

# Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

## Independent Auditor's Report

### To the Members of The Tata Pigments Limited

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Tata Pigments Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.
2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, and total comprehensive income (comprising of profit and other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other Information

4. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

5. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the

Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP, Plot No. 56 & 57, Block DN, Sector-V, Salt Lake,  
Kolkata - 700 091, India  
T: +91 (33) 44044346

Registered office and Head office: Plot No. 56 & 57, Block DN, Sector-V, Salt Lake, Kolkata - 700 091

Price Waterhouse & Co. (a Partnership Firm) converted into Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP, a Limited Liability Partnership with LLP identity no: LLPIN AAC-4362 with effect from July 7, 2014. Post its conversion to Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP, its ICAI registration number is 304026E/E300009 (ICAI registration number before conversion was 304026E)



# Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of The Tata Pigments Limited  
Report on Audit of the Financial Statements  
Page 2 of 4

accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

6. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
7. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
9. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
  - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
  - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
  - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
  - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
  - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
11. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



# Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

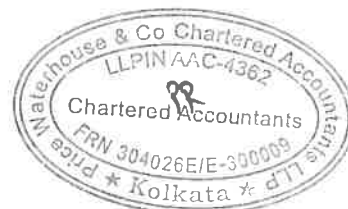
To the Members of The Tata Pigments Limited  
Report on Audit of the Financial Statements  
Page 3 of 4

### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

12. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure B a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

13. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books, except for the matters stated in paragraph 13(j)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended).
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith, reference is made to our remarks in paragraph 19(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended).
- (g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 29 to the financial statements;
  - ii. The Company was not required to recognise a provision as at March 31, 2025, under the applicable law or Indian Accounting Standards, as it does not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contract. The Company did not have any derivative contracts as at March 31, 2025.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2025.
  - iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in Note 35(ix) to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries (Refer Note 35(ix) to the financial statements);



# Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of The Tata Pigments Limited  
Report on Audit of the Financial Statements  
Page 4 of 4

- (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 35(x) to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries (Refer Note 35(x) to the financial statements); and
- (c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. The dividend declared and paid by the Company during the year is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act.
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and that has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software, except that the audit log is not maintained at the application level for modification, if any, by certain users with specific access and that no audit trail has been enabled at the database level for direct database changes. During the course of performing our procedures except the aforesaid instances, we did not notice any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, or not preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.
14. The Company has paid/ provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP  
Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E-300009



Pravin Rajani  
Partner  
Membership Number: 127460

UDIN: 25127460BMOSXB2942  
Place: Kolkata  
Date: April 22, 2025

# Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

## Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 13(g) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of The Tata Pigments Limited on the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025.

Page 1 of 2

### Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

1. We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of The Tata Pigments Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

### Auditor's Responsibility

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable



# Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

## Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 13(g) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of The Tata Pigments Limited on the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025.  
Page 2 of 2

assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP  
Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E-300009



Pravin Rajani  
Partner  
Membership Number: 127460

UDIN: 25127460BMOSXB2942  
Place: Kolkata  
Date: April 22, 2025

# Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

## Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of The Tata Pigments Limited on the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025.  
Page 1 of 6

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and furnished by the Company, and the books of account and records examined by us during the course of our audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- i. (a) (A) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation, of Property, Plant and Equipment.  
  
(B) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets.  
  
(b) The Property, Plant and Equipment are physically verified by the Management according to a phased programme designed to cover all the items over a period of 3 years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the programme, a portion of the Property, Plant and Equipment has been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.  
  
(c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), as disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements, are held in the name of the Company.  
  
(d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or Intangible Assets or both during the year. Consequently, the question of our commenting on whether the revaluation is based on the valuation by a Registered Valuer, or specifying the amount of change, if the change is 10% or more in the aggregate of the net carrying value of each class of Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or Intangible Assets does not arise.  
  
(e) No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formerly the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)) and Rules made thereunder, and therefore the question of our commenting on whether the Company has appropriately disclosed the details in the financial statements does not arise.
- ii. (a) The physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the Management during the year and, in our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by Management is appropriate. In respect of inventory lying with third parties, these have substantially been confirmed by them. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory, and have been appropriately dealt with in the books of account.  
  
(b) During the year, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and accordingly, the question of our commenting on whether the quarterly returns or statements are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the Company does not arise.
- iii. (a) The Company has not made investments in any companies / firms / Limited Liability Partnerships except investments in thirteen mutual fund schemes, or granted secured/ unsecured loans/advances in nature of loans, to any companies / firms / Limited Liability Partnerships except loans to six employees, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any companies / firms / Limited Liability Partnerships/ other parties. The aggregate amount during the year, and balance outstanding at the balance sheet date with respect to such loans to subsidiaries, joint



# Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

## Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of The Tata Pigments Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025.

Page 2 of 6

ventures and associates and to parties other than subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are as per the table given below:

Particulars	Loans (Rs. In Lakhs)
Aggregate amount granted/ provided during the year	
- Subsidiaries	-
- Joint Ventures	-
- Associates	-
- Others	2.80
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of the above case	
- Subsidiaries	-
- Joint Ventures	-
- Associates	-
- Others	2.29

Also, refer Note 8(A) to the financial statements.

- (b) In respect of the aforesaid investments/ loans, the terms and conditions under which such loans were granted/investments were made are not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) In respect of the loans, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated, and the parties are repaying the principal amounts, as stipulated, and are also regular in payment of interest as applicable.
- (d) In respect of the loans, there is no amount which is overdue for more than ninety days.
- (e) There were no loans/ advances in nature of loans which were granted during the year, including to promoters/ related parties that were repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- iv. The Company has not granted any loans or made any investments or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under Sections 185 and 186. Therefore, the reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits referred in Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under.
- vi. Pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India, the Company is required to maintain cost records as specified under Section 148(1) of the Act in respect of its products. We have broadly reviewed the same and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts





# Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

## Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of The Tata Pigments Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025.

Page 3 of 6

and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.

- vii. (a) In our opinion, the Company is regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues, including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess<sup>1</sup>, and other statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. We are informed that the Company has applied for exemption from the operation of Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 and actions have been taken by the authorities as referred in Note 29 (a) to the financial statements to bring the employees of the Company under Employees' State Insurance Scheme, which is contested by the Company. Also, refer note 29 (c) to the financial statements regarding management's assessment on certain matters relating to provident fund.
- (b) The particulars of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) as at balance sheet date which have not been deposited on account of a dispute, are as follows:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount Demanded (Rs. In Lakhs)	Amount paid (Rs. In Lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
Central Sales Tax	Sales Tax	1.15	-	2002 – 2003	Deputy Commissioner
Central Sales Tax	Sales Tax	78.83	4.01	2002 - 03 to 2005 – 06	Deputy Commissioner
Value Added Tax	Sales Tax	16.56	0.79	2009 -10 & 2015 -16	Deputy Commissioner
Goods & Service Tax	GST	4.99	-	2020-21	Assistant Commissioner
Employee's State Insurance Act	Employee's State Insurance	454.64	14.46	1996 - 2004, 2011 - 2016, 2017 - 2022	High Court

- viii. There are no transactions previously unrecorded in the books of account that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- ix. (a) As the Company did not have any loans or other borrowings from any lender during the year, the reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



# Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

## Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of The Tata Pigments Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025.

Page 4 of 6

- (b) On the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) The Company has not obtained any term loans. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not raised funds on short-term basis. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company did not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company did not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- (b) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, a report under Section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4, as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 was not required to be filed with the Central Government. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, the Company has received whistle-blower complaints during the year, which have been considered by us for any bearing on our audit and reporting under this clause.
- xii. As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it, the reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Section 188 of the Act. The details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard 24 "Related Party Disclosures" specified under Section 133 of the Act. Further, the Company is not required to



# Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

## Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of The Tata Pigments Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025.

Page 5 of 6

constitute an Audit Committee under Section 177 of the Act and, accordingly, to this extent, the reporting under clause 3(xiii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- xiv. (a) The internal audit of the Company is covered under the Tata Steel group internal audit pursuant to which an internal audit is carried out every year. In our opinion, the Company's internal audit system is commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- xiv. (b) The reports of the Internal Auditor for the period under audit have been considered by us.
- xv. In our opinion, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the reporting on compliance with the provisions of Section 192 of the Act under clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial / housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) In our opinion, the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) has 6 CICs as part of the Group as detailed in Note 35(xi) to the financial statements.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year or in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly the reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. As at balance sheet date, the Company does not have any amount remaining unspent under Section 135(5) of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.



# Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

## Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of The Tata Pigments Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025.

Page 6 of 6

---

- xxi. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of Standalone Financial Statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP  
Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E-300009



Pravin Rajani  
Partner  
Membership Number: 127460

UDIN: 25127460BMOSXB2942  
Place: Kolkata  
Date: April 22, 2025

**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025**

		Amount in Rs. Lakhs	
		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
<b>Assets</b>	<b>Notes</b>		
<b>Non-current Assets</b>			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	3	2,506.39	2,231.87
(b) Capital work-in-progress	3 (A)	154.87	105.35
(c) Right-of-use assets	3 (B)	2.83	36.73
(d) Intangible assets	4	76.03	27.94
(e) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	6	-	-
(ii) Trade receivables	7	37.65	136.40
(iii) Loans	8(A)	2.31	0.86
(f) Other non-current assets	9	197.33	189.70
(g) Deferred tax assets (net)	12	19.52	42.40
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>2,996.93</b>	<b>2,771.25</b>
<b>Current Assets</b>			
(a) Inventories	5	828.29	716.69
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	6	2,434.25	2,511.63
(ii) Trade receivables	7	4,690.71	5,929.18
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	243.82	286.93
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	10	-	2.75
(v) Loans	8(A)	0.84	0.28
(vi) Other financial assets	8(B)	6.20	8.66
(c) Other current assets	9	559.80	338.30
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>8,763.91</b>	<b>9,794.42</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>11,760.84</b>	<b>12,565.67</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>			
<b>Equity</b>			
(a) Equity share capital	11	75.00	75.00
(b) Other equity		6,075.08	6,572.04
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>6,150.08</b>	<b>6,647.04</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Lease liabilities	3(B)	-	3.20
(ii) Trade payables			
a) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	13	267.70	306.98
b) total outstanding dues other than (ii) (a) above	13	4.74	4.74
(iii) Other financial liabilities	14	92.34	114.34
(b) Provision-employee benefit obligations	15	696.07	645.22
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>1,060.85</b>	<b>1,074.48</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Lease liabilities	3(B)	3.20	36.18
(ii) Trade payables			
a) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	13	1,688.56	2,108.96
b) total outstanding dues other than (ii) (a) above	13	2,315.84	2,143.65
(iii) Other financial liabilities	14	144.20	153.86
(b) Provision-employee benefit obligations	15	115.75	202.66
(c) Other current liabilities	16	203.60	146.95
(d) Current tax liabilities	12(A)	78.76	51.89
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>4,549.91</b>	<b>4,844.15</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>11,760.84</b>	<b>12,565.67</b>

The above balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP  
Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E300009

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors



Pravin Rajani  
Partner  
Membership No 127460  
Place: Kolkata  
Date: April 22, 2025



