of heavy metals from bottom-ash be submitted to SPCB and the regional office of the MoEF for monitoring.	A study conducted in 2013, by Indian School of Mines, Dhanbad to assess the leachability characteristics of fly ash and bottom ash samples taken from our, has determined that the concentration of heavy metals in the leachates were invariably well below the permissible limits for discharge of effluents as per the Indian standards IS 2490 (1993). The test results have already been submitted in December'13 and also re-submitted in April'18.
(vi)	The CSR activities shall be need based and detailed CSR plan be prepared for implementation.	The CSR plan for each financial year is prepared by TSRDS (Tata Steel Rural Development Society) only after proper discussions to assess the needs have been held with the elected/ senior members of the communities where our CSR activities are to be undertaken.
(vii)	The detailed breakup of funds during 2012-13 be submitted to the MoEF for record. A social audit to be got done annually by a reputed institute and uploaded on the company's website.	The detailed breakup has already been submitted to MOEF. The Corporate Sustainability Reports viz. Integrated Reports are made annually for the company which is certified by an assurance agency. It also includes the Social Audit of the company. All the reports are uploaded on the Tata Steel website. Further, an internal Social audit is also conducted once in five years. In 2012, a HDI (Human Development Index) survey of surrounding villages was conducted with the help of XLRI, Jamshedpur.
(viii)	There should be no OB dumps at the end of the mining.	Since this is an underground mine, it is not applicable.
(ix)	Regular monitoring of subsidence movement on the surface over and around the working area and impact on natural drainage pattern, water	Regular monitoring of subsidence is done by Central Institute for Mining and Fuel Research, Dhanbad. According to the subsidence reports, the impact of subsidence is negligible since the underground mine workings are now at great depth and proper filling of

	bodies, vegetation, structure, roads, and surroundings shall be continued till movement ceases completely. In case of observation of any high rate of subsidence movement, appropriate effective corrective measures shall be taken to avoid loss of life and material. Cracks shall be effectively plugged with ballast and clayey soil/suitable material.	voids through sand stowing is being done. The latest subsidence report has been submitted to MoEFCC, Regional Office, Ranchi in hard copy and soft copy vide mail dt. 19.04.2018. The latest subsidence study report is attached here.
(x)	If subsidence is found exceeding the permitted limits, then the landowners shall be adequately compensated with mutual agreement of the landowners.	It will be strictly followed.
(xi)	Mining shall be carried out as per statuette at a safe distance from the river/nallah flowing adjacent to the lease boundary.	Since this is an underground project, there is hardly any impact on the river/ nallah. The closest jore is at a distance of about 2kms from the mine office area. Therefore, no impact on the course of flow in the jore is anticipated.
(xii)	High root density tree species shall be selected and planted over areas likely to be affected by subsidence.	Impact on land by subsidence has been found to be negligible as per the subsidence monitoring reports prepared by CIMFR, Dhanbad.
(xiii)	Coal extraction shall also be optimized in areas where agricultural production is continuing. Some pillars shall be left below the agricultural land. No depillaring & coal extraction should be carried out below habitation, H.T. Lines & beneath road, water bodies.	It will be strictly followed.
(xiv)	Subsidence shall be monitored closely and if subsidence is found exceeding the permitted limits, then the landowners shall be adequately compensated with mutual agreement with the landowners.	Regular monitoring of subsidence is being done by CIMFR, Dhanbad.
(xv)	3-tier plantation should be developed 2 km stretch of road from the mine using native species.	Plantation along stretches of road has been done. 3-tier plantation is not feasible due to presence of private land around the periphery of colliery. Details on greenbelt developed is provided in Annexure-I.

(xvi)	Garland drains (size, gradient and length) around the safety areas such as mine shaft and low lying areas and sump capacity shall be designed keeping 50% safety margin over and above the peak sudden rainfall and maximum discharge in the area adjoining the mine sites. Sump capacity shall also provide adequate retention period to allow proper settling of silt material.	Garland drains of adequate size and gradient already exist around the colliery area to channelize the surface runoff. The details of size of garland drain mapped in surface plan has been submitted earlier in April'18.
(xviii)	The locations of monitoring stations in the Jharia Coalfields should be finalized in consultation with the Jharkhand State Pollution Control Board. The smoke/dust emission varies from source to source (fuel wood, coal, flyash from TPPs, silica from natural dust, etc). Mineralogical composition study should be undertaken on the composition of the suspended particulate matter (PM10 and PM2.5) in Jharia Coalfields and also quantified. These studies would help ascertain source and extent of the air pollution, based on which appropriate mitigative measures could be taken.	The locations of monitoring stations for our colliery have already been finalized in consultation with JSPCB, Dhanbad. The mineralogical composition study has being carried out by an independent laboratory (recognized by MoEFCC and NABL) and the results are provided in Annexure-II.
(xix)	Water sprinkling system shall be provided to check fugitive emissions from loading operations, conveyor system, haulage roads, transfer points, etc. Major approach roads shall be black topped and properly maintained.	Water spraying arrangement is present in the underground mines at all transfer points. Water spraying via tankers is done on sand transportation routes. Major approach roads have been black-topped and maintained regularly.
(xx)	Transportation of coal from the mine to railway siding should be by 20T mechanically covered trucks.	Not applicable due to transportation of coal via underground belt conveyor network system directly to washery.

		Tree plantati	on activities are	carried out even	ry year on the
(xxi)	A progressive afforestation plan shall be prepared and implemented over the mine lease area acquired and shall include areas under green belt development, areas along roads, infrastructure, along ML boundary and township etc, by planting native species in consultation with the local DFO/Agriculture Department.	barren/ deg infrastructure these, fruit p villagers, sc department afforestation management have been p density trees plantation pr		areas along illiery leasehold ated to employer ons, etc. The e for impler prepared along v vo years, about leasehold area ies are planted . We have cover ntation jobs this Areca palm Bargad Guler/ Dumar Shisham Gulmohar	g road-side, Apart from es and also to environment menting the with the mine 10000 trees s. High root under annual red around 39
		Sitaphal	Kadam Sal		Togger
		Kathal	Teak/ Sagwan	Lagerstroemia	Jamun
			Radhachuda	Pipal	Arjun
		Kachnar	Phoenix palm	Guava	Ber
		Jungle Jalebi	Amla	Ashoka	
(xxii)	Regularmonitoringofgroundwaterlevelandqualityshallbecarriedoutbyestablishinganetworkofexistingwellsandconstructionofnewpeizometers.Themonitoringforquantityshallbedoneforquantitydoneforquantityshallbedoneforquantitymonsoon(May),monsoon(August),post-monsoon(November)andwinter(January)seasonsandforQuarterlywithinofMoEFandtotheMoEFmonthofmonitoring.AcidWaterTreatmentPlant,	four times a groundwater	ing of groundwa a year. The groundwa level for the Po n (January) are p le.	oundwater qual st-Monsoon (No	ity report & ovember) and
()	volume of water to be treated and disposal of brine should be provided.				

(vviv)	Mine discharge water outside the	There is	one min	o wata	or outle	t noint	in the co	llionu	which is
(xxiv)	Mine discharge water outside the	regularly				.		•	
	ML shall be monitored,	analysis r		-				aborate	ny. The
	particularly for TDS and treated								Oil &
	to conform to prescribed levels	Month	Temp	pН	TSS	TDS	BOD	COD	Grease
	before discharge into the natural	Limits	<40°C	5.5-	100	2100	30mg/1	250	10
	environment.	Oct'18		9.0	mg/l	mg/l No Discha	-	mg/l	mg/l
		Nov'18	28	7.4	14	596	3.2	16	1.3
			33	7.4	14	700	3.0	16	1.3
		Dec'18							
		Jan'19	30	7.7	12	704	3.4	16	0.8
		Feb'19				No Discha	-		
		Mar'19 Min	28	7.4	12	No Discha 596	irge 3.0	16	0.8
		Max	33	7.7	12	704	3.4	16	1.3
		Average	30.33	7.5	12.66	666.66	3.2	16	1.1
(****)	The Company shall put up	More th	500)/. of	the	watar	2112220	d out	during
(xxv)	The Company shall put up								-
	artificial groundwater recharge	undergro		-	-				
	measures for augmentation of		mine for the purpose of stowing. Backfilling of mine						
	groundwater resource, in case	voids by stowing is done using sand which is having the porosity to hold the underground water thus helping aquifer to retain the underground water.							
	water table shows a declining								
	trend. The project authorities								
	shall meet water requirement of	Further, there are a number of ponds existing on the surface of the mining lease which act as natural reservoirs							
	nearby village(s) in case the								
	village wells go dry due to		for recharging ground water. These ponds/ tanks are regularly cleaned and maintained by our CSR department.						
	dewatering of mine.					-		-	
		As per t	•	-	-	-	the va	ariation	in the
		ground v			•				
		The wate							
		by the c		<i>i</i> alre	ady. N	low pip	ed drin	iking v	vater is
		being pro							
(xxvi)	Besides carrying out regular	The per				-			
	periodic health checkup of their	regularly	•		-		-		
	workers, 10% of the workers	Central	-	-				· ·	
	identified from workforce	Medical Examination) centre approved by DGMS where						S where	
	engaged in active mining	20 % of							
	operations shall be subjected to	in active	mining	oper	ations	are sub	jected t	o full 1	medical
	health checkup for occupational	checkup	includ	ing l	nearing	; impai	rment	checku	ip, etc.
	diseases and hearing	These re	esults ar	e reg	ularly	submit	ted to]	DGMS	as per
	impairment, if any, through an	mines ru	iles. So	me s	ample	reports	and as	s well	as past
	agency such as NIOH,	records	have b	een s	submit	ted in	previou	is com	pliance
	Ahmedabad within a period of	report.							
	one year and the results reported	*							
	to this Ministry and to DGMS.								
(xxvii)	The mining in the existing mines	T . •	1. 1	1 ·					
()	would be phased out after expiry	It is not a	applicab	le in o	our cas	se.			
	of the current mining lease and								
	si me canone mining lease and								

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(xxviii)	after reclamation of mined over area. The operating mines may be analyzed and monitored for compliance of conditions, having bearing with movement of wild life until such time they are closed/ phased out. Project specific CSR for an amount of Rs 5/Tonne of coal production should be provided for the activities under CSR undertaken for the neighboring villages shall be for not less than Rs 10 per tonne of coal and the progress made thereon shall be uploaded by the company annually on the company website. Monitoring of the impacts of activities under CSR shall be carried out periodically.	The proposed CSR expenditure for the entire company is decided as per the new Company Rules. Once the CSR budget for company is fixed, a share of that amount is dedicated and utilized for implementing the CSR activities at our Jharia Division level. The CSR expenditure for FY19 is Rs.5.65 crores. CSR data submitted is for Jharia Division which comprises all 5 collieries and 2 washeries. Jamadoba Washery, Digwadih Colliery and 6&7 Pits Colliery are adjacent to each other and fall under same leasehold area i.e. Jamadoba group of collieries. The core zone and buffer zone of all above units overlap to each other and in many cases, the villages are same where CSR work is going on. Therefore, we have a central budget for CSR which is managed by a team of experts who are dedicatedly involved in providing benefits and improving standard of living in over 50+ villages and municipal wards. Hence, separate CSR expenditure for individual unit cannot be estimated. For calculation/ statutory reporting purpose, the consolidated CSR expenditure can be divided into unit-wise based on size of leasehold area of individual units.
		S. Unit Area CSR expenditure (Ha) in FY19 (in Lakhs)
		1Jamadoba Colliery and Jamadoba Coal Washery927.17240.60
		2 Digwadih Colliery 314.57 81.63
		3 6 & 7 Pits Colliery 168.12 43.63 4 Bhelatand A. Colliery and BCPP 529.68 137.45
		5 Sijua Colliery 238.66 61.93
		Total 2178.2 565.24
		The progress report is uploaded every year on the
		company website. Internal social audits are carried out regularly to assess the impact of CSR activities. The CSR
		report with photographs are provided in Annexure.
(xxix)	A Final Mine Closure Plan along	Mine Closure Plan has been approved by Ministry of
(,	with details of Corpus Fund shall	Coal, New Delhi. Details on deposition of closure cost in
	be submitted to the Ministry of	escrow account along with expenditure incurred for
-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

	Environment & Forests 5 years in advance of final mine closure for approval.	progressive closure is regularly submitted to Office of Coal controller. Final mine closure along with details of corpus fund will be submitted to MoEFCC 5 years in advance.
(XXX)	CorporateEnvironmentResponsibility:a) The Company shall have awell laid down EnvironmentPolicy approved by the Board ofDirectors.b) The Environment Policy shallprescribe for standard operatingprocess/procedures to bring intofocusanyinfringements/deviation/violation of the environmental or forestnorms/conditions.c) The hierarchical system orAdministrative Order of thecompany to deal withenvironmental issues and forensuring compliance with theenvironmentalclearanceconditions shall be furnished.d) To have proper checks andbalances, the company shallhave a well laid down system ofreportingofnon-compliances/violationsofenvironmental norms to theBoard of Directors of thecompany and/or shareholders orstakeholders at large.	The Company already has an Environment Policy approved by the Managing Director and it addresses all the issues mentioned. Tata Steel Environmental Policy is attached as Annexure-IV. The status of adherence to the policy and compliance to Environmental laws and regulations is regularly discussed at higher levels. Any non-compliance noticed is corrected at divisional level. If any issue is beyond our control, it is brought to the notice of higher management. Moreover, Digwadih Colliery is IMS (Integrated Management System: Quality Management System, Environment Management System and OHSAS) certified unit addressing all environment aspects, impacts and needs and expectation of interested parties with respect to environment protection.

B.	GENERAL CONDITIONS	
(i)	No change in technology and scope of working shall be made without prior approval of the MoEF.	It is being strictly followed. Bord and Pillar method is being used for mining.
(ii)	No change in the calendar plan including quantum of mineral coal and waste being produced shall be made.	It will be strictly followed.
(iii)	Four ambient air quality monitoring stations shall be established in the core zone as well as in the buffer zone for monitoring PM10, PM2.5, SO2 and NOx. Location of the stations shall be decided based on the meteorological data, topographical features and environmentally and ecologically sensitive targets in consultation with the State Pollution Control Board. Monitoring of heavy metals such as Hg, As, Ni, Cd, Cr, in RSPM etc. shall be carried out at least once in six months.	The Air quality monitoring stations are: (i)Jamadoba Group Office (Core Zone) (ii)New Village Colony, Jamadoba (Buffer Zone) (iii)Digwadih 12 No. Colony (Buffer Zone) (iv)6&7 Pits Kalimandir area (Buffer Zone) Monitoring of heavy metals in ambient air is being performed by an independent laboratory (recognized by MoEFCC/NABL) once in six months. The results are enclosed as Annexure-II.
(iv)	Data on ambient air quality (PM10, PM2.5, SO2 and NOx and heavy metals such as Hg, As, Ni, Cr, etc) and other monitoring data shall be regularly submitted to the Ministry including its Regional Office at Bhubaneswar and to the SPCB and the CPCB once in six months. Random verification of samples through analysis from independent laboratories recognised under the EP Rules, 1986 shall be furnished as part of the compliance report.	Ambient air quality report (PM10, PM 2.5, SO2 and NOx) for the period from Oct'18 to Mar'19 is attached as Annexure-I. Additionally, M/s Ecomen Laboratories Pvt. Ltd (an MoEFCC and NABL recognised Laboratory) has done monitoring on ambient air quality (PM10, PM 2.5, SO2, NOx, CO, NH3, O3) and heavy metals (As, Ni, Cd and Cr) in the month of Aug'18. The results are enclosed as Annexure-II.

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(v)	Adequate measures shall be taken for control of noise levels below 85 dBA in the work environment. Workers	envi nois Febr	ronment. W e areas. T ruary'19 is g	urvey is being conduct Vorkers are provided The noise levels m given below:	with ear-p onitored	olugs/ in th	muffs in high e month of		
	engaged in blasting and drilling operations, operation	S N		Equipment / Location	Distance (meter away)	Leq (dB 'A')	Exposure Hours		
	of HEMM, etc shall be provided with ear plugs/muffs.	1		Pit Bottom	-	61.6	8 hrs./shift		
	provided with ear plags maris.	2	8 Seam (S)	Heat Exchange Station $-3^{rd} D / 2^{\frac{1}{2}}$	-	59.4	8 hrs./shift		
		3		Auxiliary Fan, 6 th L / 12 th D	-	83.7	8 hrs./shift		
		4		Transformer Room, 6 th L / 6 th D	-	61.2	8 hrs./shift		
		5		Miner Station, 6 th / 22 nd D	-	58.7	8 hrs./shift		
		e	Surface	Pit top	-	68.4	8 hrs./shift		
		7		Winder Room	-	75.6	8 hrs./shift		
		8		Compressor Room for Winder	-	80.1	8 hrs./shift		
(vi)	Industrial wastewater (workshop and wastewater from the mine) shall be properly collected, and treated so as to conform to the standards including for heavy metals before discharge prescribed under GSR 422 (E) dated 19th May 1993 and 31st December 1993 or as amended from time to time. Oil and grease trap shall be installed before discharge of workshop effluents.	premises. There is a central workshop and garage in Jamadoba where Effluent Treatment Plant having oil and grease trap facility has been provided.							
(vii)	Vehicular emissions shall be kept under control and regularly monitored. Vehicles used for transportation of the mineral shall be covered with tarpaulins and optimally loaded.	Only the vehicles having valid PUC certificates are being allowed to operate for sand transportation. Some of the vehicle fitness certificates and PUC certificates have been shared in hard copies and over mail at <i>ro.ranchi- mef@gov.in</i> . Coal transportation is done through underground belt network. Only sand transportation is done through trucks which are covered with tarpaulins as well as optimally loaded.							

