Independent Auditor's Report

9000 -7-1

To the Members of The Tata Pigments Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Tata Pigments Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, and total comprehensive income (comprising of profit and other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

4. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director's report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Chartered Accountants

Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP, Plot No. 56 & 57, Block DN, Sector V, Salt Lake Kolkata - 700 091, India

T: +91 (33) 44001111 / 44662000

Registered office and Head office: Plot No. 56 & 57, Block DN, Sector-V, Salt Lake, Kolkata - 700 091

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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To the Members of The Tata Pigments Limited Report on Audit of the Financial Statements Page 2 of 5

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

- 5. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 6. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

- 7. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 8. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
 - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of The Tata Pigments Limited Report on Audit of the Financial Statements Page 3 of 5 9000-7-3

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 9. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 10. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

- 11. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure B a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 12. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books, except for the matters stated in paragraph 12(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended) ("the Rules").
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss [(including other comprehensive income)], the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2024, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith, reference is made to our remarks in paragraph 12(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 12(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Rules.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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To the Members of The Tata Pigments Limited Report on Audit of the Financial Statements Page 4 of 5

- (g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A"
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements Refer Note 29 to the financial statements.
 - ii. The Company was not required to recognise a provision as at March 31, 2024, under the applicable law or accounting standards, as it does not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contract. The Company did not have any derivative contracts as at March 31, 2024.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2024.
 - iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in Note 35 (ix) to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 35 (x) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
 - (c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The dividend declared and paid during the year by the Company is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act.
 - vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and that has been operating throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software, except that the audit log does not capture the pre-modified values for changes, if any, made using certain privileged access. Further, during the course of our audit except the aforesaid instances, we did not notice any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

9000-7-5

To the Members of The Tata Pigments Limited Report on Audit of the Financial Statements Page 5 of 5

13. The Company has paid/ provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E-300009

Pravin Rajani Partner

Membership Number: 127460

UDIN: 24127460BKHGYO8405

Place: Pune

Date: 16 April, 2024

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Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 12(g) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of The Tata Pigments Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024. Page 1 of 2

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

1. We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of The Tata Pigments Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of



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Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 12(g) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of The Tata Pigments Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024. Page 2 of 2

financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E-300009

Pravin Rajani Partner

Membership Number: 127460

UDIN: 24127460BKHGYO8405

Place: Pune

Date: April 16, 2024

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Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 11 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of The Tata Pigments Limited on the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2024.

Page 1 of 5

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and furnished by the Company, and the books of account and records examined by us during the course of our audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- i. (a)(A) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation, of Property, Plant and Equipment.
 - (B) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets.
 - (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment are physically verified by the Management according to a phased programme designed to cover all the items over a period of three years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the programme, a portion of the Property, Plant and Equipment has been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.
 - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), as disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements, are held in the name of the Company.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year. Consequently, the question of our commenting on whether the revaluation is based on the valuation by a Registered Valuer, or specifying the amount of change, if the change is 10% or more in the aggregate of the net carrying value of each class of Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets does not arise.
 - (e) Based on the information and explanations furnished to us, no proceedings have been initiated on (or) are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formerly the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)) and Rules made thereunder, and therefore the question of our commenting on whether the Company has appropriately disclosed the details in the financial statements does not arise.
- ii. (a) The physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the Management during the year and, in our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by Management is appropriate. In respect of inventory lying with third parties, these have substantially been confirmed by them. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory, and have been appropriately dealt with in the books of account.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and accordingly, the question of our commenting on whether the quarterly returns or statements are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the Company does not arise.
- iii. (a) The Company has not made investments in any companies / firms / Limited Liability Partnerships except investments in fifteen mutual funds schemes, or granted secured/unsecured loans/advances in nature of loans, to any companies / firms / Limited Liability Partnerships/ other parties, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any companies / firms / Limited Liability Partnerships/ other parties.



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Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 11 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of The Tata Pigments Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024
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- (b) In respect of the aforesaid investments the terms and conditions under which such investments were made are not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) In respect of the loans, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated, and the parties are repaying the principal amounts, as stipulated, and are also regular in payment of interest as applicable.
- (d) In respect of the loans, there is no amount which is overdue for more than ninety days.
- (e) There were no loans /advances in nature of loans which have fallen due during the year and were renewed/extended. Further, no fresh loans were granted to same parties to settle the existing overdue loans/advances in nature of loan.
- (f) There were no loans/ advances in nature of loans which were granted during the year, including to promoters/ related parties [that were repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment].
- iv. The Company has not granted any loans or made any investments or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under Sections 185 and 186. Therefore, the reporting under clause 3 (iv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits referred in Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under.
- vi. Pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India, the Company is required to maintain cost records as specified under Section 148(1) of the Act in respect of its products. We have broadly reviewed the same and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- vii. (a) In our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues in respect of income tax and professional tax, though there has been slight delay in one case each, and is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund, employees' state insurance, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, goods and services tax and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. We are informed that the Company has applied for exemption from the operation of Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 and actions have been taken by the authorities as referred in Note 29 (a) to the financial statements to bring the employees of the Company under Employees' State Insurance Scheme, which is contested by the Company. Also, refer note 29 (c) to the financial statements regarding management's assessment on certain matters relating to provident fund.
 - (b) The particulars of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) as at balance sheet date which have not been deposited on account of a dispute, are as follows:

Name of Nature of the statute dues	Amount Demanded (Rs. In Lakhs)	Amount paid (Rs. In Lakhs)	Period which amount relates		Forum where the dispute is pending
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Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 11 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of The Tata Pigments Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024
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Central Sales Tax	Sales Tax	1.15	=	2002 – 2003	Deputy Commissioner (Appeal)
Central Sales Tax	Sales Tax	79.14	4.09	2002 - 03 to 2005 - 06 & 2015 -16	Joint Commissioner (Appeal)
Value Added Tax	Sales Tax	89.33	8.19	2009 -10 & 2015 -16	Joint Commissioner (Appeal)
Goods & Service Tax	GST	17.17	1.20	2018 - 19 & 2019 - 20	Additional Commissioner (Appeal)
Employee's State Insurance Act	Employee's State Insurance	434.37	14.46	1996 - 2004, 2011 - 2015, 2017 - 2019	High Court

- viii. There are no transactions previously unrecorded in the books of account that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- ix. (a) As the Company did not have any loans or other borrowings from any lender during the year, the reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) On the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) The Company has not obtained any term loans. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not raised funds on short-term basis. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company did not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company did not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



9000-7-11

Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 11 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of The Tata Pigments Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024
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- x. (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b). The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
 - (b) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, a report under Section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4, as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 was not required to be filed with the Central Government. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, the Company has received whistle-blower complaints during the year, which have been considered by us for any bearing on our audit and reporting under this clause.
- xii. As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it, the reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Section 188 of the Act. The details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard 24 "Related Party Disclosures" specified under Section 133 of the Act. Further, the Company is not required to constitute an Audit Committee under Section 177 of the Act and, accordingly, to this extent, the reporting under clause 3(xiii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiv. (a) The internal audit of the Company is covered under the Tata Steel group internal audit pursuant to which an internal audit is carried out every year. In our opinion, the Company's internal audit system is commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) The reports of the Internal Auditor for the period under audit have been considered by us.
- xv. In our opinion, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the reporting on compliance with the provisions of Section 192 of the Act under clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial / housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



9000-7-12.

Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 11 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of The Tata Pigments Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024
Page 5 of 5

- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) Based on the information and explanations provided by the management of the Company, the Group has four CICs as part of the Group as detailed in note 35(x) to the financial statements. We have not, however, separately evaluated whether the information provided by the management is accurate and complete.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year or in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly the reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. As at balance sheet date, the Company does not have any amount remaining unspent under Section 135(5) of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.
- xxi. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of Standalone Financial Statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E-300009

Pravin Rajani Partner

Membership Number: 127460

UDIN: 24127460BKHGYO8405

Place: Pune

Date: April 16, 2024

alance Sheet as at 31 March 2024		Amount in	Rs. Lakhs
		As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
ASSETS	Notes		,
Non-current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	3	2.231.87	1,920 (
(b) Capital work-in-progress	3 (A)	105.35	40.0
(c) Right-of-use assets	3 (B)	36.73	93
(d) Intangible assets	4	27 94	30
(e) Financial assets	7	21 04	30
(i) Non current investments	6	72.7	
(ii) Trade receivables	7	136.40	186.
(iii) Other Balances with bank	10	130.40	1.00
(IV) Loans	8(A)	0.86	1
(f) Other assets	9	189.70	218
(g) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	12	42 40	42
(h) Non current tax asset	12A	72 70	2
	120	2,771.25	2,536
8		2,177123	2,550.
Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	5	716,69	904
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Current investments	6	2,511,63	1,402
(ii) Trade receivables	7	5,929.18	4,276
(iii) Cash and Cash equivalents	10	286 93	254
(iv) Other Balances with bank	10	2.75	363
(v) Loans	8(A)	0 28	0
(vi) Other financial assets	8(B)	8 66	30
(c) Other Assets	9	338.30	278
		9,794.42	7,511
Total Assets		12,565.67	10,048.
QUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	11	75.00	75
(b) Other Equity		6.572.04	4,788
		6,647.04	4,863.
Non-current Liabilitles			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Lease liabilities	3(B)	3 20	39
(ii) Trade payables			
a) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	13	306,98	380
b) lotal outstanding dues other than (i) (a) above	13	4.74	4.
(iii) Other financial liabilities	14	114.34	114.
(b) Retirement benefit obligations	15	645.22	630
		1,074,48	1,169.5
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Lease liabilities	3(B)	36.18	56.1
(ii) Trade Payables			
 a) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises 	13	2,108.96	965
b) total outstanding dues other than (i) (a) above	13	2,143 65	2,481 1
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	14	153.66	123.0
(b) Retirement benefit obligations	15	202.88	198
(c) Other non financial liabilities	16	148 96	189.7
(d) Non current tax liabilities	128	51.89	
		4,844.15	4,014.7
Total Equity and Liabilities		12,565.67	10,048.6

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E300009

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Pravin Rajani Partner

Membership No 127480

Place Pune

Date: April 16, 2024

Dinesh Agarwal Chief of Finance & Accounts

Rajiv Mangal Chairman (DIN: 10099807)

ALSHarshana Anil Kumar Singh Harshana Managing Director (DIN: 09749172)

Place: Jamshedpur Date: April 16, 2024

Date: April 16, 2024

	Pigments Limited nt of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2024		Amount in	Rs. Lakhs
		Notes	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
I Rev	venue from Operations	17	23,296.32	19,399 65
II Oth	er Income	18	193 07	98.58
III Tot	al Income (i + ii)		23,489.39	19,498.31
V EXI	PENSES			3.515.7
(a)	Raw materials consumed	19	2,293 19	-1
(b)	Purchases of finished, semi-finished and other products	20	843 57	1,330,8
(C)	Changes in Inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress, and stock- in -trade	21	156.97	(219.0
(d)	Expenses on service contracts		12,835.95	8,169.7
(e)	Employee benefit expense	22	1,958.97	1,833.1
(f)	Finance costs	23	12.37	11.7
(g)	Depreciation and amortisation expense	4(A)	286.16	198.6
(h)	Other expenses	24	2,620.73	2.967.4
Tot	al Expenses (IV)		21,007.91	17,808.2
	ofit before tax (III-IV)		2,481.48	1,690.1
			-,	
	expense		635.30	442.9
(1)	Current tax	12	0.54	(3.4
(2)	Deferred tax	12	635.84	439.5
	al tax expense (VI)		1,845.64	1,250.5
	offit for the year (V - VI)		1,843.04	1,4,70
III Oth A)	ner comprehensive income (i) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to the statement of profit or loss Remeasurement gain/(losses) on post employment defined benefit plans		16.61	0.2
	(ii) Income tax on items that will not be reclassified subsequently to the statement of profit	t or loss	(4.18)	(G.0
B)	(i) Items that will be reclassified subsequently to the statement of profit or loss			
	(ii) Income tax on items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
Tot	al Other Comprehensive Income		12.43	0.1
X Tot	tal comprehensive Income for the year (VIII +VIII)		1,858.07	1,250.7
X Ear	nings per Equity share			
	1) Basic (Rs.)	31	2,460.85	1,667.3
	2) Diluted (Rs.)	31	2,460.85	1,667.3
e acco	mpanying notes forming part of the financial statements			
his is the	e Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.			
	Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP stration Number: 304026E/E300009	For and or	behalf of the Board	of Directors
	10		W.	
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D.	-	1	and the second	taliv Mangal
avin R	ajani	Dinesh Aga		
artner		Chief of Fin		Chairman
embers	hip No 127460		(DIN: 10099807)
ace Pu	ne il 15, 2024			1
7-401	110, 505.7		AKS Har	mara
			Anii Kumar Singh	
			Managing Director (DIN: 09749172)	
			Place: Jamshedpur	