Dinesh Agarwal  
Chief of Finance & Accounts



Rajiv Mangal  
Chairman  
(DIN: 10099807)



Anil Kumar Singh Harshana  
Managing Director  
(DIN: 09749172)  
Place: Jamshedpur  
Date: April 22, 2025

The Tata Pigments Limited		Amount in Rs. Lakhs	
Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2025			
	Notes	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
I Revenue from Operations	17	21,836.30	23,296.32
II Other Income	18	197.67	193.07
III Total Income (I + II)		<u>22,033.97</u>	<u>23,489.39</u>
IV Expenses			
(a) Cost of materials consumed	19	2,262.29	2,293.19
(b) Purchases of finished, semi-finished and other products	20	670.95	843.57
(c) Changes in Inventories of work-in-progress, stock-in-trade and finished goods	21	0.96	156.97
(d) Expenses on service contracts		11,789.08	12,835.95
(e) Employee benefit expense	22	2,142.75	1,958.97
(f) Finance costs	23	7.32	12.37
(g) Depreciation and amortisation expense	4(A)	299.10	286.16
(h) Other expenses	24	<u>2,769.76</u>	<u>2,620.73</u>
Total Expenses (IV)		<u>19,942.21</u>	<u>21,007.91</u>
V Profit before tax (III-IV)		<u>2,091.76</u>	<u>2,481.48</u>
VI Income tax expense			
(1) Current tax		511.48	635.30
(2) Deferred tax	12	<u>22.89</u>	<u>0.54</u>
Total tax expense (VI)		<u>534.37</u>	<u>635.84</u>
VII Profit for the year (V - VI)		<u>1,557.39</u>	<u>1,845.64</u>
VIII Other comprehensive income			
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of post employment benefit obligations		(72.63)	16.61
(ii) Income tax impact		<u>18.28</u>	<u>(4.18)</u>
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		<u>(54.35)</u>	<u>12.43</u>
IX Total comprehensive income for the year (VII + VIII)		<u>1,503.04</u>	<u>1,858.07</u>
X Earnings per Equity share			
(1) Basic earnings per share	31	2,076.52	2,460.85
(2) Diluted earnings per share	31	2,076.52	2,460.85

The above statement of profit and loss should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.


For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP  
Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E300009




  
Pravin Rajani  
Partner  
Membership No 127460  
Place: Kolkata  
Date: April 22, 2025





For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

  
Dinesh Agarwal  
Chief of Finance & Accounts

  
Rajiv Mangal  
Chairman  
(DIN: 10099807)

  
Anil Kumar Singh Harshana  
Managing Director  
(DIN: 09749172)  
Place: Jamshedpur  
Date: April 22, 2025

The Tata Pigments Limited		Amount in Rs. Lakhs		
Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2025				
(a) Equity share capital				
Particulars	Total			
Balance as at April 1, 2023	75.00			
Change in equity share capital	-			
Balance as at March 31, 2024	75.00			
Change in equity share capital	-			
Balance as at March 31, 2025	75.00			
(b) Other Equity				
	Retained Earnings	General Reserve	Capital Reserve	Total
Balance as at March 31, 2024	5,122.10	1,449.77	0.17	6,572.04
Profit for the year	1,557.39	-	-	1,557.39
Other Comprehensive Income	(54.35)	-	-	(54.35)
Dividend paid	(2,000.00)	-	-	(2,000.00)
Balance as at March 31, 2025	4,625.14	1,449.77	0.17	6,075.08
Balance as at March 31, 2023	3,339.03	1,449.77	0.17	4,788.97
Profit for the year	1,845.64	-	-	1,845.64
Other Comprehensive Income	12.43	-	-	12.43
Dividend paid	(75.00)	-	-	(75.00)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	5,122.10	1,449.77	0.17	6,572.04
The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.				
For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP		For and on behalf of the Board of Directors		
Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E300009				
				
Pravin Rajani		Rajiv Mangal		
Partner		Chairman		
Membership No 127460		(DIN: 10099807)		
Place: Kolkata				
Date: April 22, 2025				
				
		Anil Kumar Singh Harshana		
		Managing Director		
		(DIN :09749172)		
		Place : Jamshedpur		
		Date: April 22, 2025		

The Tata Pigments Limited		Amount in Rs. Lakhs	
Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31, 2025			
	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024	
<b>A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities:</b>			
Profit before income tax	2,091.76	2,481.48	
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation and amortisation expense	299.10	286.16	
Interest income	(5.15)	(7.01)	
Gain on sale of investments	(164.23)	(180.37)	
Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(11.58)	(5.69)	
Finance Costs	7.32	12.37	
Inventories write-down	35.37	59.86	
Liability no longer required written back	(0.39)	-	
	<b>2,252.20</b>	<b>2,646.80</b>	
<b>Change in operating assets and liabilities</b>			
(Increase)/decrease in Inventories	(146.97)	127.82	
(Increase)/decrease in Trade receivables	1,337.21	(1,602.57)	
(Increase)/decrease in Other Balances with bank	2.75	360.99	
(Increase)/decrease in Other Financial Assets current	1.44	5.12	
(Increase)/decrease in Other Financial Assets non-current	(1.45)	0.57	
(Increase)/decrease in Other current assets	(221.50)	(59.58)	
(Increase)/decrease in Other non-current assets	(7.63)	28.70	
Increase/(decrease) in Trade Payables	(287.10)	733.08	
Increase/(decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities current	(9.66)	30.86	
Increase/(decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities non-current	(22.00)	-	
Increase/(decrease) in Provision - employee benefit obligations current	(80.91)	3.09	
Increase/(decrease) in Provision - employee benefit obligations non-current	(21.78)	30.89	
Increase/(decrease) in Other current liabilities	56.66	(42.83)	
<b>Cash Generated from Operations</b>	<b>2,845.26</b>	<b>2,263.74</b>	
Income tax paid	(466.34)	(584.96)	
<b>Net cash inflow from operating activities</b>	<b>2,378.92</b>	<b>1,678.78</b>	
<b>B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities:</b>			
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(637.34)	(603.74)	
Payments for purchase of investments	(20,399.31)	(28,800.00)	
Proceeds from sale of investments	20,652.51	27,876.58	
Interest received	5.61	24.04	
<b>Net cash outflow from investing activities</b>	<b>(378.53)</b>	<b>(1,503.12)</b>	
<b>C. Cash Flows from Financing Activities:</b>			
Payments of lease liabilities (principal)	(36.18)	(56.11)	
Repayment of borrowings	(5.80)	(6.05)	
Interest paid	(1.52)	(6.32)	
Dividend Paid	(2,000.00)	(75.00)	
<b>Net cash outflow from financing activities</b>	<b>(2,043.50)</b>	<b>(143.48)</b>	
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>(43.11)</b>	<b>32.18</b>	
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year</b>	<b>286.93</b>	<b>254.75</b>	
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year</b>	<b>243.82</b>	<b>286.93</b>	
<b>Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per the statement of cash flows</b>			
Cash in Hand	0.01	0.12	
In Deposit Account	-	40.00	
In Current Account	243.81	246.81	
Cash and cash equivalents as per note 10	<b>243.82</b>	<b>286.93</b>	
The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.			
For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP		For and on behalf of the Board of Directors	
Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E300009			
			
Pravin Rajani		Dinesh Agarwal	
Partner		Chief of Finance & Accounts	
Membership No 127460			
Place: Kolkata		Rajiv Mangal	
Date: April 22, 2025		Chairman	
		(DIN: 10099807)	
			
		Anil Kumar Singh Harshana	
		Managing Director	
		(DIN : 09749172)	
		Place: Jamshedpur	
		Date: April 22, 2025	



## **The Tata Pigments Limited**

### **Notes to the financial statements**

#### **1. Company Information**

The Tata Pigments Limited ("the Company") is a public limited Company incorporated in India with its registered office in Jamshedpur, Jharkhand, India.

The Company is one of the largest manufacturers of Synthetic Iron Oxide in India. Its range of products include flooring colours in five colours under the brand name of Tata Red, Tata Black, Tata Yellow, Tata Green and Tata Blue. The Company also manufacture dry cement paint under brand name of Cemplus and Ecocem, water based emulsion paints, distemper, primer, wallplus putty, etc. through EPA and BPO route over the past decade. It is into Industrial Decorative and Coating services business has been mainly catering to Tata Steel and Tata Steel group of companies. The company provides By-Product Management services to Tata Steel.

The functional and presentation currency of the Company is Indian Rupee ("INR") which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

As on March 31, 2025, Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services Limited, owns 100% of the Ordinary shares of The Tata Pigments Limited, and has the ability to control the Company's operations.

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 22<sup>nd</sup> April, 2025.

#### **2. Material accounting policies**

The material accounting policies applied by the Company in the preparation of its financial statements are listed below. Such accounting policies have been applied consistently to all the periods presented in these financial statements, unless otherwise indicated.

##### **2.01 Statement of Compliance**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as "Ind AS") prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, as amended from time to time and other relevant provisions of the Act.

##### **2.02 Basis of preparation and presentation**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention with the exception of certain assets and liabilities that are required to be carried at fair values by Ind AS.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

The Directors of the Company have assessed its liquidity position and its possible sources of funds. The Board of Directors are confident of the Company's ability to meet its obligations in the next twelve months from the balance sheet date. Accordingly, these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

##### **2.03 Use of estimates and critical accounting judgement**

In the preparation of financial statements, the Company makes judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The



## **The Tata Pigments Limited**

### **Notes to the financial statements**

estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods affected.

Key source of estimation of uncertainty at the date of financial statements, which may cause material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, is in respect of useful lives of property, plant and equipment, provisions and contingent liabilities and estimation of employee benefit obligations as discussed below. Key source of estimation of uncertainty in respect of revenue recognition and employee benefits have been discussed in the respective policies.

#### **Useful lives of property, plant and equipment (Note 3)**

The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

#### **Provisions and contingent liabilities (Notes 14 and 29)**

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as result of a past event and it is probable that the outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the financial statements. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

#### **Employee benefit obligations (Note 15)**

The Company's employee benefit obligation are subject to a number of judgement including discount rates, inflation and salary growth. Significant judgement is required when setting these criteria and a change in these assumptions would have a significant impact on the amount recorded in the Company's balance sheet and the statement of profit and loss. The Company sets these judgements based on previous experience and third party actuarial advice.

### **2.04 Property, plant and equipment**

An item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. This recognition principle is applied to costs incurred initially to acquire an item of property, plant and equipment and also to costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. All other repair and maintenance costs, including regular servicing, are recognised in the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost/deemed cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes all direct costs and expenditures incurred to bring the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Software costs are included in the balance sheet as intangible assets when it is probable that associated future economic benefits would flow to the Company. In this case they are measured initially at purchase cost and then amortised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. All other costs on patents, trademarks and software are expensed in the statement of profit and loss as and when incurred.

Depreciation or amortisation is provided so as to write off, on a straight line basis, the cost / deemed cost of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, to their residual value. These charges are commenced from the dates the assets are available for their intended use and are spread over their estimated useful economic lives or, in the case of leased assets, over the lease period, if shorter.

