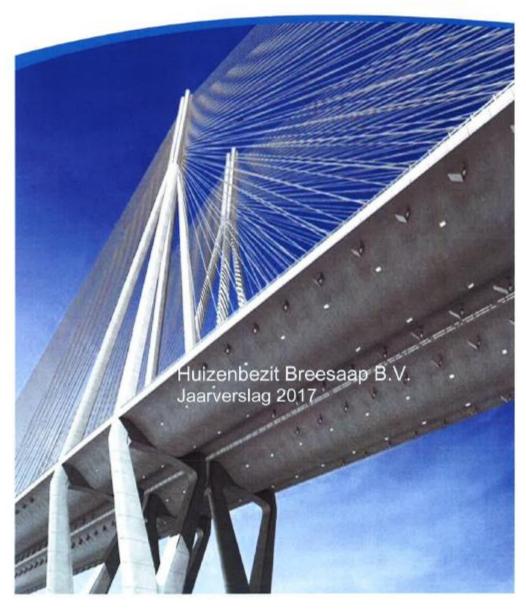
# TATA STEEL





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# Financial statement 2017, closing on 31st March 2017

Introduction

#### Tata Steel Ltd.

Huizenbezit Breesaap B.V. registered office in Ijmuiden and having offices in Velsen-Noord, The Netherlands, is a 100% subsidiary of Tata Steel IJmuiden B.V. indirectly a 100% subsidiary of Tata Steel Ijmuiden B.V. The European parent company is Tate Steel Europe Limited., this company is a 100% subsidiary of Tata Steel Global Holdings Pte. Ltd, a non listed company in Singapore. Tata Steel Ltd. Is the ultimate parent company. Tata Steel Ltd. is established in Mumbai, India and is listed on the Mumbai Stock Exchange, India (BSE), the National Stock Exchange (NSE), the Calcutta Stock Exchange Assn. Limited and the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

The address of this firm has been taken up on page 8 of this report.

# Activities of the company.

The company does not carry out new business and wraps now assumed liabilities from the past.

# **Balance sheets**

(for appropriation of the profit)

Per 31 March	Enclosure	2017	2016
		€k	€k
Fixed assets			
Material fixed assets	1	2	3
Financial fixed assets	2	21	46
		23	49
Current assets			
Claims	3	0	3
Cash	4	19	12
		19	15
Total assets		42	64
Liabilities			
Short-term loans of group companies	5	(1.063)	(1.086)
Short-term debt		(3)	
		(1.066)	(1.086)
Long term liability			
Long-term loans	6	(55)	(65)
		(55)	(65)
Total liabilities		(1.121)	(1.151)
Net Asset		(1.079	(1.087)
Equity			
Share capital	7	45	45
Reserves	7	(1.132)	(1.141)
Unappropriated profit	7	8	9
Total of the equity		(1.079)	(1.087)

# **Profit and Loss Account**

(for appropriation of the profit)	Enclosure	2017	2016
		€x	€x
Total operating income	8	12	11
Financial burden		(1)	(1)
Financial benefits		-	1
Pre-tax results		11	11
Taxes	9	3	(3)
Income after tax	·	8	9

#### Summary of the most important principles for valuation and determination of results

#### General

The financial statement has been drafted conform the generally accepted accounting principles for determination of results in The Netherlands, as determined in Part 9, Book 2 of the Civil Code.

The financial statement has been drafted on basis of the historical cost price. Unless otherwise indicated, have the assets and liabilities been valuated against nominal value.

#### **Foreign currency**

Balance values in foreign currency are converted against the exchange rates that prevailed at the balance sheet date.

In the profit and loss statement the assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are converted with the average rates.

Where currency hedging agreements were entered into, the conversion takes place using the rates set out in these agreements.

Rate differences that arise from transactions that are associated with business activities are credited or charged to the operating result. Other rate differences – to include long-term claims and liabilities – are justified under the financial assets and liabilities.

Rate differences that arise from the conversion of the capital values of the foreign associations are justified in favour of or charged to the equity.

This also applies to rate differences on loans that are intended to cover the currency risk on foreign associations and rate differences on loans to or from foreign associations that can be considered as increased, respectively reduced investment in the association.

#### Investments in fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are valued at purchase price less depreciation. Every year, 2% of the depreciated historical cost.

#### **Claims**

Receivables are claims after deduction of provisions for doubtful debtors.

#### **Debts**

Debts that expire within one year are marked as short-term.

#### Taxes

With the calculation of the taxes over the profit or loss and over direct mutations in the reserves, the actual tax tariffs are assumed. The difference between the tax amounts calculated in this manner and the tax amounts on basis of the calculation of the result conform the tax-code is entered on the Balance sheet as a latent tax liability or asset (in accordance with the period-allocation method).

In general no provisions are entered into the Balance sheet for deferred tax liabilities related to land and interest in subsidiaries and related companies. Deferred tax liabilities are not activated if there is insufficient certainty that these will be compensated in the future.

# **Explanation to the balance sheet**

# 1. Tangible fixed assets

This concern being owned homes valued at book value.

#### 2. Financial fixed assets

These are housing loans to the staff.

# 3. Claims

The receivables relate to receivables with a maturity of less than one year.

#### 4. Cash

The cash is formed by the bank balances.