The Tata Pigments Limited
Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31,2024

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

(a) Equity

Particulars	Total
Balance as at April 1, 2022	75.00
Changes in equity share capital	
Balance as at March 31, 2023	75.00
Changes in equity share capital	72.50
Balance as at March 31, 2024	76.00

(b) Other Equity

	Retained Earnings	General Reserve	Capital Reserve	Total
Balance se at March 31, 2023	3,339.03	1,449,77	0.17	4,788,97
Profit for the year	1,845,64	17		1,845,64
Other Comprehensive Income Dividend paid	12 43 (75.00)	2/	-	12.43
Balance as at March 31, 2024	5,122.10	1,449,77	0.17	(75.00 6,572.04
Balance as at March 31, 2022 Profit for the year Other Comprehensive Income	2,163,33 1,250,54	1,449.77	0.17	3,613.27 1,250.54
Dividend paid	0.16 (75.00)	-	*	0.16
Balance as at March 31, 2023	3,339.03	1,449.77	0.17	4,788.97

This is the Statement of Changes in Equity referred to in our report of even date

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 304026E/E300009

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Pravin Rajani

Membership No 127460 Place Pune Date April 16, 2024

Dinesh Agarwai Chief of Finance & Accounts

Rajiv Mangal Chairman (DIN: 10099807)

AKS Hambona
Anli Kumer Singh Herehene

Managing Director (DIN :09749172)

Place : Jamshedpur Date: April 16, 2024

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31, 2024		
		Amount in Rs. La
	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
A Cash Flow from Operating Activities:		
Profit before taxes Adjustments for	2.481 48	
Depreciation and amortisation expense	2,401.40	1,690
Interest income	286.16	198.
Short term Capital Gain on mutual fund	(7.01)	(40.
Change in fair value of Investment	(180 37)	(52
Finance Costs	(5 69)	(2,
Loss/(Profit) on sale of Property.Plant and Equipment Inventories write-down	12 37	11.
inventories write-gown	59.86	(0. 42
Operating Profit before changes in current/non current assets and liabilities	0.00	94
Adjustments for (Increase)/decrease in operating assets	2,646.80	1,847.5
inventories		
Trade receivables	127.82	(195.)
Other Balances with bank	(1,602.57) 360.99	(1.895.5
Other Financial Assets current Other Financial Assets non current	5 12	1,347.3
Other Assets current	0.57	14.4
Other Assets non current	(59 58)	1.8
Adjustments for increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities	28.70	5 2
Trade Payables		
Other Financial Liabilities current	733,08	990,2
Retirement benefit obligations current	30.86	17.2
Retirement benefit obligations non-current	3.89 30.89	46.9
Other non financial liabilities Cash Generated from Operations	(42.83)	(6.4 49.2
Income tax paid	2,263.74	2.222.4
Net Cash Flows from/(used in) Operating Activities	(584.96)	(420.0)
Cash Flow from Investing Activities:	1,678.78	1,794.4
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	(603.74)	(896.00
Purchase of Current Investments	(28,000,00)	1.73
Proceeds from sale of Current Investments	(28,800.00) 27,876,58	(12,800.00
Interest income received	24.04	11,852 66
Net Cash Flow from/(used In) investing activities Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	(1,503.12)	(1,791.94
Repayment of principle portion of lease itabilities		Acad and a second
Interest and other borrowing costs paid	(56.11)	(28.72
Interest paid on lease liabilities	(B 05)	(6.05
Dividend Paid	(6 32)	(5.74
Net Cash Flow from/(used in) Financing Activities	(75.00) (143.48)	(75:00)
Net leaves (e e	(143.40)	(115.51)
Net increase in Cash or Cash Equivalents	32.18	(113.00)
Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year	254,75	367.75
sast and cash equivalents as at the end of the year	286.93	254.75
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as per		
Cash in Hand	0.12	
In Deposit Account In Current Account	40.00	0.20
Cash and cash equivalents as per note 10	246.81	254.55
	286.93	254,75
accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements is the Statement of Cash Flows referred to in our report of even date.	5	
Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP		
Registration Number 304026E/E300009	For and on behalf of the Board of i	Directors
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	termi.	4.7
n Rajani	Dinesh Agarwal Rai	
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Pune		N: 10099807)
April 16, 2024	,	,,
	AKSHOW	hana
	Anil Kumar Singh Harst	t .
	Managing Director	10011(8
	(DIN: 09749172)	- 1
	Place: Jamshedpur	

Tala

The Tata Pigments Limited Notes to the financial statements

1. Company Information

The Tata Pigments Limited ("the Company") is a public limited Company incorporated in India with its registered office in Jamshedpur, Jharkhand, India.

The Company is one of the largest manufacturers of Synthetic Iron Oxide in India. Its range of products include flooring colours in five colours under the brand name of Tata Red, Tata Black, Tata Yellow, Tata Green and Tata Blue. The Company also manufacture dry cement paint under brand name of Cemplus and Ecocem, water based emulsion paints, distemper, primer, wallplus putty, etc. through BPO route over the past decade. It has diversified in to Industrial Decorative and Coating services and has been mainly catering to Tata Steel group of companies and By-Product Management Business to Tata Steel.

The functional and presentation currency of the Company is Indian Rupee ("INR") which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

As on March 31, 2024, Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services Limited, owns 100% of the Ordinary shares of The Tata Pigments Limited, and has the ability to control the Company's operations.

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 16th April, 2024.

2, Material accounting policies

The material accounting policies applied by the Company in the preparation of its financial statements are listed below. Such accounting policies have been applied consistently to all the periods presented in these financial statements, unless otherwise indicated.

2.01 Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as "Ind AS") prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, as amended from time to time and other relevant provisions of the Act.

2.02 Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention with the exception of certain assets and liabilities that are required to be carried at fair values by Ind AS.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

The Directors of the Company have assessed its liquidity position and its possible sources of funds. The Board of Directors are confident of the Company's ability to meet its obligations in the next twelve months from the balance sheet date. Accordingly, these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

2.03 Use of estimates and critical accounting judgement

In the preparation of financial statements, the Company makes judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.



Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods affected.

Key source of estimation of uncertainty at the date of financial statements, which may cause material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, is in respect of useful lives of property, plant and equipment, provisions and contingent liabilities and estimation of employee benefit obligations as discussed below. Key source of estimation of uncertainty in respect of revenue recognition and employee benefits have been discussed in the respective policies.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment (Note 3)

The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting period. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

Provisions and contingent liabilities (Notes 14 and 29)

A provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation as result of a past event and it is probable that the outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the financial statements. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements

Retirement benefit obligations (Note 15)

The Company's retirement benefit obligation are subject to a number of judgement including discount rates, inflation and salary growth. Significant judgement is required when setting these criteria and a change in these assumptions would have a significant impact on the amount recorded in the Company's balance sheet and the statement of profit and loss. The Company sets these judgements based on previous experience and third party actuarial advice.

2.04 Property, plant and equipment

An item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. This recognition principle is applied to costs incurred initially to acquire an item of property, plant and equipment and also to costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. All other repair and maintenance costs, including regular servicing, are recognised in the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost/deemed cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Cost includes all direct costs and expenditures incurred to bring the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Software costs are included in the balance sheet as intangible assets when it is probable that associated future economic benefits would flow to the Company. In this case they are measured initially at purchase cost and then amortised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. All other costs on patents, trademarks and software are expensed in the statement of profit and loss as and when incurred.

Depreciation or amortisation is provided so as to write off, on a straight line basis, the cost / deemed cost of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, to their residual value. These charges are commenced from the dates the assets are available for their intended use and are spread over their estimated useful economic lives or, in the case of leased assets, over the lease period, if shorter.

The estimated useful lives for main categories of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are:





Class of Asset	Estimated Useful Life
Freehold building	monitation Gootal Elic
Factory Building	30 years
Other than Factory Building with RCC frame structure	60 years
Other than Factory Building without RCC frame structure	30 years
Fences, Walls, etc.	5 years
Plant and Machinery	J years
Plant and Machinery used in manufacture of Synthetic Iron Ox	ide
Pigments – Reactors	
Other Machinery	20 years 5 to 15 years
Office Equipment	5 to 15 years
Computers and data processing units	2 40000
Others	3 years
Furniture and Fixtures	3 to 5 years
Vehicles	10 years
Motor Cycles	4.0
Other Heavy Vehicles	10 years
Intangible Assets	8 years
Computer software	1.0
Comparer Soldware	10 years

2.05 Impairment

At each balance sheet date, the Company reviews the carrying values of its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that the carrying value of those assets may not be recoverable through continuing use. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is reviewed in order to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any.

2.06 Leases

Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of the contract. The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease agreements in which it is the lessee, except for short-term leases (leases with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets. For short term leases and leases of low value assets, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate, which is determined using the risk free rate for the same tenor adjusted for the credit risk associated with the lease, security etc.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise fixed lease payments (including in substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives; and any variable lease payments that are based on an index or a rate, initially measure using the index or rate at the commencement date. Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of lease liabilities.

Lease payments are allocated between the principal and finance cost. The finance cost is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, lease payments made at or before the commencement day and any initial direct costs. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any



Right-of-use assets are depreciated on straight-line basis over the period of lease term and useful life of the underlying asset whichever is lower. If a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset or where it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise a purchase option, the related right-of-use asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset. The depreciation starts at the commencement date

The Company has used the following practical expedients permitted by the standard.

applying single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar character. ii)

accounted for operating leases with remaining lease term of less than 12 months as short term

excluding initial direct cost for the measurement of the right-of-use assets at the date of initial (iii application and

using hindsight in determining the lease term where the contract contains options to extend or ĺ۷ì terminate the lease.

2.07 Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value measured on initial recognition of financial asset or financial liability. The transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are immediately recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial assets

Classification of Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets classified at amortised cost comprise trade receivables, investments, cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets.

Classification of Financial assets measured at fair value

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if such financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows or to sell such financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The Company in respect of equity investments (other than in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures) which are not held for trading, has made an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value of such equity instruments. Such an election is made by the Company on an instrument by instrument basis at the time of initial recognition of such equity investments. These investments are held for medium or long term strategic purpose.

Financial assets not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, are carried at fair value through profit and loss. Financial assets classified at fair value through profit or loss comprise of Investments in Mutual funds.

Impairment of financial assets

Loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised for financial assets measured at amortised cost and fair value through other comprehensive income. The Company recognises life time expected credit losses for all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction



For financial assets whose credit risk has not significantly increased since initial recognition, loss allowance equal to twelve months expected credit losses is recognised. Loss allowance equal to the lifetime expected credit losses is recognised if the credit risk of the financial asset has significantly increased since initial recognition.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Financial Liabilities

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method where the time value of money is significant.

2.08 Employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

Payments to defined contribution plans are charged as an expense as they fall due. Payments made to state managed retirement benefit schemes are dealt with as payments to defined contribution schemes where the Company's obligations under the schemes are equivalent to those arising in a defined contribution retirement benefit scheme.

Defined benefit plans

For defined benefit retirement schemes the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuation being carried out at each year-end balance sheet date. Remeasurement gains and losses of the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income. The service cost and net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) is recognised as an expense within employment costs. Past service cost is recognised as an expense when the plan amendment or curtailment occurs or when any related restructuring costs or termination benefits are recognised, whichever is earlier. The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined-benefit obligation as reduced by the fair value of plan assets.

Compensated absences

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are recognised based on actuarial valuation at the present value of the obligation as on the reporting date.

2.09 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is ascertained on a weighted average basis. Costs comprise direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the price at which the inventories can be realised in the normal course of business after allowing for the cost of conversion from their existing state to a finished condition and for the cost of marketing, selling and distribution.