The estimated useful lives for main categories of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are:



**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**

<b>Class of Asset</b>	<b>Estimated Useful Life</b>
<b>Freehold building</b>	
Factory Building	30 years
Other than Factory Building with RCC frame structure	60 years
Other than Factory Building without RCC frame structure	30 years
Fences, Walls, etc.	5 years
<b>Plant and Machinery</b>	
Plant and Machinery used in manufacture of Synthetic Iron Oxide Pigments – Reactors	20 years
Other Machinery	5 to 15 years
<b>Office Equipment</b>	
Computers and data processing units	3 years
Others	3 to 5 years
<b>Furniture and Fixtures</b>	10 years
<b>Vehicles</b>	
Motor Cycles	10 years
Other Heavy Vehicles	8 years
<b>Intangible Assets</b>	
Computer software	3 to 10 years

**2.05 Impairment**

At each balance sheet date, the Company reviews the carrying values of its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that the carrying value of those assets may not be recoverable through continuing use. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is reviewed in order to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any.

**2.06 Leases**

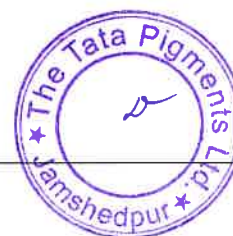
Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of the contract. The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease agreements in which it is the lessee, except for short-term leases (leases with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets. For short term leases and leases of low value assets, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate, which is determined using the risk free rate for the same tenor adjusted for the credit risk associated with the lease, security etc.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise fixed lease payments (including in substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives; and any variable lease payments that are based on an index or a rate, initially measure using the index or rate at the commencement date. Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of lease liabilities.

Lease payments are allocated between the principal and finance cost. The finance cost is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, lease payments made at or before the commencement day and any initial direct costs. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.



## The Tata Pigments Limited

### Notes to the financial statements

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on straight-line basis over the period of lease term and useful life of the underlying asset whichever is lower. If a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or where it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise a purchase option, the related right-of-use asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset. The depreciation starts at the commencement date of the lease.

The Company has used the following practical expedients permitted by the standard.

- i) applying single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar character.
- ii) accounted for operating leases with remaining lease term of less than 12 months as short term lease.
- iii) excluding initial direct cost for the measurement of the right-of-use assets at the date of initial application and
- iv) using hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

#### 2.07 Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are immediately recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

##### Financial assets

##### Classification of Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets classified at amortised cost comprise trade receivables, investments, cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets.

##### Classification of Financial assets measured at fair value

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if such financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows or to sell such financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The Company in respect of equity investments (other than in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures) which are not held for trading, has made an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of such equity instruments. Such an election is made by the Company on an instrument by instrument basis at the time of initial recognition of such equity investments. These investments are held for medium or long term strategic purpose.

Financial assets not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, are carried at fair value through profit and loss. Financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss comprise of Investments in Mutual funds.





## **The Tata Pigments Limited**

### **Notes to the financial statements**

#### **Impairment of financial assets**

Loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised for financial assets measured at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income. The Company recognises life time expected credit losses for all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction.

For financial assets whose credit risk has not significantly increased since initial recognition, loss allowance equal to twelve months expected credit losses is recognised. Loss allowance equal to the lifetime expected credit losses is recognised if the credit risk of the financial asset has significantly increased since initial recognition.

#### **Financial liabilities and equity instruments**

##### **Classification as debt or equity**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

##### **Financial Liabilities**

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method where the time value of money is significant.

## **2.08 Employee benefits**

##### **Defined contribution plans**

Payments to defined contribution plans are charged as an expense as they fall due. Payments made to state managed retirement benefit schemes are dealt with as payments to defined contribution schemes where the Company's obligations under the schemes are equivalent to those arising in a defined contribution retirement benefit scheme.

##### **Defined benefit plans**

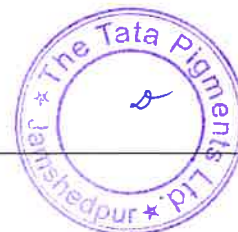
For defined benefit retirement schemes the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuation being carried out at each year-end balance sheet date. Re-measurement gains and losses of the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income. The service cost and net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) is recognised as an expense within employment costs. Past service cost is recognised as an expense when the plan amendment or curtailment occurs or when any related restructuring costs or termination benefits are recognised, whichever is earlier. The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined-benefit obligation as reduced by the fair value of plan assets.

##### **Compensated absences**

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are recognised based on actuarial valuation at the present value of the obligation as on the reporting date.

## **2.09 Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is ascertained on a weighted average basis. Costs comprise direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the price at which the inventories can be realised in the normal course of business after allowing for the cost of conversion from their existing state to a finished condition and for the cost of marketing, selling and distribution.



## The Tata Pigments Limited

### Notes to the financial statements

Stores and spare parts are carried at lower of cost and net realisable value.

Provisions are made to cover slow moving and obsolete items based on historical experience of utilisation on a product.

#### 2.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, which is expected to result in an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits which can be reliably estimated. Each provision is based on the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are measured on a discounted basis.

Constructive obligation is an obligation that derives from an entity's actions where:

- (a) by an established pattern of past practice, published policies or a sufficiently specific current statement, the entity has indicated to other parties that it will accept certain responsibilities and;
- (b) as a result, the entity has created a valid expectation on the part of those other parties that it will discharge such responsibilities.

#### 2.11 Income taxes

Tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the period. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the statement of profit and loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. In contrast, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying value of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

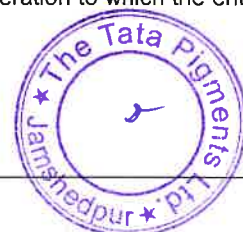
Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised based on the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying value of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset to the extent that they relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority and there are legally enforceable rights to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities within that jurisdiction.

Current and deferred tax are recognised as an expense or income in the statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items credited or debited either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

#### 2.12 Revenue

The Company recognise revenue from transfer of goods at point of time. The Company manufactures and sells a range of paints products in domestic market. Sale are recognised when the control of products are transferred, being when the products are delivered to customers and at the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for goods or services.



## **The Tata Pigments Limited**

### **Notes to the financial statements**

Revenue from these sales is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated volume discounts. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the discounts, and revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with a credit term of 30/60 days, which is consistent with market practice.

Revenue from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognised based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided because the customer receives and uses the benefits simultaneously. The customer pays the fixed amount based on completion of the related services on a monthly basis. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset (unbilled revenue) is recognised. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognised. Estimates of revenues, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenues or costs are reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by management.

The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the group does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable net of discount, taking into account contractually defined terms and excluding taxes and duties collected on behalf of the government.

#### **Dividend and Interest income**

Dividend income from investment is recognised within other income when the Company's right to receive dividend is established.

Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit and loss is recognised under other income when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial assets to that assets net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### **2.13 Cash Flow Statement**

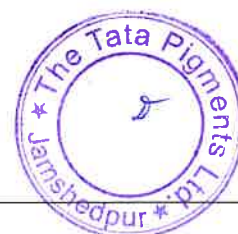
Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit/ (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

#### **2.14 Segment Reporting**

The Company identifies primary segments based on the dominant source, nature of risks and returns, internal organisation, management structure and the internal performance reporting systems. The accounting policies adopted for the segment reporting are in line with the accounting policies of the Company.

#### **2.15 Cash and cash equivalents**

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.



**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**

**2.16 Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under The Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time.

During the year ended March 31, 2025, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.





The Tata Pigments Limited  
Notes to the financial statements

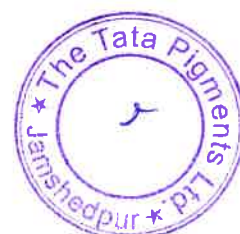
3 Property, Plant and Equipments

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

As at March 31, 2025	Buildings	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Office Equipments	Vehicle	Total Tangible Assets
Cost as at April 1, 2024	662.30	2,465.09	35.19	247.95	9.39	3,419.92
Additions	47.65	412.69	8.28	62.47	-	531.09
Disposals/discard	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cost as at March 31, 2025	709.95	2,877.78	43.47	310.42	9.39	3,951.01
Accumulated Depreciation as at April 1, 2024	205.23	822.21	17.09	134.20	9.32	1,188.05
Charge for the year	51.57	159.43	3.36	42.16	0.05	256.57
Disposals/discard	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accumulated Depreciation as at March 31, 2025	256.80	981.64	20.45	176.36	9.37	1,444.62
Net book value as at March 31, 2025	453.15	1,896.14	23.02	134.06	0.02	2,506.39

As at March 31, 2024	Buildings	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Office Equipments	Vehicle	Total Tangible Assets
Cost as at April 1, 2023	602.30	2,071.82	33.07	181.55	9.39	2,898.13
Additions	60.00	393.27	2.12	66.40	-	521.79
Disposals/discard	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cost as at March 31, 2024	662.30	2,465.09	35.19	247.95	9.39	3,419.92
Accumulated Depreciation as at April 1, 2023	176.92	682.25	14.13	94.93	9.27	977.50
Charge for the year	28.31	139.96	2.96	39.27	0.05	210.55
Disposals/discard	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accumulated Depreciation as at March 31, 2024	205.23	822.21	17.09	134.20	9.32	1,188.05
Net book value as at March 31, 2024	457.07	1,642.88	18.10	113.75	0.07	2,231.87

Note: a) In respect of immovable property of self-constructed building on leasehold land, the land lease agreement is in the name of the Company, where the Company is the lessee in the agreement.