(ix) M (ix) M (ix) M (ix) M C b R th (x) T th n L b s f (xi) A C s	Monitoring of environmental quality parameters shall be carried out through establishment of adequate number and type of pollution monitoring and analysis equipment in consultation with SPCB and data got analysed through a laboratory recognised under EP Rules, 1986. Monitoring of outlet points should be carried out and records of same should be maintained and submitted to the Regional Office of the MOEF as part of the Compliance Report. There is one mine-water outlet point in the colliery which is regularly monitored by the Environmental Laboratory. The analysis results has been provided in point no. (xxiv) of	We have a fully equipped Environment Cell Laboratory with qualified personnel. Laboratory has been recognized and registered with the Jharkhand State Pollution Control Board vide letter ref no. B-3922, dated-30.08.2012. The monitoring and analysis is also done at regular intervals by M/s Ecomen Laboratories Pvt. Ltd., an MoEF recognised laboratory (vide its notification 03.01.2014). We have also installed a Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Station at Jamadoba for real time monitoring. There is one mine-water outlet point in the colliery which is regularly monitored by the Environmental Laboratory. The analysis results has been provided in point no. (xxiv) of specific condition. Persons working in dusty area have been provided with dust masks & have been given awareness training on safety & health aspects. Regular PME (Periodic Medical Examinations) are being done.
(xi) A (x) C (x) C (xi)	carried out and records of same should be maintained and submitted to the Regional Office of the MOEF as part of the Compliance Report. There is one mine-water outlet point in the colliery which is regularly monitored by the Environmental Laboratory. The analysis results has	There is one mine-water outlet point in the colliery which is regularly monitored by the Environmental Laboratory. The analysis results has been provided in point no. (xxiv) of specific condition. Persons working in dusty area have been provided with dust masks & have been given awareness training on safety & health aspects. Regular PME
(xi) A c s	the colliery which is regularly monitored by the Environmental Laboratory. The analysis results has	with dust masks & have been given awareness training on safety & health aspects. Regular PME
c si	specific condition.	The details have been provided earlier. IME and PME records of last three years have been shared in hard copies and over mail at <i>ro.ranchi-mef@gov.in</i> earlier.
d	A separate environmental management cell with suitable qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of a Senior Executive, who will report directly to the Head of the company.	We have a separate Environmental Management Cell with four qualified personnel (One Head and Two Senior Managers and One Manager). The reporting of Environmental Cell is directly to General Manager of the Division.
(xii) T p so d e N	The funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and shall not be diverted for other purpose. Year-wise expenditure shall be reported to this Ministry and its Regional Office at Bhubaneswar.	S. No.Environment Management ActivityExpenditure in Lakhs1.Stowing activities i.e filling of U/G prevention of subsidence699.232.Fire Control measures (Fire/Isolation Stopping and Nitrogen plant)43.84

		-			
		4.	Water spraying costs in underground and surface	5.66	
		5.	Making potable water in Water Treatment Plant & Supply to colonies	24.77	
		6.	Horticultural activities including green belt development and regular lawn and garden maintenance	16.71	
		7.	Plantation of saplings and maintenance	1.04	
			Total Cost incurred	795.27	
(xiii)	The Project authorities shall advertise at least in two local newspapers widely circulated around the project, one of which shall be in the vernacular language of the locality concerned within seven days of the clearance letter informing that the project has been accorded environmental clearance and a copy of the clearance letter is available with the State Pollution control Board and may also be seen at the website of the ministry of Environment & Forests at <u>http://envfor.nic.in</u> .		s been complied with. Details a exure.	re provided	l in
(xiv)	A copy of the environmental clearance letter shall be marked to concerned Panchayat/Zila Parishad, Municipal Corporation or Urban Local Body and local NGO, if any, from whom any suggestion/representation has been received while processing the proposal. A copy of the clearance letter shall also be displayed on the company's website.		s been complied with. Details a exure.	re provided	l in
(xv)	A copy of the clearance letter shall be displayed on the website of the concerned State Pollution Control Board. The EC letter shall also be displayed at the Regional Office, District Industry Centre and Collector's Office/Tehsildar's Office for 30 days.	It has	s been complied with.		
(xvi)	The clearance letter shall be uploaded on the company's website. The compliance status of the stipulated EC conditions shall also be uploaded by the project authorities on their website and updated at least once every six months so as to bring the same in the public domain. The monitoring data of environmental quality parameters (air,	comp Half- comp The	clearance letter has been upl pany's website. The compliance yearly compliance report) is bei pany's website (Enclosed as display of information near the geen done.	nce status ng uploaded Annexure-I	(as d in II).

	water, noise and soil) and critical pollutants such as PM10, PM2.5, SO2 and NOx (ambient and stack if any) and critical sectoral parameters shall also be displayed at the entrance of the project premises and mines office and in corporate office and on the company's website.	
(xvii)	The project proponent shall submit six monthly reports on the status of compliance of the stipulated environmental clearance conditions (both in hard copy and in e-mail) to the respective Regional Office of the MOEF, the respective Zonal offices of CPCB and the SPCB.	It is being complied
(xviii)	The Regional Office of this Ministry located at Bhopal shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The Project authorities shall extend full cooperation to the office(s) of the Regional Office by furnishing the requisite data/ information/monitoring reports.	It will be complied with.
(xix)	The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31st March in Form-V is mandated to be submitted by the project proponent tot the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be uploaded on the company's website along with the status of compliance of EC conditions and shall be sent to the respective Regional Offices of the MOEF by E- mail.	The environmental statement for financial year 2017-18 has been submitted to JSPCB on 24th September 2018 and it is also uploaded on the company website (Annexure- III). The soft copy of Environment Statement is also sent to MOEF by email at ro.ranchi-mef@gov.in.

Head Planning Tata Steel Limited, Jharia Division

Ambient Air Quality and Groundwater Quality Report (Period- October'18 to March'19)

AIR QUALITY REPORT

Core zone & Buffer zone

Period- October'18 to December'18

No. of sampling points: 4

						(22	
Location	Latitude/ Longitude	Date	Weather Condition	SPM 24 Hourly Limit- 700 µg/m ³	RSPM 24 Hourly Limit- 300 µg/m ³	SO ₂ 24 Hourly Limit- 120 µg/m ³	NOx 24 Hourly Limit- 120 µg/m ³
		05.10.18	Clear	162.6	70.3	14.1	15.5
Jamadoba Group Office	23°42'15.3" N/ 86°24'11" F.	28.11.18	Clear	172.84	72.1	14.2	14.8
	1	10.12.18	Clear	163.64	77.84	15.2	12.3
		Buffer zone (a	as per NAAQS 20	Buffer zone (as per NAAQS 2009 for ambient air quality standards)	iality standards)		
Location	Latitude/ Longitude	Date	Weather Condition	PM10 24 Hourly Limit- 100µg/m ³	PM2.S 24 Hourly Limit- 60μg/m ³	SO ₂ 24 Hourly Limit- 80μg/m ³	NO ₂ 24 Hourly Limit- 80µg/m ³
		11.10.18	Rainy	73.1	49.1	9.2	9.2
Digwadih 12 No. Colony	23°41'42" N/ 86°24'45.3" E	16.11.18	Clear	72.4	45.3	9.1	10.1
<u></u>		24.12.18	Clear	77.43	43.7	9.6	11.8
ł		09.10.18	Clear	80.4	46.3	7.4	8.4
New Village Colony, Jamadoba	23°41'51" N/ 86°23'19" F	22.11.18	Clear	82.5	47.8	7.8	8.8
		03.12.18	Clear	83.42	48.5	7.7	8.9
		30.10.18	Clear	82.6	51.4	8.6	7.6
6&/ Pits Kalimandir colony	23°43'15" N/ 86°24'12" E	08.11.18	Clear	73.7	50.2	8.3	7.7
(mana	1	17.12.18	Rainy	69.32	51.3	8.8	9.6

Ambient Air Quality and Groundwater Quality Report (Period- October'18 to March'19)

AIR QUALITY REPORT

Core zone & Buffer zone

Period-January'19 to March'19

No. of sampling points: 4

Location	Latitude/	Date	Weather	SPM 24 Hourly Limit-	RSPM 24 Hourly Limit-	SO ₂ 24 Hourly Limit-	NOX 24 Hourly Limit-
	Longitude		Condition	700 µg/m ³	300 µg/m ³	120 µg/m ³	120 µg/m ³
		14.01.19	Clear	181.4	81.9	13.6	13.4
Jamadoba Group Office	23°42'15.3" N/ 86°24'11" F	11.02.19	Clear	177.6	80.2	14.1	15.9
	1	18.03.19	Clear	167.3	78.4	12.4	15.2
		Buffer zone (a	is per NAAQS 20	is per NAAQS 2009 for ambient air quality standards)	uality standards)		
Location	Latitude/ Longitude	Date	Weather Condition	PM10 24 Hourly Limit- 100µg/m³	PM2.5 24 Hourly Limit- 60μg/m ³	SO ₂ 24 Hourly Limit- 80μg/m ³	NO ₂ 24 Hourly Limit- 80µg/m ³
		21.01.19	Clear	7.67	42.9	9.1	12.3
Digwadih 12 No. Colony	23°41'42" N/ 86°24'45 3" F	15.02.19	Clear	78.3	43.4	9.2	11.7
(max)		25.03.19	Clear	77.2	41.2	10.3	11.9
		18.01.19	Clear	74.2	41.3	8.7	9.6
New Village Colony, Iamadoha	23°41'51" N/ 86°23'19" F	25.02.19	Rainy	72.7	47.3	8.4	10.2
		04.03.19	Rainy	74.6	45.8	9.4	10.5
		28.01.19	Clear	83.7	50.2	9.6	8.7
6&7 Pits Kalimandir colony	23°43'15" N/ 86°24'12" F	18.02.19	Clear	79.6	44.8	10.5	8.5
	1	22.03.19	Clear	80.7	42.7	11.2	12.9

A and Lucanty Amary and

					San	Sample Parameter	
S.No	Date	Location	Time	Depth in meter (m)	hq	Electrical Conductivity, µS/m	Total Hardness (as CaCO ₃), mg/l
1	09.11.18	Purnadih (Jorapokhar)	11:00AM	4.80	7.8	584	460
2	09.11.18	Bhowra 13 No	09:40AM	1.90	7.3	612	484
3	09.11.18	Mohalbani Basti	09:50AM	5.62	7.4	648	496
4	09.11.18	Digwadih 12 No	10:15AM	4.16	7.5	632	530
5	09.11.18	Digwadih 10 No F & J	10:30AM	4.04	7.4	588	444
6	09.11.18	Kalimela Shivmandir	11:35AM	1.10	7.6	596	402
7	09.11.18	Kalimela Kalimandir	11:45AM	2.06	7.3	560	408
80	09.11.18	Lower Dungari	12:10PM	5.82	7.2	846	588
6	09.11.18	Upper Dungari	12:30PM	2.41	7.1	730	512
10	09.11.18	Pattia Basti	01:05PM	2.97	7.3	568	416
11	09.11.18	Kenduadih Basti	01:15PM	1.84	7.5	612	452
12	09.11.18	Jorapokhar Kushtand	11:20AM	2.47 2.47	7.6	604	448
13	09.11.18	Jamadoba 3 No	01:50PM	2.64	7.5	632	416
14	09.11.18	6&7 Pits (Ayodhya Nagri)	01:35PM	2.00	7.2	608	446

Ground Water Quality Analysis (Hand Pump & Dugwell) Winter Season-January' 2019

					San	Sample Parameter	
S.No	Date	Location	Time	Depth in meter (m)	Hq	Electrical Conductivity, µS/m	Total Hardness (as CaCO ₃), mg/l
1	08.01.19	Purnadih (Jorapokhar)	11:25AM	6.30	7.2	696	560
2	08.01.19	Bhowra 13 No	11:35AM	1.95	7.0	648	494
3	08.01.19	Mohalbani Basti	11:50AM	7.70	7.3	710	524
4	08.01.19	Digwadih 12 No	12:05PM	4.60	7.2	500	432
5	08.01.19	Digwadih 10 No F & J	12:15PM	5.60	7.0	792	610
6	14.01.19	Kalimela Shivmandir	02:35PM	1.22	7.2	747	632
7	14.01.19	Kalimela Kalimandir	02:27PM	3.81	7.3	786	616
8	14.01.19	Lower Dungari	02:15PM	6.35	7.3	590	548
9	14.01.19	Upper Dungari	02:00PM	3.19	7.2	610	568
10	08.01.19	Pattia Basti	01.00PM	3.05	7.2	544	488
11	08.01.19	Kenduadih Basti	01.25PM	2.10	7.0	612	576
12	08.01.19	Jorapokhar Kushtand	02.00PM	2.68	7.1	682	612
13	08.01.19	Jamadoba 3 No	02.35PM	2.78	7.2	640	612
14	08.01.19	6&7 Pits (Ayodhya Nagri)	12:45PM	2.00	7.1	596	548

Annexure- Greenbelt Development Report Annexure-I

Glimpses of already existing green belt and plantation activities done in this monsoon season in and around Digwadih colliery premises to enhance the green cover have been depicted in the pictures below:



Picture: Plantation done in this monsoon season in and around Digwadih Colliery premises



Picture: Developed Green belt in and around Digwadih Colliery premises



Picture: Developed Green belt in and around Digwadih Colliery premises

Annexure II Third Party monitoring report

ECOMEN LABORATORIES PVT. LTD.

Flat No. 8, 2nd Floor, Arif Chamber-V, Sector H, Aliganj, Lucknow - 226 024 Phone No. : (91-522) 2746282, 2745726 Telefax No.: (91 - 522) 2745726 LABORATORIES PVT. LTD.

E-mail: ravi.bhargava@gmail.com, Website: www.ecomen.in, CIN - U74210UP1989PTC010601, GSTIN : 09AAACE6076H1ZI

An approved Laboratory from Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India, New Delhi (Valid Upto 02.01.19)

FORMAT NO. ECO/QS/FORMAT/15

TEST REPORT NO: ECO LAB/AAQ-1/02/19 TEST REPORT ISSUE DATE: 11.03.2019

TEST REPORT OF AMBIENT AIR*

Name of the Customer Address of the Customer : Tata Steel Colliery (Jamadoba Grup)

: Jamadoba, Distt. Dhanbad Jharkhand

Date of Sampling Sample Collected By Sampling Method Instrument Used

Location

: 27.02.2019 : Ecomen Teem

- : IS: 5182
- : RDS & FDS

: Central Work Shop Area, Jamadoba

SI. No.	Tests Conducted	Method	Results	Detection Range	NAAQ Standards as per CPCB, New Delhi, Nov. 18 th , 2009
1.	PM _{2.5} (µg/m ³)	SOP NO. A -15, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (Gravimetric Method)	39.73	12.5-1000	60
2.	$PM_{10}(\mu g/m^3)$	IS:5182 (Part-23)	85.91	12.5-1000	100
3.	$SO_2(\mu g/m^3)$	IS:5182 (Part-2)	16.71	9-200	80
4.	$NO_2(\mu g/m^3)$	IS:5182 (Part-6)	29.22	6-200	80
5.	NH ₃ (μg/m ³)	SOP NO. A -26, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (Indophenol Method)	18.35	2-700	400
6.	$O_3 (\mu g/m^3)$	IS:5182(Part-9)	26.52	2-200	180
7.	CO (mg/m ³)	IS:5182 (Part-10)	1.16	0.2-500	04
8.	Pb(µg/m ³)	IS:5182(Part-22)	BDL	1-100	1.0
9.	Cr (µg/m ³)	SOP NO. A -23, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (CPCB-NAAQM Guideline)	BDL	1-100	-
10.	Cd (µg/m³)	SOP NO. A -24, Issue No. I date 26.07.2016 (CPCB-NAAQM Guideline)	BDL	1-100	-
11.	As (ng/m ³)	SOP NO. A -22, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (CPCB-NAAQM Guideline)	BDL	1-100	06
12.	Ni (ng/m³)	SOP NO. A -21, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (CPCB-NAAQM Guideline)	BDL	1-100	20

*The results is related only to tested item.

Note: Below Detection Limit

Hibastyones Analyst

Ecomen Laboratories Pvt. Ltd. Flat No.-8 2nd Floor, Arif Chamber-V Sector-H, Aliganj, Lucknow-226024 Ph.-2746282, Fax:2745726

Quality Manager



Flat No. 8, 2nd Floor, Arif Chamber-V, Sector H, Aliganj, Lucknow - 226 024 Phone No. : (91-522) 2746282, 2745726 Telefax No.: (91 - 522) 2745726 E-mail: ravi.bhargava@gmail.com, Website: www.ecomen.in, CIN - U74210UP1989PTC010601, GSTIN : 09AAACE6076H1ZI

An approved Laboratory from Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India, New Delhi (Valid Upto 02.01.19)

FORMAT NO. ECO/QS/FORMAT/15

TEST REPORT NO: ECO Lab/AAQ-2/02/19 Test Report Issue date: 11.03.2019

TEST REPORT OF AMBIENT AIR*

Name of the Customer Address of the Customer : Tata Steel Colliery (Jamadoba Grup)

Jamadoba, Distt. Dhanbad
Jharkhand
27.02.2019

Date of Sampling Sample Collected By Sampling Method Instrument Used Location

: Ecomen Teem : IS: 5182

: 15: 5182

: RDS & FDS

: Officers Colony,12 No. Digwadih

SI. No.	Tests Conducted	Method	Results	Detection Range	NAAQ Standards as per CPCB, New Delhi, Nov. 18 th , 2009
1.	PM _{2.5} (μg/m ³)	SOP NO. A -15, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (Gravimetric Method)	33.98	12.5-1000	60
2.	$PM_{10}(\mu g/m^3)$	IS:5182 (Part-23)	77.53	12.5-1000	100
3.	$SO_2(\mu g/m^3)$	IS:5182 (Part-2)	14.61	9-200	80
4.	$NO_2(\mu g/m^3)$	IS:5182 (Part-6)	26.22	6-200	80
5.	NH ₃ (μg/m ³)	SOP NO. A -26, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (Indophenol Method)	15.35	2-700	400
6.	O ₃ (µg/m ³)	IS:5182(Part-9)	19.44	2-200	180
7.	CO (mg/m ³)	IS:5182 (Part-10)	0.72	0.2-500	04
8.	$Pb(\mu g/m^3)$	IS:5182(Part-22)	BDL	1-100	1.0
9.	Cr (µg/m ³)	SOP NO. A -23, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (CPCB-NAAQM Guideline)	BDL	1-100	-
10.	Cd (µg/m ³)	SOP NO. A -24, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (CPCB-NAAQM Guideline)	BDL	1-100	-
11.	As (ng/m ³)	SOP NO. A -22, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (CPCB-NAAQM Guideline)	BDL	1-100	06
12.	Ni (ng/m³)	SOP NO. A -21, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (CPCB-NAAQM Guideline)	BDL	1-100	20

*The results is related only to tested item.