Stores and spare parts are carried at lower of cost and net realisable value.

Provisions are made to cover slow moving and obsolete items based on historical experience of utilisation on a product.



2.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, which is expected to result in an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits which can be reliably estimated. Each provision is based on the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are measured on a discounted basis.

Constructive obligation is an obligation that derives from an entity's actions where:

- (a) by an established pattern of past practice, published policies or a sufficiently specific current statement, the entity has indicated to other parties that it will accept certain responsibilities and;
- (b) as a result, the entity has created a valid expectation on the part of those other parties that it will discharge such responsibilities.

2.11 Income taxes

Tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the period. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the statement of profit and loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. In contrast, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying value of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised based on the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying value of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset to the extent that they relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority and there are legally enforceable rights to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities within that jurisdiction.

Current and deferred tax are recognised as an expense or income in the statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items credited or debited either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

2.12 Revenue

The Company recognise revenue from transfer of goods at point of time. The Company manufactures and sells a range of paints products in domestic market. Sale are recognised when the control of products are transferred, being when the products are delivered to customers and at the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for goods or services.

Revenue from these sales is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated volume discounts. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the discounts, and revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with a credit term of 30/60 days, which is consistent with market practice.

Chartered Accountants

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Revenue from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognised based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided because the customer receives and uses the benefits simultaneously. The customer pays the fixed amount based on completion of the related services on a monthly basis. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset (unbilled revenue) is recognised. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognised. Estimates of revenues, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenues or costs are reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by management.

The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the group does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable net of discount, taking into account contractually defined terms and excluding taxes and duties collected on behalf of the government.

Dividend and Interest income

Dividend income from investment is recognised within other income when the Company's right to receive dividend is established.

Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit and loss is recognised under other income when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial assets to that assets net carrying amount on initial recognition.

2.13 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit/ (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

2.14 Segment Reporting

The Company identifies primary segments based on the dominant source, nature of risks and returns, internal organisation, management structure and the internal performance reporting systems. The accounting policies adopted for the segment reporting are in line with the accounting policies of the Company.

2.15 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.16 Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under The Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. During the year ended March 31, 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.



The Tata Pigments Limited

Notes to the financial statements

3 Property, Plant and Equipments

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

As at March 31, 2024	Sulldings	Owned Plant and Machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Office Equipments	Vehicle	Tota Tangible Assets
Cost as at April 1, 2023	602.30	2,071.82	33.07	181.55	9,39	2.898.13
Additions	60 00	393.27	2.12	66.40	2	521.79
Disposals/discard	4	741	2		- S	
Cost as at March 31, 2024	662.30	2,465,09	35.19	247.95	9.39	3,419,92
Accumulated Depreciation as at April 1, 2023	176.92	582.25	14.13	94.93	9.27	977.50
Charge for the year Disposals/discarti	28.31	139.96	2.96	39.27	0.05	210.55
Accumulated Depreciation as at March 31, 2024	205.23	822.21	17.09	134.20	9.32	1,188.05
Net book value as at March 31, 2024	457.07	1,642.88	18.10	113.75	0.07	2.231.87

As at March 31, 2023	Buildings	Owned Plant and Machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Office Equipments	Vehicle	Tota Tengible Assets
Cost as at April 1, 2022	599.94	1,234.79	23.01	107.96	9.39	1,975,09
Additions	2.36	845 55	10.24	78.98	2	937.13
Disposats/discard	5.1	(8.52)	(0.18)	(5.39)		(14.09)
Cost as at March 31, 2023	602.30	2,071.82	33.07	181.55	9.30	2,898,13
Accumulated Depreciation as at April 1, 2022	153,40	587.18	11.61	77.93	8.08	838.20
Charge for the year	23.52	103.42	2.64	20.99	1,19	151.76
Disposals/discard	(40)	(8.35)	(0.12)	(3.99)	- 2	(12.46)
Accumulated Depreciation as at March 31, 2023	176.92	682.25	14.13	94.93	9.27	977.50
Net book value as at March 31, 2023	425.38	1,389.57	18.94	88.62	0.12	1,920.63

Note: a) In respect of immovable property of self-constructed building on teasehold land, the land lease agreement is in the name of the Company, where the Company is the lease in the agreement.





A) Capital work-in-prograss				Amount in	Rs. Lakhs
Ageing of CWIP					
As at March 31, 2024		Amount in	CWIP for a p	period of	
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress Projects temporarily suspended	105.35			4	105,3
Total	105.35			-	105.3
As at March 31, 2023		Amount in	CWIP for a p	period of	
CŴIP	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than	Total
Projects in progress	40.00	-	-		40.0
Projects temporarily suspended					
Total	40.00		- 50		40.0
original plan: As at March 31, 2024	Less than 1	To b	e completed	More than	
CWIP	year			3 years	Total
CWIP Project 1 Project 2	year 105.35		, u	3 years	Total 105.3
74 St March 31, 2024	Less than 1			More than	-





1(B) Leases

(a) Right-of-use	assets
------------------	--------

As at March 31, 2024	Right-of-use Buildings
Cost as at April 1, 2023 Additions	124.22
Disposals	
Cost as at March 31, 2024	-
Accumulated Depreciation as at April 1, 2023	124.22
Charge for the penod	31.05
Disposals	56.44
Accumulated Depreciation as at March 31, 2024	•
Net book value as at March 31, 2024	87.49
range as at march 31, 2024	36.73

As at March 31, 2023	Right-of-use Buildings
Cost as at April 1, 2022 Additions Disposals	124.22
Cost as at March 31, 2023	124.22
Accumulated Depreciation as at April 1, 2022 Charge for the year Disposals	31.05
Accumulated Depreciation as at March 31, 2023	31.05
Net book value as at March 31, 2023	93,17

(b) Lease liabilities

Eurrent	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Non-Gurrent	36.18	58.11
11007-024019039	3,20	39:38
	39.38	95.49

Movement of lease liabilities	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Opening Salance as at April 01	95.49	
Add: Present Value of addition during the year Add: Interest Expenses	-7.0	124.21
Less: Repayment	6 32	5.74
Closing Balance as at March 31	62.43	34.46
owing balance as at march 31	39.38	95.49

Intangible assets

Cost no at Karina	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Cost as at beginning of the year Additions Disposals	145.82 16.60	145.82
Cost as at end of the year	162.42	145.82
Accumulated Amortisation at beginning of the year Charge for the year Disposals	115.31 19.17	99,49 15 82
Accumulated Amortisation at end of the year Net book value as at end of the year	134 48 27,94	115.31

4 (A) Depreciation and amortisation for the year

Oursellitte D.	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Depreciation - Property, Plant and Equipment	210.55	151.76
Depreciation on Right-of-use assets Amortisation - Intangible	56.44	31.05
Total	19.17	15.82
1011)	285.16	198.63





he Tata Pigments Limited		
lotes to the financial statements	Amount	in Re. Lakha
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 3: 2023
5 Inventories (At lower of cost and net realisable value)	3.,300-	
(a) Raw materials	134.94	149.34
(b) Semi Finished	74.34	71.70
(C) Finished goods	219.97	371.1
(d) Stock in trade	79.06	87.4
(e) Stores and spares	208 38	224.7
	716.69	904.30
Value of inventories above is stated after provisions (net of revenuel/ write off) of Rs. 59.86 Lakhs. (M		
for write downs to not realisable value and provision for slow-moving and obsolete items.		
investments Financial assets measured at Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)		
Unquoted Equity investment		
10,000 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up (year ended March 31, 2023 :10,000 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up) in Nicco Jubilee Park Limited *	-	
	-	
Classified as:		
Non current*	-	25
Current	- 4	(4)
* Amount lower than the rounding off nerm adopted by the company.		-
Financial assets carried at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)		
Unquoted Mutual Funds		
Nil (March 31,2023 - 13,589) units in HDFC Mutual Fund -Direct Plan-Growth		601.08
Nil (March 31, 2023-8,807) units in Kotak Liquid Fund -Direct Plan-Growth		400.56
13,745 (March 31, 2023 -14,734) units in Bandhan Liquid Fund -Growth Direct Plan	400.99	400.54
29,048 (March 31;2023-Nii) units in DSP Liquidity Fund -Direct Plan-Growth	1,002 48	Si
28,798 (March 31,2023-Nil) units in Baroda SNP Paribas Liquid Fund - Direct Growth	801.97	00
7,930 (March 31,2023-Nil) units in Miran Asset Liquid Fund - Direct Plan	202.23	130
3,136 (March 31,2023-Nii) units in Invesco India Liquid Fund -Direct Plan Growth	103.95	
Classified as:	2,511.63	1,402.15
Annual State of the State of th		
Non current		s souliton
Current	2,511.63	1,402.15
	2.511.63	1,402,15





Tata Pigments Limited	074-17							
tes to the financial stateme	nts						Amount	in Rs. Lakh
					As at Mar	ch 31, 2024	As at March 3	1, 2023
Trade Receivables					Non current	Current	Non current	Curren
Trade receivables					10,53	414.34	76.58	1,413,59
Receivables from related partie	es (refer note 34	l)			125 87	5,533 95	109 48	2,890,32
Less Loss allowance						(19.11)	- T	(25.05
Total trade receivables					136.40	5,929,18	186.06	4,276.9
					Non current	Current	Non current	Curren
Secured, considered good *						0.95	327	5.2
Unsecured, considered good					136 40	5,928 23	188.08	4,271 8
Doubtful						19.11	765	26.9
Total	53				136.40	5,948.29	186.06	4,303.9
Less Loss allowance					-	(19.11)	590	(26.9)
Total trade receivables					136.40	5,929.18	186.05	4,276.9
* Security deposits received tro	m distributors							
Trade Receivable againg sch	iedule				22			
Trade Receivable ageing sch Particulars	Ou	_	1 mm - 178 mm	periods- fr	om due date of pa		As at Ma	
	Ou	itstanding f	1 mm - 178 mm			ayment 2-3 years		
	Ou	_	Less than	6 months	-		More than 3	Tota
Particulars	Ou Unbilled Revenue	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months 1 years	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Tota 6,084.6
Particulars	Unbilled Revenue 1.811,91	Not Due 3,681,11	Less than 6 months 743.36	6 months 1 years 17.00	1-2 years 2.75	2-3 years 0 10	More than 3 years 28 46	Total 6,084.69
Particulars Undisputed- considered good	Unbilled Revenue 1.811,91	Not Due 3,681,11	Less than 6 months 743.36	6 months- 1 years 17.00	1-2 years 2.75	2-3 years 0 10	More than 3 years 28 46 28.46	6,084.69 6,084.69 (19.1)
Particulars Undisputed- considered good	Unbilled Revenue 1.811.91 1,811.91	Not Due 3,681.11 3,681.11	Less than 6 months 743.36 743.36	6 months 1 years 17.00 17.00	1-2 years 2.75 2.75	2-3 years 0 10 0.10	More than 3 years 28 46 28.48 (19.11) 9.35	6,084.69 6,084.69 6,084.69 (19.11 6,065.58
Particulars Undisputed- considered good Less: Loss allowance	Unbilled Revenus 1.811.91 1.811.91 1,611.91	Not Due 3,681.11 3,681.11	Less than 6 months 743.36 743.36	6 months 1 years 17.00 17.00	1-2 years 2.75	2-3 years 0 10 0.10	More than 3 years 28 46 28.48 (19.11) 9.35	6,084.69 6,084.69 (19.1) 6,065.51
Particulars Undisputed- considered good Less: Loss allowance	Unbilled Revenue 1.811.91 1,811.91	Not Due 3,681.11 3,681.11	Less than 6 months 743.36 743.36	6 months 1 years 17.00 17.00	1-2 years 2.75 2.75	2-3 years 0 10 0.10	More than 3 years 28 46 28.48 (19.11) 9.35	Tota 6,084.69 6,084.61 (19.1) 6,065.58 rch 31, 2023
Particulars Undisputed- considered good Less: Loss allowance Trade Receivable ageing sch	Unbilled Revenue 1.811.91 1.611.91 1.611.91 Unbilled	Not Due 3,681,11 3,681,11 Outstag	Less than 8 months 743.36 743.36 nding for follows than	6 months 1 years 17.00 17.00 17.00 cowing periods	1-2 years 2.75 2.75 2.75 2.75	2-3 years 0 10 0.10 0.10	More than 3 years 28 46 28.48 (19.11) 9.35 As at Ma	Total 6,084.6: 6,084.6: 6,084.6: 6,065.5: cch 31, 202: Tot
Particulars Undisputed- considered good Less: Loss allowance Trade Receivable ageing sch	Unbilled Revenue 1.811.91 1.811.91 1.611.91 Unbilled Revenue	Not Due 3,681.11 3,681.11 Outstar Not Due	Less than 6 months 743.36 743.36 Table 10 Less than 6 months	6 months- 1 years 17.00 17.00 17.00 lowing period 6 months- 1 years	1-2 years 2.75 2.75 2.75 0ds- from due da 1-2 years	2-3 years 0 10 0.10 0.10 te of payment 2-3 years	More than 3 years 28 46 28,48 (19.11) 9.35 As at Ma More than 3 years	Tota 6,084.69 6,084.69 (19.1) 6,065.50 rch 31, 2023 Tota 4,489.90
Particulars Undisputed- considered good Less: Loss allowance Trade Receivable ageing sch	Unbilled Revenue 1.811.91 1.811.91 1.611.91 Unbilled Revenue 684.29	Not Due 3,681.11 3,681.11 Outstac Not Due 2,976.28	Less than 6 months 743.36 743.36 Tess than 6 months 793.34	6 months- 1 years 17.00 17.00 17.00 6 months- 1 years 0.81	1-2 years 2.75 2.75 2.75 0ds- from due da 1-2 years 0.28	2-3 years 0 10 0.10	More than 3 years 28 46 28.48 (19.11) 9.35 As at Ma More than 3 years 34.79	Tota 6,084,65 6,084,65 (19.11 6,065,58 rch 31, 2023 Tota 4,489,97 (26,95