The Tata Pigments Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

3 (A) Capital work-in-progress

(a) Ageing of CWIP

As at March 31, 2025	Amounts in capital work-in-progress for				
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	154.87	-	-	-	154.87
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	154.87	-	-	-	154.87

As at March 31, 2024	Amounts in capital work-in-progress for				
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	105.35	-	-	-	105.35
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
Total	105.35	-	-	-	105.35

(b) Completion schedule for capital work-in-progress whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan:

As at March 31, 2025	To be completed in				
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Project 1	154.87	-	-	-	154.87
Project 2	-	-	-	-	-
Total	154.87	-	-	-	154.87

As at March 31, 2024	To be completed in				
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Project 1	105.35	-	-	-	105.35
Project 2	-	-	-	-	-
Total	105.35	-	-	-	105.35



3 (B) Leases

(a) Right-of-use assets

As at March 31, 2025	Right-of-use Buildings
Cost as at April 1, 2024	124.22
Additions	-
Disposals	(90.21)
Cost as at March 31, 2025	34.01
Accumulated Depreciation as at April 1, 2024	87.49
Charge for the period	33.89
Disposals	(90.20)
Accumulated Depreciation as at March 31, 2025	31.18
Net book value as at March 31, 2025	2.83

As at March 31, 2024	Right-of-use Buildings
Cost as at April 1, 2023	124.22
Additions	-
Disposals	-
Cost as at March 31, 2024	124.22
Accumulated Depreciation as at April 1, 2023	31.05
Charge for the year	56.44
Disposals	-
Accumulated Depreciation as at March 31, 2024	87.49
Net book value as at March 31, 2024	36.73

(b) Lease liabilities

	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current	3.20	36.18
Non-Current	-	3.20
	3.20	39.38

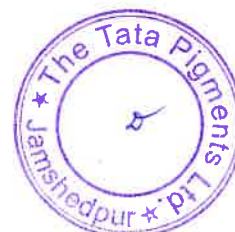
Movement of lease liabilities	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Opening Balance as at April 01	39.38	95.49
Add: Present Value of addition during the year	-	-
Add: Interest expense (included in finance costs)	1.52	6.32
Less: Repayment	37.70	62.43
Closing Balance as at March 31	3.20	39.38

4 Intangible assets

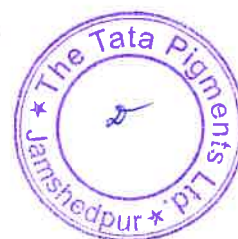
	Software
Year ended 31 March 2025	
Gross carrying amount	
Opening gross carrying amount	162.42
Additions	56.73
Closing gross carrying amount	219.15
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	
Opening accumulated amortisation	134.48
Amortisation charge for the year	8.64
Impairment charge	-
Closing accumulated amortisation and impairment	143.12
Closing net carrying amount	76.03
Year ended 31 March 2024	
Gross carrying amount	
Opening gross carrying amount	145.82
Additions	16.60
Closing gross carrying amount	162.42
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	
Opening accumulated amortisation	115.31
Amortisation charge for the year	19.17
Impairment charge	-
Closing accumulated amortisation and impairment	134.48
Closing net carrying amount	27.94

4 (A) Depreciation and amortisation for the year

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Depreciation - Property, Plant and Equipment	256.57	210.55
Depreciation on Right-of-use assets	33.89	56.44
Amortisation - Intangible	8.64	19.17
Total depreciation and amortisation expense	299.10	286.16



The Tata Pigments Limited		Amount in Rs. Lakhs	
Notes to the financial statements			
		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
<b>5 Inventories (At lower of cost and net realisable value)</b>			
(a) Raw materials		184.57	134.94
(b) Work-in-progress		63.55	74.34
(c) Finished goods		259.67	219.97
(d) Stock in trade		49.19	79.06
(e) Stores and spares		271.31	208.38
		<b>828.29</b>	<b>716.69</b>
Value of inventories above is stated after provisions (net of reversal/ write off) of Rs. 35.37 Lakhs (March 31,2024 :Rs.59.86 Lakhs) for write downs to net realisable value and provision for slow-moving and obsolete items.			
<b>6 Investments</b>			
<b>Equity investment (measured at FVOCI)</b>			
<b>Unquoted</b>			
10,000 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up (year ended March 31, 2024 :10,000 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up) in Nicco Jubilee Park Limited *		-	-
		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Classified as:</b>			
Non current*		-	-
Current		-	-
		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
* Amount lower than the rounding off norm adopted by the company.			
<b>Investment in mutual fund (measured at FVTPL)</b>			
<b>Quoted Mutual Funds</b>			
Nil (March 31,2024-28,798) unit in Baroda BNP Paribas Liquid Fund - Direct Plan-Growth		-	801.97
Nil (March 31,2024-7,930) unit in Mirae Asset Liquid Fund-Direct Plan-Growth		-	202.23
Nil (March 31,2024-13,745) unit in Bandhan Liquid Fund - Direct Plan-Growth		-	400.99
Nil (March 31,2024-3,136) unit in Invesco India Liquid Fund-Direct Plan-Growth		-	103.95
13,525 (March 31,2024-29,046) unit in DSP Liquid Fund - Direct Plan-Growth		501.55	1,002.49
71,825 (March 31,2024-Nil) unit in Aditya Birla Sun Life Liquid Fund - Growth-Direct Plan		300.75	-
4,742 (March 31,2024-Nil) unit in Nippon India Liquid Fund - Direct Plan Growth		300.94	-
51,503 (March 31, 2024-Nil) unit in HSBC Liquid Fund - Direct Growth		1,331.01	-
		<b>2,434.25</b>	<b>2,511.63</b>
<b>Classified as:</b>			
Non current		-	-
Current		2,434.25	2,511.63
		<b>2,434.25</b>	<b>2,511.63</b>



**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Non current	Current	Non current	Current
<b>7 Trade Receivables</b>				
Trade receivables from contract with customers	-	472.68	10.53	414.34
Trade receivables from contract with customers - related parties (refer note 34)	37.65	4,232.82	125.87	5,533.95
Less: Loss allowance	-	(14.79)	-	(19.11)
<b>Total receivables</b>	<b>37.65</b>	<b>4,690.71</b>	<b>136.40</b>	<b>5,929.18</b>
<b>Break-up of security details</b>				
Trade receivables considered good - secured	-	1.82	-	0.95
Trade receivables considered good - unsecured	37.65	4,688.89	136.40	5,928.23
Trade receivable - credit impaired	-	14.79	-	19.11
<b>Total</b>	<b>37.65</b>	<b>4,705.50</b>	<b>136.40</b>	<b>5,948.29</b>
Less: Loss allowance	-	(14.79)	-	(19.11)
<b>Total trade receivables</b>	<b>37.65</b>	<b>4,690.71</b>	<b>136.40</b>	<b>5,929.18</b>

\* Security deposits received from distributors.

**Trade Receivable ageing schedule**

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods- from due date of payment							As at March 31, 2025
	Unbilled Revenue	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months- 1 years	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed- considered good	1,794.53	2,127.58	755.86	38.70	9.30	2.39	14.79	4,743.15
	<u>1,794.53</u>	<u>2,127.58</u>	<u>755.86</u>	<u>38.70</u>	<u>9.30</u>	<u>2.39</u>	<u>14.79</u>	<u>4,743.15</u>
Less: Loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14.79)	(14.79)
	<u>1,794.53</u>	<u>2,127.58</u>	<u>755.86</u>	<u>38.70</u>	<u>9.30</u>	<u>2.39</u>	<u>(0.00)</u>	<u>4,728.36</u>

**Trade Receivable ageing schedule**

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods- from due date of payment							As at March 31, 2024
	Unbilled Revenue	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months- 1 years	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed- considered good	1,611.91	3,681.11	743.36	17.00	2.75	0.10	28.46	6,084.69
	<u>1,611.91</u>	<u>3,681.11</u>	<u>743.36</u>	<u>17.00</u>	<u>2.75</u>	<u>0.10</u>	<u>28.46</u>	<u>6,084.69</u>
Less: Loss allowance	-	-	-	-	-	-	(19.11)	(19.11)
	<u>1,611.91</u>	<u>3,681.11</u>	<u>743.36</u>	<u>17.00</u>	<u>2.75</u>	<u>0.10</u>	<u>9.35</u>	<u>6,065.58</u>

**Information about major customers**

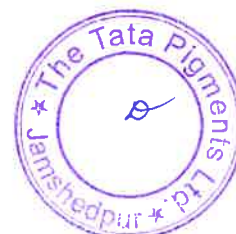
Before accepting any new customer, the Company uses their own credit rating process to assess the potential customer's credit quality and define credit limits by customer. Credit limits and rating to a customer are reviewed each year. Trade receivables balance as at March 31, 2025 of Rs. 4000.91 Lakhs (as at March 31, 2024 of Rs.3806.83 Lakhs) is due from Tata Steel Limited, being the company's largest customer. There is no other customer who represents more than 10% of the total balance of trade receivables.



**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Non current	Current	Non current	Current
<b>8(A) Loans</b>				
(a) Loans to employee	2.31	0.84	0.86	0.28
	<u>2.31</u>	<u>0.84</u>	<u>0.86</u>	<u>0.28</u>
<b>8(B) Other financial assets</b>				
(a) Security deposits	-	6.20	-	8.20
(b) Interest accrued on deposits	-	-	-	0.46
	<u>-</u>	<u>6.20</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8.66</u>
Less: Loss allowance	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>6.20</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8.66</u>
<b>Classification of other financial assets:</b>				
Secured, considered good	-	-	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	-	6.20	-	8.66
Doubtful	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>6.20</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8.66</u>
<b>9 Other assets</b>				
(a) Capital advances	-	159.89	-	-
(b) Advance with public bodies	146.30	231.69	152.18	201.81
(c) Advance to related parties	-	85.86	-	54.00
(d) Other advances and prepayments	51.03	82.36	37.52	82.49
	<u>197.33</u>	<u>559.80</u>	<u>189.70</u>	<u>338.30</u>
<b>Classification of other non financial assets:</b>				
Secured, considered good	-	-	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	197.33	559.80	189.70	338.30
Provision for Doubtful Advances	-	-	-	-
	<u>197.33</u>	<u>559.80</u>	<u>189.70</u>	<u>338.30</u>
<b>10 Cash and Bank balances</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents :				
(a) Unrestricted Balances with banks				
(i) In Current Account	-	243.81	-	246.81
(ii) In Deposit with original maturity of less than three months	-	-	-	40.00
(b) Cash in hand	-	0.01	-	0.12
	<u>-</u>	<u>243.82</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>286.93</u>
Other Balance with bank :				
(c) Earmarked Balance with scheduled banks	-	-	-	2.75
(i) In Deposit Account	-	-	-	2.75



**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

**11 Equity Share Capital**

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
<b>Authorised:</b>		
100,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100 each (March 31, 2024: 100,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 100 each)	100.00	100.00
	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>
<b>Issued:</b>		
75,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100 each (March 31, 2024: 75,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 100 each)	75.00	75.00
	<b>75.00</b>	<b>75.00</b>
<b>Subscribed and fully paid up:</b>		
75,000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100 each (March 31, 2024: 75,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 100 each)	75.00	75.00
	<b>75.00</b>	<b>75.00</b>

**Details of shares held by Ultimate holding company or its subsidiaries**

Percentage of Shares held by Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services Limited (Holding company)	100	100
--	-----	-----

**Shares held by promoters at the end of year 2025**

SL NO.	PROMOTERS NAME	NO OF SHARES	% OF TOTAL SHARES	% OF CHANGE DURING THE YEAR
1	Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services Limited (Holding company)	75,000	100%	0%
	<b>Total</b>	<b>75,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	

**Shares held by promoters at the end of year 2024**

SL NO.	PROMOTERS NAME	NO OF SHARES	% OF TOTAL SHARES	% OF CHANGE DURING THE YEAR
1	Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services Limited (holding company)	75,000	100%	100%
	<b>Total</b>	<b>75,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	

**Rights and restrictions attached to shares**

**Equity shares**

The company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.100 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend, if any, proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company, in proportion to their shareholding.

**11 (A) Other Equity**

**(a) Retained earnings**

The details of movement in retained earnings is provided in Statement of changes in equity.

**(b) General Reserve**

Under the erstwhile Companies Act 1956, a general reserve was created through an annual transfer of net profit at a specified percentage in accordance with applicable regulations. Consequent to the introduction of the Companies Act, 2013 the requirement to mandatorily transfer a specified percentage of net profit to general reserve has been withdrawn.