# 5. Short-term loans

Short-term loans from group companies (Euro 1,054 €) and the current portion of long-term loan (Euro 9 K).

# 6. Long-term loans

This is a long-term loan for housing loans to the staff.

# 7. Equity

(x € 1000,-)	Placed Share- capital	Premium reserve	Non distributable reserve	General reserve	Undivided result	Total
Balance sheet value per 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2016	45	-	-	(1.141)	9	(1.087)
Over distributed result 2016	-	-	_	9	(9)	-
Over distributed result current year	-	-	_	-	8	8
Balance sheet value per 31st March 2017	45	-	-	(1.132	8	(1.079)

The issued share capital consists of 225,000 divided into 500 shares with a nominal value of  $\in$  450 each. paid up 101 shares, being  $\in$  45,450.

# Explanation to the profit and loss account

# 8. Financial income

	2017	2016
	€k	€k
Interest liabilities	(1)	(1)
Interest assets	-	1
Financial income	(1)	-

#### 9. Taxes

The company is for the corporate tax fiscally joined with its fiscal parent company Tata Steel Netherlands Holdings B.V., like many Dutch subsidiaries of this B.V. Within the fiscal unit Tata Steel Holdings Netherlands B.V. it will apply, until further notice, that the company will each year take, as a debt towards Tata Steel Netherlands Holdings B.V., the corporate tax that it owes as per the applicable tariff over the fiscal profit. With a fiscal loss of the company in a year, will Tata Steel Netherlands Holdings B.V. take up a tax compensation towards the company, also calculated on basis of the tariff applicable for the year.

#### Guarantees

Huizenbezit Breesaap B.V. is part of the fiscal unit Tata Steel Netherlands Holdings B.V. and can as a result be held liable for all tax liabilities of the fiscal unit.

#### **Number of employees**

The average number of active own employees in book year 2017, as well as book year 2016, was 0.

# Other explanations and signing of the financial statement

# Remuneration of and loans to directors

In the book year no amounts payable by the company as remuneration or other benefits to its directors.

For the directors of the company, there were no loans granted by the company by 3 March 2017.

# Name and addresses of consolidating companies

The financial data of Huizenbezit Breesaap B.V. and its subsidiaries are part of the published consolidated financial statement of Tata Steel Nederland B.V. which is registered with the concerned chamber of commerce. In addition, the office address of the parent listed below.

The office address of this company is mentioned below.

Tata Steel Nederland B.V.	Wenckebachstraat 1 Post box 10,000	1951 JZ Velsen-Noord 1970 CA IJMUIDEN
Tata Steel Nederland B.V.	Wenckebachstraat 1 Post box 10,000	1951 JZ Velsen-Noord 1970 CA IJMUIDEN

# Signing of the financial statement

The financial statement 2017 ends on 31 March 2017 of Huizenbezit Breesaap B.V. is signed by its complete statutory board of directors.

1Jmuiden, 23 June 2017

E.A.M. Selie H.L. Weijermars

# Other data

#### No audit

An audit with the financial statement is missing. Since Huizenbezit Breesaap B.V. is a "small company", it does not have the duty to have the financial statement audited.

# Statutory rules concerning the appropriation of profit

The profit shown in the adopted financial statement is available to the general meeting of shareholders.

If, according to the adopted financial statement a loss is incurred in any year, which is not covered by a reserve or covered in any other manner, then no dividends are paid till such a loss has been recovered.

# Proposal concerning the appropriation of the profit over 2017, ending 31 March 2017

At the general meeting of shareholders it has been proposed to charge the loss of the book year 2017 ending March 31, 2017, amounting to 8 € thousand, to the general reserves.

*Huizenbezit Breesaap B.V.*Post box 10,000
1970 CA Ijmuiden The Netherlands T +31 (0) 251 49 11 11 Registered in Amsterdam, the Netherland No. 034026908 Decisions of the general meeting of shareholders of Huizenbezit Breesaap B.V., to adopt the financial statement and the appropriation of the profit.

Tata Steel lJmuiden B.V. established in Velsen - Noord.

#### Considers:

That it is the owner of the complete share capital of Tata Steel Europe Distribution B.V. . established in Ijmuiden, hereafter called the company.

That the shares of the company have not been charged with any pledged or usufruct and that the Company did not cooperate with the issuance of certificates of shares and

That on basis of article 12 of the statutes of the Company, its shareholders can take decisions outside the meeting, if in writing and unanimously.

# Having taken note of:

The annual reports of Huizenbezit Breesaap B.V., prepared by the directors of this company, for the book year 2017, consisting of the financial statements - dated 23 June 2017 - and the added other information attached to it.

#### Decision:

- to determine the named financial statement for the book year 2017, ending on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2017.
- to grant discharge to the directors for the implemented policies for the financial period of 1 April 2016, ending on 31 March 2017 and
- to charge the loss of the book year 2017 ending on 31 March 2017 with the amount of € 8 thousand,- to the general reserve, conform the proposal of the directors.

Signed in Ijmuiden, on 23 June 2017

Tata Steel IJmuiden B.V.

J.E. Van Dort T.J. Henrar
Director Director

These accounts are a translated version for information purpose only, the original language version prevails in the event of any discrepancies between the English translation and the original.