Before accepting any new customers. The Company uses their own credit rating process to assess the potential customer's credit quality and define credit limits by customer. Credit limits and rating to a customer are reviewed each year. Trade receivables balance as at March 31, 2024 of Rs. 3808.83 Lakins (as at March 31, 2023 of Rs. 2786.30 Lakins) is due from Tata Steel Limited, being the company's largest customer. There is no other customer who represents more than 10% of the total balance of trade receivables.



Information about major customers



Votes	ata Pigments Limited to the financial statements			Amount	in Ru Lakh
8/A)	Loans	An at March	34 0004		
-10-4	and the same of th	As at March		As at March 3	
	a) Loans to employee	Non current 0.86	Current 0.28	Non current	Current 0.65
		0.86	0.28	1.43	0.65
(A) (Other financial Assets	As at March		: A1 : 13.72 S	
1000	opier implicial Assets	Non current	Current	As at March 3	
- (a) Security deposits	won corrent	B.20	Non current	Current 12 95
	b) Interest accrued on deposits	-	0.48		17.49
ľ			8.66		30.44
	and Long effectives				
L	ess Loss allowance	185	38	E1	*
	SCHOOL PRINTED AND ADDRESS OF THE SCHOOL PRINTED AND ADDRESS OF THE SCHOOL PARKET AND ADDRESS OF TH		8.66		30.44
	lassification of other financial assets:				
	ecured, considered good	1002			
	nsecured, considered good	889	8.66	*	30.44
U	oubtful			* *	
			8.66		30.44
		As at March	31, 2024	As at March 3	1.2023
9 Q	ther Non financial Assets	Non current	Current	Non current	Current
- (4	a) Capital advances	4	=	15.48	
	b) Advance with public bodies	152.18	201.81	163.64	166.28
	c) Advance to related parties		54.00	h.*	50.84
{1	d) Other advances and prepayments	37.52	82.49	39 29	81.81
		189.70	338,30	218.41	278.73
	lassification of other non financial assets:				
	scured, considered good	==	35		-
	nsecured, considered good rovision for Doubtful Advences	189.70	338.30	218.41	278.73
	Assessed for proposed salasistops	189.70	338.30	218.41	278.73
		As at March	31, 2024	As at March 3	1, 2023
		Non current	Current	Non current	Current
	ash and Bank balances				
	ash and cash equivalents				
{a	Unrestricted Balances with banks				
	(I) In Current Account		246.81	5.00	254.55
	(ii) In Deposit with original maturity of less than three months	- 5	40.00		
{D) Cash in hand		0.12		254.75
Oi	her Balance with bank :		286.93		234.73
	Unrestricted Balances with banks				
10	(i) In Deposit with original maturity of more than three				350.00
(C)		19			300.00
(c)					
, ,	months and up to twelve months				
, ,			2.75	1:02	13.74





ata rigino	nts Limited			
to the fina	ancial statements			
			Amou	nt in Rs. Lakh
Equity Sha	re Capital			
			As at March 31, 2024	As at Marc 31, 2023
	dinary Shares of Rs. 100 each		100.00	100,0
(March 31,	2023: 100,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 100 each)		100.00	100.0
issued:				
75,000 Ord	inary Shares of Rs. 100 each 2023: 75,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 100 each)		75 00	75.0
(March 31,	2023: 75,000 Equity Shales of Rts. 100 eachy		75.00	75.0
75,000 Ord	d and fully pald up: Inary Shares of Rs. 100 each 2023: 75,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 100 each)		75,00	75.6
	2025. 15,500 Equity bridges of 100 100 0			
Dotails of	shares held by Ultimate holding company or its subsidiar		75.00	
Details of s	of Shares held by Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services impany)		75.00	75.0
Details of s	of Shares held by Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services			.11
Details of s	of Shares held by Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services impany)			% OF CHANGE
Details of s Percentage (Holding co Shares held	of Shares held by Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services imparty) d by promoters at the end of year 2024 PROMOTERS NAME Tata Steet Utilities & Infrastructure Services Limited	NO OF	100 % OF TOTAL	% OF CHANGE DURING TH
Details of s Percentage (Holding co	of Shares held by Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services impany) d by promoters at the end of year 2024 PROMOTERS NAME	NO OF SHARES	% OF TOTAL SHARES	% OF CHANGE DURING TH YEAR
Percentage (Holding co	of Shares held by Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services impany) d by promoters at the end of year 2024 PROMOTERS NAME Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services Limited (Holding company) Total	NO OF SHARES 75,000	% OF TOTAL SHARES	% OF CHANGE DURING TH YEAR
Percentage (Holding co	of Shares held by Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services imparty) d by promoters at the end of year 2024 PROMOTERS NAME Tata Steet Utilities & Infrastructure Services Limited (Holding company)	NO OF SHARES 75,000	% OF TOTAL SHARES	% OF CHANGE DURING TH YEAR
Percentage (Holding co	of Shares held by Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services impany) d by promoters at the end of year 2024 PROMOTERS NAME Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services Limited (Holding company) Total	NO OF SHARES 75,000	% OF TOTAL SHARES	% OF CHANGE DURING TH YEAR 0%
Percentage (Holding co	of Shares held by Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services imparty) d by promoters at the end of year 2024 PROMOTERS NAME Tata Steet Utilities & Infrastructure Services Limited (Holding company) Total d by promoters at the end of year 2023	NO OF SHARES 75,000 NO OF	% OF TOTAL SHARES 100% 100%	% OF CHANGE DURING THE YEAR O%

Rights and restrictions attached to shares

The company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 100 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend, if any, proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company, in proportion to their shareholding.

11 (A) Other Equity

(a) Retained earnings

The details of movement in retained earnings is provided in Statement of changes in equity.

(b) General Reserve

Under the orstwhile Companies Act 1956, a general reserve was created through an annual transfer of net profit at a specified porcentage in accordance with applicable regulations. Consequent to the introduction of the Companies Act, 2013 the requirement to mandatonly transfer a specified percentage of net profit to general reserve has been withdrawn.





Notes	ata Pigments Limited		-			
	to the financial statements					
					Amoun	t in Rs. Lakhs
		As at March 31, 2024	Charge/ (Credit) to the Statement of Profit and Loss	An at March 31, 2023	Charge/ (Credit) to the Statement of Profit and Loss	As at March 31, 2022
2.	Deferred tax Assets (Net)					
	Deferred tax liabilities					
	(a) Property, Plant and equipment and intangible assets	141.50	14.11	127.39	5,90	121.49
	(b) Change in fair value of Investments	(1.43)	(0.89)	(0.54)	(0.52)	(0.0)
		140.07	13.22	126.85	5.38	121,47
	Deferred tax assets					
	(a) Provision for warranty, inventory & doubtful debts	43.16	(3.63)	46.79	0.81	45.97
	(b) Compensated Absences (leave)	51.32	3.27	48.05	(5.11)	53,10
	(c) Others	87.99	13.04	74.95	13,10	61.85
		182.47	12.68	169.79	8.80	160.98
	Net deferred tax assets / (liabitities)	42.40	0.54	42.94	(3.42)	39.51
2.1	The Income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled				As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
	to the accounting profit as follows					
	Profit from continuing operations before income tax expenses Tax rate of 25 17% (Year Ended Merch 31,2023 - 25,17%) Tax effects of amount which are not deductible (taxable) in cai	nulatinu tavahla k	Marinin'		2,481.48 624.54	1,590,10 425,37
	Corporate Social Responsibility expenses	COMMENT REPORTED IN	COLLIE.		5.19	
	And the state of t					3,36
	Interest on MSME				5.94	4.43
	Others				5.94 0.17	4.43 6.40
					5.94	4.43
	Others Total tax expenses as per Statement of Profit and Loas				5.94 0.17 635.84	4,43 6,40 439,56 , 442,98
ŽA	Others Total tax expenses as per Statement of Profit and Loss Recognised as - Current tax				5.94 0.17 635.84 636.30	4,43 6,40 439,56 , 442,98
ŽA	Others Total tax expenses 35 per Statement of Profit and Loss Recognised as - Current tax Recognised as - Deferred tax (credit)	31, 2023 Rs. 2,03	5.39 lakhs)]		5.94 0.17 635.84 636.30	4,43 6,40 439,58 , 442,98 (3,42
	Others Total tax expenses as per Statement of Profit and Loss Recognised as - Current tax Recognised as - Deferred tax (credit) Income Tax Assets (a) Advance payment against taxes [Net of Advance of Rs. 00 00 lakhs; year ended March 3	81, 2023 Rs. 2,03	5.39 lakhs)]		5.94 0.17 635.84 636.30	4,43 6,40 439,56 ,442,98 (3,42 2,62
	Others Total tax expenses as per Statement of Profit and Loss Recognised as - Current tax Recognised as - Deferred tax (credit) Income Tax Assets (a) Advance payment against taxes [Net of Advance of Rs. 00 00 lakes; year ended March 3	31, 2023 Rs. 2,03	5,39 lakhs)]		5,94 0.17 635.84 635.30 0.54	4,43 6,40 439,56 ,442,98 (3,42 2,62
2 A	Others Total tax expenses as per Statement of Profit and Loss Recognised as - Current tax Recognised as - Deferred tax (credit) Income Tax Assets (a) Advance payment against taxes [Net of Advance of Rs. 00 00 lakhs; year ended March 3				5,94 0.17 635.84 635.30 0.54	4.43 6.40 439,56