**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**

		Amount in Rs. Lakhs				
		As at March 31, 2025	Charge/ (Credit) to the Statement of Profit and Loss	As at March 31, 2024	Charge/ (Credit) to the Statement of Profit and Loss	As at March 31, 2023
12	Deferred tax Assets (Net)					
	Deferred tax liabilities					
	(a) Property, Plant and equipment and intangible assets	154.60	13.09	141.50	14.11	127.39
	(b) Change in fair value of Investments	(2.92)	(1.48)	(1.43)	(0.89)	(0.54)
		151.68	11.61	140.07	13.22	126.85
	Deferred tax assets					
	(a) Provision for warranty, inventory & doubtful debts	43.38	0.22	43.16	(3.63)	46.79
	(b) Compensated Absences (leave)	52.04	0.72	51.32	3.27	48.05
	(c) Others	75.78	(12.22)	87.99	13.04	74.95
		171.20	(11.28)	182.47	12.68	169.79
	Net deferred tax assets / (liabilities)	19.52	22.89	42.40	0.54	42.94
12.1	The Income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows			As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	
	Profit from continuing operations before income tax expenses			2,091.76	2,481.48	
	Tax rate of 25.17% (Year Ended March 31, 2024 - 25.17%)			526.45	624.54	
	Tax effects of amount which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income:					
	Corporate Social Responsibility expenses			7.90	5.19	
	Interest on MSME			1.64	5.94	
	Others			(1.62)	0.17	
	Total tax expenses as per Statement of Profit and Loss			534.37	635.84	
	Recognised as - Current tax			511.48	635.30	
	Recognised as - Deferred tax (credit)			22.89	0.54	
12 A	Current tax liabilities					
	(a) Current tax liabilities			78.76	51.89	
	[ Net of provision of Rs. 3183.44 lakhs ; year ended March 31, 2024 Rs. 2,690.24 lakhs]]			78.76	51.89	





**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
Notes to the financial statements

**13 Trade payables**

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Non current	Current	Non current	Current
(a) Trade payable - Micro & Small Enterprises (Refer note no.-32)	267.70	1,688.56	306.98	2,108.96
(b) Trade payables - other than Micro & Small Enterprises	4.74	1,912.89	4.74	1,876.31
(c) Trade payables - Related Party (Refer note no.-34)	-	402.95	-	267.34
	<u>272.44</u>	<u>4,004.40</u>	<u>311.72</u>	<u>4,252.61</u>

**Trade Payable ageing schedule**

Particulars	Unbilled Payable	Not yet due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
			Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Trade payable							
(i) Undisputed dues-MSME	233.14	1,690.30	32.82	-	-	-	1,956.26
(ii) Undisputed-Others	1,176.91	747.23	352.40	10.72	6.74	26.58	2,320.58
(iii) Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed- Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Payable due</b>	<b>1,410.05</b>	<b>2,437.53</b>	<b>385.22</b>	<b>10.72</b>	<b>6.74</b>	<b>26.58</b>	<b>4,276.84</b>

**Trade Payable ageing schedule**

Particulars	Unbilled Revenue	Not yet due	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Total
			Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Trade payable							
(i) Undisputed dues-MSME	304.70	1,778.76	289.34	34.82	2.49	5.83	2,415.94
(ii) Undisputed-Others	1,196.40	537.13	373.66	20.46	4.69	16.05	2,148.39
(iii) Disputed dues-MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed- Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Payable due</b>	<b>1,501.10</b>	<b>2,315.89</b>	<b>663.00</b>	<b>55.28</b>	<b>7.18</b>	<b>21.88</b>	<b>4,564.33</b>

**14 Other financial liabilities**

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Non current	Current	Non current	Current
(a) Creditors for other liabilities				
(i) Security deposits	92.34	-	114.34	-
(ii) Provisions and Other credit balances	-	144.20	-	153.86
	<u>92.34</u>	<u>144.20</u>	<u>114.34</u>	<u>153.86</u>

The details of movement in provisions and other credit balances is as below:

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Balance at the beginning of the year	153.86	123.00
Recognised/(Released) during the year	32.16	71.87
Other reclassifications	-	-
Utilised during the year	(41.82)	(41.01)
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	<b>144.20</b>	<b>153.86</b>

**15 Provision-employee benefit obligations**

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Non current	Current	Non current	Current
(a) Provision for employee benefits				
(1) Post-employment Defined Benefits				
i) Retiring Gratuity	55.79	-	32.15	-
ii) Pension Obligation	412.72	30.59	382.72	28.28
iii) Post retirement medical benefits	39.26	4.75	39.43	4.74
iv) Other post retirement benefits (Leave)	188.30	18.42	190.92	12.95
v) Other long term employee benefits *	-	61.99	-	156.68
(2) Other Employee Benefits				
i) Provision for employees separation scheme	-	-	-	0.01
* Shortfall in interest on Provident Fund based on actuarial valuation				
	<u>696.07</u>	<u>115.75</u>	<u>645.22</u>	<u>202.66</u>

**16 Other current liabilities**

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Non current	Current	Non current	Current
(a) Advances received from customers	-	113.67	-	64.50
(b) Employee recoveries and employer contributions	-	8.76	-	7.94
(c) Statutory Dues (GST, Excise duty, service tax, sales tax, TDS etc.)	-	81.17	-	74.51
	<u>-</u>	<u>203.60</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>146.95</u>



The Tata Pigments Limited		
Notes to the financial statements		
	For the year ended March 31, 2025	Amount in Rs. Lakhs For the year ended March 31, 2024
<b>17 Revenue from Operations</b>		
(a) Sale of Goods		
Sale of Products	5,885.17	5,929.77
Sale of Traded goods	867.68	1,108.04
(b) Sale of Services	14,856.64	16,030.12
(c) Other operating revenue		
Others	226.81	228.39
	<b>21,836.30</b>	<b>23,296.32</b>
<b>Note:</b>		
(a) Customers who contributed 10% or more to the Company's revenue:		
Tata Steel Limited	13,030.45	14,880.65
(b) Refer note 33 on revenue from contracts with customers disaggregated on the basis of geographical regions and major business.		
<b>18 Other Income</b>		
(a) Interest received on sundry advances, deposits and income tax refund.	5.15	7.01
(b) Gain on sale of investments (current)	184.23	180.37
(c) Change in fair value of Investment	11.58	5.69
(d) Liability no longer required (written back)	0.39	-
(e) Insurance Claim Received	16.32	-
	<b>197.67</b>	<b>193.07</b>
<b>19 Cost of Materials Consumed</b>		
<b>Raw Material Consumed</b>		
(i) Raw materials at the beginning of the year	134.94	149.34
(ii) Add: Purchases	2,311.92	2,278.79
	<b>2,446.86</b>	<b>2,428.13</b>
(iii) Less: Raw materials at the end of the year	184.57	134.94
<b>Total cost of materials consumed</b>	<b>2,262.29</b>	<b>2,293.19</b>
<b>20 Purchases of finished, semi-finished and other products</b>		
(a) Oxide of Iron	237.05	221.70
(b) Decorative Products	433.90	621.87
	<b>670.95</b>	<b>843.57</b>
<b>21 Changes in Inventories of work-in-progress, stock-in-trade and finished goods</b>		
<b>Opening balance</b>		
(a) Finished goods	219.97	371.17
(b) Work-in-progress	74.34	71.70
(c) Stock in trade	79.06	87.47
	<b>373.37</b>	<b>530.34</b>
<b>Closing balance</b>		
(a) Finished goods	259.67	219.97
(b) Work-in-progress	63.55	74.34
(c) Stock in trade	49.19	79.06
	<b>372.41</b>	<b>373.37</b>
<b>Total changes in inventories of work-in-progress, stock-in-trade and finished goods</b>	<b>0.96</b>	<b>156.97</b>



The Tata Pigments Limited		Amount in Rs. Lakhs	
Notes to the financial statements			
		For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
<b>22 Employee benefits expense:</b>			
(a) Salaries and wages, including bonus		1,880.22	1,661.79
(b) Contribution to provident and other funds		101.13	144.89
(c) Staff welfare expenses		161.40	152.29
		<u>2,142.75</u>	<u>1,958.97</u>
<b>23 Finance Costs</b>			
(a) Interest expense		5.80	6.05
(b) Lease Obligation		1.52	6.32
		<u>7.32</u>	<u>12.37</u>
<b>24 Other Expenses</b>			
(a) Consumption of stores and spares		369.06	334.20
(b) Repairs to buildings		77.40	48.61
(c) Repairs to machinery		73.59	88.58
(d) Fuel oil consumed		470.78	560.85
(e) Purchase of power		262.81	254.17
(f) Conversion charges		226.22	222.89
(g) Freight and handling		294.89	249.63
(h) Rent		72.52	21.64
(i) Brand Equity		(23.60)	58.00
(j) Rates and taxes		93.63	60.19
(k) Insurance charges		8.68	13.50
(l) Commission and Discounts		79.59	78.97
(m) Loss allowance (net of write back)		0.95	-
(n) Contract labour		167.15	136.01
(o) Auditors remuneration and out-of-pocket expenses (Refer Note 2)			
As Auditors		2.50	2.40
Auditors out-of-pocket expenses		1.16	1.16
(p) Legal and other professional costs		64.54	88.26
(q) Advertisement, promotion and selling expenses		74.57	32.20
(r) Travelling expenses		52.73	58.17
(s) Other general expenses		400.59	311.30
		<u>2,769.76</u>	<u>2,620.73</u>
Note 1 Other general expenses includes expenditure charged to Statement of Profit and Loss in respect of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities - Refer Note 26			
Note 2 Auditor Remuneration and out of pocket expenses excludes GST of Rs 0.66 lakhs for the year ended March 31,2025 ( Rs 0.64 lakhs for the year ended March 31,2024)			
Note 3 Other general expenses includes an amount of Rs 8.00 lakhs for the year ended March 31,2025 ( Rs 6.52 lakhs for the year ended March 31,2024) toward payment to non-executive director. The details are as below:			
		For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
(a) Directors Fees		1.95	1.15
(b) Commission		6.05	5.37
		<u>8.00</u>	<u>6.52</u>



**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial Statements**

**25 Employee Benefits**

**25.01 Defined Contribution Plans:**

The Company participates in a number of defined contribution plans on behalf of relevant personnel. Any expense recognised in relation to these schemes represents the value of contributions payable during the period by them at rates specified by the rules of those plans. The only amounts included in the balance sheet are those relating to the prior month's contributions that were not due to be paid until after the end of the reporting period.

The Company has recognised, in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2025, an amount of Rs. **65.63** Lakhs (March 31, 2024 Rs. 63.02 Lakhs) as expenses under the following defined contribution plan.

**Superannuation fund:**

The Company has a superannuation plan. Employees who are members of the superannuation plan are entitled to benefits depending on the years of service and salary drawn. Separate irrevocable trusts are maintained for employees covered and entitled to benefits. The Company contributes up to 15% or 150,000, whichever is lower, of the eligible employee's salary to the trust every year. Such contributions are recognized as an expense when incurred. The Company has no further obligation beyond this contribution.

