

The Member Secretary State Pollution Control Board, Odisha Paribesh Bhawan A/118, Nilakantha Nagar, Unit - VIII Bhubaneswar - 751012

MD/ ENV/ 828 / 120 / 2023 Date: 28<sup>th</sup> September 2023

Sub: Environmental Statement of Katamati Iron Mine, M/s Tata Steel Limited for 2022-23.

Dear Sir

Kindly find attach herewith the Environmental Statement in the prescribed format (Form V) as per "Environmental (Protection) Amendment Rules 1992" of our Katamati Iron Mine for your kind perusal.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully f: Tata Steel Limited

Chief (Mine Planning & Projects), OMQ

Encl: As above

Copy to: The Regional Officer, State Pollution Control Board, At: Baniapata, College Road, Keonjhar - 758001, Odisha

# ENVIRONMENT STATEMENT 2022-23









# KATAMATI IRON MINE TATA STEEL LIMITED

September 2023

#### FORM - V (See Rule -14)

### ENVIRONMENT STATEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING THE 31st MARCH, 2022

#### KATAMATI IRON MINE, M/S TATA STEEL LIMITED

#### PART-A

1	Name and address of the owner/ occupier of the industry, operation or process	h -	Mr. Shirish Shekhar, Chief (Katamati) Katamati Iron Mine, Tata Steel Limited Po.: Noamundi, DistWest Singhbhum Jharkhand – 833217  Mr Ajay Kumar Goyal, Mines Manager (Katamati) Katamati Iron Mine, Tata Steel Limited Po.: Noamundi, DistWest Singhbhum Jharkhand – 833217
	Nominated Owner	+	Mr. Atul Bhatnagar, General Manager, OMQ division, Administrative Building, Noamundi Iron Mine, Tata Steel Limited PO.: Noamundi, DistWest Singhbhum Jharkhand 833217  Mr T V Narendran, CEO & Managing Director, Tata Steel Ltd, Bombay House, 24 Homi Mody Street, Fort, Mumbai 400 001
2	Industry Category	7	Opencast Iron Mining Industry (Major)
3	Production Capacity		Mine: 13.5 MTPA Iron Ore ROM Processing: 4 MTPA  Production details in FY23: ROM (Ore + Subgrade): 7581611 T OB waste: 1498582 T
4	Year of Establishment	:	1933
5	Date of last Environmental Statement submitted.	-	27 <sup>th</sup> September 2022, vide letter no. MD/ENV/305/120/2022 for the year 2021-22.

#### <u>PART-B</u> Water and Raw Material Consumption

#### (i) Water Consumption:

Consumption Head:	2021-22 (In cu.m/day) (Annual Average)	2022-23 (In cu.m/day) (Annual Average)
Process.	Nil	Nil
Spraying in mine pit , services	183.48	407.53
Domestic	Nil	Nil
Name of the product		mption per product output n3/MT)
Iron Ore*	Nil	Nil

\*Note: The Katamati Iron mine has common colony with Noamundi Iron Mine. Thus, domestic water consumption is considered at Noamundi mine only. The mine has only mobile crushing & screening plant at pit head.

#### ii) Raw Material Consumption

The following items have been consumed/ utilized:

			Consumption o	f Raw Material	
Nows of E	aux 9fetariala	Name of	During previous	During current	
Name of R	law Materials	Product	financial year (2021-22)	financial year (2022-23)	
High Speed	Diesel		1982892 Litre	6057017 Litre	
Lubricants	AAAAA AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA		54224 Litre	100544 Litre	
Grease			11650 <b>K</b> g	5264 Kg	
Explosive of all types	Slurry explosives	Iron Ore of steel grade	Small dia (up to 32mm)-17984 Kg Large dia. (above 32 mm)- 18050 Kg	Small dia (up to 32mm)- Nil. Large dia. (above 32 mm)- 7531 Kg	
(Explosive, codex, detonator)	Detonators		Ordinary - 0 Electrical-386 nos.	Ordinary - 0 Electrical-386 nos.	
	Detonating Fuse		9175 Mts	.2154 Mts.	
Gas			0	0	
Tyres			11 nos.	32 nos.	
Drill rods			116 nos.	343 nos.	
Electric Po	wer in KWH				
Consumed		Iron Ore of	2963160	23206519	
Generated		steel grade	•	162000	