Note: Below Detection Limit

wome Analyst

Authorized Signatory Ecomen Laboratories Pvt. Ltd. Flat No.-8 2nd Floor, Arif Chamber-V Sector-H, Aliganj, Lucknow-226024 Ph.-2746282, Fax:2745726

Quality Manager



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An approved Laboratory from Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India, New Delhi (Valid Upto 02.01.19)

FORMAT NO. ECO/QS/FORMAT/15

TEST REPORT NO: ECO Lab/AAQ-3/02/19 Test Report Issue date: 11.03.2019

TEST REPORT OF AMBIENT AIR*

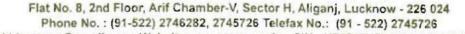
	Address of S	of the Customer : Jamadol Jharkhar ampling : 26.02.20 collected By : Ecomen Method : IS: 5182 at Used : RDS & I	oa, Distt. Dh ad 19 Teem		ıp)
SI. No.	Tests Conducted	Method	Results	Detection Range	NAAQ Standards as per CPCB, New Delhi, Nov. 18 th , 2009
1.	PM _{2 5} (μg/m ³)	SOP NO. A -15, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (Gravimetric Method)	42.15	12.5-1000	60
2.	$PM_{10}(\mu g/m^3)$	IS:5182 (Part-23)	84.18	12.5-1000	100
3.	$SO_2(\mu g/m^3)$	IS:5182 (Part-2)	15.66	9-200	80
4.	$NO_2(\mu g/m^3)$	IS:5182 (Part-6)	28.77	6-200	80
5.	NH ₃ (μg/m ³)	SOP NO. A -26, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (Indophenol Method)	16.21	2-700	400
6.	O3 (µg/m ³)	IS:5182(Part-9)	25.21	2-200	180
7.	CO (mg/m ³)	IS:5182 (Part-10)	0.87	0.2-500	04
8.	Pb(µg/m ³)	IS:5182(Part-22)	BDL	1-100	1.0
9.	Cr (µg/m ³)	SOP NO. A -23, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (CPCB-NAAQM Guideline)	BDL	1-100	-
10.	Cd (µg/m ³)	SOP NO. A -24, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (CPCB-NAAQM Guideline)	BDL	1-100	-
11.	As (ng/m ³)	SOP NO. A -22, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (CPCB-NAAQM Guideline)	BDL	1-100	06
12.	Ni (ng/m³)	SOP NO. A -21, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (CPCB-NAAQM Guideline)	BDL	1-100	20

*The results is related only to tested item. Note: Below Detection Limit

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w Authorized Signatory aporatories Pvt. Ltd. Flat No.-8 2nd Floor, Arif Chomber-V Sector-H, Aliganj, Lucknow-226024 Ph.-2746282, Fax:2745726

Quality Manager





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An approved Laboratory from Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India, New Delhi (Valid Upto 02.01.19)

FORMAT NO. ECO/QS/FORMAT/15

TEST REPORT NO: ECO Lab/AAQ-4/02/19 Test Report Issue date: 11.03.2019

TEST REPORT OF AMBIENT AIR*

Name of the Customer Address of the Customer

: Tata Steel Colliery (Jamadoba Grup)

: Jamadoba, Distt. Dhanbad Jharkhand

Date of Sampling Sample Collected By Sampling Method Instrument Used Location : 28.02.2019 : Ecomen Teem

- : 1S: 5182
- : RDS & FDS

: Jamadoba Colliery

SI. No.	Tests Conducted	Method	Results	Detection Range	NAAQ Standards as per CPCB, New Delhi, Nov. 18 th , 2009
1.	PM _{2.5} (µg/m ³)	SOP NO. A -15, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (Gravimetric Method)	45.31	12.5-1000	60
2.	$PM_{10}(\mu g/m^3)$	IS:5182 (Part-23)	86.93	12.5-1000	100
3.	$SO_2(\mu g/m^3)$	IS:5182 (Part-2)	18.37	9-200	80
4.	$NO_2(\mu g/m^3)$	IS:5182 (Part-6)	35.29	6-200	80
5.	NH ₃ (μg/m ³)	SOP NO. A -26, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (Indophenol Method)	17.28	2-700	400
6.	$O_3 (\mu g/m^3)$	IS:5182(Part-9)	24.32	2-200	180
7.	CO (mg/m ³)	IS:5182 (Part-10)	1.21	0.2-500	04
8.	$Pb(\mu g/m^3)$	IS:5182(Part-22)	BDL	1-100	1.0
9.	Cr (µg/m ³)	SOP NO. A -23, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (CPCB-NAAQM Guideline)	BDL	1-100	-
10.	Cd (µg/m ³)	SOP NO. A -24, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (CPCB-NAAQM Guideline)	BDL	1-100	-
11.	As (ng/m ³)	SOP NO. A -22, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (CPCB-NAAQM Guideline)	BDL	1-100	06
12.	Ni (ng/m³)	SOP NO. A -21, Issue No.1 date 26.07.2016 (CPCB-NAAQM Guideline)	BDL	1-100	20

*The results is related only to tested item.

Note: Below Detection Limit Maskymon Analyst

Authorized Signatory ies Pvt. Ltd. Flat Wo -8 2nd Floor, Arif Chamber-V Securit, Aliganj, Lucknow-226024 Pin-2746282, Fax:2745726

Quality Manager



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An approved Laboratory from Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India, New Delhi (Valid Upto 02.01.19)

FORMAT NO. ECO/QS/FORMAT/15

TEST REPORT NO: ECO LAB/AAQ-1/03/19 TEST REPORT ISSUE DATE: 11.03.2019

TEST REPORT OF AMBIENT NOISE LEVEL

Name of the Customer Address of the Customer : Tata Steel Colliery (Jamadoba Grup)

: Jamadoba, Distt. Dhanbad Jharkhand

Sample Collected By Instrument Used

- : Ecomen Team
- : Noise Meter (HTC)

SI.	Lessting	Date of		Day Tin	ne	N	ight Tim	e
No.	Locations	Monitoring	Max.	Min.	Leq.	Max.	Min.	Leq
1.	Central Work Shop Area Jamadoba	28-01.03.2019	65.3	59.7	60.4	59.6	53.8	54.2
2.	Officer's Colony, 12 No. Digwadih	27-28.02.2019	56.9	51.5	52.7	49.8	46.1	47.8
3.	General Manager's Office Area	26-27.02.2019	62.7	56.8	57.3	54.6	49.8	50.1
4.	Jamadoba Colliery	26-27.02.2019	66.3	62.4	63.1.9	62.9	57.6	58.3

Noise (Ambient Standard)

Area Code	e Category of area	Limit in dB	(A) Leq
	0	Day Time	Night Time
А	Industrial Area	75	70
В	Commercial Area	65	55
С	Residential Area	55	45
D	Silence Zone	50	40

Note:

1. Day time is reckoned in between 6:00 AM and 10:00 PM.

2. Night time is reckoned in between 10:00 PM and 6:00 AM

3. Silence zone is defined as area up to 100m around such premises as hospitals,

Educational institutions & courts. The silence zones are to be declared by a competent authority. 4. Mixed categories of areas should be declared as one of the four above-mentioned

Categories by the competent authority and the corresponding standard shall apply.

umes Analyst

Authonized Signatory, Ltd. Flat No.-8 2nd Floor, Aril Chamber-V Sector-H, Aliganj, Lucknow-226024 Ph.-2746282, Fax:2745726

Quality Manager



Flat No. 8, 2nd Floor, Arif Chamber-V, Sector H, Aliganj, Lucknow - 226 024 Phone No. : (91-522) 2746282, 2745726 Telefax No.: (91 - 522) 2745726 E-mail: ravi.bhargava@gmail.com, Website: www.ecomen.in, CIN - U74210UP1989PTC010601, GSTIN : 09AAACE6076H1ZI

An approved Laboratory from Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India, New Delhi (Valid Upto 02.01.19)

FORMAT NO. ECO/QS/FORMAT/10

TEST REPORT NO: ECO LAB/MCPM/02/19 TEST REPORT ISSUE DATE: 11.03.2019

MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION OF PARTICULATE MATTER

Name of the Customer Address of the Customer

- : M/s Tata Steel Ltd. (Jamadoba Group)
- ess of the Customer : Jamadoba,
 - Distt. Dhanbad 828 112

Month

: February, 2019

S.NO.			Mineralogical Composition (in %)				
	Locations	Date of Sampling	Silica (SiO ₂)	Ferrous oxide (FeO)	Alumina (Al ₂ O ₃)	Calcium Oxide CaO	
1	Officers Colony,12 No. Digwadih	27.02.2019	1.77	0.07	1.22	2.58	
2	Central Work Shop Area, Jamadoba	28.02.2019	2.12	0.16	1.46	3.20	

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E Authonized Signatory Ltd. Fiat No.-8 2nd Floor, Arif Chumber-V

Fiat No.-8 2dd Floor, Arif Chumber-V Sector-H. Aliganj, Lucknow-226024 Ph.-2746282, Fax:2745726

Keeng Quality Manager

Flat No. 8, 2nd Floor, Arif Chamber-V, Sector H. Aliganj, Lucknow - 226 024 Phone No. : (91-522) 2746282, 2745726 Telefax No.: (91 - 522) 2745726



E-mail: ravi.bhargava@gmail.com, Website: www.ecomen.in, CIN - U74210UP1989PTC010601, GSTIN : 09AAACE6076H1ZI

An approved Laboratory from Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India, New Delhi (Valid Upto 02.01.19)

FORMAT NO. ECO/QS/FORMAT/07

TEST REPORT NO:ECO LAB/WW/02/19 TEST REPORT ISSUE DATE:09.03.2019

TEST REPORT OF WASTE WATER*

Name of the Customer	: M/s Tata Steel Ltd. (Jamadoba Group)
Address of the Customer	: Jamadoba,
	Distt. Dhanbad - 828 112
Sampling Method	: APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017
Sample Collected by	: Mr.R. K. Pandey
Sample Quantity	: As per requirement
Date of Sampling	: 28.02.2019
Date of Sample Receiving	: 02.03.2019
Date of Analysis	: 02.03.2019 to 09.03.2019
Source of Sample	: Digwadih Colliery

SI. No.	TESTS	PROTO COL	DECUT	Range of Testing	G.S.R 422(E)
		PROTOCOL	RESULT	Detection	Desirable Limit
1	pH	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500H' A+B	8.02	2-12	5.5-9.0
2	Total Suspended Solid as TSS (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2540D	16.0	5-5000	100.0
3	Total Dissolved Solids as TDS (mg/l)	APH A, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2540C	1008.0	10-10,000	-
4	Oil & Grease as O & G (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 5520 (A+D	BDL	5-600	10.0
5	Biochemical Oxygen Demand as BOD (mg/l) 3days at 27°C	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017,5210 A+B	3.7	5-10000	30.0
6	Chemical Oxygen Demand as COD (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 5220 A+B	16.4	5-50000	250.0

*The result are related only to item tested.

BDL = Below Detection Limit

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An approved Laboratory from Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India, New Delhi (Valid Upto 02.01.19)

FORMAT NO. ECO/QS/FORMAT/07

TEST REPORT NO:ECO LAB/GW/02/19 TEST REPORT ISSUE DATE:09.03.2019

TEST REPORT OF GROUND WATER*

Name of the Customer	: M/s Tata Steel Ltd. (Jamadoba Group)
Address of the Customer	: Jamadoba,
	Distt. Dhanbad - 828 112
Sampling Method	: APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017
Sample Collected by	: Mr.R. K. Pandey
Sample Quantity	: As per requirement
Date of Sampling	: 25.02.2019
Date of Sample Receiving	: 02.03.2019
Date of Analysis	: 02.03.2019 to 09.03.2019
Source of Sample	: Bhowra 13 No. (well)
Ground Water Level	: 10.0 Meter

SI. No.	TESTS	PROTOCOL	RESULT	Detection Range	INDIAN STANDARDS as per IS 10500:1991(Reaff:2012)	
140.				Range	Desirable	Permissible
1.	Colour (Hazen unit)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2120 B	<5.0	5-100	5.00	15.0
2.	Temperature (0C)	APHA,23rd Ed.2017, (2550 A+B)	26.3	10-100	-	-
3.	Electrical Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	APHA,23 rd Ed.2017, 2510-A+B	1012.0	1-2000	-	
4.	Dissolved Solids (mg/l)	APHA,23 rd Ed.2017 (2540B)	685.0	5-10000	-	-
5.	pH	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500H+ A+B	7.92	2-12	6.5-8.5	No Relax.
6.	Alkalinity (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2320 A+ B	252.0	5-1500	200	600
7.	Total Hardness as CaCO ₃ (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2340 A+C	352.0	5-1500	200.0	600.0
8.	Calcium as Ca (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3500 Ca A+B	100.8	5-1000	75.0	200.0
9.	Magnesium as Mg (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3500 Mg A+B	24.3	5-1000	30.0	100.0
10.	Copper as Cu (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.05-5	0.05	1.5
11.	Iron as Fe (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3500 Fe B	0.14	0.02-50	0.3	No Relax.
12.	Chloride as Cl (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500 Cl A+B	112.0	5-1000	250.0	1000.0
13.	Sulfate as SO4 (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500-SO42- E	82.3	1.0-250	200.0	400.0
14.	Nitrate Nitrogen as NO2 (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500-NO3- B	14.2	5-100	45.0	No Relax.
15.	Fluorides as F (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500-C	0.32	0.05-10	1.0	1.5
16.	Mercury as Hg (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3112 A+B	BDL	0.001-1	0.001	No Relax.
17.	Cadmium as Cd (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.002-2	0.003	No Relax
18.	Nickel as Ni (mg/l)	APHA, 23 rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.02-2	0.02	No Relax
19.	Arsenic as As (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.01-2.0	0.01	No Relax
20.	Lead as Pb (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.01-1.0	0.01	No Relax.
21.	Zinc as Zn (mg/!)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	0.21	0.02-50	5	15
22	Total Chromium as Cr (mg/l)	APHA, 23 rd Ed. 2017,3111 A+B	BDL	0.05-50	0.05	No Relax
23.	Cyanide as CN (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500CN , A+D	BDL	0.02-10	0.05	No Relax.

*The result are related only to item tested. BDL = Below Detection Limit

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An approved Laboratory from Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India, New Delhi (Valid Upto 02.01.19)

FORMAT NO. ECO/QS/FORMAT/07

TEST REPORT NO:ECO LAB/GW/02/19 TEST REPORT ISSUE DATE:09.03.2019

TEST REPORT OF GROUND WATER*

Name of the Customer Address of the Customer

Sampling Method Sample Collected by Sample Quantity Date of Sampling Date of Sample Receiving Date of Analysis Source of Sample Ground Water Level

- M/s Tata Steel Ltd. (Jamadoba Group)
 Jamadoba, Distt. Dhanbad - 828 112
 APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017
 Mr.R. K. Pandey
- : As per requirement
- : 25.02.2019
- : 02.03.2019
- : 02.03.2019 to 09.03.2019
- : Mohalbani Basti (Hand Pump)
- : 56.0Meter

SI. No.	TESTS	PROTOCOL	RESULT	Detection	INDIAN STANDARDS as per IS 10500:1991 (Reaff:2012)		
140.				Range Desirable		Permissible	
1.	Colour (Hazen unit)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2120 B	<5.0	5-100	5.00	15.0	
2.	Temperature (0C)	APHA,23rd Ed.2017, (2550 A+B)	26.4	10-100	-	-	
3.	Electrical Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	APHA,23rd Ed.2017, 2510-A+B	845.0	1-2000	-	-	
4.	Dissolved Solids (mg/l)	APHA,23 rd Ed.2017 (2540B)	510.0	5-10000	-	-	
5.	рН	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500H+ A+B	7.72	2-12	6.5-8.5	No Relax.	
6.	Alkalinity (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2320 A+ B	216.0	5-1500	200	600	
7.	Total Hardness as CaCO3 (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2340 A+C	280.0	5-1500	200.0	600.0	
8.	Calcium as Ca (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3500 Ca A+B	78.4	5-1000	75.0	200.0	
9.	Magnesium as Mg (mg/l)	APHA, 23 rd Ed. 2017, 3500 Mg A+B	20.41	5-1000	30.0	100.0	
10.	Copper as Cu (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.05-5	0.05	1.5	
11.	Iron as Fe (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3500 Fe B	0.16	0.02-50	0.3	No Relax.	
12.	Chloride as Cl (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500 Cl A+B	90.0	5-1000	250.0	1000.0	
13.	Sulfate as SO4 (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500-SO42- E	42.3	1.0-250	200.0	400.0	
14.	Nitrate Nitrogen as NO3 (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500-NO3- B	19.0	5-100	45.0	No Relax.	
15.	Fluorides as F (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500-C	0.49	0.05-10	1.0	1.5	
16.	Mercury as Hg (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3112 A+B	BDL	0.001-1	0.001	No Relax.	
17.	Cadmium as Cd (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.002-2	0.003	No Relax	
18.	Nickel as Ni (mg/l)	APHA, 23 rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.02-2	0.02	No Relax	
19.	Arsenic as As (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.01-2.0	0.01	No Relax	
20.	Lead as Pb (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.01-1.0	0.01	No Relax.	
21.	Zinc as Zn (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	0.12	0.02-50	5	15	
22.	Total Chromium as Cr (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017,3111 A+B	BDL	0.05-50	0.05	No Relax	
23.	Cyanide as CN (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500CN, A+D	BDL	0.02-10	0.05	No Relax.	