**Defined Contribution expenses recognised in the statement of Profit and loss**

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025 (Rs Lakhs)	For the year ended March 31, 2024 (Rs Lakhs)
Superannuation Fund	40.12	37.56
Employee Pension Scheme	24.06	24.01
EDLI (Employee Deposit Link Insurance)	1.45	1.45
<b>Total</b>	<b>65.63</b>	<b>63.02</b>

**Benefits to key management personnel -**

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025 (Rs Lakhs)	For the year ended March 31, 2024 (Rs Lakhs)
Superannuation	2.84	2.54

**25.02 Defined benefit plans:**

The Company sponsors funded defined benefit plans for certain qualified employees. The defined benefit plans are administered by a separate fund that is legally separate from the Company. The board of the fund is required by law and by the articles of association to act in the interest of the fund and relevant state holder in the scheme. The board of the fund is responsible for the investment policy with regard to the assets of the fund.



**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial Statements**

**The Company operates following post-employment / other long term defined benefits plans:**

**Funded**

- i. **Gratuity:** The Company has an obligation towards gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan covering eligible employees. The plan provides for a lump sum payment to vested employee at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 to 30 days' salary payable for each completed year of service. Vesting occurs upon completion of 5 years of service. The Company accounts for the liability for gratuity benefit payable in the future based an actuarial valuation.
- ii. **Provident Fund:** Provident fund benefits provided under plans wherein contributions are made to an irrevocable trust set up by the Company to manage the investments and distribute the amounts entitled to employees are treated as a defined benefit plan as the Company is obligated to provide the members a rate of return which should, at the minimum, meet the interest rate declared by Government administered provident fund. The contributions made by the Company and the shortfall of interest, if any, are recognised as an expense in profit and loss under employee benefits expense.

In accordance with an actuarial valuation of provident fund liabilities based on guidance issued by Actuarial Society of India and based on the assumptions as mentioned below, there is was a diminution in the carrying value of plan assets and also a deficiency in the interest cost as the present value of the expected future earnings of the fund is lesser than the expected amount to be credited to the individual members based on the expected guaranteed rate of interest of Government administered provident fund.

**Unfunded**

- i. **Post-Retirement Medical Benefit (PRMB)- Ex MD –** Under the unfunded scheme the Managing Director receive medical benefit. The Company accounts for the liabilities post-retirement medical scheme based an actuarial valuation.
- ii. **Compensated absences:** Compensated absence which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are recognised based on an actuarial valuation at the present value of the obligations as on the reporting date.
- iii. **Other Retirement Benefit (ORB)- Ex-MD Pension –** Other benefits provide under Unfunded Scheme include pension payable to Managing Directors of the Company on their retirement and obligation is determined based on an actuarial valuation.

**The Company is exposed to number of risks, the most significant of which are detailed below:**

**a) Investment risk**

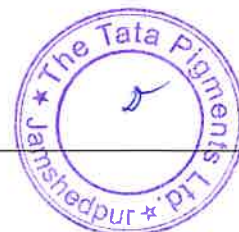
The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate determined by reference to government/high quality bond yields. If the return on plan asset is below the rate, it will create a plan deficit.

**b) Interest risk**

A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investment.

**c) Longevity Risk**

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment and increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan liability.





**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial Statements**

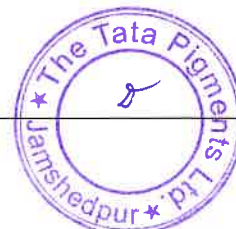
**d) Salary risk**

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

**Details of the Retiring Gratuity Benefit are as follows:**

The following table sets out the amounts recognised in the financial statements in respect of retiring gratuity plan.

		Amount in Rs. Lakhs	
Description		Year ended March 31,2025	Year ended March 31,2024
<b>A. Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Present Value of Obligation</b>			
a.DBO at beginning of the year		457.58	418.03
b. Current Service Cost		27.63	25.42
c. Interest cost		30.54	29.37
d. Actuarial loss/ (gain) Experience		(3.70)	5.88
e. Actuarial (gain)/loss - demographic assumptions		(3.10)	0.00
f. Actuarial loss/ (gain) Financial assumption		13.18	10.33
g. Benefits paid		(42.69)	(31.46)
h. DBO at end of the year		479.44	457.58
<b>B. Change in Fair value of Assets</b>			
a. Fair Value of plan assets at beginning of the year		413.39	405.99
b. Interest income on plan assets		28.99	28.49
c. Return on plan assets greater/ (lesser) than discount rate		(20.23)	10.36
d. Contribution by the employer		44.19	0.01
e. Benefits Paid		(42.69)	(31.46)
f. Fair Value of plan assets at end of the year		423.65	413.39
<b>C. Reconciliation of fair value of plan assets and present value of defined benefit obligation</b>			
a. Fair Value of plan assets at the end of the year		423.65	413.39
b. Present Value of the Obligation at the end of the year			
c. Amount recognised in the balance sheet (Retirement benefit obligation –Current)		(479.44)	(457.58)
d. Amount recognised in the balance sheet (Retirement benefit obligation – Non Current)		(55.79)	(44.19)
<b>Gratuity</b>			
<b>D1. Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss</b>			
a. Current Service Cost		27.63	25.42
b. Net interest on net defined benefit liability/ (assets)		1.55	0.88
Total (a+b) recognised under employee benefit expense		29.18	26.30
<b>D2. Expenses recognised in the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income</b>			
c. Actuarial loss/ (gain) due to DBO experience		(3.70)	5.88
d. Actuarial loss/ (gain) due to DBO assumption changes		10.08	10.33
e. Return on plan assets (greater)/ less than discount rate		20.23	(10.36)
Total (c+d+e) recognized under OCI		26.61	5.86
Total expense recognised under Total Comprehensive Income during the year (a+b+c+d+e)		55.79	32.15



**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial Statements**

**25.03 Investment Details of Plan Assets (Gratuity)**

Particulars	%age invested Year ended March 31, 2025	%age invested Year ended March 31, 2024
a. GOI and State Government Securities	59%	59%
b. Public Sector and Private Sector Unit Bonds	27%	27%
c. Cash including Special Deposit Schemes	8%	8%
d. Property	0%	0%
e. Equity Shares of listed companies	6%	6%
f. Others (including assets under schemes of insurance)	0%	0%

**25.04 Assumptions:** The key assumption used in accounting for gratuity is as below :

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Discount rate (per annum) (%)		7%
Rate of escalation in salary: Officer / Executive (%)	6.6%	7%
Rate of escalation in salary: Unionized (%)	7%	7%
Remaining average working Life (in Years)	7 years	8 years
Method Used	Projected unit credit method	Projected unit credit method

The table below outlines the effect on obligation in the event of a decrease/increase in the assumption used.

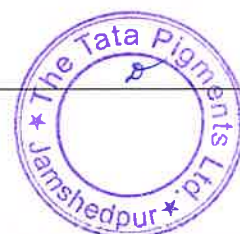
Assumption As at March 31, 2025	Change in Assumption	Impact on Scheme Liabilities
Discount Rate	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Decrease by Rs. 31.75 Lakhs / Increase by Rs. 36.13 Lakhs
Salary escalation	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Increase by Rs.35.65 Lakhs / Decrease by Rs. 31.93 Lakhs
<b>Assumption As at March 31, 2024</b>		
Discount Rate	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Decrease by Rs. 32.91 Lakhs / Increase by Rs. 37.65 Lakhs
Salary escalation	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Increase by Rs.37.30 Lakhs / Decrease by Rs. 33.22 Lakhs

The above sensitivities may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

**A. Expected Benefits payments for the year ending**

**Amount in Rs. Lakhs**

	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
1) March 31, 2025	-	24.57
2) March 31, 2026	48.36	47.14



**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial Statements**

3) March 31, 2027	42.58	35.05
4) March 31, 2028	39.21	42.35
5) March 31, 2029 to March 31, 2033	-	57.88
6) March 31, 2029	63.85	-
7) March 31, 2030	28.24	-
8) March 31, 2030 to March 31, 2034	-	214.51
9) March 31, 2031 to March 31, 2035	230.40	-

B. Actuary's best estimate of the expected employer contributions for the next year is Rs. 55.79 Lakhs (March 31, 2024 Rs. 44.19 Lakhs).

C. Weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation 7 years (March 31, 2024: 8 years).

**Details of Provident fund benefit plans are as follow:**

The following table set out the amount recognised in financial statement in respect of provident fund benefit plan.

Particulars	Amount in Rs. Lakhs	
	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Projected benefit obligation:		
a) Total fair value of assets (including interest income)	1,815.57	1,609.95
b) Total PF obligation (including interest cost)	(1,877.56)	(1,777.58)
Net liability (shortfall in contribution)	(61.99)	(167.63)
Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (including contribution and shortfall as mentioned above)	6.32	55.56

Key assumptions used for actuarial valuation are as below:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Discount rate	6.60%	7%
EPFO return	8.25%	8.15%
Expected rate of return on investment	8.00%	8.15%





**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial Statements**

Details of unfunded defined benefits are as follows:

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

Description		Year ended March 31,2025	Year ended March 31,2024	Year ended March 31,2025	Year ended March 31,2024
		PRMB		Other retirement benefit (ORB)	
A	Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Present Value of Obligation				
	a. DBO at beginning of the year	44.17	44.53	411.01	431.10
	b. Current Service Cost	-	-	-	-
	c. Interest Cost	2.57	3.11	27.74	30.66
	d. Actuarial (gains)/loss – arising from change in financial assumption	1.11	0.85	15.45	10.86
	e. Actuarial (gains)/loss – arising from change in experience assumption	11.10	(0.43)	18.36	(33.74)
	f. Actuarial (gain)/loss - demographic assumptions	-	-	-	-
	g. Benefits paid	(14.95)	(3.88)	(29.26)	(27.86)
	h. DBO at the end of the year	44.00	44.17	443.30	411.01
B 1	Expense recognised under employee benefit expense				
	a. Current Service cost	-	-	-	-
	b. Interest cost	2.57	3.11	27.75	30.66
B 2	Expense recognised under OCI				
	c. Actuarial (gain)/ loss	12.21	0.42	33.81	(22.88)
	d. Expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss during the year (a+b+c)	14.78	3.53	61.56	7.78

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liabilities.