#### PART-C

### POLLUTION DISCHARGED TO ENVIROMENT/ UNIT OF OUTPUT (Parameters as specified in the consent issued)

Pollutants	Quantity of Pollutants discharged (mass / day)	Concentration of of Pollutants discharges (mass / day)	Percentage of variation from prescribed standards with reasons		
a) Water	Katamati Iron Mine is an opencast iron mine with mobile crushing & screening plant for processing of the ore. At present, total water requirement is met from adjoining Noamundi Iron Mine of Tata Steel Limited (Mine is having valid permission from WRD). There is no wet processing of the mineral, hence no generation of tailings. Water is only used for dust suppression purpose.				

There is no separate workshop at Katamati. The effluent generated in the central workshop at Noamundi is handled and treated in the ETP. Treated water is reused for washing.

Garland drains along with foe walls have been constructed all around the OB dump as well as Mineral Reject dump for management of surface runoff. Rainwater is allowed to accumulate in the lower-most benches of the mine quarry pit for recharge of ground water. A network of settling ponds and check dams exists in the downstream areas which are now being increased in number as well as size for proper management of surface runoff. Further all garland drains and settling ponds are de-silted as part of pre-monsoon preparations. The network of all these structures ensures that only clear water leaves the mine lease boundary.

Wheel washing facility has been installed and is in operation near exit gate to arrest the dust due to transport activity. The water from this system is recycled back and sludge is being removed and stored in mine dump.

There are no colonies within Katamati mine lease area. All the colonies are in the adjoining Noamundi mine lease area where there is adequate no. of STPs to treat the domestic wastewater.

Further the domestic sewage generated in the mine pit office are treated in soak pit-septic tank arrangement.

### The water quality data for the common STP/ETP located at Noamundi and surface water quality data is provided as Annexure-1

b) Air

Wet drilling is practiced in Katamati Iron Mine with drills equipped with water injection system. Blasting is done using the controlled blasting technique.

Dry fog system, fixed water sprinklers, mobile tankers and mist cannons are provided to prevent any fugitive emissions.

Further, dust-cum-noise barrier is proposed to be installed around the crushing and screening plants to act as windbreaker as well as attenuate the noise level and keep it below the prescribed noise levels at the boundary of plant.

A wheel washing facility has been installed at exit gate of mine to arrest and control the fugitive emission from mineral transportation. In addition to this all the trucks carrying ore through public roads are covered with tarpaulin.

Three Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring station (CAAQMS) are installed in core and buffer zone of Katamati area. Various air quality parameters such as PM10, PM2.5, SOx, NOX, CO etc. are monitored and the data of same is transmitted to State Pollution Control Board server online. The data of same is also being displayed publicly.

A thick & dense vegetation is also placed in all surrounding the area which significantly reduced the poliution load.

The average results of air quality monitoring is attached as Annexure-2.

#### PART-D

#### **HAZARDOUS WASTES**

As specified under the Hazardous & Other Waste (Management & Trans boundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and amendment thereof

Hazardous Wastes	Total Quantity	
	During previous financial year (2021-22)	During current financial year (2022-23)
i) From Process		

Used Oil	Nil	Nil	
<ul> <li>Waste containing Oil (Jute etc.)</li> </ul>	Nil	Nil	
<ul> <li>Waste Used Batteries</li> </ul>	Nil.	Nil	
Discarded containers	Nil	Nil	
ii) From Pollution Control Facility  • Waste oil from oil & grease separation pit	Nil. Hazardous waste generated in the common facility at Noamundi is disposed as per the Rules to the authorised recyclers.		
Sludge from oil and grease separation pit			

#### PART-E

#### **SOLID WASTES**

Overburden waste is generated in the mine. All the overburden is stored in the designated place inside the mine as per the approved mining plan.