3 Trade payables						Amount is	n Rs. Lakh
				As at March		As at March	31, 2023
(a) Trade payable - Micro	& Small Ente	erprises (Refer no	le no -32)	Non current 306,98	2.108.96	Non current 380 52	965 22
(b) Trade payables - other	a 15 1 d l		,				
			29	4.74	1,876,31	4 74	2,214 47
(c) Trade payables - Rela	ated Party (R	efer note no34)		-	267,34		267 35
Trade Payable ageing sch	edule			311.72	4,252.61	385.26	3,447.04
						As at March	74 2024
			Outstanding for fo	llowing periods f	from due dat	As at March e of payment	31, 2024
Particulars	Unbilled Revenue	Not yet due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	Total
Trade payable			•		-	years	(
(i) Undisputed dues-MSME (ii) Undisputed-Others	304.70 1,196.40	1,778.76 537.13	289.34 373.66	34.82 20.46	2.49 4.69	5,63 16,05	2,415,94 2,148,39
(iii) Disputed dues-MSME	-	15	373.00	20.40	4.08	16.05	4,170,35
(iv) Disputed- Others Total Payable due	1.501.10	2245.00	225.44	EE 00	7.0	74.75	
	- Addition to the later of	2,315.89	663.00	55.28	7.18	21.88	4,564.33
Trade Payable ageing sch	edule					As at March	31, 2023
			Outstanding for fol	llowing periods f	rom due dat	e of payment	
Particulars	Unbilled Revenue	Not yet due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Trade payable						•	
(i) Undisputed dues-MSME (ii) Undisputed-Others	273 35 723 89	1,046 52 1,349 25	23.05 394.55	2,14 4.08	9.00	0,68 5.81	1,345.74 2,486.56
(iii) Disputed dues-MSME	72303	1,546 23	354 33	4 00	3 00	3.01	2,400 30
(iv) Disputed- Others			9		- 3		=
Total Payable due	997.24	2,395.77	417.60	6.20	9.00	6.49	3,832.30
Other financial ilabilities							
				As at March 3		As at March	
(a) Creditors for other liab	ilites			Non current	Current	Non current	Current
(ii) Security deposit	9			114,34	-	114.34	
(ii) Provisions and (Other credit ba	alances			153.86		123:00
1.7					153.86	114,34	
				114.34		1146-	123.00
	n provisions	and other credit	balances is as below			As at March	
The details of movement is		and other credit	balances is as below		11, 2024		31, 2023
The details of movement is Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during	he year	and other credit	balances is as below				31, 2023 105 77
The details of movement in Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during the reclassifications	he year	and other credit	balances is as below		123 00 71 87		31, 2023 105 77 48.10
The details of movement is Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during Other reclassifications Utilised during the year	he year ng the year	and other credit	balances is as below		123 00 71 87 (41.01)		31, 2023 105.77 48.10 (30.87
The details of movement is Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during Other reclassifications Utilised during the year	he year ng the year	and other credit	balances is as below		123 00 71 87		31, 2023 105.77 48.10 (30.87
The details of movement in Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during Other reclassifications. Utilised during the year Balance at the end of the year stance at the end of the year stance.	he year ng the year ar	and other credit	balances is as below	As at March 3	123.00 71.87 - (41.01) 153.86	As at March	105.77 48.10 (30.87 123.00
The details of movement in Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during Other reclassifications Utilised during the year Balance at the end of the year	he year ng the year ar	and other credit	balances is as below		123.00 71.87 - (41.01) 153.86		105.77 48.10 (30.87 123.00
The details of movement is Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during their reclassifications. Utilised during the year Balance at the end of the year Retirement benefit obligation.	the year ar a		balances is as below	As at March 3	11, 2024 123.00 71.87 (41.01) 153.86	As at March :	105.77 48.10 (30.87 123.00
The details of movement is Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during the reclassifications. Utilised during the year Balance at the end of the year Retirement benefit obligation. (a) Provision for employees (1) Post-employment.	he year ng the year ar ons benefits at Defined Bei		balances is as below	As at March 3 As at March 3 Non current	11, 2024 123.00 71.87 (41.01) 153.86	As at March : As at March : Non current	105.77 48.10 (30.87 123.00
The details of movement is Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during the reclassifications. Utilised during the year Balance at the end of the year Retirement benefit obligations. (a) Provision for employees (1) Post-employment.	the year g the year ons benefits It Defined Ber		balances is as below	As at March 3	123.00 71.87 (41.01) 153.86	As at March :	31, 2023 105 77 48.10 (30.87 123.00 31, 2023 Current
The details of movement is Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during their reclassifications utilised during the year Balance at the end of the year Balance at the year Balance at the end of the year Balance at the year Balance at the end of the year Balance at the year Balance at the end of the year Balance at the end of the year Balance at the year Ba	the year ons benefits t Defined Ber at Defined Ber at Defined medical	nafits benefits	balances is as below	As at March 3 Non current 32.15 382.72 39.43	123.00 71.87 (41.01) 153.86 11, 2024 Current	As at March : As at March : Non current 12.04 402.79 39.78	31, 2023 105 77 48.10 (30.87 123.00 31, 2023 Current 28.30 4.75
The details of movement is Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during the reclassifications. Utilised during the year dalance at the end of the year dalance at the end of the year dalance at the year	the year on the year ons to benefits at Defined Beratury benefits at Defined Beratury benefit ment medical retirement be	nefils benefils nefils (Leave)	balances is as below	As at March 3 Non current 32.15 382.72 39.43 190.92	11, 2024 123.00 71.87 (41.01) 153.86 11, 2024 Current 28.28 4.74 12.95	As at March : As at March : Non current 12.04 402.79	31, 2023 105 77 48.10 (30.87 123.00 31, 2023 Current 28 30 4 75 14 53
Belance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during the reclassifications of the reclassification of the reclas	the year ons benefits it Defined Ber autity bligation metioner retirement beterm employe	nefils benefils nefils (Leave)	balances is as below	As at March 3 Non current 32.15 382.72 39.43	123.00 71.87 (41.01) 153.86 11, 2024 Current	As at March : As at March : Non current 12.04 402.79 39.78	31, 2023 105 77 48.10 (30.87 123.00 31, 2023 Current 28 30 4 75 14 53
Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during the reclassifications. Utilised during the year Balance at the end of the year Balance at the end of the year Balance at the year Balan	the year on the year ons benefits to Defined Beratuity bligation ment medical rebrement be term employe Benefits or employees	nefits benefits nefits (Leave) te benefits * separation schem	16	As at March 3 Non current 32.15 382.72 39.43 190.92	11, 2024 123.00 71.87 (41.01) 153.86 11, 2024 Current 28.28 4.74 12.95	As at March : As at March : Non current 12.04 402.79 39.78	105 77 48.10 (30.87 123.00 31, 2023 Current
Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during the reclassifications. Utilised during the year Balance at the end of the year Balance at the end of the year Balance at the year Balan	the year on the year ons benefits to Defined Beratuity bligation ment medical rebrement be term employe Benefits or employees	nefits benefits nefits (Leave) te benefits * separation schem		As at March 3 Non current 32.15 382.72 39.43 190.92	123.00 71.87 (41.01) 153.86 11, 2024 Current 28.28 4.74 12.95 156.68	As at March : As at March : Non current 12.04 402.79 39.78	31, 2023 105 77 48.10 (30.87 123.00 31, 2023 Current 28 30 4 75 14 53 151 18
The details of movement is Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during the reclassifications. Utilised during the year Balance at the end of the year Balance (1) Post-employee (1) Post-employee (2) Other Employee (3) Provision for Shortfall in interest.	the year ng the year ar a	nefits benefits nefits (Leave) te benefits * separation schem	16	As at March 3 Non current 32 15 382.72 39.43 190.92	11, 2024 123.00 71.87 (41.01) 153.86 11, 2024 Current 28.28 4.74 12.95 156.68 0.01	As at March : As at March : Non current 12.04 402.79 39.78 176.34	31, 2023 105 77 48.10 (30.87 123.00 31, 2023 Current 28.30 4.75 14.53 15.1 18
Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during Other reclassifications. Utilised during the year Balance at the end of the year Balance (a) Provision for end of the year Balance (a) Provision for the end of the year Balance (a) Provision for the end of the year Balance (a) Provision for the year (b) Provisio	the year ng the year ar a	nefits benefits nefits (Leave) te benefits * separation schem	16	As at March 3 Non current 32 15 382.72 39.43 190.92 645.22	11, 2024 123.00 71.87 (41.01) 153.86 11, 2024 Current 28.28 4.74 12.95 156.68 0.01 202.65	As at March : As at March : Non current 12.04 402.79 39.78 176.34 630.95	105.77 48.10 (30.87 123.00 31, 2023 Current 28.30 4.75 14.53 151.18 0.01 198.77
The details of movement is Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during Other reclassifications. Utilised during the year Balance at the end of the year Balance at the end of the year Retirement benefit obligation. (a) Provision for employees (1) Post-employmer (1) Retiring Gr (1) Pension Of (1) Post retirer (1) Other post (2) Other Employees (3) Provision for Shortfall in interpolation.	the year ons benefits to Defined Benatury bligation ment medical rebrement beterm employe Benefits or employees or est on Provin	nefits benefits nefits (Leave) te benefits * separation schem	16	As at March 3 Non current 32 15 382.72 39.43 190.92	123.00 71.87 (41.01) 153.86 11, 2024 Current 28.28 4.74 12.95 156.68 0.01	As at March : As at March : Non current 12.04 402.79 39.78 176.34	31, 2023 105 77 48.10 (30.87 123.00 31, 2023 Current 28 30 4 75 14 53 151 18 0 01 198.77
The details of movement is Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during Other reclassifications. Utilised during the year Balance at the end of the year Balance at the end of the year Retirement benefit obligation. (a) Provision for employee (1) Post-employmer (1) Retiring Grill Pension Office (1) Post retirer (1) Other post (2) Other Employee (3) Provision for Shortfall in interior of the post of the post (2) Other Employee (3) Provision for Shortfall in interior other post (3) Other post (4)	the year on the year ons to benefits at Defined Beratuity bligation ment medical retrement be term employe Benefits or employees or est on Provides	nefits benefits (Leave) te benefits * separation schem dent Fund based o	16	As at March 3 Non current 32 15 382.72 39.43 190.92 645.22	123.00 71.87 (41.01) 153.86 11, 2024 Current 28.28 4.74 12.95 156.68 0.01 202.66	As at March : As at March : Non current 12.04 402.79 39.78 176.34 630.95	31, 2023 105 77 48.10 (30.87 123.00 31, 2023 Current 28 30 4 75 14 53 151 18 0 01 198.77
The details of movement is Balance at the beginning of the Recognised/(Realesed) during the reclassifications. Utilised during the year Balance at the end of the year (1) Post-employee (1) Post-employee (2) Other long (2) Other Employee (3) Provision for Shortfall in interest of the end	the year to the y	perits perits (Leave) per benefits (Leave) per benefits * separation schemedent Fund based of	ne on actuarial valuation	As at March 3 Non current 32 15 382.72 39.43 190.92 645.22	123.00 71.87 (41.01) 153.86 11, 2024 Current 28.28 4.74 12.95 156.68 0.01 202.66 1, 2024 Current	As at March : As at March : Non current 12.04 402.79 39.78 176.34 630.95	31, 2023 105 77 48.10 (30.87 123.09 31, 2023 Current 28.30 4.75 14.53 151.18 0.01 198.77 11, 2023 Current





	otes	to the financial statements	For the Year ended March 31, 2024	Amount in Rs. Lakhs For the Year ended March 31, 2023
17	Rev	venue from Operations		
	(a)	Sale of Goods		
		Sale of Products	5,929.77	6.959 3
		Sale of Traded goods	1,108 04	1,604 5
	(b)	Sale of Services	16,030 12	10,507.3
	(c)	Other operating revenue	,	
		Others	228,39	328.5
			23,296.32	19,399.6
	Not	AC .		
	(8)	Customers who contributed 10% or more to the Company's revenue:		
		Tata Steel Limited	14,880 65	9,137.14
	(b) F	Refer note 33 on revenue from contracts with customers disaggregated on the ba	asis of geographical regions	and major business.
		er Income		
	(a)	Interest received on sundry advances, deposits and income tax refund.	7.01	40.2
	(p)	Gain on sale of investments (current)	180.37	52.6
	(C)	Change in fair value of investment	5 69	2.0
	(d)	Insurance Claim Received		3.5
	(0)	Profit on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		0.10
19	Cos	t of Materials Consumed	193.07	98.66
	Raw	Material Consumed		
		Opening Stock	149.34	175.02
	(H)	Add: Purchases	2,278.79	3,490.10
	(lii)	Less: Closing Stock	2,428.13 134.94	3,665.12
	·	was proming distant	2,293,19	149.34 3,515.76
	David	Material Consumed	2000000	
	-	Material Collectined	2,293.19	3,515.78 3,515.78
0	Purc	hase of Traded Goods		9,919.10
	(a)	Oxide of iron	221.70	274.70
- ((b)	Decorative Products	621.87	1,055.96
,			02.1-07	
,	(-)		843.57	1,330.66
(eges in inventories of finished goods, stock in trade and Semi Finished	843.57	1,330.86
1: 0	Char	eges in Inventories of finished goods, stock in trade and Semi Finished k at the beginning of the year	843.57	1,330.66
1: 0	Char Stoc		843.57 371 17	1,330.66
1 0	Char Stoci	k at the beginning of the year		
1: (Char Stoci	k at the beginning of the year Finished goods	371 17 71.70 87.47	178.02 47.73 85.53
# 6 () ()	Char Stock (a) (b)	k at the beginning of the year Finished goods Seml Finished Stock in trade	371 17 71.70	178.02 47.73 85.53
t () () ()	Char Stock (B) (b) (c)	k at the beginning of the year Finished goods Semi Finished Stock in trade k at the end of the year	371 17 71.70 87.47 530.34	178.02 47.73 85.53 311.28
1	Char Stock (B) (b) (c) Stock	k at the beginning of the year Finished goods Seml Finished Stock in trade k at the end of the year Finished goods	371 17 71.70 87.47 530.34	178.02 47.73 85.53 311.28 371.17
1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Char Stock (a) (b) (c) Stock (a)	k at the beginning of the year Finished goods Semi Finished Stock in trade k at the end of the year Finished goods Semi Finished	371 17 71.70 87.47 530.34 219.97 74.34	178.02 47.73 85.53 311.28 371.17
	Char Stock (a) (b) (c) Stock (a)	k at the beginning of the year Finished goods Seml Finished Stock in trade k at the end of the year Finished goods	371 17 71.70 87.47 530.34	178.02 47.73 85.53 311.28 371.17