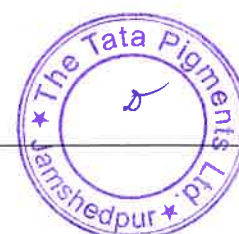
**PRMB:**

**A. Expected Benefits payments for the year ending**

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

	Year ended March 31,2025	Year ended March 31,2024
1) March 31, 2025	-	4.91
2) March 31, 2026	4.90	4.66
3) March 31, 2027	4.62	4.40
4) March 31, 2028	4.34	4.13
5) March 31, 2029	4.05	3.86
6) March 31, 2030	3.75	-
7) March 31, 2030 to March 31, 2034	-	15.15
8) March 31, 2031 to March 31, 2035	14.42	-
9) Beyond Ten Years	14.15	15.91

**B. Weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation 7 years (March 31, 2024: 7 years)**



**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial Statements**

**Other retirement benefit (ORB):**

**A. Expected Benefits payments for the year ending**

**Amount in Rs. Lakhs**

	Year ended March 31,2025	Year ended March 31,2024
1) March 31, 2025	-	29.26
2) March 31, 2026	31.39	29.58
3) March 31, 2027	31.60	29.76
4) March 31, 2028	31.65	29.57
5) March 31, 2029	31.50	29.57
6) March 31, 2030	31.14	-
7) March 31, 2030 to March 31, 2034	-	137.68
8) March 31, 2031 to March 31, 2035	142.72	-
9) Beyond Ten Years	225.59	226.98

**B. Weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation 8 years (March 31, 2024: 8 years)**

**Details of compensated absences are as follows:**

**Amount in Rs. Lakhs**

Description		Year ended March 31,2025	Year ended March 31,2024
		Leave Salary	
A.	Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Present Value of Obligation		
	a. DBO at beginning of the year	198.84	186.07
	b. Current Service Cost	12.84	12.10
	c. Interest Cost	13.02	13.09
	d. Actuarial (gains)/loss	2.80	1.05
	e. Benefits paid	(25.81)	(13.47)
	f. DBO at the end of the year	201.69	198.84
B	Expense recognised		
	a. Current Service cost	12.84	12.10
	b. Interest cost	13.02	13.09
	c. Actuarial (gain)/loss	2.80	1.05
	d. Expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss during the year (a+b+c)	28.66	26.24

**25.05 The expenses for the above mentioned benefits have been disclosed under the following line items:**

- i) Compensated Absence and ORB - under Salaries and wages, including bonus.
- ii) Gratuity and Provident Fund - under Contribution to provident and other funds.
- iii) PRMB- under Staff Welfare Expense.



**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial Statements**

**25.06** The table below outlines the effect on obligation in the event of a decrease/increase of 1% in the assumption used.

<b>As at March 31, 2025</b>		
<b>PRMB</b>		
Particulars	Changes in assumption	Impact on Scheme Liabilities
Discount Rate	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Decrease by Rs. 2.68 Lakhs/ Increase by Rs.3.02 Lakhs
<b>Compensated Absence</b>		
Discount Rate	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Decrease by Rs. 13.87 Lakhs / Increase by Rs.15.83 Lakhs
Salary escalation	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Increase by Rs. 15.62 Lakhs / Decrease by Rs.13.96 Lakhs
<b>Other Retirement Benefit - Ex Director Pension</b>		
Discount Rate	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Decrease by Rs. 37.02 Lakhs / Increase by Rs. 42.85 Lakhs
Pension Escalation	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Increase by Rs. 40.33 Lakhs / Decrease by Rs.35.59 Lakhs
<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>		
<b>PRMB</b>		
Discount Rate	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Decrease by Rs. 2.71 Lakhs/ Increase by Rs.3.06 Lakhs
<b>Compensated Absence</b>		
Discount Rate	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Decrease by Rs. 14.59 Lakhs / Increase by Rs.16.72 Lakhs
Salary escalation	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Increase by Rs. 16.57 Lakhs / Decrease by Rs.14.72 Lakhs
<b>Other Retirement Benefit - Ex Director Pension</b>		
Discount Rate	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Decrease by Rs. 34.44 Lakhs / Increase by Rs. 39.90 Lakhs
Pension Escalation	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Increase by Rs. 37.72 Lakhs / Decrease by Rs.33.23 Lakhs

**26. Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure**

Other General expenses include amount incurred for Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure as required under section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Particulars	Year ended March 31,2025 Rs Lakhs	Year ended March 31,2024 Rs Lakhs
Amount required to be spent as per Sec 135 of the Companies Act	31.32	20.46
Amount spent during the year on:		
i) Construction/ acquisition of any asset	-	-
ii) On purpose other than (i) above	31.37	20.63

There is excess spent amount of Rs. 0.05 lakh as of March 31, 2025 (March 31, 2024 – Rs. 0.17 lakh) and the excess expenditure incurred during the year ended March 31, 2025, is being carried forward to the next financial year.



**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial Statements**

**27. Financial instruments**

**27.01 Capital Management**

The Company's Capital Management is intended to create value for shareholders by facilitating the achievement of long-term and short-term goals of the Company. The Company determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual operating plans. The capital structure of the Company consists of equity contributed by shareholders. The Company does not have borrowed funds.

**27.02 Gearing Ratio**

The gearing ratio at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025 (Rs Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2024 (Rs Lakhs)
Debt	-	-
Total Equity	6,150.08	6,647.04
Net Debt Equity Ratio	-	-

**27.03 Disclosures on Financial Instruments**

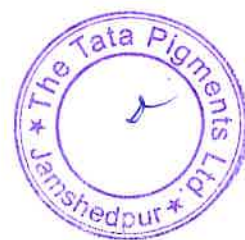
This section gives an overview of the significance of financial instruments for the Company and provides additional information on balance sheet items that contain financial instruments.

The details of significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognized, in respect of each class of financial assets, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note 2.09 to the financial statements.

**Financial Assets and Liabilities**

The following table presents carrying amount and fair value of each category of financial assets and liabilities:

As at March 31, 2025	Amount in Rs. Lakhs			
Financial Assets	Amortized Cost	Fair Value through OCI	Fair Value through Profit & Loss (FVTPL)	Total Carrying Value
Investments	-	-	2,434.25	2,434.25
Trade receivables	4,728.36	-	-	4,728.36
Cash and cash equivalents	243.82	-	-	243.82
Other balances with bank	-	-	-	-
Loans	3.15	-	-	3.15
Other financial assets	6.20	-	-	6.20



**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial Statements**

As at March 31, 2025

Financial Liabilities	Amortized Cost	Fair Value through OCI	Fair Value through Profit & Loss (FVTPL)	Total Carrying Value
Trade Payable	4,276.84	-	-	4,276.84
Other financial liabilities	236.54	-	-	236.54

As at March 31, 2024

Financial Assets	Amortized Cost	Fair Value through OCI	Fair Value through Profit & Loss (FVTPL)	Total Carrying Value
Investment	-	-	2,511.63	2,511.63
Trade receivables	6,065.58	-	-	6,065.58
Cash and cash equivalents	286.93	-	-	286.93
Other balances with bank	2.75	-	-	2.75
Loans	1.14	-	-	1.14
Other financial assets	8.66	-	-	8.66

As at March 31, 2024

Financial Liabilities	Amortized Cost	Fair Value through OCI	Fair Value through Profit & Loss (FVTPL)	Total Carrying Value
Trade Payable	4,564.33	-	-	4,564.33
Other financial liabilities	268.20	-	-	268.20

**Fair value hierarchy**

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to Level 3, as described below.

Quoted price in an active market (Level 1):

This level of hierarchy includes financial assets that are measured by reference to quoted price (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. This category consists quoted equity shares, quoted corporate debt instruments and mutual fund investments.

Valuation techniques with observable inputs (Level 2):

This level of hierarchy includes financial assets and liabilities, measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

Valuation techniques with significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

This level of hierarchy includes financial assets and liabilities, measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part, using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from





**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial Statements**

observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

Some of the Company's Financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period.

Financial Assets	As at		Fair Value hierarchy	Valuation techniques and key inputs
	March 31,2025	March 31,2024		
Investment in Mutual Funds	Rs. 2,434.25 Lakhs	Rs. 2,511.63 Lakhs	Level 1	NAV from mutual funds

Notes:

- Current financial assets and liabilities are stated at carrying value which is approximately equal to the fair value.
- Investments carried at fair value are generally based on market price quotations/NAV of the respective mutual fund scheme. The fair value in respect of the unquoted equity investments cannot be reliably measured and is not expected to be material to these financial statements.
- Management used its best judgment in estimating the fair value of its financial instruments. However, there are inherent limitations in any estimation technique. Therefore, for substantially all financial instruments, the fair value estimates presented above are not necessarily indicative of all the amounts that the Company could have realized or paid in sale transactions as of respective dates.

As such, the fair value of the financial instruments subsequent to the reporting dates may be different from the amounts reported at each reporting date.

- There have been no transfers between level 1 and level 2 for the years ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.

**27.04 Financial risk management objective**

In the course of its business the Company is exposed primarily to fluctuations in interest rates, equity prices, liquidity and credit risk, which may adversely impact the fair value of its financial instruments. The Company has a risk management policy which not only covers the foreign exchange risks but also other risks associated with the financial assets and liabilities such as interest rate and credit risks. The risk management policy is approved by the Board of directors. The risk management framework aims to:

- Create a stable business planning environment by reducing the impact of currency and interest rate fluctuations on the Company's business plan.
- Achieve greater predictability to earnings by determining the financial value of the expected earning in advance.

**27.05 Market Risk**

Market risk is the risk of any loss in future earnings, in realizable fair values or in future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, equity price fluctuations, liquidity and other market changes. Future specific market movements cannot be normally predicted with reasonable accuracy.



**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial Statements**

**27.06 Interest rate risk management**

The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk for working capital requirements. The Company does not have any borrowings.

**27.07 Credit risk management**

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss arising from counterparty failure to repay or service debt according to the contractual terms or obligations. Credit risk encompasses both the direct risk of default and the risk of deterioration or creditworthiness as well as concentration risks. Financial instruments that are subject to concentration of credit risk, principally consist of investments, trade receivables, loans and derivatives financial instruments. None of the financial instruments of the Company result in material concentrations of credit risks except as disclosed under note No. 7.

**27.08 Liquidity risk management**

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company cannot meet its financial obligations. The objective of liquidity risk management is to maintain sufficient liquidity and ensure that funds are available for use as per requirements. The Company invests its surplus funds in bank fixed deposits and scheme of mutual funds, which carry no/low mark to market risk.

The table below provides the details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities:-

**Financial Liabilities as at March 31, 2025**

**Amount in Rs. Lakhs**

	Carrying amount	Contractual Cash flows	Less than 1 year	Between 1-5 year	More than 5 year
Non derivative financial liabilities					
Trade Payable	4,276.84	4,276.84	4,226.57	50.27	-
Other financial liabilities	236.54	236.54	144.20	92.34	-

**Financial Liabilities as at March 31, 2024**

**Amount in Rs. Lakhs**

	Carrying amount	Contractual Cash flows	Less than 1 year	Between 1-5 year	More than 5 year
Non derivative financial liabilities					
Trade Payable	4,564.33	4,564.33	4,479.99	84.34	-
Other financial liabilities	268.20	268.20	153.86	114.34	-

**28. Proposed Dividend**

The dividend declared by the Company is based on profit available for distribution as reported in the financial statement of the Company. On 22<sup>nd</sup> April 2025, the Board of Director have proposed a dividend of Rs. 2400 per ordinary share aggregating Rs.1800 lakhs in respect of the year ended March 31, 2025, which is subject to approval of shareholder at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.





