**TATA STEEL** WeAlsoMakeTomorrow



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## GR WTH WITH PURPOSE

### **Tata Steel Results Presentation**

Financial quarter ended June 30, 2023

July 24, 2023







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### Safe harbour statement

Statements in this presentation describing the Company's performance may be "forward looking statements" within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. Actual results may differ materially from those directly or indirectly expressed, inferred or implied. Important factors that could make a difference to the Company's operations include, among others, economic conditions affecting demand/supply and price conditions in the domestic and overseas markets in which the Company operates, changes in or due to the environment, Government regulations, laws, statutes, judicial pronouncements and/or other incidental factors

## Business Update





Leadership in

Sustainability



### **Focused on creating sustainable value**

## TATA STEEL-



Leadership position in technology Consolidate position as global cost leader



Robust financial health Become future ready





## Focus on 'Zero harm'

### Committed towards excellence in Safety & Health of employees<sup>1</sup>

### Safety remains a top priority



FY08 FY10 FY11 FY12 FY13 FY15 FY15 FY15 FY16 FY16 FY18 FY19 FY20 FY21 FY23 FY23

\*Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate per million-man hours worked, for Tata Steel Group, Fatalities covers Tata Steel Standalone, Tata Steel Long

products. SE Asia and Europe



**Exposition on Human – Machine interface** 



Focus on health of employees

- Theme based safety & health awareness campaigns and focus on leveraging digital to minimise man – machine interface
  - Video analytics solutions help us capture potential safety hazards and enable proactive interventions
  - Awareness sessions on 'Heat Stress' and 'Hypertension' were organised apart from industrial hygenie assessments

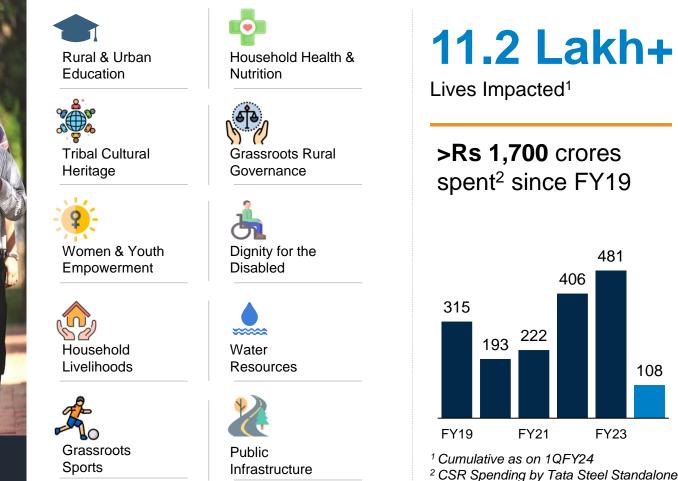


### Improving quality of life of our communities

Social capital and scalable change models to enable deep societal impact



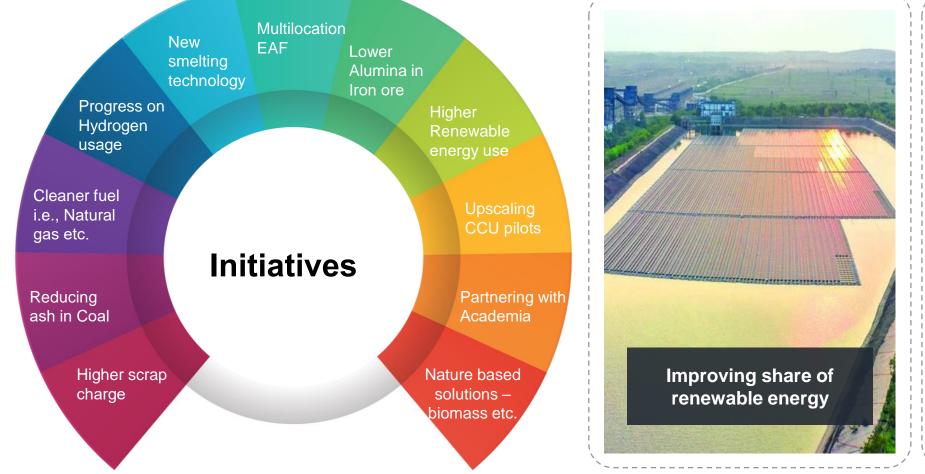
**Strengthening tomorrow** : Through our initiative SABAL, >9,000 persons with disabilities were supported in capability building and provided platform for expression