	a Pigments Limited o the financial statements	A	mount in Rs. Lakh
		For the Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Year ended March 31, 2023
22 Em	ployee benefits expense:	-	
(a) (b)	Salaries and wages, including bonus Contribution to provident and other funds	1,881 79 144.89	1,497.72 188.30
(C)	Staff welfare expenses	152.29	149.12
22 Ele-	anc# Costs	1,958.97	1,833.14
(8)	Interest expense		
(b)	·	8.05	6.05
(10)	Lease Obligation	6 32	5.74
		12.37	11.79
24 Oth	er Expenses		
(B)	Consumption of stores and spares	334.20	428.70
(b)	Repairs to buildings	48.61	5.58
(C)	Repairs to machinery	88,58	94 57
(d)	Fuel oil consumed	580,85	737.84
(e)	Purchase of power	254.17	273.90
(f)	Conversion charges	222.89	234.77
(g)	Freight and handling	249.63	260.51
(h)	Rent	21.84	46.68
(i)	Brand Equity	58.00	49.15
(1)	Rates and laxes	60.19	56.81
(k)	insurance charges	13.50	14.83
(1)	Commission and Discounts	78 97	81.71
(m)	Loss allowance (net of write back)	4	(0.36
(n)	Contract labour	136.01	141.86
(0)	Auditors remuneration and out-of-pocket expenses (Refer Note 2)		
	As Auditors	2.40	1.80
	For Other services		0.40
	Auditors out-of-pocket expenses	1,16	1.18
(p)	Legal and other professional costs	88.26	58.49
(q)	Advertisement, promotion and selling expenses	32.20	88.09
(1)	Travelling expenses	58.17	62.54
(B)	Other general expenses	311.30	330.85
		2,620,73	2,967,48

Note 1 Other general expenses includes expenditure charged to Statement of Profit and Loss in respect of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities - Refer Note 26

Note 2 Auditor Remuneration and out of pocket expenses excludes GST of Rs 0.64 lakks for the year ended March 31,2024 (Rs 0.60 lakks for the year ended March 31,2023)

Note 3 Other general expenses includes an amount of Rs 6.52 laths for the year ended March 31,2024 (Rs 10.36 takes for the year ended March 31,2023) toward payment to non-executive director. The details are as below:

		For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
(a)	Directors Fees	1.15	2.45
(b)	Commission	5.37	7.91
		6.52	10.36





25 Employee Benefits

25.01 Defined Contribution Plans:

The Company participates in a number of defined contribution plans on behalf of relevant personnel. Any expense recognised in relation to these schemes represents the value of contributions payable during the period by them at rates specified by the rules of those plans. The only amounts included in the balance sheet are those relating to the prior month's contributions that were not due to be paid until after the end of the reporting period.

The Company has recognised, in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2024, an amount of Rs. 63.02 Lakhs (March 31, 2023 Rs. 59.24 Lakhs) as expenses under the following defined contribution plan.

Superannuation fund:

The Company has a superannuation plan. Employees who are members of the superannuation plan are entitled to benefits depending on the years of service and salary drawn. Separate irrevocable trusts are maintained for employees covered and entitled to benefits. The Company contributes up to 15% or 150,000, whichever is lower, of the eligible employee's salary to the trust every year. Such contributions are recognized as an expense when incurred. The Company has no further obligation beyond this contribution.

Defined Contribution expenses recognised in the statement of Profit and loss

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024 (Rs Lakhs)	For the year ended March 31 2023 (Rs Lakhs)
Superannuation Fund	37.56	34.12
Employee Pension Scheme	24.01	23.69
EDLI (Employee Deposit Link Insurance)	1.45	1.43
Total Total	63.02	59.24

Benefits to key management personnel -

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024 (Rs Lakhs)	For the year ended March 31,2023 (Rs Lakhs)
Superannuation	2.54	2.24

25.02 Defined benefit plans:

The Company sponsors funded defined benefit plans for certain qualified employees. The defined benefit plans are administered by a separate fund that is legally separate from the Company. The board of the fund is required by law and by the articles of association to act in the interest of the fund and relevant state holder in the scheme. The board of the fund is responsible for the investment policy with regard to the assets of the fund.





The Company operates following post-employment / other long term defined benefits plans:

Funded

- Gratuity: The Company has an obligation towards gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan covering eligible employees. The plan provides for a lump sum payment to vested employee at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 to 30 days' salary payable for each completed year of service. Vesting occurs upon completion of 5 years of service. The Company accounts for the liability for gratuity benefit payable in the future based an actuarial valuation.
- ii. Provident Fund: Provident fund benefits provided under plans wherein contributions are made to an irrevocable trust set up by the Company to manage the investments and distribute the amounts entitled to employees are treated as a defined benefit plan as the Company is obligated to provide the members a rate of return which should, at the minimum, meet the interest rate declared by Government administered provident fund. The contributions made by the Company and the shortfall of interest, if any, are recognised as an expense in profit and loss under employee benefits expense.

In accordance with an actuarial valuation of provident fund liabilities based on guidance issued by Actuarial Society of India and based on the assumptions as mentioned below, there is was a diminution in the carrying value of plan assets and also a deficiency in the interest cost as the present value of the expected future earnings of the fund is lesser than the expected amount to be credited to the individual members based on the expected guaranteed rate of interest of Government administered provident fund.

Unfunded

- i. Post-Retirement Medical Benefit (PRMB)- Ex MD Under the unfunded scheme the Managing Director receive medical benefit. The Company accounts for the liabilities post-retirement medical scheme based an actuarial valuation.
- ii. Compensated absences: Compensated absence which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are recognised based on an actuarial valuation at the present value of the obligations as on the reporting date.
- iii. Other Retirement Benefit (ORB)- Ex-MD Pension Other benefits provide under Unfunded Scheme include pension payable to Managing Directors of the Company on their retirement and obligation is determined based on an actuarial valuation.

The Company is exposed to number of risks, the most significant of which are detailed below:

a) Investment risk

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate determined by reference to government/high quality bond yields. If the return on plan asset is below the rate, it will create a plan deficit.

b) Interest risk

A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investment.

c) Longevity Risk

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment and increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan liability.





d) Salary risk

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

Details of the Retiring Gratuity Benefit are as follows:

The following table sets out the amounts recognised in the financial statements in respect of retiring gratuity plan.

De	scription	Amount in	Rs. Lakhs
	outhroll.	Year	Year
		ended	ended
		March	March
A	Barry 19 10	31,2024	31,202
A.	Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Present Value of Obligation		
	a.DBO at beginning of the year		
	b Current Service Cost	418.03	.00
	c. Interest cost	25.42	
	d. Actuarial loss/ (gain) Experience	29.37	2.10
	e Actuarial loss/ (gain) Financial assumption	5.88	(1.00
	f. Benefits paid	10.33	(16.45
	g. DBO at end of the year	(31.46)	(55.58
-		457.58	418.03
В.	Change in Fair value of Assets		
	a. Fair Value of plan assets at beginning of the year		
	b. Interest income on plan assets	405.99	434.90
	c. Return on plan assets greater/ (lesser) than discount rate	28.49	27.78
- 1	d Contribution by the employer	10.36	(4.06)
- 1	e. Benefits Paid	0.01	2,95
	f. Fair Value of plan assets at end of the year	(31.46)	(55.58)
C.	Reconciliation of fair value of plan assets and present value of defined	413.39	405.99
	benefit obligation		
	a. Fair Value of plan assets at the end of the year		
	b. Present Value of the Obligation at the end of the year	413.39	405.99
	c. Amount recognised in the balance sheet (Retirement benefit	(457.58)	(418.03)
	obligation –Current)	.es	×
	d. Amount recognised in the balance sheet (Retirement benefit		
	obligation – Non Current)	(44.19)	(12.04)
Des	cription	Year	Year
		ended	ended
		March	March
		31,2024	31,2023
01.	Fynenses recognised in Carte and A. D. C.	Gratu	ity
	Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss		
	a. Current Service Cost	25.42	
	b. Net interest on net defined benefit liability/ (assets)	25.42	25.96
	Total (a+b) recognised under employee benefit expense	0.88	0.10
	5 Same and a support of the support	26.30	26.06



D2	Expenses recognised in the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income		
	c. Actuarial loss/ (gain) due to DBO experience d. Actuarial loss/ (gain) due to DBO assumption changes e. Return on plan assets (greater)/ less than discount rate Total (c+d+e) recognized under OCI Total expense recognised under Total Comprehensive Income during the year (a+b+c+d+e)	5 88 10.33 (10.36) 5.86 32 15	(1.63) (16.45) (4.06) (14.02) 12.04

25.03 Investment Details of Plan Assets (Gratuity)

Particulars	%age invested Year ended March 31, 2024	%age invested Year ended
a. GOI and State Government Securities		March 31, 2023
h Public Sector and Delivery D.	59%	60%
b. Public Sector and Private Sector Unit Bonds	27%	24%
c. Cash including Special Deposit Schemes d. Property	8%	9%
e. Equity Shares of listed companies	0%	0%
f. Others (including assets under schemes of insurance)	6%	7%
a way o (more daily assets under schemes of insurance)	0%	0%

25.04 Assumptions: The key assumption used in accounting for gratuity is as below

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Discount rate (per annum) (%) Rate of escalation in salary: Officer / Executive (%) Rate of escalation in salary: Unionized (%) Remaining average working Life (in Years)	7% 7% 7% 8 years	7.3% 7% 7% 8 years
Method Used	Projected unit credit method	Projected unit credit method

The table below outlines the effect on obligation in the event of a decrease/increase in the assumption used.

Assumption As at March 31, 2024	Change in Assumption	Impact on Scheme Liabilities
Discount Rate	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Decrease by Rs. 32.91 Lakhs / Increase by Rs. 37.65 Lakhs
Salary escalation	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Increase by Rs.37.30 Lakhs / Decrease by Rs. 33.22 Lakhs
Assumption As at March 31, 2023		Decrease by Rs. 55.22 Lakins
Discount Rate	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Decrease by Rs. 29.79 Lakhs / Increase by Rs. 34.08 Lakhs
Salary escalation	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Increase by Rs. 33.86 Lakhs / Decrease by Rs. 30.15 Lakhs





The above sensitivities may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

A. Expected Benefits payments for the year ending

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

4) 14- 1-01-020	Year ended March 31,2024	Year ended March 31,2023
1) March 31, 2024	4	23.48
2) March 31, 2025	24.57	45.79
3) March 31, 2026 4) March 31, 2027	47.14	46.70
5) March 31, 2028 to March 31, 2032	35.05	36.82
6) March 31, 2028	3	380
7) March 31, 2029 to March 31, 2033	42.35	46.32
8) March 31, 2030 to March 31, 2034	57.88	277.38
-7 Martin 01, 2000 to Watch 31, 2034	214.51	

B. Actuary's best estimate of the expected employer contributions for the next year is Rs. 44.19 Lakhs (March 31, 2023 Rs. 12.04 Lakhs).

C. Weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation 8 years (March 31, 2023: 8 years).

Details of Provident fund benefit plans are as follow:

The following table set out the amount recognised in financial statement in respect of provident fund benefit plan.