*The result are related only to item tested. BDL = Below Detection Limit

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An approved Laboratory from Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India, New Delhi (Valid Upto 02.01.19)

FORMAT NO. ECO/QS/FORMAT/07

TEST REPORT NO:ECO LAB/GW/02/19 TEST REPORT ISSUE DATE:09.03.2019

TEST REPORT OF GROUND WATER*

Name of the Customer Address of the Customer

Sampling Method Sample Collected by

Sample Quantity

Date of Sampling

Date of Analysis

: M/s Tata Steel Ltd. (Jamadoba Group) : Jamadoba,

- Distt. Dhanbad 828 112
- : APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017
- : Mr.R. K. Pandey
 - : As per requirement
- : 25.02.2019
 - : 02.03.2019
 - : 02.03.2019 to 09.03.2019
- : Jamadoba 3No.
- Source of Sample Ground Water Level

Date of Sample Receiving

: 10.0 Meter

SL No.	TESTS	PROTOCOL	RESULT	Detection	INDIAN STANDARDS as per IS 10500:1991(Reaff:2012)		
140.				Kange	Range Desirable		
1.	Colour (Hazen unit)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2120 B	<5.0	5-100	5.00	15.0	
2.	Temperature (0C)	APHA,23rd Ed.2017, (2550 A+B)	26.5	10-100	-	-	
3.	Electrical Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	APHA,23 rd Ed.2017, 2510-A+B	760.0	1-2000	-	-	
4.	Dissolved Solids (mg/l)	APHA,23rd Ed.2017 (2540B)	480.0	5-10000	-	-	
5.	рН	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500H+ A+B	7.90	2-12	6.5-8.5	No Relax.	
6.	Alkalinity (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2320 A+ B	212.0	5-1500	200	600	
7.	Total Hardness as CaCO3 (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2340 A+C	248.0 5-1500		200.0	600.0	
8.	Calcium as Ca (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3500 Ca A+B	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3500 Ca A+B 64.0 5-1000		75.0	200.0	
9.	Magnesium as Mg (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3500 Mg A+B	21.38	5-1000	30.0	100.0	
10.	Copper as Cu (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.05-5	0.05	1.5	
11.	Iron as Fe (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3500 Fe B	0.11	0.02-50	0.3	No Relax.	
12.	Chloride as CI (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500 Cl A+B	60.0	5-1000	250.0	1000.0	
13.	Sulfate as SO4 (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500-SO42- E	43.3	1.0-250	200.0	400.0	
14.	Nitrate Nitrogen as NO3 (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500-NO3- B	11.5	5-100	45.0	No Relax.	
15.	Fluorides as F (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500-C	0.39	0.05-10	1.0	1.5	
16.	Mercury as Hg (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3112 A+B	BDL	0.001-1	0.001	No Relax.	
17.	Cadmium as Cd (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.002-2	0.003	No Relax	
18.	Nickel as Ni (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.02-2	0.02	No Relax	
19.	Arsenic as As (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.01-2.0	0.01	No Relax	
20.	Lead as Pb (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.01-1.0	0.01	No Relax.	
21.	Zinc as Zn (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	0.12	0.02-50	5	15	
22.	Total Chromium as Cr (mg/l)	APHA, 23 rd Ed. 2017,3111 A+B	BDL	0.05-50	0.05	No Relax	
23.	Cyanide as CN (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500CN, A+D	BDL	0.02-10	0.05	No Relax.	

*The result are related only to item tested. BDL = Below Detection Limit

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An approved Laboratory from Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India, New Delhi (Valid Upto 02.01.19)

FORMAT NO. ECO/QS/FORMAT/07

TEST REPORT NO:ECO LAB/GW/02/19 TEST REPORT ISSUE DATE:09.03.2019

TEST REPORT OF GROUND WATER*

Name of the Customer Address of the Customer : Jamadoba, Sampling Method

Sample Collected by Sample Quantity Date of Sampling Date of Sample Receiving Date of Analysis Source of Sample Ground Water Level

- : M/s Tata Steel Ltd. (Jamadoba Group)
- Distt. Dhanbad 828 112
- : APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017
- : Mr.R. K. Pandey
- : As per requirement
- : 25.02.2019
- : 02.03.2019
- : 02.03.2019 to 09.03.2019

: Lower Dungari, (Well)

: 11.0 Meter

Sl. No.	TESTS	PROTOCOL	RESULT	Detection	INDIAN STANDARDS as per IS 10500:1991 (Reaff:2012)		
140.				Range	Desirable	Permissible	
1.	Colour (Hazen unit)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2120 B	<5.0	5-100	5.00	15.0	
2.	Temperature (0C)	APHA,23rd Ed.2017, (2550 A+B)	26.9	10-100		-	
3.	Electrical Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	APHA,23 rd Ed.2017, 2510-A+B	932.0	1-2000		-	
4.	Dissolved Solids (mg/l)	APHA,23rd Ed.2017 (2540B)	602.0	5-10000		-	
5.	pH	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500H+ A+B	7.95	2-12	6.5-8.5	No Relax.	
6.	Alkalinity (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2320 A+ B	252.0	5-1500	200	600	
7.	Total Hardness as CaCO3 (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2340 A+C	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2340 A+C 268.0 5-1500		200.0	600.0	
8.	Calcium as Ca (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3500 Ca A+B	72.0	5-1000	75.0	200.0	
9.	Magnesium as Mg (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3500 Mg A+B	21.38	5-1000	30.0	100.0	
10.	Copper as Cu (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.05-5	0.05	1.5	
11.	Iron as Fe (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3500 Fe B	0.17	0.02-50	0.3	No Relax.	
12.	Chloride as Cl (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500 Cl A+B	66.0	5-1000	250.0	1000.0	
13.	Sulfate as SO4 (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500-SO42- E	42.2	1.0-250	200.0	400.0	
14.	Nitrate Nitrogen as NO3 (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500-NO3- B	9.65	5-100	45.0	No Relax.	
15.	Fluorides as F (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500-C	0.37	0.05-10	1.0	1.5	
16.	Mercury as Hg (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3112 A+B	BDL	0.001-1	0.001	No Relax.	
17.	Cadmium as Cd (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.002-2	0.003	No Relax	
18.	Nickel as Ni (mg/l)	APHA, 23 rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.02-2	0.02	No Relax	
19.	Arsenic as As (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.01-2.0	0.01	No Relax	
20.	Lead as Pb (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.01-1.0	0.01	No Relax.	
21.	Zinc as Zn (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	0.14	0.02-50	5	15	
22.	Total Chromium as Cr (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017,3111 A+B	BDL	0.05-50	0.05	No Relax	
23.	Cyanide as CN (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500CN, A+D	BDL	0.02-10	0.05	No Relax.	

*The result are related only to item tested. BDL = Below Detection Limit

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An approved Laboratory from Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India, New Delhi (Valid Upto 02.01.19)

FORMAT NO. ECO/QS/FORMAT/07

TEST REPORT NO:ECO LAB/GW/02/19 TEST REPORT ISSUE DATE:09.03.2019

TEST REPORT OF GROUND WATER*

Name of the Customer Address of the Customer

Date of Sample Receiving

Sampling Method

Sample Quantity

Date of Sampling

Date of Analysis

Source of Sample

Sample Collected by

: M/s Tata Steel Ltd. (Jamadoba Group)

: Iamadoba,

- Distt. Dhanbad 828 112
- : APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017
- : Mr.R. K. Pandey
- : As per requirement
- : 25.02.2019
- : 02.03.2019
- : 02.03.2019 to 09.03.2019
- : Jorapokhra kushtand (Hand Pump)
- Ground Water Level : 47.0 Meter

SL No.	TESTS	PROTOCOL	RESULT	Detection Range	INDIAN STANDARDS as per IS 10500:1991(Reaff:2012)	
M0.		Desirable		Permissible		
1.	Colour (Hazen unit)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2120 B	<5.0	5-100	5.00	15.0
2	Temperature (0C)	APHA,23rd Ed.2017, (2550 A+B)	26.3	10-100	-	
3.	Electrical Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	APHA,23 rd Ed.2017, 2510-A+B	698.0	1-2000	-	-
4.	Dissolved Solids (mg/l)	APHA,23 rd Ed.2017 (2540B)	506.0	5-10000		
5.	pH	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500H+ A+B	7.56	2-12	6.5-8.5	No Relax.
6.	Alkalinity (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2320 A+ B	204.0	5-1500	200	600
7.	Total Hardness as CaCO ₂ (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2340 A+C	276.0	5-1500	200.0	600.0
8.	Calcium as Ca (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3500 Ca A+B	A, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3500 Ca A+B 70.4 5-1000		75.0	200.0
9.	Magnesium as Mg (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3500 Mg A+B	24.3	5-1000	30.0	100.0
10.	Copper as Cu (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL.	0.05-5	0.05	1.5
11.	Iron as Fe (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3500 Fe B	0.20	0.02-50	0.3	No Relax.
12.	Chloride as Cl (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500 Cl A+B	54.0	5-1000	250.0	1000.0
13.	Sulfate as SO4 (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500-SO42- E	38.9	1.0-250	200.0	400.0
14.	Nitrate Nitrogen as NO3 (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500-NO3- B	13.6	5-100	45.0	No Relax.
15.	Fluorides as F (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500-C	0.32	0.05-10	1.0	1.5
16.	Mercury as Hg (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3112 A+B	BDL	0.001-1	0.001	No Relax.
17.	Cadmium as Cd (mg/l)	APHÁ, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.002-2	0.003	No Relax
18.	Nickel as Ni (mg/l)	APHA, 23 rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.02-2	0.02	No Relax
19.	Arsenic as As (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.01-2.0	0.01	No Relax
20.	Lead as Pb (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	BDL	0.01-1.0	0.01	No Relax.
21.	Zinc as Zn (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 3111 A+B	0.12	0.02-50	5	15
22.	Total Chromium as Cr (mg/l)	APHA, 23 ^{1d} Ed. 2017,3111 A+B	BDL	0.05-50	0.05	No Relax
23.	Cyanide as CN (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500CN , A+D	BDL	0.02-10	0.05	No Relax.

*The result are related only to item tested. BDL = Below Detection Limit

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- Authorized Signatory Ltd. Flut Ho & 2nd Floor, Arit Chamber-V

Sect. i-41, Aligani, Lucknow-225024 Ph.-2746282, Fax:2745726

Leeng Quality Manager

Flat No. 8, 2nd Floor, Arif Chamber-V, Sector H, Aliganj, Lucknow - 226 024 Phone No. : (91-522) 2746282, 2745726 Telefax No.: (91 - 522) 2745726



E-mail: ravi.bhargava@gmail.com, Website: www.ecomen.in, CIN - U74210UP1989PTC010601, GSTIN : 09AAACE6076H1ZI

An approved Laboratory from Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India, New Delhi (Valid Upto 02.01.19)

FORMAT NO. ECO/QS/FORMAT/07

.

TEST REPORT NO: ECO LAB/SW/02/19 TEST REPORT ISSUE DATE: 09.03.2019

TEST REPORT OF SURFACE WATER

Name of the Customer	: M/s Tata Steel Ltd. (Jamadoba Group)
Address of the Customer	: Jamadoba,
	Distt. Dhanbad - 828 112
Sampling Method	: APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017
Sample Collected by	: Mr.R. K. Pandey
Sample Quantity	: As per requirement
Date of Sampling	: 23.02.2019
Date of Sample Receiving	: 02.03.2019
Date of Analysis	: 02.03.2019 to 09.03.2019
Source of Sample	: Damoder River Up Stream

Sl. No.	TESTS	PROTOCOL	RESULT	Detection Range	15:2296 Class-C	
1.	pH	APHA,23rdEd.2017,4500H+A+B,	7.79	2-12	8.5	
2.	Turbidity as (NTU)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2130-A+B	BDL	1-100	-	
3.	Total Dissolved Solids as TDS (mg/l)	APHA,23rd Ed.2017 (2540C)	245.0	5-10000	1500	
4.	Dissolved Oxygen as DO (mg/l)	APHA,23 rd Ed.2017 (4500 A+C)	6.1	2-10	4.0	
5.	Biochemical Oxygen Demand as BOD (mg/l)	APHA,23rd Ed.2017 (5210A+ B)	BDL	5-10000	3.0	
6.	Chloride as Cl (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500 Cl A+B	28.0	5-1000	-	
7.	Fluorides as F (mg/l)	APHA,23rd Ed.2017 (4500 -C)	0.62	0.05-10	1.5	
8.	Sulfate as SO4 (mg/l)	APHA,23rd Ed.2017 (4500 -SO42 E)	20.2	1.0-250	400.0	

*The result are related only to item tested - The parameters are not included in IS: 2296 Class-C BDL - Below Detection Limit

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our Authorized Signatory. Ltd. Flat No.-S 2nd Floor, Ant Casinber-V

Flat No.-S 2nd Floor, Arit Casinber-v Sector-H. Aligani, Lucknow-225024 Ph.-2746282, Fax:2745726

Quality Manager

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E-mail: ravi.bhargava@gmail.com, Website: www.ecomen.in, CIN - U74210UP1989PTC010601, GSTIN : 09AAACE6076H1ZI

An approved Laboratory from Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of India, New Delhi (Valid Upto 02.01.19)

FORMAT NO. ECO/QS/FORMAT/07

TEST REPORT NO: ECO LAB/SW/02/19 TEST REPORT ISSUE DATE: 09.03.2019

TEST REPORT OF SURFACE WATER

Name of the Customer		M/s Tata Steel Ltd. (Jamado	ba Group)
Address of the Customer	:	Jamadoba,	17
		Distt. Dhanbad - 828 112	
Sampling Method	:	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017	34),
Sample Collected by	:	Mr.R. K. Pandey	

Sampling Method Sample Collected by Sample Quantity Date of Sampling Date of Sample Receiving Date of Analysis Source of Sample

- : As per requirement
- : 23.02.2019
- : 02.03.2019
- : 02.03.2019 to 09.03.2019

: Damoder River Down Stream

SI. No.	TESTS	PROTOCOL	RESULT	Detection Range	IS:2296 Class-C
1.	pH	APHA,23rd Ed.2017, 4500H+A+B,	7.86	2-12	8.5
2.	Turbidity as (NTU)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 2130-A+B	BDL	1-100	-
3.	Total Dissolved Solids as TDS (mg/l)	APHA,23rd Ed.2017 (2540C)	326.0	5-10000	1500
4.	Dissolved Oxygen as DO (mg/l)	APHA,23'd Ed.2017 (4500 A+C)	6.5	2-10	4.0
5.	Biochemical Oxygen Demand as BOD (mg/l)	APHA,23 rd Ed.2017 (5210A+ B)	BDL	5-10000	3.0
6.	Chloride as Cl (mg/l)	APHA, 23rd Ed. 2017, 4500 Cl A+B	32.0	5-1000	
7.	Fluorides as F (mg/l)	APHA,23rd Ed.2017 (4500 - C)	0.66	0.05-10	1.5
8.	Sulfate as SO4 (mg/l)	APHA,231d Ed.2017 (4500 -SO42 E)	23.0	1.0-250	400.0

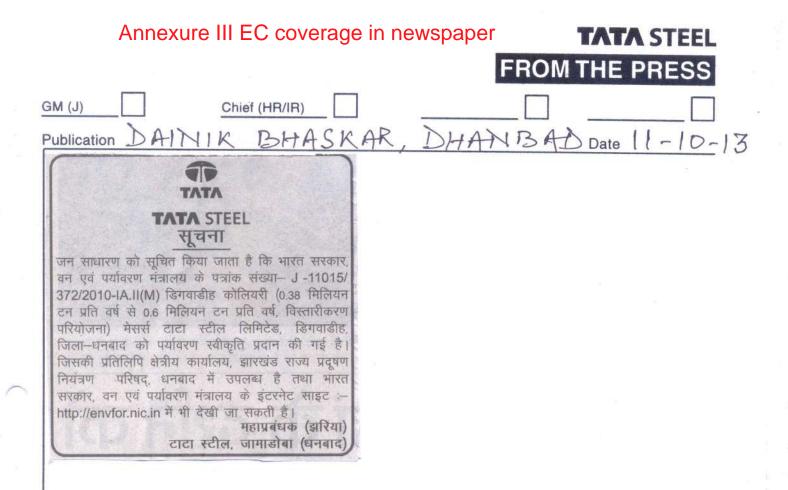
*The result are related only to item tested - The parameters are not included in IS: 2296 Class-C BDL - Below Detection Limit

Analyst

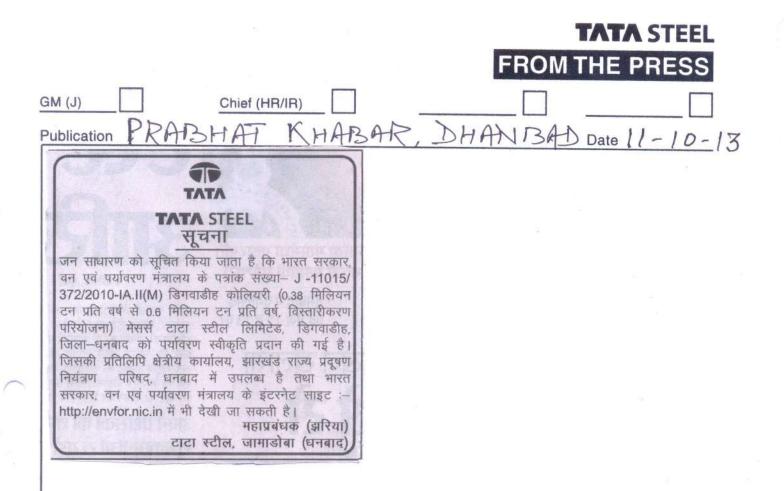
Quality Manager

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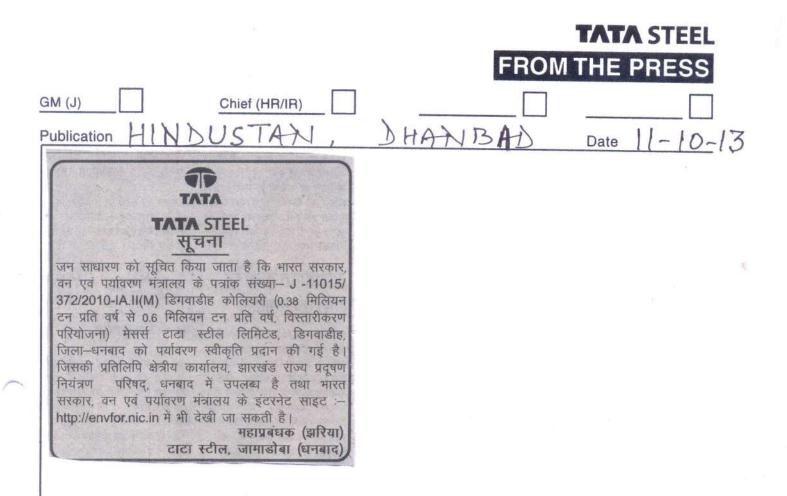
Sector-(1, Miganj, Lordnow-2260)24 Ph.-2746282, Fax:2745726



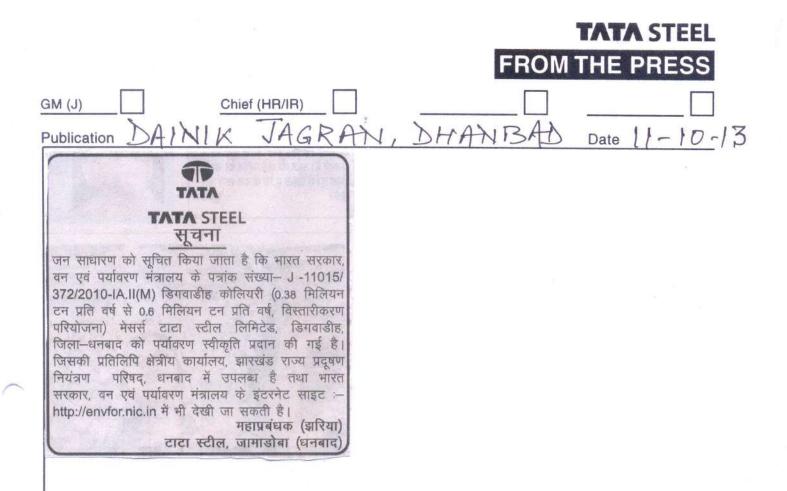
CORPORATE AFFAIRS & COMMUNICATIONS JHARIA DIVISION



CORPORATE AFFAIRS & COMMUNICATIONS JHARIA DIVISION



CORPORATE AFFAIRS & COMMUNICATIONS



CORPORATE AFFAIRS & COMMUNICATIONS JHARIA DIVISION

Annexure III Acknowledgment of EC receipt at Municipal Commissioner office

Municipal Commissioner, Dhanbad.