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## Net Zero by 2045 Pursuing sustainability through multiple pathways



Note : CCU – Carbon Capture & Utilisation, EAF – Electric Arc Furnace, TSE – Tata Steel Europe

Scrap recycled at Rohtak

plant, India



## **Progressing on decarbonisation journey in Netherlands** Committed to achieve 35 - 40% CO<sub>2</sub> emission reduction by 2030

Programs underway to remain amongst most cost competitive sites in EU while becoming "green" and "clean"



Roadmap+ (2019 – 2025)

- Investment across installations to bring about significant reduction in emissions, dust, odour and noise
  - De-NOx unit for the pellet plant (largest environment installation in a pellet plant in the world)
  - Emission reduction installation for cold strip mill
  - Installation of dust screens and slag pits with mobile covering
  - Soundproofing measures on trains and conveyor belts

#### **Transition to Green steel**

 Discussions with government and technology partners are already underway



1<sup>st</sup> Blast Furnace (BF) replacement by 2030

CO<sub>2</sub> emission reduction



Further drop in emissions on 2<sup>nd</sup> BF replacement



Carbon neutrality by 2045



## **Demonstrating transparency through enhanced sustainability disclosures** Actively involved in development of global & national standards



Note : GRI – Global Reporting Initiative, BRSR – Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report, SDG – Sustainable Development Goals, CDP – Carbon Disclosure Project, ISSB – International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB)

## Business Responsibility and Sustainability report Providing comprehensive non-financial inputs

- Consolidated report covering 14 major entities of Tata Steel Group
- Best in Class disclosure going beyond mandated requirements
- Active communication of Tata Steel's approach and strategy on ESG issues
- Comprehensive materiality assessment by an independent 3<sup>rd</sup> party
- Expanded assurance of reported ESG disclosure to key subsidiaries