Sources	During previous financial year (2021-22)	During current financial year (2022-23)	
a) From Process  • From mining as Overburden	1616896 Tonne	1498582 Tonne	
b) From Pollution Control Facility	Nil	Nil	
c) i. Quantity recycled or reutilized within the unit	Ņil	Nil	
ii. Quantity sold	Nìl	Nil	
iii. Quantity disposed	Nil	Ńil	

#### PART-F

# PLEASE SPECIFY THE CHARACTERISTICS (IN TERMS OF COMPOSITION AND QUANTUM) OF HAZARDOUS AS WELL AS SOLID WASTES AND INDICATE DISPOSAL PRACTICE ADOPTED FOR BOTH THESE CATEGORIES OF WASTES

In the Katamati Iron Mine, hazardous waste is generated mainly in the form of used oil during the maintenance of HEMMs at the common workshop located at Noamundi. The used oil is disposed to authorized agency as per the Hazardous Waste Management Rules. During handling and maintenance of HEMM, the oil-soaked materials (jute etc.) is being kept and disposed in impervious pit. The hazardous waste such as used batteries are sold to authorized agency.

All the hazardous waste generated is handled through a centralized system at Noamundi and disposed to authorized recyclers only.

#### PART-G

### IMPACT OF POLLUTION ABATEMENT MEASURES TAKEN ON CONSERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND ON THE COST OF PRODUCTION

- Katamati Iron Mine is a mechanized opencast iron mine with crushing & screening plant at pit head. For mineral conservation, various techniques followed, such as blending of subgrade materials, use of low grade ore etc. is being explored.
- Old slime stock is stored within the mine for its future use.
- For dust suppression, fixed & mobile dust suppression units are installed at Katamati Mine in haul roads.
- A wheel washing facility is also installed and commissioned at Katamati near exit gate to clean any dust attached to the tyres of vehicles.
- Check dams, siltation ponds, toe wall and garland drains are constructed as per approved mining plan.

#### PART-H

## ADDITIONAL MEASURES/ INVESTMENT PROPOSAL FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION INCLUDING ABATEMENT OF POLLUTION, PREVENTION OF POLLUTION

- The frequency of water spraying by mobile tanker along the approach roads to the entryexit gate was reviewed and ensured to operate in all 3 shifts. The tanker sprays water on an average 9 trips/day. Water spraying by mobile tanker along public road from entry-exit gate to Deojhar (around 5 km) is being done in 3 shifts on an average of 8 trips/day.
- Covering of the entire width of approach road during water spraying was ensured and will be maintained always.
- Dust-cum-noise barrier is proposed to be installed around the crushing and screening
  plants to attenuate the noise level and keep it below the prescribed noise levels at the
  boundary of plant.
- All the high-mast lights are focused towards the mine area only by way of protective barrier.
- The OB dumps are developed as per the applicable guidelines proper benching, dump angle, toe walls and garland drains, etc. Stability of waste dumps is ensured to prevent soil erosion. The dump stability is maintained as per the recommendation of CSIR-CIMFR. Geo-textile/ coir matting is opted for the dumps which have adverse conditions like steep slopes; further rows of vetiver grasses are planted.
- Various toe wall, garland drains are made as per progressive mining plan. The capacity
  of these settling ponds are being increased to enable the accumulation of more water.

#### PART-I

#### ANY OTHER PARTICULARS FOR IMPROVING THE QUALITY OF THE ENVIRONMENT

Katamati Iron Mine of Tata Steel Limited is a captive mine and is certified for the Integrated Management System (ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015 and ISO 45001:2018) from last two decades.