Ref No.: JMB/ENV/DIG/37/ 805 /2018

September 17, 2018

Sub: Submission of copy of Environmental Clearance granted to units of M/s Tata Steel Limited

Dear Sir,

Please find enclosed the letter of Environmental Clearance (EC) granted by MoEFCC to various units of Tata Steel Limited, Jharia Division, Dhanbad as per the following details-

- 1. Digwadih Colliery (for expansion from 0.38 MTPA to 0.6 MTPA in ML area 314.57 ha), dist. Dhanbad, Jharkhand.
- 6 & 7 Pits Colliery (for expansion from 0.28 MTPA to 0.6 MTPA in ML area 168.12 ha), dist. Dhanbad, Jharkhand.
- 3. Jamadoba Coal Washery (for expansion from 1 MTPA to 2 MTPA in 7 Ha area), dist. Dhanbad, Jharkhand.

The copy of EC letter and its compliance is also uploaded in website (<u>http://www.tatasteel.com/sustainability/environment-compliance-reports/</u>) for your kind perusal.

Thanking You,

Yours faithfully,

Head, Planning Jharia Division

कार्यालय नगर निगम प्राप्ति तिथि धनबाद

TATA STEEL



ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

Tata Steel's environmental responsibilities are driven by our commitment to preserve the environment and are integral to the way we do business.

- We are committed to deal proactively with Climate Change issue by efficient use of natural resources & energy; reducing and preventing pollution; promoting waste avoidance and recycling measures; and product stewardship. -
 - We shall identify, assess and manage our environment impact.
- We shall regularly monitor, review and report publicly our environmental performance.
- landscaping and shall protect and preserve the biodiversity in the areas of our We shall develop & rehabilitate abandoned sites through afforestation and operations.
- We shall enhance awareness, skill and competence of our employees and contractors so as to enable them to demonstrate their involvement, responsibility and accountability for sound environmental performance.
 - We are committed to continual improvement in our environmental performance. We shall set objective-targets, develop, implement and maintain management N .
 - standards and systems, and go beyond compliance of the relevant industry standards, legal and other requirements.
- We will truly succeed when we sustain our environmental achievement and are valued by the communities in which we work. m.

CEO & Managing Director **V** Narendran

Date: November 1, 2017

Annexure V

FOOD BASKET SURVEY

Food basket survey was conducted for 181 respondents of the neighbouring villages of Jamadoba and Bhelatand Group. The survey was conducted across 24 hamlets and wards nearby our operations area with the following objectives:-

- 1. To know the living conditions of the people.
- 2. To know the minimum wage of the people.
- 3. Develop an action plan to improve the living conditions by identifying gaps.

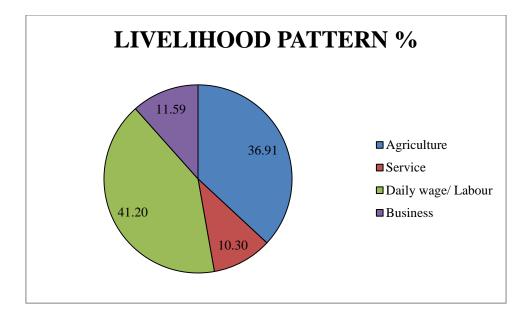
The following hamlets and municipal wards (24 villages) were surveyed:-

Baidnawadih, Banskapuria, Belubakhar, Bhelatand, Birajdih, Bustar, Chhatand, Debogram, Digwadih-10 no., Dukhidih, Dumri-4 no., Jahajtand, Jorapokhar, Kalimela, Kasiatand, Kushtand, Lalbunglow, Noonudih, Patia, Purnadih, Suyakanali, Tata Sijua-12 no, Tata Sijua 6 no., Upper Dungri.

Observations: -

- It was observed that there was a great skewedness in economic well among the population. The average income per Family is Rs. 8823.00 (181 beneficiaries).
- Out of 181 Households, 295 were earning members.
- The minimum earnings per day in unorganised sector and casual workers is approx. Rs208.00 (Total earning / total no. of earning members)
- No. of members per family is 991/181= 5.47
- Average Working persons per family is 295/181 = 1.63
- The major demands that have come up is ameliorating unemployment and Drinking water and combating social evils like Alcoholism, Dowry and Domestic Violence. Unemployment is especially to the new generation who may not be having adequate number of jobs.
- The major livelihood is wage labour and also a substantial number of Population is engaged in Agriculture. Only a few are unemployed.

Livelihood	Numbers	Percentage (%)
Agriculture	86	36.90
Service	24	10.30
Daily wage/ Labour	96	41.20
Business	27	11.59
TOTAL	233	100%



Expenditure in (Rs) Per Family Per Month

S.No.	Expenditure Item	Expenditure in Rupees	Expenditure per family		
		per month	per month in Rupees		
1	Transportation	49376	272		
2	House	0	0		
3	Electricity	24005	132.62		
4	Water	3003	17.00		
5	Education	65426	361.46		
6	Medical	84259	465.37		
7	Clothing	88034	486.37		
8	Soc. Oblg.	25581.31	141.33		
9	Food	3598.16	3598.16		
10	Fuel	37851	209.12		
	Total	381133.5	5683.43		

- Total Expenditure per month- Rs 3,81,133.5
- Average expenditure per family per month- Rs 5683.58
- Average expenditure per member- (5683.58/5.4)= Rs 1052.4
- Income per family- Rs 8823
- Income per month per individual Earning member= Rs 208.00 x 26= Rs 5,408.00
- Expenditure Per person on food per month= Rs 3598.16/5.4= Rs 719.63
- % of Expenditure Spent on food by per person per month= 719.63/1052.40*100=68.37%

BASIC NEED WAGE:

Basic food expense per person X 100/% expense on food X 1/Avg working persons per family X Avg Family Size X 1.1

=719.63 X 100/68.37 X 1/1.63 X 5.4 X 1.1 = Rs3835.68

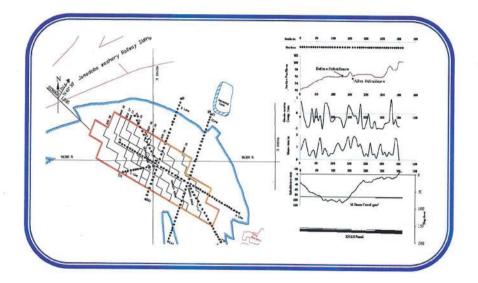
So, The Basic Need Wage is Rs 3835.68

Annexure VI Subsidence Monitoring Report

REPORT

On

SAFETY EVALUATION OF DIFFERENT SURFACE FEATURES AND STRUCTURES DUE TO SUBSIDENCE MOVEMENTS AT TATA STEEL COLLIERIES IN JHARIA COALFIELD





MINE SUBSIDENCE AND SURVEYING CSIR-CENTRAL INSTITUTE OF MINING & FUEL RESEARCH (A Constituent of Council of Scientific & Industrial Research) Barwa Road, Dhanbad – 826015, Jharkhand

REPORT On

SAFETY EVALUATION OF DIFFERENT SURFACE FEATURES AND STRUCTURES DUE TO SUBSIDENCE MOVEMENTS AT TATA STEEL COLLIERIES IN JHARIA COALFIELD

(Period: October, 2017 to September, 2018)

Project No. SSP/237/2017-2018 Project No. CNP/4622/2017-2018

PROJECT PERSONNEL

Sri Aniket Verma, Scientist Sri Ajay Kumar, Pr. Tech. Officer Dr. A. Prakash, Pr. Scientist Sri S. N. Rajak, Sr. Technician Dr. K. K. K. Singh, Chief Scientist

This Report is meant for internal use of your organisation only and it should not be published in full or part by your organisation or staff. It should not be communicated/circulated to outside parties except the concerned departments. Central Institute of Mining & Fuel Research, Dhanbad reserves the right to publish the results of this report for the benefit of the industry.

Signature of the Project Proponents

21/3/19

(Aniket Verma) (Ajay Kumar) Scientist/ Pr. Tech. Officer Project Leaders CSIR-CIMFR, Dhanbad

(Amar Prakash) Pr. Scientist Head CSIR-CIMFR, Dhanbad

(S. K. Mandal)

(S. K. Mandal) Chief Scientist HORG CSIR-CIMFR, Dhanbad

CSIR-CIMFR, Authorized Signatories

(P. K. Mishra) Principal Scientist & HOS, Project Monitoring

(R. V. K. Singh) Chief Scientist & HORG, Business Development & Industrial Liaison

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Subsidence investigations were conducted over 12 stowed panels during October, 2017 and September, 2018 at Jamadoba 2 Pit, Bhutgoria Amalgamated Jamadoba 6&7 Pit, Digwadih, Sijua and Bhelatand collieries of Tata Steel in Jharia Coalfield for the safety evaluation of different surface features and structures. All the panels were extracted by bord and pillar method of mining with 70-80 percent of coal extraction in conjunction with hydraulic sand stowing. Depillaring operations were carried out at depths varying from 133 m to 593 m. The width-depth ratio of the panels varied between 0.24 and 0.87, i.e., all the panels were under sub-critical width. All these panels were extracted under multi-seam mining condition with overlying old stowed and caved goaves. One panels namely IX/8S of Digwadih colliery was extracted completed during the study period. The important surface features over most of the panels include company quarters, private roads, ponds, filter plant, tank, high tension lines and private buildings. This study conducted during the above period led to the following conclusion and recommendation:

- Maximum subsidence movement was 4.64 % of extraction thicknesses over the 2S panel in XV seam at Jamadoba 2 Pit.
- Maximum slope, compressive and tensile strains observed over measured panels were 5.8 mm/m, 2.05 mm/m and 1.43 mm/m respectively.
- 3) Subsidence, slope and strains profiles were influenced by overlying old goaves, position of goaf edges, inclination of the seam, topography of the surface profiles as well as left out stooks/ribs in the overlying seams worked by bord and pillar method of mining.
- 4) Subsidence movements did not cause any adverse impact on surface features and structures.
- 5) It is recommended to erect subsidence monitoring stations at least one month before the commencement of depillaring over new panels.
- 6) It is also recommended to extend subsidence monitoring stations equal to panel depth outside the panel boundary.
- It is recommended to continue subsidence investigations for the safety evaluation of different surface features and structures lying over different on-going and future depillaring panels.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Subsidence investigation at different collieries of Tata Steel (erstwhile TISCO) in Jharia Coalfield is being carried out since 1982, on yearly sponsorship. General Manager of Tata Steel Jharia division requested Director, Central Institute of Mining and Fuel Research (CIMFR), Dhanbad to conduct subsidence investigations over depillaring panels in the collieries of Jharia Coalfield for the period between October, 2017 and September, 2018. Subsidence investigations were conducted in five collieries, namely, Jamadoba 2 Pit, Bhutgoria Amalgamated Jamadoba 6&7 Pit, Digwadih, Sijua and Bhelatand of Tata Steel in Jharia Coalfield. Mining leasehold areas of these collieries have important surface features and structures like railway lines, quarters, hospital, roads, forest land, high tension line, nallah, agricultural land, water tank, buildings, etc. The main objectives of this study are to evaluate the stability and safety of different surface features and structures lying above the depillaring panels and to generate data to develop subsidence predictive model for Jharia Coalfield.

It was proposed to conduct surface ground movement studies over 12 stowed panels between October, 2017 and September, 2018 located in the above-mentioned five collieries. This report covers outcome of subsidence investigations conducted over 12 panels at Tata Steel collieries in Jharia Coalfield during October, 2017 and September, 2018.

2.0 GEO-MINING DETAILS OF EXTRACTION

Jamadoba 2 Pit, Bhutgoria Amalgamated Jamadoba 6&7 Pit and Digwadih collieries are located in the eastern limb whereas Sijua and Bhelatand colliery is located in the western limb of Jharia Coalfield as depicted in Fig. 1. Geo-mining details of different panels are shown in Table - 1. The width-depth ratio of the panels varied between 0.24 and 0.87, i.e., all the panels were under sub-critical width. The lower width-depth ratios of the panels were maintained to minimize the magnitude of subsidence movements for the protection of important surface features and structures. All the stowed panels were under multi-seam working condition. Layouts of monitoring stations with overlying workings and surface features are shown in figures 2 through 13. Systematic erections of subsidence monitoring stations over and around the panels were not feasible at few places owing to constraints by different surface features and structures. Borehole sections of five collieries with lithology and strata thickness are shown in figures 14 to 18.

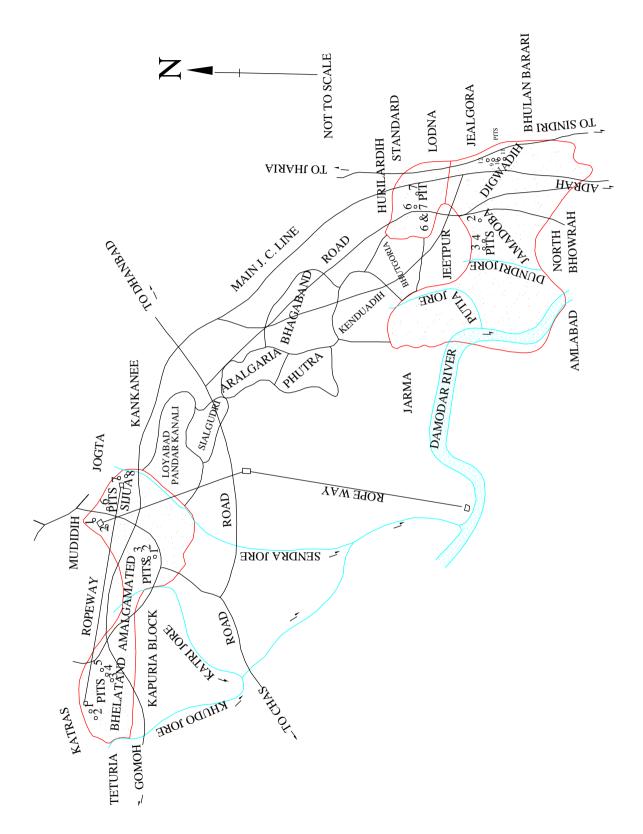


Fig. 1: Location of Tata Steel collieries in Jhaira Coalfield

Sl. No.	Colliery	Seam/dip of seam/panel	Extraction thickness (m)	Average depth of extraction (m)	Panel size (m x m)	Mining method / extraction percentage (%) / Overburden sandstone (%)	Extraction period	Overlying goaf	Surface properties
1	Jamadoba 2 Pit	XV/1in 5/3S	4.50	133.00	140X116	B&P/80/60	08/2018 to cont.	Caved goaves in 16, 15A partly virgin	Private road, single storey company quarter, H.T. line, forest
2	Jamadoba 2 Pit	XI/1 in 7/3S	2.70	593.00	200X185	B&P/80/92	04/2017 to cont.	18, 14 seams caved; 17, 16, 16A and 15A seams partly caved; 13 seam fully stowed and 12 seam virgin.	Dungri jore and Private road
3	Jamadoba 2 Pit	XI/1 in 7/2S	4.50	530.00	150X250	B&P/80/92	15/01/16 to cont.	18 and 15A seams partly caved; 16A and 16 and 14 seams partly caved	Pucca road, seasonal tank, H.T. line, Aerial ropeway of SAIL central store and company quarters.
4	Jamadoba 2 Pit	XV/ 1in 5/2S	3.40	166.00	245X72	B&P/60/80	01/09/15 to cont.	XVI seam caved	Barren land
5	Bhutgoria Jamadoba 6&7 Pit	IX/ 1 in 7.2/6S	3.06	405.00	350X150	B&P/70/60	10/2016 to cont.	16A and 16 seams mostly caved; 14 and 11 seams mostly stowed	Quarters, H.T. Line,plantation&barren land
6	Bhutgoria Jamadoba 6&7 Pit	IX/1 in 7.2/1S	3.06	406.50	400X150	B&P/70/60	12/2015 to cont.	16A and 16 seams partly caved; 16, 14 and 11 seams stowed	Company quarters, road, private buildings