## 18.9% Workforce diversity

75 Affirmative action suppliers

LCA of products across geographies





23% of capex for environmental & social initiatives

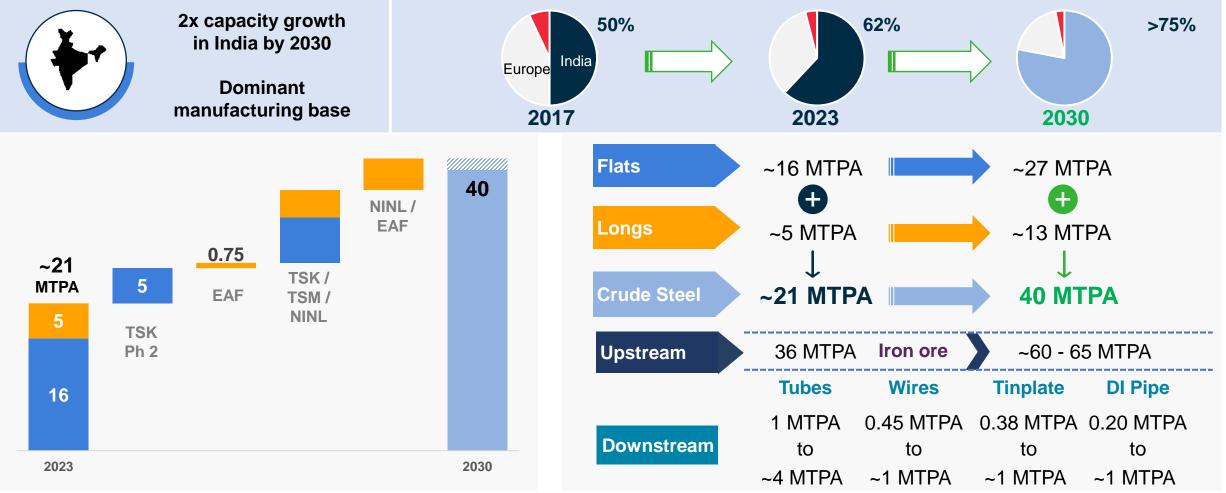


11,782 hectares covered by BMP





## Tata Steel is scaling up to capitalise on India growth opportunity Investments set to drive sector leading returns



Note : TSK – Tata Steel Kalinganagar, EAF – Electric Arc Furnace, TSM – Tata Steel Meramandali, NINL – Neelachal Ispat Nigam Limited and DI – Ductile Iron

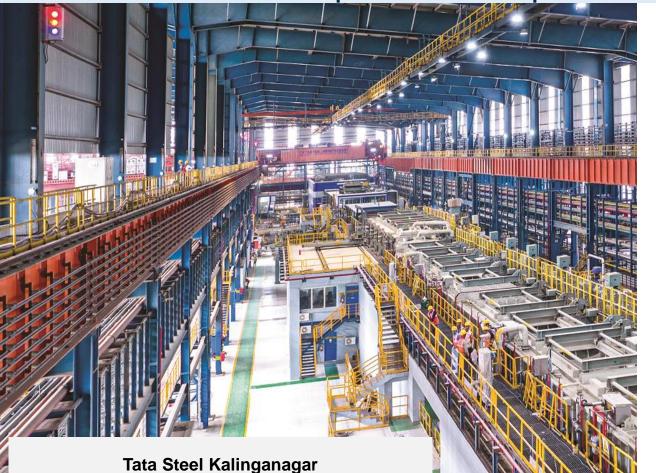


#### **5 MTPA expansion progressing at Kalinganagar** Value added product mix to enable future ready portfolio The largest 'Blast furnace' in India 5,870 cubic metres Future ready portfolio High Tensile steel to meet Advanced steel to serve lightweighting & safety Infra and Energy needs segments Top combustion stoves\* $\rightarrow$ Optimal fuel consumption **Eco-friendly** Dry gas cleaning plant $\rightarrow$ Maximise energy recovery design Evaporative cooling system\* $\rightarrow$ lower water intake \*1<sup>st</sup> in India Top gas recovery turbine $\rightarrow$ Energy recovery

Tata Steel Kalinganagar 5 MTPA expansion



## 5 MTPA expansion progressing at Kalinganagar 2.2 MTPA CRM complex to drive product mix and Pellet plant to drive savings



2.2 MTPA CRM complex



Volumes to consolidate leadership position in chosen segments & drive benefits of scale



 2.2 MTPA CRM complex to further the product portfolio, CAL & CGL lines work underway



 6 MTPA pellet plant to drive cost savings and drive self sufficiency in pellets

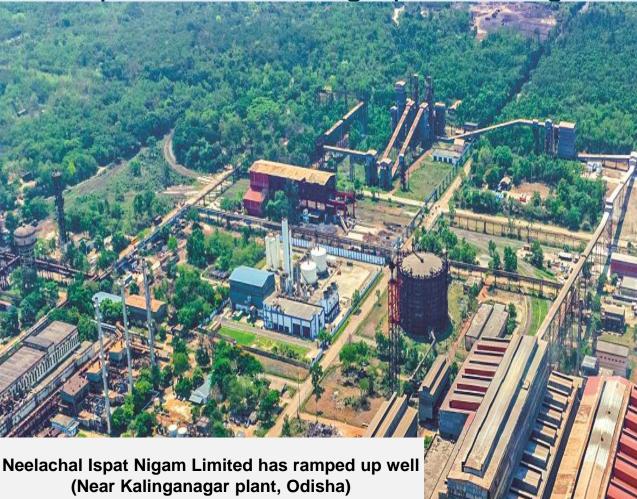
Note: CRM – Cold Rolling Mill, CAL – Continuous Annealing Line, CGL – Continuous Galvanising Line 13