Particulars		Amount in Rs. Lakhs
raticulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Projected benefit obligation: a) Total fair value of assets (including interest income)	1,609.95	1,493.09
b) Total PF obligation (including interest cost)	(1,777.58)	(1,644.15)
Net liability (shortfall in contribution)	(167.63)	(151.06)
Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (including contribution and shortfall as mentioned above)	55.56	100.98

Key assumptions used for actuarial valuation are as below:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Discount rate	7%	7.3%
EPFO return	8.15%	8.15%
Expected rate of return on investment	8.15%	8.15%





Details of unfunded defined benefits are as follows:

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

	Description	Year ended March 31,2024	Year ended March 31,2023	Year ended March 31,2024	Year ended March 31,2023
		PRMB			ment benefit RB)
Α	Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Present Value of Obligation				,,
	a DBO at beginning of the year	44.53	47.30	431.10	424.05
	b Current Service Cost		11,00	431.10	424.03
	c. Interest Cost	3.11	2.96	30.66	27.92
	d, Actuarial (gains)/loss – arising from change in financial assumption	0.85	(1.51)	10.86	(20.66)
v	e. Actuarial (gains)/loss – arising from change in experience assumption	(0.43)	3.45	(33.74)	32 53
	f. Actuarial (gain)/loss - demographic assumptions	-	-		-
	g. Benefits paid	(3.88)	(7.67)	(27.86)	(32.74)
	h. DBO at the end of the year	44.17	44.53	411.01	431.10
В1	Expense recognised under employee benefit expense				
	a. Current Service cost		-		
	b. Interest cost	3.11	2.96	30.66	27.92
B2	Expense recognised under OCI				21.32
	c. Actuarial (gain)/ loss	0.42	1.94	(22.88)	11.87
	d. Expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss during the year (a+b+c)	3.53	4.90	7.78	39 79

The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liabilities.

PRMB:

A. Expected Benefits payments for the year ending	Ar	mount in Rs. Lakhs
	Year ended	Year ended
4) 14. 1.04.000	March 31,2024	March 31,2023
1) March 31, 2024		4.92
2) March 31, 2025	4.91	4.69
3) March 31, 2026	4.66	4.45
4) March 31, 2027	4.40	4.21
5) March 31, 2028	4.13	3.95
6) March 31, 2029 to March 31, 2033		15.86
7) March 31, 2029	3.86	247
8) March 31, 2030 to March 31, 2034	15.15	(3)
9) Beyond Ten Years	15.91	17.80

B. Weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation 7 years (March 31, 2023: 7 years)





Other retirement benefit (ORB):

A. Expected Benefits payments for the year ending

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

	Year ended March 31,2024	Year ended March 31,2023
1) March 31, 2024	•	
2) March 31, 2025	20.00	29.32
3) March 31, 2026	29.26	29.81
	29.58	30.18
4) March 31, 2027	29.76	30.38
5) March 31, 2028	29.57	
6) March 31, 2029 to March 31, 2033	29.57	30,41
7) March 31, 2029		145.20
	29.57	54
8) March 31, 2030 to March 31, 2034	137.68	
9) Beyond Ten Years	226.98	259.54

B. Weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation 8 years (March 31, 2023: 9 years)

Details of compensated absences are as follows:

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

	Description		Year ended March 31,2023
		Leav	e Salary
A.	Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Present Value of Obligation		
	a. DBO at beginning of the year	186.07	202.08
	b. Current Service Cost	12.10	12.19
	c. Interest Cost	13.09	12.13
	d. Actuarial (gains)/loss	1.05	(17.24)
	e. Benefits paid	(13.47)	(23.89)
	f. DBO at the end of the year	198.84	186.07
В	Expense recognised	100.04	100.07
	a. Current Service cost	12.10	12.19
	b. Interest cost	13.09	12.93
	c. Actuarial (gain)/loss	1.05	(17.24)
	d. Expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss during the year (a+b+c)	26.24	7.88

25.05 The expenses for the above mentioned benefits have been disclosed under the following line items:

i) Compensated Absence and ORB - under Salaries and wages, including bonus.

ii) Gratuity and Provident Fund - under Contribution to provident and other funds.

iii) PRMB- under Staff Welfare Expense.





25.06 The table below outlines the effect on obligation in the event of a decrease/increase of 1% in the assumption used.

As at March 31, 2024	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
PRMB		
Particulars	Changes in assumption	Impact on Scheme Liabilities
Discount Rate	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Decrease by Rs. 2.71 Lakhs/ Increase b Rs.3.06 Lakhs
Compensated Absen	ce	
Discount Rate	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Decrease by Rs. 14.59 Lakhs / Increase by Rs.16.72 Lakhs
Salary escalation	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Increase by Rs. 16.57 Lakhs / Decrease by Rs.14.72 Lakhs
Other Retirement Ber	nefit - Ex Director Pension	
Discount Rate	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Decrease by Rs. 34.44 Lakhs / Increase by Rs. 39.90 Lakhs
Pension Escalation	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Increase by Rs. 37.72 Lakhs / Decrease by Rs.33.23 Lakhs
As at March 31, 2023 PRMB		
Discount Rate	Increase by 1%, decrease by	Decrease by Rs. 2.77 Lakhs/ Increase by
	170	Rs.3.12 Lakhs
Compensated Absence		Rs 3.12 Lakhs
Compensated Absence		Decrease by Rs.13.46 Lakhs / Increase by Rs.15.44 Lakhs
	Increase by 1%, decrease by	Decrease by Rs.13.46 Lakhs / Increase
Discount Rate	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1% Increase by 1%, decrease by 1%	Decrease by Rs.13.46 Lakhs / Increase by Rs.15.44 Lakhs Increase by Rs.15.34 Lakhs / Decrease
Discount Rate	Increase by 1%, decrease by 1% Increase by 1%, decrease by	Decrease by Rs.13.46 Lakhs / Increase by Rs.15.44 Lakhs Increase by Rs.15.34 Lakhs / Decrease

26. Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure

Other General expenses include amount incurred for Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure as required under section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Particulars	Year ended March 31,2024 Rs Lakhs	Year ended March 31,2023 Rs Lakhs
Amount required to be spent as per Sec 135 of the Companies Act	20.46	13.34
Amount spent during the year on: i) Construction/ acquisition of any asset ii) On purpose other than (i) above	20.63	13.35

There is excess spent amount of Rs 0.17 lakh as of March 31, 2024 (March 31, 2023 - Rs. 0.01 lakh) and the excess expenditure incurred during the year ended March 31, 2024, is being carried forward to the next financial year.



27. Financial instruments

27.01 Capital Management

The Company's Capital Management is intended to create value for shareholders by facilitating the achievement of long-term and short-term goals of the Company. The Company determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual operating plans. The capital structure of the Company consists of equity contributed by shareholders. The Company does not have borrowed funds.

27.02 Gearing Ratio

The gearing ratio at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024 (Rs Lakhs)	As at March 31, 2023 (Rs Lakhs)
Debt		110 Edinio/
Total Equity	6647.04	4,863,97
Net Debt Equity Ratio		4,000.97

27.03 Disclosures on Financial instruments

This section gives an overview of the significance of financial instruments for the Company and provides additional information on balance sheet items that contain financial instruments.

The details of significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognized, in respect of each class of financial assets, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in note 2.09 to the financial statements.

Financial Assets and Liabilities

The following table presents carrying amount and fair value of each category of financial assets and liabilities:

Financial Assets	Amortized Cost	Fair Value through OCI	Fair Value through Profit & Loss (FVTPL)	mount in Rs. Lakh Total Carrying Value
Investments	*	-	2,511.63	2,511.64
Trade receivables	6,065.58	2	-	6,065.58
Cash and cash equivalents	286.93			286.93
Other balances with bank	2.75		2	2.75
Loans	1.14	5.00	(4)	1.14
Other financial assets	8 66		15 -	8.66





As at March 31, 2024

Financial Liabilities	Amortized Cost	Fair Value through OCI	Fair Value through Profit & Loss(FVTPL)	Total Value	Carrying
Trade Payable	4,564.33		2000(17112)		4,564.33
Other financial liabilities	268,20				268.20

As at March 31, 2023

Financial Assets	Amortized Cost	Fair Value through OCI	Fair Value through Profit & Loss (FVTPL)	Total Value	Carrying
Investment		-	1,402.15		1,402.15
Trade receivables	4,463.02	-			4,463.02
Cash and cash equivalents	254.75	¥:	-		254.75
Other balances with bank	364.76		-		364.76
Loans	2.08				2.08
Other financial assets	30.44	-			30.44

As at March 31, 2023

Financial Liabilities	Amortized Cost	Fair Value through OCI	Fair Value through Profit & Loss(FVTPL)	Total Carrying Value
Trade Payable	3,832.30	1.81	-	3,832.30
Other financial liabilities	237.34	==	2	237.34

Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to Level 3, as described below.

Quoted price in an active market (Level 1):

This level of hierarchy includes financial assets that are measured by reference to quoted price (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. This category consists quoted equity shares, quoted corporate debt instruments and mutual fund investments.

Valuation techniques with observable inputs (Level 2):

This level of hierarchy includes financial assets and liabilities, measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

Valuation techniques with significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

This level of hierarchy includes financial assets and liabilities, measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part, using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market



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data

Some of the Company's Financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period.

Financial Assets	As	Fair Value hierarchy	Valuation techniques and key inputs			
	March 31,2024	March 31,2023				
Investment in Mutual Funds	Rs. 2,511.63 Lakhs	Rs. 1,402.15 Lakhs	Level 1	NAV funds	from	mutual

Notes:

- i) Current financial assets and liabilities are stated at carrying value which is approximately equal to the fair value.
- ii) Investments carried at fair value are generally based on market price quotations/NAV of the respective mutual fund scheme. The fair value in respect of the unquoted equity investments cannot be reliably measured and is not expected to be material to these financial statements.
- iii) Management used its best judgment in estimating the fair value of its financial instruments. However, there are inherent limitations in any estimation technique. Therefore, for substantially all financial instruments, the fair value estimates presented above are not necessarily indicative of all the amounts that the Company could have realized or paid in sale transactions as of respective dates.

As such, the fair value of the financial instruments subsequent to the reporting dates may be different from the amounts reported at each reporting date.

iv) There have been no transfers between level 1 and level 2 for the years ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.

27.04 Financial risk management objective

In the course of its business the Company is exposed primarily to fluctuations in interest rates, equity prices, liquidity and credit risk, which may adversely impact the fair value of its financial instruments. The Company has a risk management policy which not only covers the foreign exchange risks but also other risks associated with the financial assets and liabilities such as interest rate and credit risks. The risk management policy is approved by the Board of directors. The risk management framework aims to:

- i) Create a stable business planning environment by reducing the impact of currency and interest rate fluctuations on the Company's business plan.
- ii) Achieve greater predictability to earnings by determining the financial value of the expected earning in advance.

27,05 Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of any loss in future earnings, in realizable fair values or in future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, equity price fluctuations, liquidly and other market changes. Future specific market movements cannot be normally predicted with reasonable accuracy.





27.06 Interest rate risk management

The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk for working capital requirements. The Company does not have any borrowings.

27.07 Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss arising from counterparty failure to repay or service debt according to the contractual terms or obligations. Credit risk encompasses both the direct risk of default and the risk of deterioration or creditworthiness as well as concentration risks. Financial instruments that are subject to concentration of credit risk, principally consist of investments, trade receivables, loans and derivatives financial instruments. None of the financial instruments of the Company result in material concentrations of credit risks except as disclosed under note No. 7.

27.08 Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company cannot meet its financial obligations. The objective of liquidity risk management is to maintain sufficient liquidity and ensure that funds are available for use as per requirements. The Company invests its surplus funds in bank fixed deposits and scheme of mutual funds, which carry no/low mark to market risk.

The table below provides the details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities:-

Financial Liabilities as at March 31, 2024

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

	Carrying amount	Contractual Cash flows	Less than 1 year	Between 1-5 year	More than
Non derivative finan	cial liabilities		-		- Jour
Trade Payable	4 564 33	4.564.33	4.479.99	84.34	
Other financial liabilities	268.20	268.20	153.86	114.34	

Financial Liabilities as at March 31, 2023

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

	Carrying amount	Contractual Cash flows	Less than 1 year	Between 1-5 year	More than
Non derivative finar	ncial liabilities				o you.
Trade Payable	3,832.30	3,832.30	3,447.04	385.26	135
Other financial liabilities	237.34	237.34	123.00	114.34	

28. Proposed Dividend

The dividend declared by the Company is based on profit available for distribution as reported in the financial statement of the Company. On 16th April 2024, the Board of Director have proposed a dividend of Rs. 2666.67 per ordinary share aggregating Rs. 2000 lakhs in respect of the year ended March 31, 2024, which is subject to approval of shareholder at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.