Sl. No.	Colliery	Seam/dip of seam/panel	Extraction thickness (m)	Average depth of extraction (m)	Panel size (m x m)	Mining method / extraction percentage (%) / Overburden sandstone (%)	Extraction period	Overlying goaf	Surface properties
7	Digwadih	IX/1 in 7/8S	2.94	410.00	240X150	B&P/70/62	12/2016 to 05/2018	15A, 16 and 16A seams caved; 15, 14 and 11 seams partly stowed	H.T. line, pucca road, private buildings and seasonal tank.
8	Digwadih	IX/1 in 6.8/6S	2.94	435.50	290X194	B&P/72/60	01/2018 to cont.	16A, 16 and 15A seams caved; 15, 14 and 11 seams stowed	Private buildings, two seasonal tanks, drain, road and H.T. line
9	Sijua	X/1 in 4.67 /10S(Ext.)	3.71	373.00	150X90	B&P/70/65	05/2017 to cont.	15, 14, 13, 12 and 11 seams stowed	Buildings, J.S.T. line, tank, village road
10	Sijua	IX/1 in 5.07 /1S	3.05 (Top)	273.90	215X200	B&P/80/65	08/2018 to cont.	13 and 16 seams stowed	Plantation, road, barren land
11	Bhelatand	XIV(E)/ 1 in 5.4/ 3S	2.70	382.19	220X130	B&P/75/63	12/2017 to cont.	16 seam partly caved and stowed; 15 seam stowed	Paddy land and H.T. line
12	Bhelatand	XIV(W)/ 1 in 6/ 1S	3.00	468.00	180X155	B&P/75/67	11/2017 to cont.	15, 16 and 17 seams caved	Barren & paddy land, PWD road

B&P = Bord & Pillar, S = Stowing; H.T. = High Tension; Ext. = extension

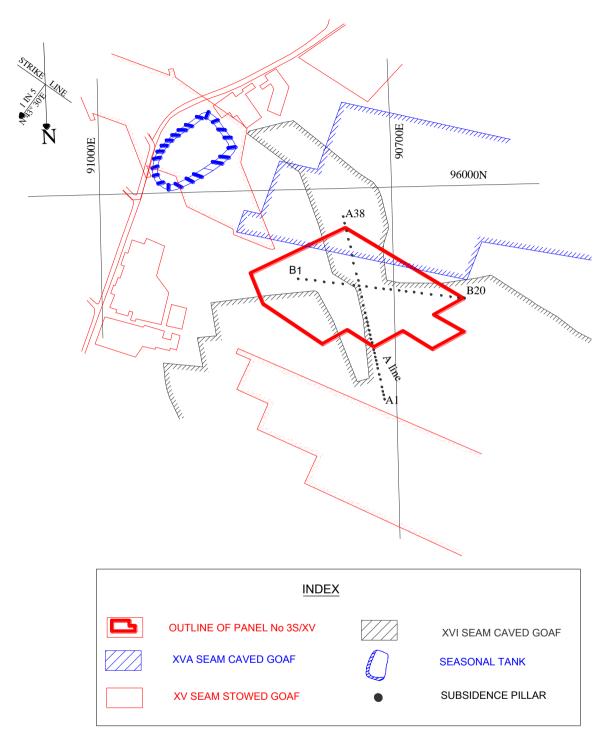


Fig. 2: Layout of monitoring stations over 3S panel in XV seam with overlying side goaf at Jamadoba 2 Pit colliery

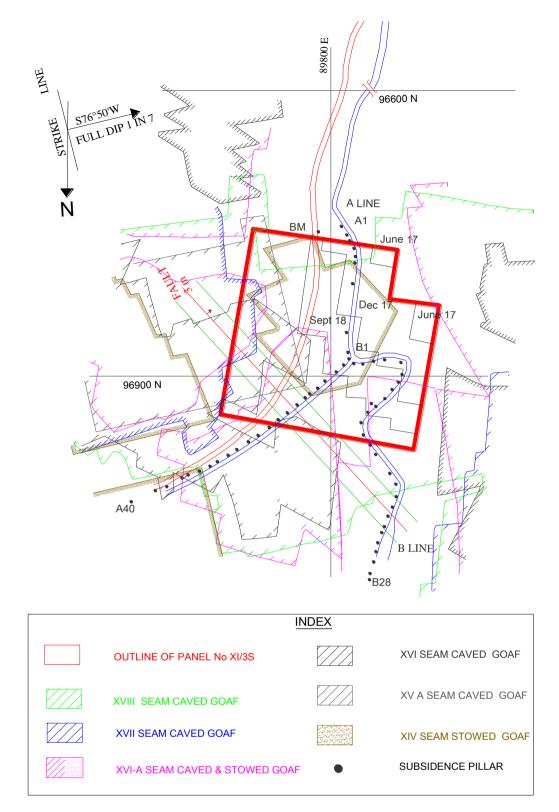


Fig. 3: Layout of monitoring stations over 3S panel in XI seam with overlying goaves at Jamadoba 2 Pit colliery

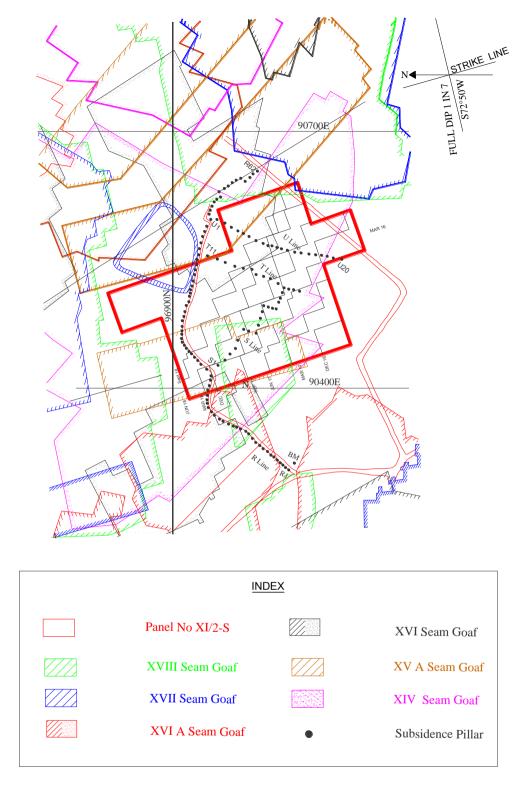


Fig. 4: Layout of monitoring stations over 2S panel in XI seam with overlying goaves at Jamadoba 2 Pit colliery

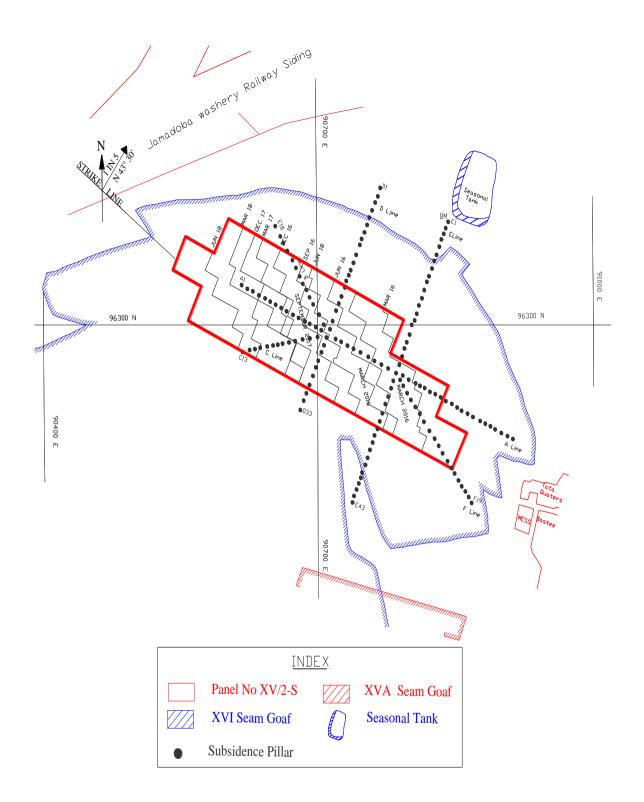


Fig. 5: Layout of monitoring stations over 2S panel in XV seam with overlying goaves at Jamadoba 2 Pit colliery

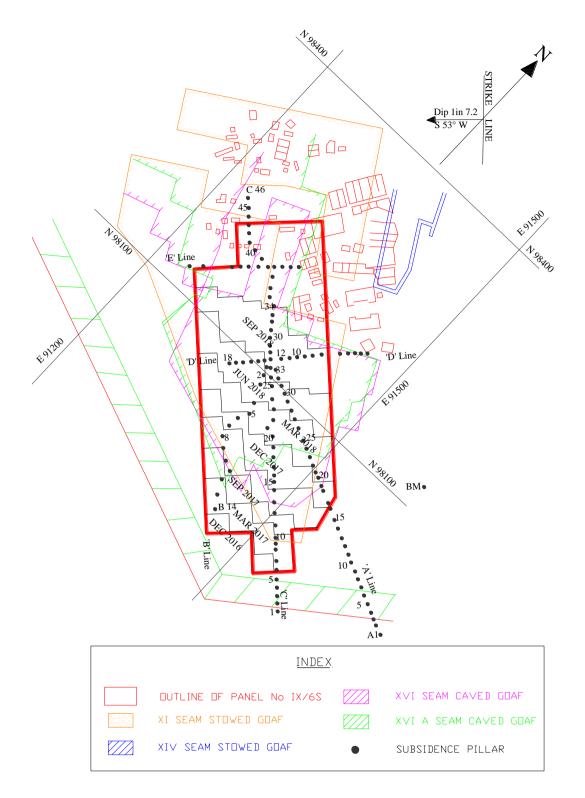


Fig. 6: Layout of monitoring stations over 6S panel in IX seam with overlying goaves at Bhutgoria Amalgamated Jamadoba 6&7 Pits colliery

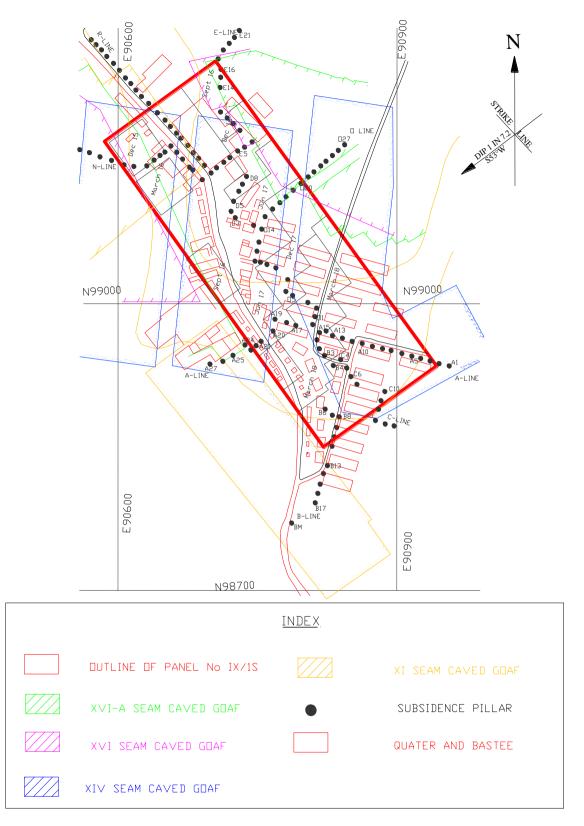


Fig. 7: Layout of monitoring stations over 1S panel in IX seam with overlying goaves at Bhutgoria Amalgamated Jamadoba 6&7 Pits colliery

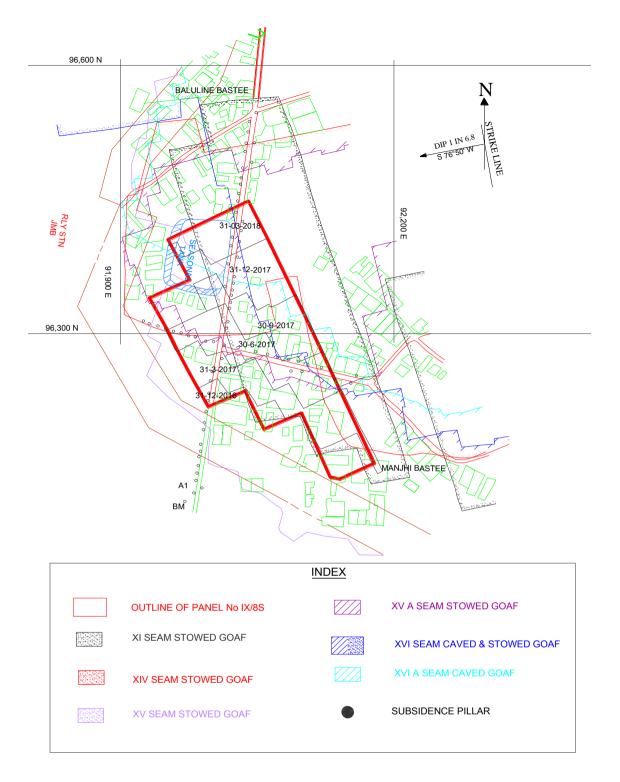


Fig. 8: Layout of monitoring stations over 8S panel in IX seam with overlying goaves at Digwadih colliery

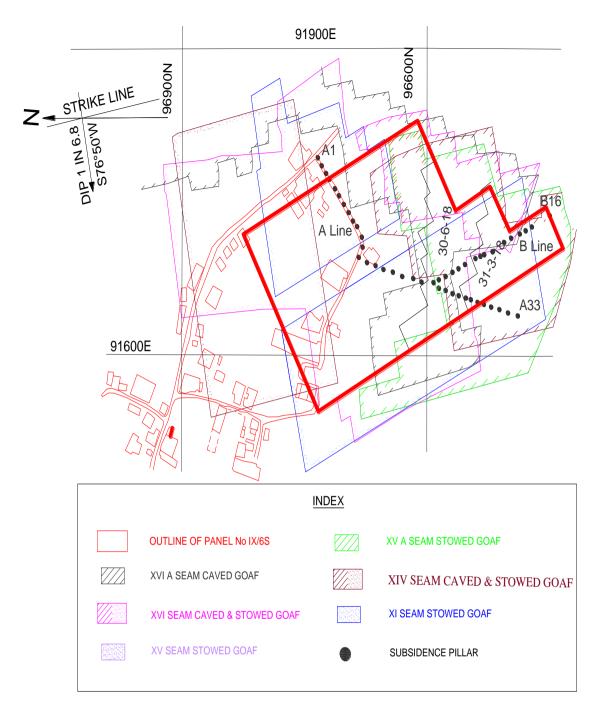


Fig. 9: Layout of monitoring stations over 6S panel in IX seam with overlying goaves at Digwadih colliery

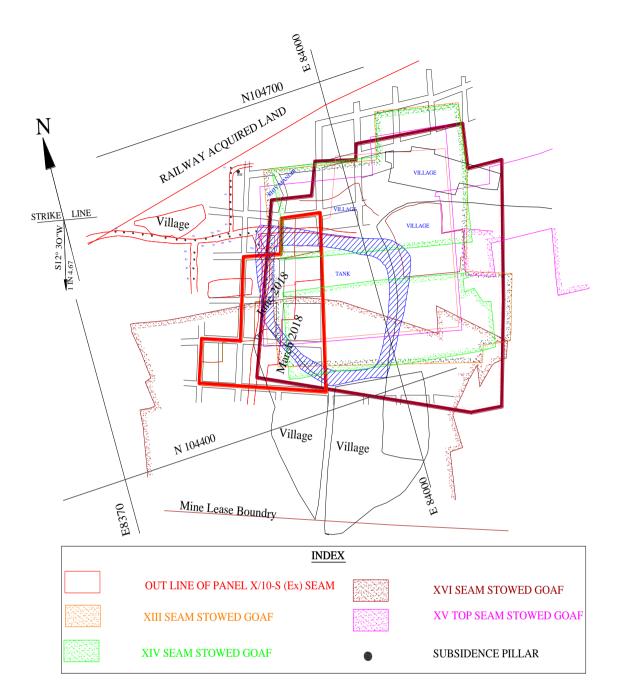


Fig. 10: Layout of monitoring stations over 10S (Ext.) panel in X seam with overlying goaves at Sijua colliery

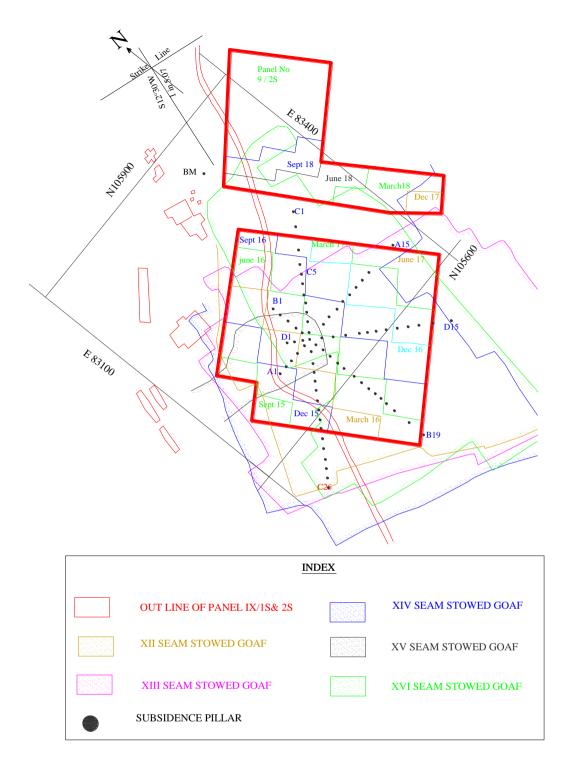


Fig. 11: Layout of monitoring stations over 1S panel in IX seam with overlying goaves at Sijua colliery