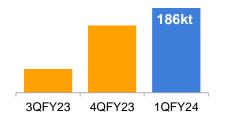
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#### TATA STEEL

Retail: Capacity investments to drive high margin business Well placed to leverage pan India growth



- Poised to double presence in retail segment driven by
  - Capacity growth NINL ramped up well & EAF work underway



 9,000+ dealers and digital platform Aashiyana



 Serving Individual Homebuilders via Superbrand 'Tata Tiscon'



• Developing strong ecosystem to deliver superior experience





## **Downstream: Value added growth for product mix enrichment** Tubes, Wires, Tinplate and Ductile Iron Pipe



Note : HAR – High Aspect Ratio, ERW – Electrical Resistance Welded, LRPC - Low Relaxation Pre-stressed steel strands



# Value accretive consolidation with multiple benefits TATA STEEL

Unlisted						Listed	
Tata Steel Mining (TSML)	S&T Mining	Indian Steel & Wire Products	<b>TSLP</b> Swap ratio 6.7	TCIL Swap ratio 3.3	<b>Tata Metalliks</b> Swap ratio 7.9	TRF Ltd. Swap ratio 1.7	F
Filing of sc with Stock Exchanges (Reg. 37)	S	Filing of 1 <sup>st</sup> motion application with National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT)	meetin credito ( if any	TSML	Final order of NCLT	Filing with	
	No objection letter from Stock Exchanges	С	Order of NCLT on first motion application	Filing of th second mapplication with NCLT	otion n	Filing with Registrar to make scheme effective	

## Performance update





## Slowdown in global economy has weighed on steel prices and spot spreads across regions

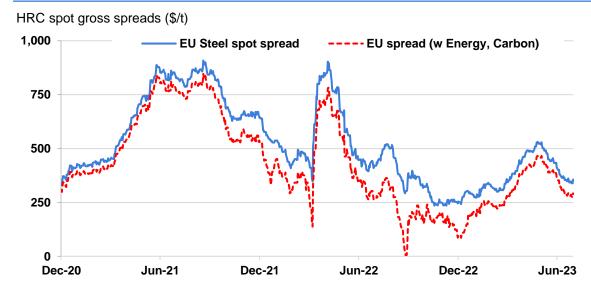
- Global steel prices moderated in the May June period on sustained concerns about global recovery, esp. relating to China
- In China, stable production and subdued demand led to steel exports in June being >7.5 mn tons. May exports were the highest monthly figure since Sep 2016

#### China Steel spot spreads (Domestic, Export)



- Raw material prices also moved lower during this period. Coking coal prices declined >25% to \$220/t levels while Iron ore prices were down around 10% to \$110/t
- Overall, Steel spot spreads moderated across the regions especially on demand dynamics. EU steel spot spreads were above \$250/t levels

#### EU Steel spread including energy, carbon costs

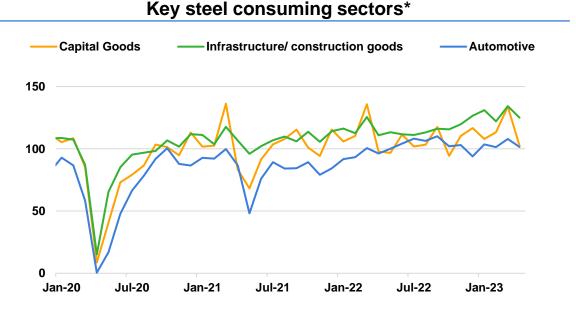


Sources: World Steel Association, IMF, Bloomberg, Steelmint; China HRC export spread = China HRC export FOB – 1.65x Iron Ore (62% Fe CFR) - 1x Coal (Premium HCC CFR); China HRC domestic spot spread is with China HRC domestic prices; EU HRC spot spreads = HRC (Germany) - 1.6x iron ore (fines 65%, R'dam) - 0.8x premium hard coking coal (Aus) - 0.1x scrap (HMS, R'dam); EU spot spread incl. energy = EU HRC spot spread – Carbon cost – 0.5 x NG (\$/Mwh) – 0.15 x Electricity (\$/Mwh)