The Tata Pigments Limited		Amount in Rs. Lakhs	
Notes to the financial statements		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
29	<b>Contingent Liabilities and commitments</b>		
(a)	<b>Contingent Liabilities</b>		
	a. Sales Tax demands against which appeals are pending	98.72	171.79
	b. GST demands against which appeals are pending	4.99	17.17
	c. Employees State Insurance matters	454.64	434.37
	d. Claim for Security Service	9.11	9.11
(b)	<b>Capital Commitments</b>		
	Estimated value of contracts in capital account remaining to be executed on capital account and not provide for	714.69	431.33
30	<b>The Code on Social Security, 2020</b>		
	The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment received Presidential assent on 28th September 2020 and has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the provisions of the Code will come into effect has not been notified. Further, related Schemes and Rules are also awaited.		
	The Company is not required to account for any impact arising out of the Code in its financial statements, pending such notification.		
31	<b>Earnings per Share</b>	<b>Rs. per share</b>	<b>Rs. per share</b>
	Profit from operation attributable to shareholders of the Company - for Basic and Diluted EPS (Rs Lakhs)	1,557.39	1,845.64
	Weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share (Nos.)	75,000	75,000
	Basic Earnings per share	2,076.52	2,460.85
	Diluted Earnings per share	2,076.52	2,460.85
	There are no diluted securities issued by the Company.		
		Amount in Rs. Lakhs	
		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
32	<b>Dues to micro and small enterprises</b>		
	The Company has certain dues to suppliers registered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act'). The disclosures pursuant to the said MSMED Act are as follows (refer note 13):		
	Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	1,956.26	2,415.94
	Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act	57.18	50.65
	Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year	57.18	50.65



**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**

**33 Segment Information**

- A** Information reported to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance is based on product and services. Accordingly, management of the company has chosen to organise the segment based on its products and services as follows:
- Pigments & paints
  - Service contract

**B Information about business segment**

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

Particulars	Pigments & Paints	Service Contract	Unallocable	Total
<b>Segment revenue</b>				
External revenue	6,996.37 (7,266.18)	14,856.64 (16,030.12)	180.96 (193.07)	22,033.97 (23,489.39)
Inter Segment revenue	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Total revenue	6,996.37 (7,266.18)	14,856.64 (16,030.12)	180.96 (193.07)	22,033.97 (23,489.39)
Segment results before finance costs, exceptional items and tax	76.20 (274.91)	1,841.92 (2,575.69)	180.96 (193.07)	2,099.08 (2,493.85)
Less: Finance Cost				7.32 (12.37)
Profit before tax				2,091.76 (2,481.48)
Tax expenses				534.37 (635.84)
Profit after tax				1,557.39 (1,845.64)
<b>Segment Assets</b>	3,643.76 (3,391.42)	5,684.39 (6,620.96)	2,432.69 (2,553.29)	11,760.84 (12,565.67)
<b>Segment Liabilities</b>	2,799.37 (3,797.43)	2,811.40 (2,121.21)	- -	5,610.77 (5,918.64)
<b>Capital expenditure</b>	291.50 (282.56)	345.84 (321.18)	- -	637.34 (603.74)
<b>Segment depreciation</b>	149.45 (215.80)	149.65 (70.36)	- -	299.10 (286.16)

Figure in bracket indicate previous year number

**Secondary Segment Information (Geographical Segment)**

	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
<b>Segment Revenue</b>		
Within India	22,012.79	23,467.90
Outside India	21.18	21.49
<b>Capital Expenditure</b>		
Within India	637.34	603.74
Outside India	-	-
<b>Segment Assets</b>		
Within India	11,760.84	12,565.67
Outside India	-	-
<b>Non-Current Assets*</b>		
Within India	2,977.41	2,728.85
Outside India	-	-
* Non-current assets other than financial instrument, deferred tax assets, post employment benefit assets and right arising under insurance contracts.		

**Additional Information :**

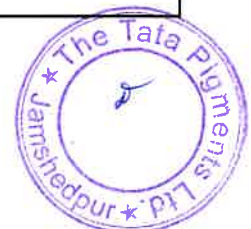
As at March 31, 2025

As at March 31, 2024

- 1) Customers who contributed 10% or more to the Company's revenue:

Tata Steel Limited	13,030.45	14,880.65
--------------------	-----------	-----------

- 2) Segment Revenue, Segment Results, Segment Assets and Segment Liabilities include the respective amounts identifiable to each of the segments as also amounts allocated on a reasonable basis. The expenses, which are not directly relatable to the business segment, are shown as unallocated. Assets and liabilities that cannot be allocated between the segments are shown as unallocated assets and liabilities respectively.



The Tata Pigments Limited				
Notes to the financial statements				
34 Related Party Transaction :			Amount in Rs. Lakhs	
Description of Transaction	Name of the Related Party	Relationship	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Purchase of Raw Materials	Tata Steel Limited The Tinplate Company of India Limited	Ultimate holding company Fellow Subsidiary	1,355.02 -	1,128.84 51.65
Purchase of Power	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	262.81	254.17
Purchase of Fuel	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	473.03	560.85
Purchase of Water	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	82.76	63.19
Sale of Products	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	7.38	0.02
Receiving of Services :				
Medical Charges	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	71.34	58.58
Other Expenses : Municipal Charges	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	36.40	34.46
Internal Audit fees	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	14.70	15.93
Salary & Wages - Deputation Charges	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	558.03	427.14
Other Expenses : Rent	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	55.64	56.39
Accommodation Charges	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	21.38	21.59
Safety & Other Services	Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services Limited	Holding company	87.95	62.07
IT Maintenance & Others	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	23.07	14.61
CSR	Tata Steel Foundation	Ultimate holding company	22.27	10.04
Sale of Services - Painting	Tata Steel Limited The Tinplate Company of India Limited Neelanchal Ispat Nigam Limited Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services Limited Tata Steel Long Products Limited Angul Energy Limited TRF Limited Tata Steel Mining Limited	Ultimate holding company Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary of Ultimate Holding Company Holding company Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary Associate of Ultimate Holding Company Fellow Subsidiary	13,023.07 - 1,454.75 - - 161.69 64.24 -	14,880.63 91.33 1,422.94 17.16 65.53 79.63 44.87 6.53
Dividend paid	Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services Limited	Holding company	2,000.00	75.00
Managerial Remuneration	Mr. Anil Kumar Singh Harshana Mr. Dinesh Agarwal	Managing Director Chief of Finance & Accounts	157.24 56.48	131.31 48.96
Nature of Outstanding	Name of the Related Party	Relationship	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Outstanding Payable	Tata Steel Limited Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services Limited	Ultimate holding company Holding company	392.24 10.71	230.20 37.14
Outstanding Receivable	Tata Steel Limited Indian Steel & Wire Products Limited Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services Limited TRF Limited Neelanchal Ispat Nigam Limited Angul Energy Limited	Ultimate holding company Fellow Subsidiary Holding company Associate of Ultimate Holding Company Fellow Subsidiary of Ultimate Holding Company Fellow Subsidiary	4,000.91 - 29.90 15.52 224.13 -	5,287.51 1.08 29.90 28.54 287.43 20.78
Advance Paid	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	85.86	54.00



**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
**Notes to the financial statements**

**35. Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III :**

- (i) Details of benami property held - No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.
- (ii) Wilful defaulter - The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (iii) Relationship with struck off companies - The Company has no transactions with the companies struck off under Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956.
- (iv) Compliance with the number of layers of companies - The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.
- (v) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements - The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.
- (vi) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies - There are no charges or satisfaction which are yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.
- (vii) Fair valuation of investment property: The Company does not require fair valuation since there are no investment properties.
- (viii) Valuation of PP&E, intangible asset and investment property: The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current or previous year.
- (ix) No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (x) No funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (xi) There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.
- (xii) The Company has done an assessment to identify Core Investment Company (CIC) [ including CIC's in the Group ] as per the necessary guidelines of Reserve Bank of India ( including Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016). The Companies identified as CIC's at Group level are Tata Sons Private Limited, Tata Industries Limited, Panatone Finvest Limited, TMF Holdings Limited, Protraviny Private Limited and T S Investments.
- (xiii) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency : The company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year



**The Tata Pigments Limited**  
Notes to the financial statements

**36 Ratio Analysis :**

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Period	Previous Period	% of Variance	Reason for variance
Current Ratio	Current Asset	Current Liabilities	1.93	2.02	-4.62%	
Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Average equity	NA	NA	NA	
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	EBIT	Debt Service	NA	NA	NA	
Return on Equity (%)	Profit after tax	Average Shareholder's equity	24.34%	32.07%	-8%	
Inventory turnover Ratio (in Days)	Sale of Product	Average Inventory	42	42	-1.63%	
Trade receivables turnover Ratio (in Days)	Revenue from Operation	Average Trade Receivable	90	82	9.23%	
Trade payable turnover Ratio (in Days)	Expenses	Average Trade Payable	83	74	12.12%	
Net capital turnover Ratio (in Days)	Revenue from Operation	Average Working Capital	77	66	15.71%	
Net profit ratio (%)	Profit after tax	Total Revenue	7.07%	7.86%	-1%	
Return on Capital employed (%)	EBIT	Average Capital Employed	32.81%	43.33%	-10.52%	
Return on investment (%)	Income from Investment	Average Investment	6.99%	11.69%	-4.70%	

**Notes**

i EBIT: PBT+Finance Cost

ii Sale of Product: Sale of Manufactured goods + Sale of Trading goods

iii Income from Investment: Short term Capital Gain+Change in Fair value of investment+ Interest of fixed deposit

iv Average Shareholder's equity :  $\frac{\text{Opening Shareholder's equity} + \text{Closing Shareholder's equity}}{2}$

Shareholder's equity : Equity + Other Equity

iv Average Inventory :  $\frac{\text{Opening Inventory} + \text{Closing Inventory}}{2}$

v Average Trade Receivable :  $\frac{\text{Opening Trade Receivable} + \text{Closing Trade Receivable}}{2}$

vi Average Trade Payable :  $\frac{\text{Opening Trade Payable} + \text{Closing Trade Payable}}{2}$

vii Average Working Capital :  $\frac{\text{Opening Working Capital} + \text{Closing Working Capital}}{2}$

Working Capital: Current Asset- Current Liability

viii Average Capital Employed :  $\frac{\text{Opening Capital Employed} + \text{Closing Capital Employed}}{2}$

Capital Employed :Equity Share Capital + Other Equity

ix Average Investment :  $\frac{\text{Opening Investment} + \text{Closing Investment}}{2}$

Investment : Fixed Deposits +Mutual Fund

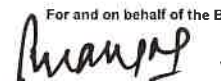
x Expenses: Total Expenses - Finance Cost - Depreciation and Amortisation Expense – Employee Benefit Expenses In respect of Retirement Benefits –


Other expenses with respect to Royalty, Rates & Taxes, Provision for Doubtful Debts & Advances, Provision for Impairment and Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP  
Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E300009

  
Pravin Rajani  
Partner  
Membership Number: 127460  
Place: Kolkata  
Date: April 22, 2025

  
Dinesh Agarwal  
Chief of Finance & Accounts

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors  
  
Rajiv Mangal  
Chairman  
(DIN:10099807)

  
Anil Kumar Singh Harshana  
Managing Director  
(DIN : 09749172)  
Place : Jamshedpur  
Date: April 22, 2025