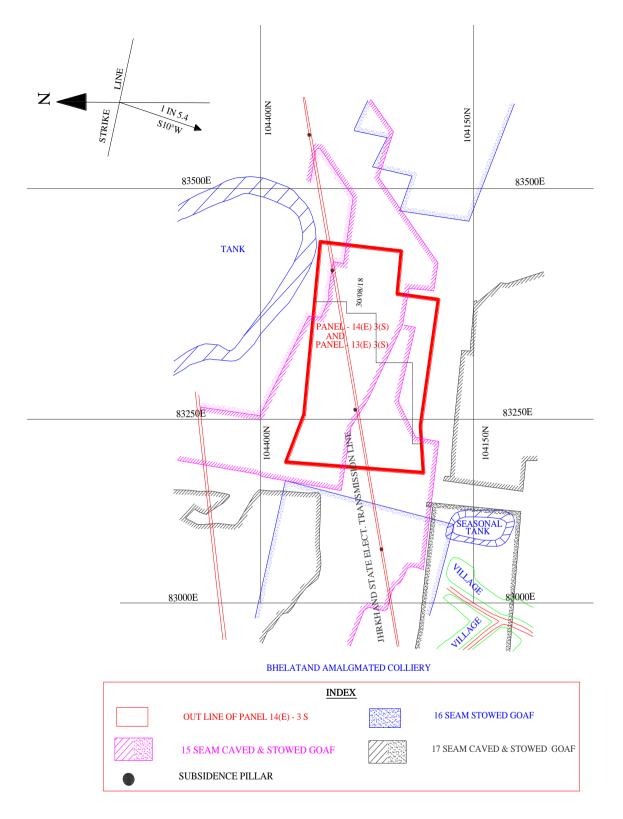


Fig. 12: Layout of monitoring stations over 3S panel in XIV (E) seam with overlying goaves at Bhelatand colliery

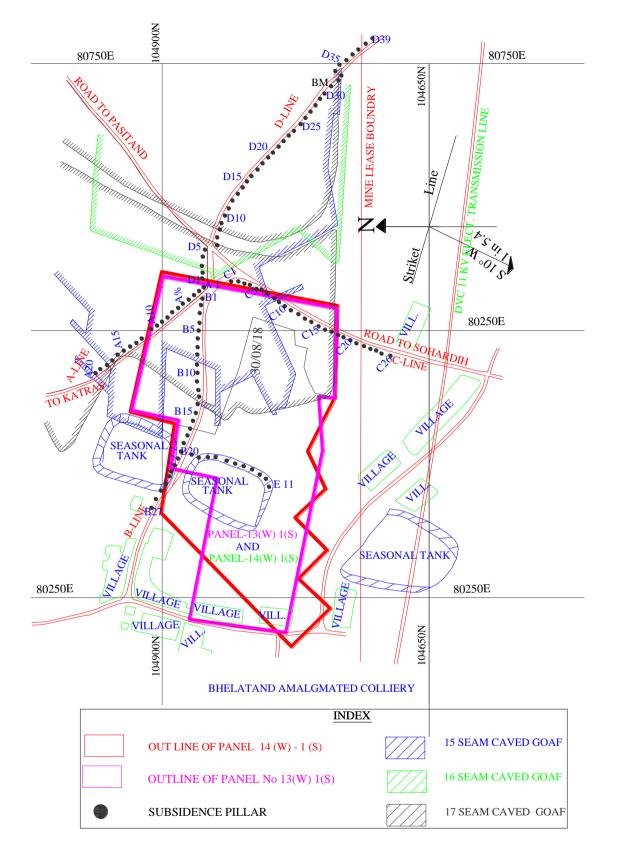


Fig. 13: Layout of monitoring stations over 1S panel in XIV(W) seam with overlying goaves at Bhelatand colliery

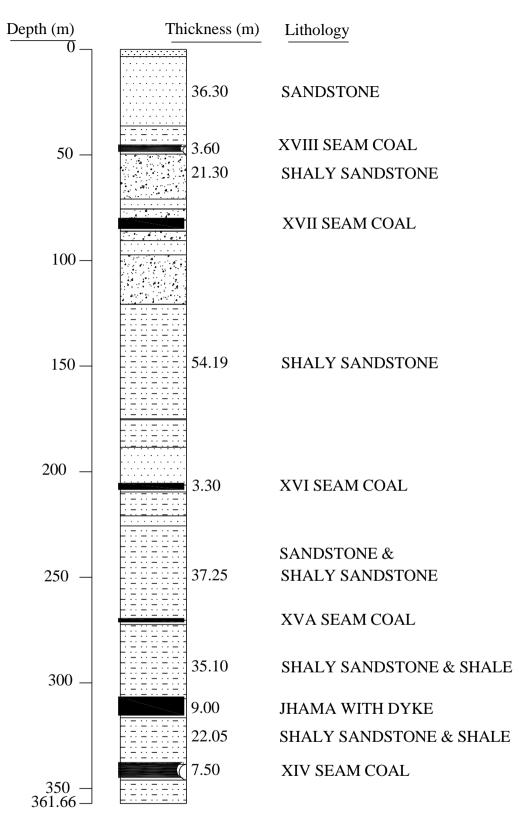


Fig. 14: Section of borehole no. J3 of Jamadoba 2 Pit

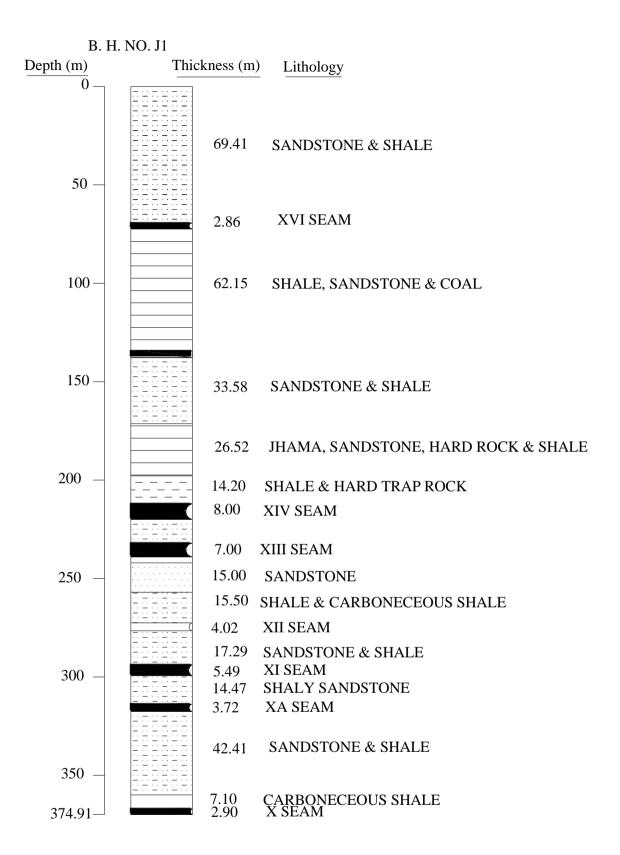


Fig. 15: Section of borehole no. J1 at Bhutgoria Amalgamated Jamadoba 6&7 Pit

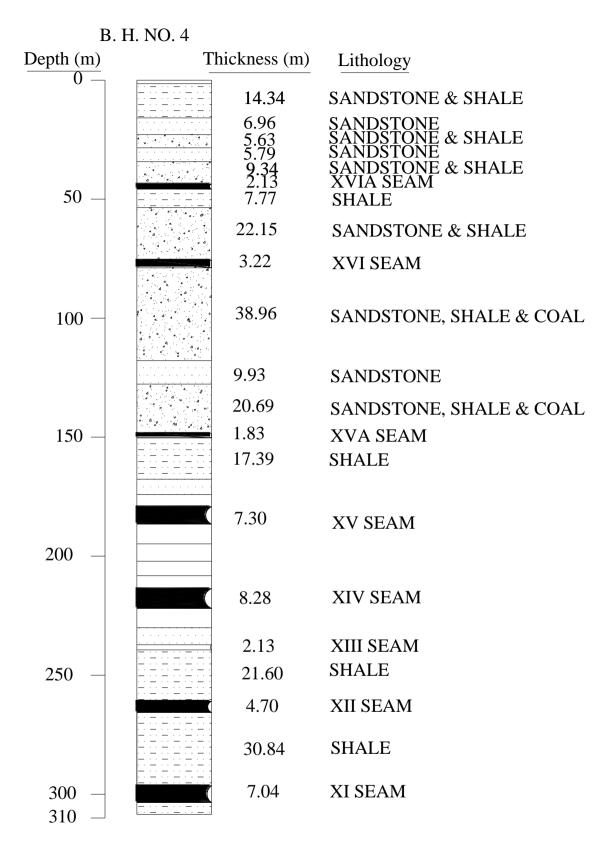


Fig.16: Section of borehole no. 4 at Digwadih colliery

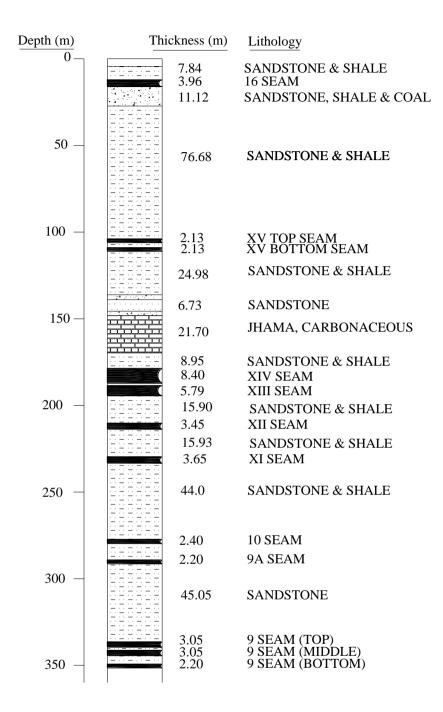


Fig. 17: Section of 2 Pit of Sijua colliery

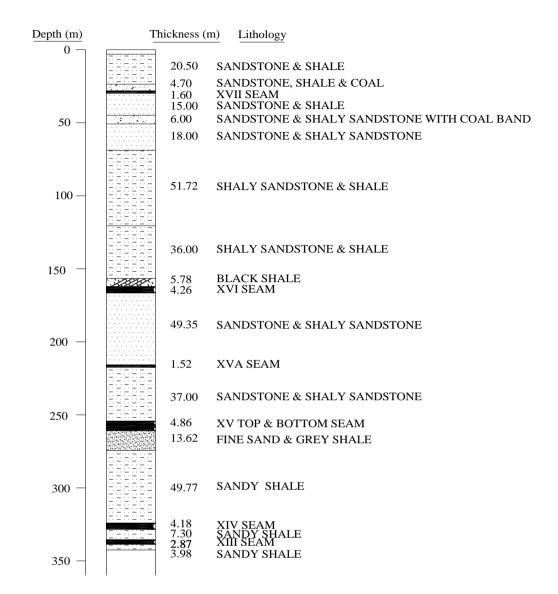


Fig. 18: Section of borehole no. B in Bhelatand colliery

The general lithologies of the overburden in all the five collieries comprise of sandstone, shale, shaly sandstone, sandy sandstone, carbonaceous shale and coal seams. Sandstone and shale are the dominant rock types in the overburden. Percentage of sandstone lying over the working panels varied from 60 to 92%. The gradient of seam varied from 1 in 4.67 to 1 in 7.2. All the coal seams lie in Barakar formation of Lower Gondwana. Depillaring was completed in IX/8S of Digwadih colliery. Depillaring was in progress in the remaining eleven panels. Most of the panels lie below company quarters, private buildings, high tension lines, water tank, filter plant and roads (Table-1).

3.0 Methodology

Monitoring stations are fixed on the ground as per the designed layout at regular interval covering the entire area of interest. Subsidence measurement is carried out from a reference station/Bench Mark (B.M.) fixed beyond the influence of ground movement. Total Station was used to conduct subsidence investigations in all the panels.

a) *Total Station*: Total Station, an outgrowth of theodolite, is used for measuring Reduced Level of subsidence monitoring stations and horizontal distance between the adjacent monitoring stations in the field (Fig. 19). This aids in computing subsidence (vertical displacement), strain (horizontal displacement) and slope of the subsidence. The key specification of Total Station is given in Table 2. Therefore, Missing Line Measurement (MLM) mode was adopted for subsidence investigation, as it calculates the horizontal distance, slope distance and difference in elevation between two target prisms as illustrated in Fig. 20.



Fig. 19: Total Station

Table 2: Specification of Total Station

Parameter	Specification		
Make	Topcon		
Model	GPT-7003		
Measurement Range (1 prism)	3000 m		
Linear accuracy	$\pm (2mm + 2 ppm x D)$		
Linear Least count	1 mm		
Angular accuracy	3"		
Angular Least count	1"		

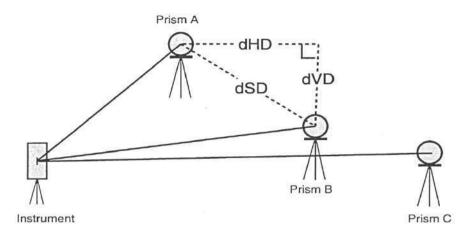


Fig. 20: Concept of Missing Line Measurement

4.0 RESULT OF SUBSIDENCE INVESTIGATIONS

Surface subsidence investigations were conducted over 12 stowed panels (4 panels at Jamadoba 2 Pit, 2 panels at Bhutgoria Amalgamated Jamadoba 6&7 Pit, 2 panels at Digwadih colliery, 2 panels at Sijua colliery and 2 panels at Belatand colliery) of Tata Steel collieries in Jharia Coalfield. Depillaring in 8S panel at Digwadih colliery was completed in May, 2018. Reduced levels of monitoring stations were measured for the computation of subsidence with the help of auto levels with 0.1 mm least count whereas inclined distance between two monitoring stations was measured by steel tape with 1 mm least count to compute compressive & tensile strains and slope. Total Station was also used in congested and highly undulating surface topographical areas for subsidence monitoring. It was not feasible to lay the monitoring stations over the depillaring panels as per the requirement owing to paddy field, built-up areas, local constraints etc. Table-3 shows the outcome of subsidence investigations conducted over 12 panels whereas figures 21 to 29 depict respective surface, strain, slope and subsidence profiles along different lines of monitoring stations erected over the studied panels. No ground movement was observed over XV/3S panel of Jamadoba 2 Pit as the depillaring operation was started in September, 2018 and the initial reading was taken in August, 2018. IX/6S and IX/8S panels of Digwadih colliery showed negligible ground movements till September, 2018. A brief description of the outcome of this study is discussed below:

4.1 Non-Effective Width

It was not possible to compute non-effective width of extraction which is expressed in terms of average depth of extraction. This is mainly due to presence of old goaves over and around the panels in overlying seams as well as delay in erection of monitoring stations over the new panels.

4.2 Maximum Subsidence

The factors influencing the magnitude of subsidence movements include thickness of extraction, status of working over and around the panel, inclination of seam, type of goaf support, percentage of extraction, panel dimension etc. Maximum subsidence movements over different stowed panels varied between 16 and 158 mm. The maximum subsidence over completed panel was 1.66 % of extraction height.

4.3 Maximum Slope and Strains

Maximum slope, compressive and tensile strains measured over stowed panels were 5.8 mm/m, 2.05 mm/m and 1.43 mm/m respectively as depicted in Table – 4.

4.4 Subsidence Movement Profiles

Subsidence movement profiles over the investigated panels spreading over Jamadoba 2 Pit, Bhutgoria Amalgamated Jamadoba 6&7 Pit, Digwadih, Sijua and Bhelatand collieries of Tata Steel are shown in figures 21 through 29. The characteristics of subsidence movement profiles observed along different rows of monitoring stations are as follows:

- 1. The strata above the working panels were disturbed due to extraction of coal from the overlying seams. The resettlement of the fragmented strata contributes in augmenting subsidence value.
- 2. The shapes of the subsidence profiles were asymmetric in nature. This characteristic was primarily attributed due to the combined influence of irregular overlapping of overlying caved and stowed goaves, left out coal rib pillars in the seams of overlying panels, goaf edge effects and inclination of seams as well as varied panel geometry (Figs. 21 through 29). In a few cases maximum subsidence was found to be higher on the dip side of the panels.
- 3. Slope and strain profiles were also not regular. These were influenced by overlying goaves, seam inclination, topography of ground surface and left out stooks/ribs in bord and pillar mining (Figs. 21 through 29).
- 4. Overall ground slope and surface profiles (Figs. 21 to 29) were not changed remarkably due to underground mining with stowing as the magnitude of subsidence was low due to small width-depth ratios of the panels.

5. Goaf treatment by method of stowing was adopted for all the panels with an objective to have minimum ground deformation at the surface.

4.5 Angle of Draw

The angle of draw (AoD) was determined by projecting horizontal distance perpendicular to the panel edge. A subsidence of 5 mm was considered as reference point of no subsidence on the surface for calculation of AoD. The dynamic AoD was measured along the subsidence monitoring lines of XV/2S seam of Jamadoba 2 Pit. Irregular shape of the panel led to variation in angle of draw under multi-seam working condition. Measurement was possible both along dip and strike direction (Table-3). It was not possible to measure angle of draw for other panels due to insufficient extension of monitoring stations outside the panels and improper layout of monitoring stations.