		Pigments Limited the financial statements		
140	us 10	the illiancial statements	Ar	nount in Rs. Lakh
			As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31 2023
29	Cont	tingent Liabilities and commitments		
	(a)	Contingent Liabilities		
		a Sales Tax demands against which appeals are pending	171.79	286.2
		b. GST demands against which appeals are pending	17 17	17.1
		c Claim by ex C & F Agent	2	14.2
		d Entry Tax demands	¥	99.1
		e, Employees State Insurance matters	434.37	414,0
		f Claim for Security Service	9 1 1	19
	(b)	Capital Commitments		
		Estimated value of contracts in capital account remaining to be executed on capital account and not provide for	431.33	219 4
0	The (2019 issued by the Employees' Provident Fund Organisation in relation to non-exclusion of certain allowances for relevant employees for the purposes of determining contribution to provident fund under the Employees' Providen 1952, in the assessment of the management these amounts are not payable. The aforeseid matter is not likely to accordingly, no provision has been made in these financial statements. Code on Social Security, 2020	1 Funds & Miscellane	ious Provisions Ad
20	,,,,,	The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employme September 2020 and has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the provisions of the notified, Further, related Schemes and Rules are also awaited.	nt received President Code will come into	ilal assent on 28th effect has not be
		The Company is not required to account for any impact arising out of the Code in its financial statements, pending	such notification.	
11	Earni	ings per Share		
			Rs. per share	Rs. per shar
		Profit from operation attributable to shareholders of the Company - for Basic and Diluted EPS (Rs Lakhs)	1,845,64	1 250 54
		Weighted average number of equity shares used as the denominator in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share (Nos.)	75,000	75,000
		Basic Earnings per share	2,460.85	1,667 39
		Diluted Earnings per share	2,460.85	1,667.3
		There are no diluted securities issued by the Company	Am	nount in Rs. Lakh
			As at March	As at March 31
2	Dunk	to micro and small enterprises	31, 2024	2023
		company has certain dues to suppliers registered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises opment Act, 2006 ("MSMED Act"). The disclosures pursuant to the said MSMED Act are as follows (refer 3)"		
	Panci	pat amount due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	2,415.94	1.345 7
	Intere	st due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	199	15,9
	Атоц аррон	nt of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the nted day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act	50.65	11.19



Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year



27 06

50 65

31 SEGMENT REPORTING

Primary Segment Information (Business Segment)

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

Particulare	Pigments & Paints	Service Contract	Unallocable	Total
Segment revenue				
External revenue	7,266.18 (8,895.90)	18,030.12 (10,507.30)	193.07 (95.11)	23,489.3 1 (19,496.3
Inter Segment revenue	(-)	(à)	(-)	(-)
Titilii revenue	7,298.18 (6,895.90)	18,930.12 (10,507 30)	193.07 (95.11)	23,489.3 (19,498.3)
Segment results before finance costs, exceptional items and tax	(274.81)	2,575.68	193.07	2,493.85
	138,28	(1,745.04)	(95 11)	(1,701.89
Less Finance Cost				12.37 (11.79
Frof a before tax				2,481.48 (1,690.10
Tax expenses				635.84 (439.56
Profit after tex				1,845.64 (1,250.54
Segment Assets	4,300.20 (4,429.08)	5,712,18 (3,834.08)	2,553.29 (1,785.46)	12,585,67 (10,048.60
Segment Limbilities	3,797.43 (2,978.59)	2,121.21 (2,208.04)	a 3	5,918.64 (5,184.63
apital expenditure	(337.43) (189.93)	941.17 (708.07)		603.74 (896.00
egment depreciation	215.80 (175.28)	70.36 (23.35)	94 94	286.16 (198.63

Figure in bracket indicate previous year number

Secondary Segment Information (Geographical Segment)		
	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended
Segment Revenue		
Within India	23,467 90	19,474 89
Outside India	21,49	23 42
Capital Expenditure		
Within India	803.74	896.00
Outside India	:=:	000.00
Segment Assets		
Within India	12,585 67	10,048 60
Outside India	12,363 67	10,048 60

Additional Information :

- The Company has disclosed Business Segment as the primary segment. Segments have been identified taking into account the nature of the
 products, the differing risks and returns, the organisational structure and internal reporting system. The Company's operation predominantly relate to
 misinufacturer of Oxide of iron and Decorative Product and other Service Contract.
- Segment Revenue, Segment Results, Segment Assets and Segment Liabilities include the respective amounts identifiable to each of the segments
 as also amounts allocated on a reasonable basis. The expenses, which are not directly relatable to the business segment, are shown as unallocated.
 Assets and Rebifties that cannot be allocated between the segments are shown as unallocated assets and liabilities respectively.





The Tata Pig	ments Lir	nited
Notes to the	financial	statements

34 Related Party Transaction :

Amount in Rs. Lakhs

Description of Transaction	Name of the Related Party	Relationship	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	1 128 94	1,722,55
Purchase of Raw Materials		Fellow Subsidiary of Holding company	51 55	91 71
10-11	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	254 17	273 90
Purchase of Power	Tala Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	560 85	737 84
Purchase of Fuel	Tala Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	63.19	65 88
Purchase of Water Purchase of Consumable	Indian Steel & Wire Products Ltd	Failow Subsidiary of Holding company	: 4	0.43
Sale of Products	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	0 02	30 60
Receiving of Services		Ultimate holding company	58 58	56 53
Medical Charges	Tata Steel Limited		34 46	42.40
Other Expenses Municipal Charges	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company Ultimate holding company	15 93	19 14
Internal Audit fees	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	427 14	378 21
Salary & Wages -Deputation Charges*		Ultimate holding company	12.14	15.52
SAP Maintenance fees	Tats Steel Limited		58.39	53 39
Other Expenses Rent	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	21 59	19 49
Accompdation Charges	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	62 07	52 33
Safety & Other Services	Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services Ltd.	Holding company	1461	10.00
T Maintenence & Others	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	10.84	100
CSR	Tata Steel Foundation	Ultimate holding company	10 64	
Sale of Services - Painting	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	14,880 63	9,106.5
	The Tinpiate Company of India Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding company	91 33	211.4
	Neelanchal Ispat Nigam Ltd	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding company	1,422,94	582 2
	Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services Ltd	Holding company	17 16	46.5
	Tata Steel Long Product Ltd	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding company	65 53	34
	Himalaya Steel Mill Services Pvt Ltd	Joint Venture of Holding Company	5.1	1.4
	Angul Energy Ltd	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding company	79 63	79 1
	TRF Limited	Associate of Holding Company	44 87	1.6
	Tata Steel Minining Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding company	8 53	14
Dividenci paid	Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services Ltd.	Holding company	75 00	75.0
	Mr. Umesh Kumer Singh	Managing Director (Ex-MD)	-	67.4
Managenal Remuneration	Mr Anil Kumar Singh Harshana	Managing Director	131.31	60 1
	Mr Dinosh Agarwal	Crief of Finance & Accounts	48 96	40.2
Nature of Outstanding	Name of the Related Party	Relationship	Year ended March 31, 2024	
Outstanding Payable	Tata Steel Limited	Ultimate holding company	230 20 37 14	2178
	Tata Steel Utilibes & Infrastructure Services Ltd	Holding company	31 14	
Cutstanding Receivable	Tata Steel Limited (including erstwhile Tata Steel BSL)	Uternate holding company	5,287 51	2,786
	Indian Steel & Wire Products Ltd	Follow Subsidiary of Holding company	1 08	10
	Tata Steel Utilities & Infrastructure Services Ltd	Holding company	29 90	43 2
	TRF Lta	Associate of Holding Company	28 54	7 1
	The Tinplate Company of India Limited	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding company	-	57
	Neeianchal Ispat Nigam Ltd Angul Energy Ltd	Fellow Subsidiary of Holding company Fellow Subsidiary	287.43 20.78	99
			F4.05	00
Advance Paid	Tata Steel Limited The Tinplate Company of India Limited	Ultimate holding company Fellow Subsidiary of Holding company	54 00	80





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The Tata Pigments Limited
Notes to the financial statements

35. Additional regulatory information required by Schedule III:

- (i) Details of benami property held No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder...
- (ii) Wilful defaulter The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority
- (iii) Relationship with struck off companies The Company has no transactions with the companies struck off under Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956
- (iv) Compliance with the number of layers of companies The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.
- (v) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.
- (vi) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies There are no charges or satisfaction which are yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period
- (VIII) Fair valuation of investment property. The Company does not require fair valuation since there are no investment properties.
- (viii) Valuation of,PP&E, intangible asset and investment property: The Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current or previous year
- (x) No funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or it any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermiadiaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing of otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities indentified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") priprovide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (x) No funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (xi) There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.
- (XII) The Company has done an assessment to identify Core Investment Company (CIC) [including CIC's in the Group] as per the necessary guidelines of Reserve Bank of India (including Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016). The Companies identified as CIC's at Group level are Panatone Finvest Limited, Talace Private limited, Fincare Business Service Limited, TATA Industries Limited, TATA Sons Private Limited, TMF Holdings Limited and T S Investments
- (xiii) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency. The company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year





36 Ratio Analysis :

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	Current Period		% of Variance	Reuson for variance
Current Ratio	Current Asset	Current Liabillies	2 02	1 67	8 18%	
Debl-Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Average equity	NA	NA	NA.	
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	EBIT	Debt Service	NA	NA	NA.	
Return on Equity (%)	Profit after tax	Average Shareholder's equity	32,07%	29.25%	2.82%	
inventory lumover Ratio (in Days)	Sale of Product	Average inventory	42	35	18 25%	
Trade receivables tumqvar Reso (in Days)	Revenue from Operation	Average Trade Receivable	62	88	24 57%	
Trade payable turnover Railo (in Days)	Ехрепева	Average Trade Psyable	74	70	7.89%	
Net capital himover Ratio (in Days)	Revenue from Operation	Average Working Capital	96	61	9.14%	
Net profit ratio (%)	Profit efter tax	Total Revenue	7 86%	6 41%	1.44%	
Return on Capital employed (%)	EBIT	Average Capital Employed	43 16%	38.85%	4 33%	
Return on investment (%)	Income from	Average lovestment	11.69%	5.16%	6.53%	

EBIT: PBT+Fmance Cost+interest on FD

i Sale of Product: Sale of Manufactured goods + Sale of Trading goods

ii Income from Investment: Ehort term Capital Gein+Change in Feir value of investment+ Interest of fixed deposit

w Average Shareholder's equity: Opening Shareholder's equity - Closing Shareholder's equity

Shareholder's equity - Equity - Other Equity

Average Inventory Opening Inventory + Closing Inventory

v Average Trade Receivable : <u>Opening Trade Receivable + Chang Trade Hacewakin</u>
2

vi Average Trade Payable : Opening Trade Payable - Closing Trade Payable

rfi Average Working Cepton): Opening Working Cepton • Closing Working Cepton

Working Capital: Current Assel- Current Liability

vis Average Capital Employed | Opening Capital Employed + Clusing Capital Employed

Capital Employed Equity Shere Capital + Other Equity

x Average Investment Opening Investment - Closing Investment

a Expenses: Total Expenses - Finance Cost - Depreciation and Amortisation Expense - Employee Benefit Expenses in respect of Retirement Benefits -

Other expenses with respect to Royalty, Retes & Texes, Provision for Doubtful Debts & Advences, Provision for Impelment and Foreign Exchange Gain/Loss

For Price Waterhouse & Co Chartered Accountants LLP

stration Number: 304026E/E300009 Pravio

Partner Mambership Number: 127460

Place: Pune Date April 16 , 2024

Dinesh Agarwai Chief of Finance & Accounts

Rajly Mangel Cheirman (DIN:10090807)

Art S Hambana
Anil Kumer Bingh Hershana
Managang Director
(DN : 09749172)
Place Jamahadeur Place Jamshedpur Date: April 18 , 2024