The unit is having a full-fledged Environmental Management department with well qualified personnel from environmental background to take care of all aspects relating to mines and processing plant of unit.

Various awareness programs throughout the year are conducted in the area which includes celebration of World Environment Day, World Water Day, Mine Environment & Mineral Conservation Week, Annual Flower & Vegetable Show etc.

In the year 2022-23, approx. Rs. 4.70 Crores were spent on various environmental activities at Katamati Iron Mine.

Manager (Environment)
Manager (Environment), OMQ

# WATER QUALITY DATA 2022-23 Katamati Iron Mine (Annual Average)

	ŞEV	VAGE TREA			EFFLUENT TREATMENT PLANT				
Parameters	New Town Ship STP Central C 50 KLD 50 K				in ETP 10 Hospital E		TP 10 KLD	Standard	
	Inlet	Outlet	Inlet	Outlet	Inlet	Outlet	Inlet	Outlet	
pH*	6.86	7.23	6.60	7.14	6,44	7.03	6,55	7.18	5.5-9.0
TSS (mg/l)	88.08	33,50	80,83	27:00	89,42	31.08	103,67	26.75	100
BOD 5 days (mg/l)	26.00	13.53	27.25	10:98	20.75	9.96	26.53	11.10	30
COD (mg/l)	77.17	35,91	84.40	31.20	61.65	29.17	78.24	30.29	250
Oil & Grease (mg/l)	BDL)	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	10
Iron (mg/l)	0.86	.46	0.90	0.50	0,83	0.52	0.96	0.54	3.0
Faecal Coliform	139.67	53,58:	16,92	44.75	141.67	.50:17	122.50	52,00	Α.

Note: BDL - Below detection limit.

# WATER QUALITY DATA 2022-23 Katamati Iron Mine (Annual Average)

	1	(Miniator M	E WATER	<u> </u>		
Parameters	Jojo Nalla Upstream Downstream		Mahadev Nallah (Murga Nallah) Upstream	Mahadev Nallah (Murga Nallah) Downstream	Standard	
pH*	6.84	7.13	6.84	7.11	5.5-9.0	
DO (mg/l)	6.39	6.37	6.38	6.41		
TSS (mg/l)	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	100	
BOD 5 days (mg/l)	2.547	7.90	2,55	2.50	30	
COD (mg/l)	8.89	9,16	8.89	8.10	250	
Iron (mg/t)	0.256	0.24	0.26	9.27	0.5	
Total Coliform	BDL	BDL			5000	

Note: BDL - Below detection limit.

### AIR QUALITY DATA 2022-23 Annual Average Air quality of Katamati Iron Mine of FY'23

Pollutants	Concentration of pollutants (µg/m³)	Standards (µg/m³)				
Near Pit Office						
1. PM <sub>10</sub>	54.36	100				
2. PM <sub>2,5</sub>	19.54	60				
3. SO <sub>2</sub>	8.62	80				
4. NO <sub>x</sub>	17.44	80				
5. CO	Ò.208	4*				
Near Metso Plant						
1. PM <sub>10</sub>	56.23	100				
2, PM <sub>2,5</sub>	19.90	60				
3. SO <sub>2</sub>	9.48	80				
4. NO <sub>x</sub>	18.93	80				
5, CO	0.207	4*				
Near Viewpoint		TO THE STATE OF TH				
1. PM <sub>10</sub>	55.91	100				
2. PM <sub>2.5</sub>	20.06	60				
3. SO <sub>2</sub>	9.67	80				
4. NO <sub>x</sub>	18:73	80				
5. CO	0.205	4*				
Near Pit Office						
1. PM <sub>10</sub>	57.03	100				
2. PM <sub>2,5</sub>	21.05	60				
3. SO₂	9.53	80				
4. NO <sub>x</sub>	18.89	80				
5. CO	0.207	4*				

<sup>\*</sup>Unit of CO is mg/m³