Panel XV/2S Jamadoba 2 pit Dimension		Date of	Total Face Advance	Working days	Face Advance	Angle of Draw	Orientation of AOD	Remark	
L	W	Depth (m)	start	(m)		(m/days)	(Dynamic)		
							2.86	Strike	Reduced panel width due to irregular shape
245	72	166	Sep15	5 241 841 0.29	0.29	22.9	Dip	Influence of irregular panel shape and reduced panel	
							2.4	RISE	width
							10.2	Dip	Full panel width

Table-3: Angle of draw measured over active panel

Sl. No.	Colliery/Panel	Width/depth ratio	Maximum subsidence (S)		Maximum slope (mm/m)	Maximum compressive strain (mm/m)	Maximum tensile strain (mm/m)	Remarks	
1.00			(mm) (%)						
1	Jamadoba 2 Pit XV/3S	0.87	-	-	-	-	-	Extraction in progress	
2	Jamadoba 2 Pit XI/3S	0.31	30	1.11	2.0	1.16	1.07	Extraction in progress	
3	Jamadoba 2 Pit XI/2S	0.28	131	2.91	3.7	0.75	0.82	Extraction in progress	
4	Jamadoba 2 Pit XV/2S	0.43	158	4.64	5.8	2.05	1.43	Extraction in progress	
5	Bhutgoria Jamadoba6&7 Pit IX/6S	0.37	65	2.12	5.7	0.97	0.99	Extraction in progress	
6	Bhutgoria Jamadoba6&7 Pit IX/1S	0.37	57	1.86	4.6	0.95	0.91	Extraction in progress	
7	Digwadih IX/8S	0.37	49	1.66	3.2	0.84	0.96	Extraction completed	
8	Digwadih IX/6S	0.45	16	0.54	0.98	0.39	0.38	Extraction in progress	
9	Sijua X/10 S(Ext.)	0.24	101	2.7	3.0	0.70	0.50	Extraction in progress	
10	Sijua IX/1S (Top)	0.73	-	-	-	-	-	Extraction in progress	
11	Bhelatand XIV(E)/3S	0.34	-	-	-	-	-	Extraction in progress	
12	Bhelatand XIV(W)/IS	0.33	78	2.6	3.0	0.99	0.99	Extraction in progress	

Table-4: Result of subsidence investigations at different collieries of Tata Steel in Jharia Coalfield

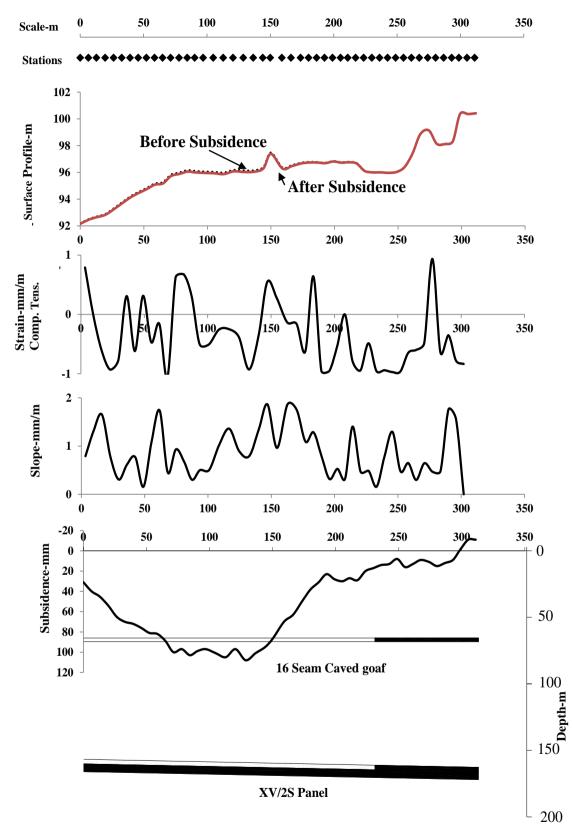


Fig. 21: Surface, strain, slope and subsidence profiles along A-line of monitoring stations over 2S panel in XV seam at 2 Pit Jamadoba colliery



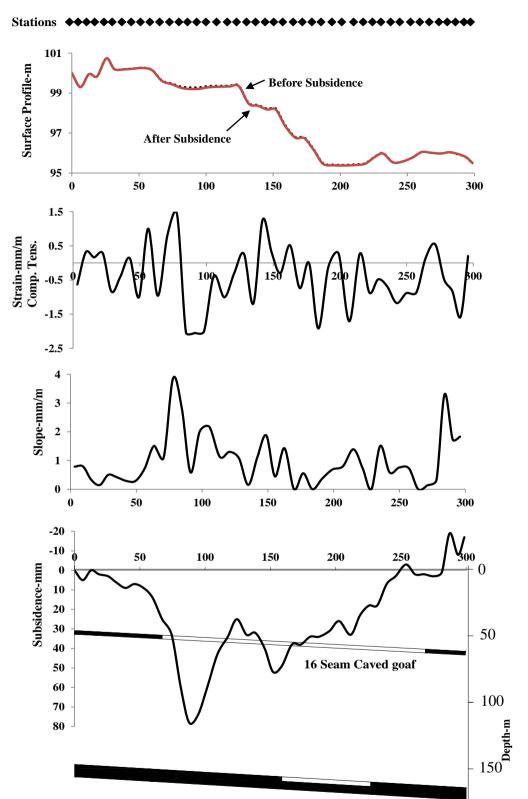


Fig. 22: Surface, strain, slope and subsidence profiles along E-line of monitoring stations over 2S panel in XV seam at Jamadoba 2 Pit colliery

200

XV/2S Panel

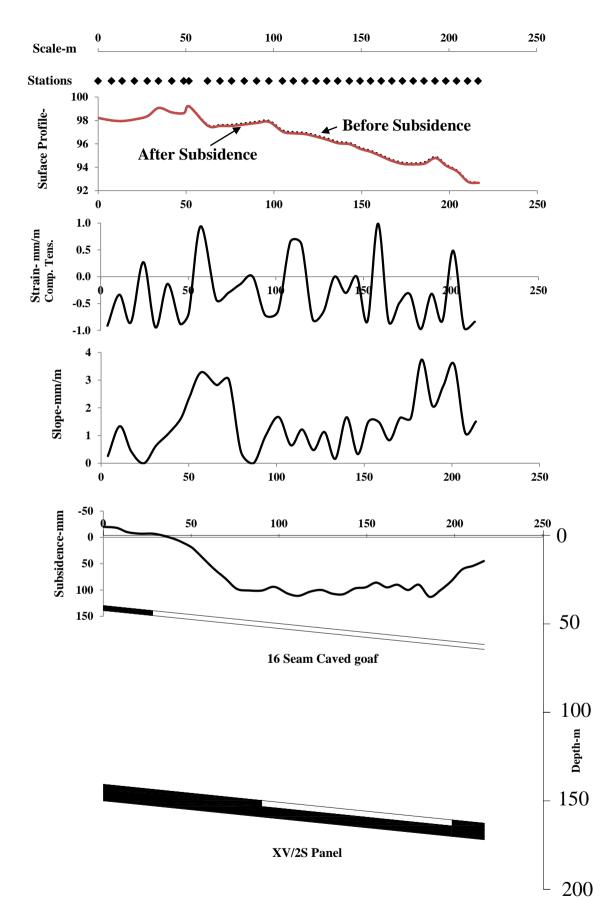
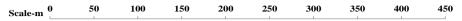


Fig. 23: Surface, strain, slope and subsidence profiles along D-line of monitoring stations over 2S panel in XV seam at Jamadoba 2 Pit colliery





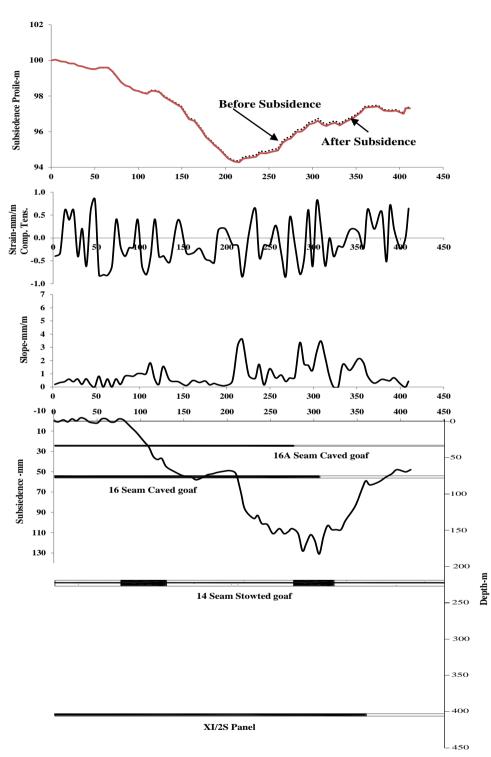


Fig. 24: Surface, strain, slope and subsidence profiles along R-line of monitoring stations over 2S panel in XI seam at Jamadoba 2 Pit colliery

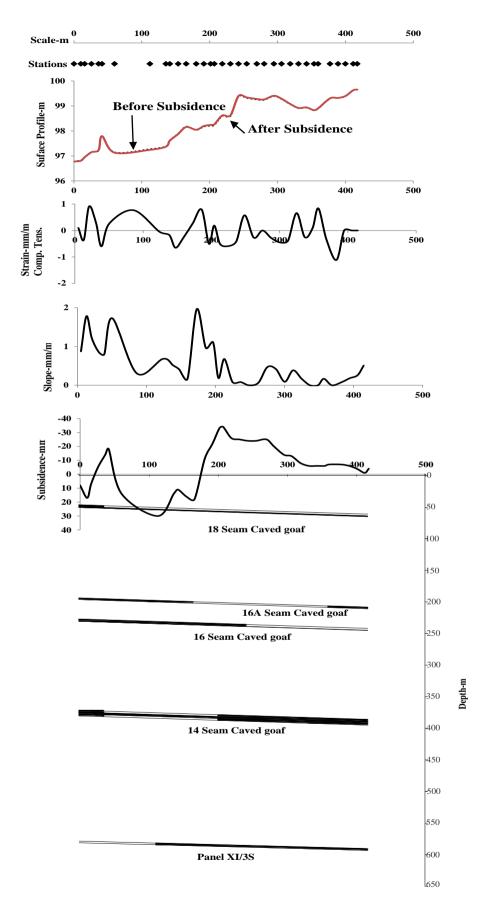


Fig. 25: Surface, strain, slope and subsidence profiles along A-line of monitoring stations over 3S panel in XI seam at Jamadoba 2 Pit colliery

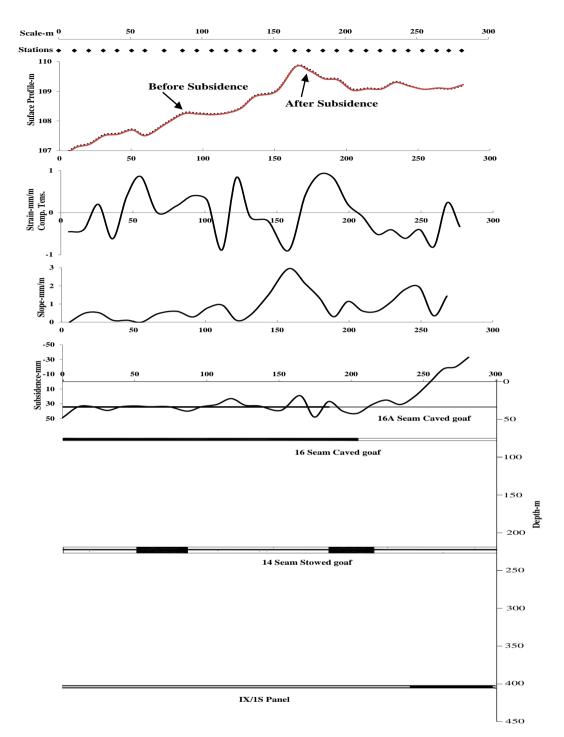


Fig. 26: Surface, strain, slope and subsidence profiles along O-line of monitoring stations over 1S panel in IX seam at Bhutgoria Amalgamated Jamadoba 6 & 7 Pit colliery

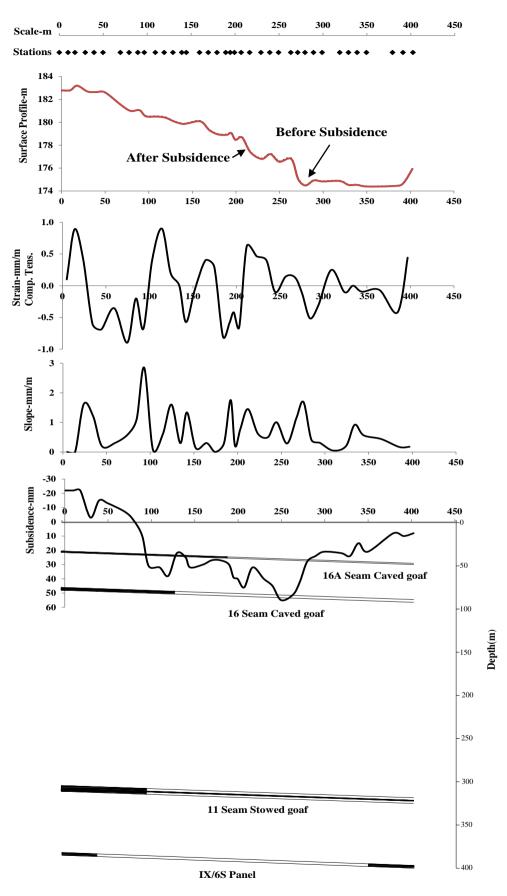


Fig. 27: Surface, strain, slope and subsidence profiles along C-line of monitoring stations over 6S panel in IX seam at Bhutgoria Amalgamated Jamadoba 6 & 7 Pit colliery

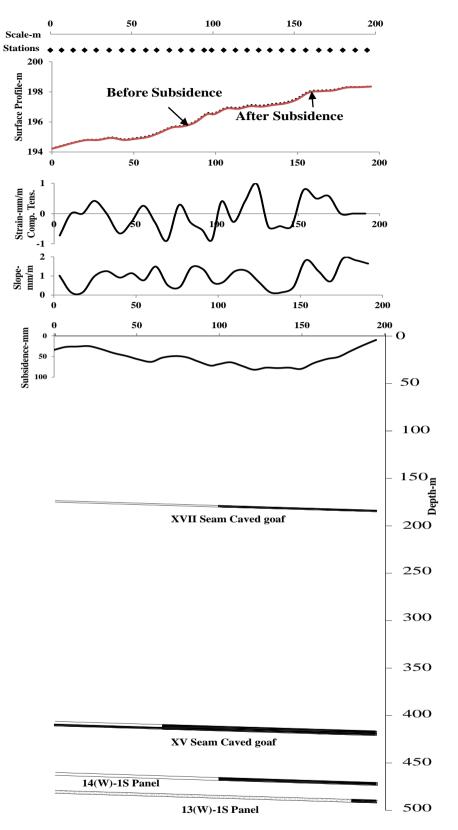


Fig. 28: Surface, strain, slope and subsidence profiles along B-line of monitoring stations over 1S panel in XIV (W)-1S seam at Bhelatand colliery

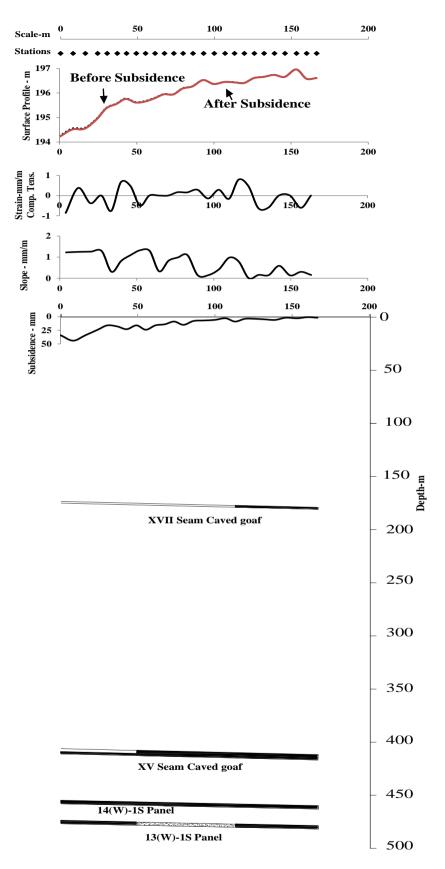


Fig. 29: Surface, strain, slope and subsidence profiles along C-line of monitoring stations over 1S panel in XIV(W)-1S seam at Bhelatand colliery

5.0 IMPACT OF SUBSIDENCE MOVEMENTS

Surface subsidence movements did not cause any adverse impact on surface features and structures as the magnitude of strains were within safe limit (Table - 4). No surface cracks were noticed during the course of measurement. Ground movements caused localized alteration in surface drainage pattern but the over all surface topography was intact. There was no adverse impact on the surface terrain due to mining induced subsidence.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS

Subsidence investigations conducted over 12 stowed panels during October, 2017 to September, 2018 at Jamadoba 2 Pit, 6 & 7 Pit Bhutgoria Amalgamated Jamadoba, Digwadih, Sijua and Bhelatand collieries of the Tata Steel in Jharia Coalfield led to the following conclusions:

- 1. Maximum subsidence movement was 4.64% of extraction thicknesses over the 2S panel in XV seam at Jamadoba 2 Pit.
- Maximum slope, compressive and tensile strains observed over measured panels was 5.8 mm/m, 2.05 mm/m and 1.43 mm/m respectively.
- Subsidence, slope and strains profiles were influenced by overlying old goaves, position of goaf edges, inclination of the seam, topography of the surface profiles as well as left out stooks/ribs in the overlying seams worked by bord and pillar method of mining.
- 4. Subsidence movements did not cause any adverse impact on surface features and structures.

7.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

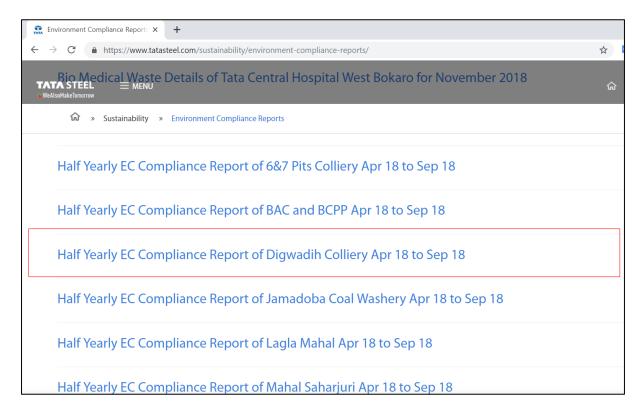
The following recommendations are proposed for effective subsidence investigations over the Tata Steel collieries of Jharia Coalfield:

- 1. It is recommended to erect subsidence monitoring stations at least one month before the commencement of depillaring over new panels.
- 2. It is also recommended to extend subsidence monitoring stations equal to panel depth outside the panel boundary.
- It is recommended to continue subsidence investigations for the safety evaluation of different surface features and structures lying over different on-going and future depillaring panels.

Annexure-III

☆

Upload of compliance report on company's website



🔝 Environment Compliance Reports 🗙 🕂

← → C ▲ https://www.tatasteel.com/sustainability/environment-compliance-reports/
Environment Statement for the financial year ending March 2018 for Lagla Mahal Sand
TATASTEEG Pro Annu

🐼 » Sustainability » Environment Compliance Reports

Environment Statement for the financial year ending March 2018 for 6&7 Pits Colliery

Environment Statement for the financial year ending March 2018 for Jamadoba Colliery

Environment Statement for the financial year ending March 2018 for Jamadoba Coal Washery

Environment Statement for the financial year ending March 2018 for Digwadih Colliery

Environment Statement for the financial year ending March 2018 for Bhelatand Coal Washery