#### India steel demand continued to grow; European steel demand weighed down by economic slowdown India

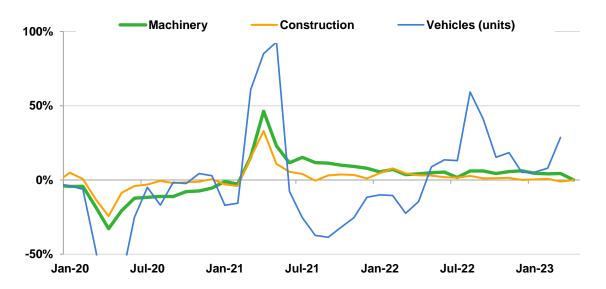
- Indian apparent steel consumption was up around 10% on YoY basis in 1QFY24
- Infrastructure / Construction continued to improve while auto production was up 3% YoY during 1QFY24



#### Europe

- Eurozone manufacturing PMI was at 43 in June, indicating the persistent concerns about economic activity
- ECB has hiked rates by 400 bps in the last twelve months. Inflation is presently at around 5.5%

#### Key steel consuming sectors (%, YoY growth)

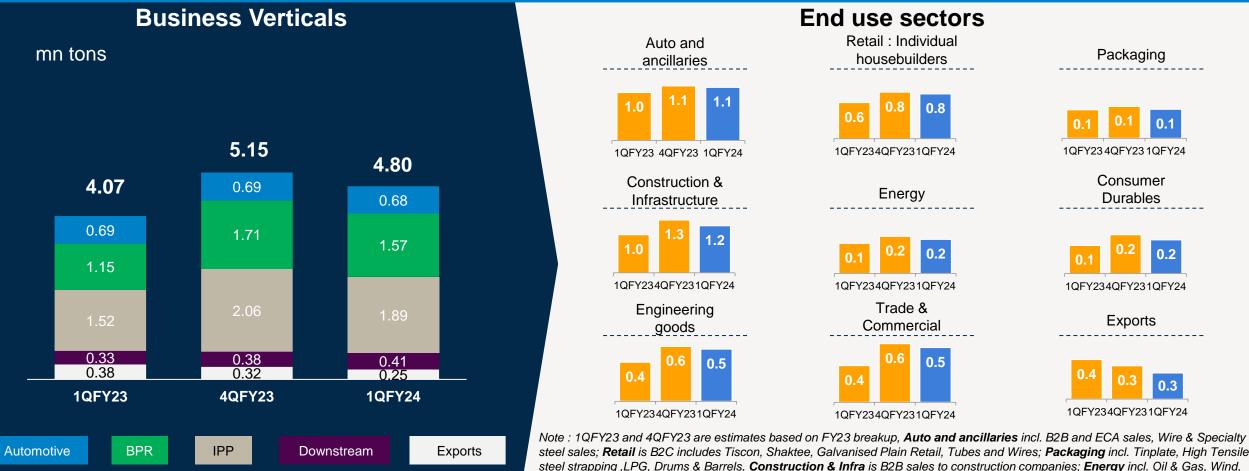


Sources: Bloomberg, SIAM, Joint Plant Committee, MOSPI, CMIE, Eurostat and Tata Steel, \*Figures of Industrial Production for Capital Goods, Infrastructure/Construction, consumer durables and railways are rebased to Nov'18=100 using FY12 index based 1 Q sector weights; number of units produced as per SIAM; growth of key steel consuming sector is calculated by removing sub-segments which do not consume steel, ECB – European Central Bank



## Steady increase in India sales to chosen segments

Domestic deliveries up >20% YoY on improving demand



Business to Consumer and LPG – Liquefied Petroleum Gas

Solar etc.; Consumer Durables is sales to Furniture, Appliances; Engineering incl. Shipbuilding, Railways and Capital Goods etc.;

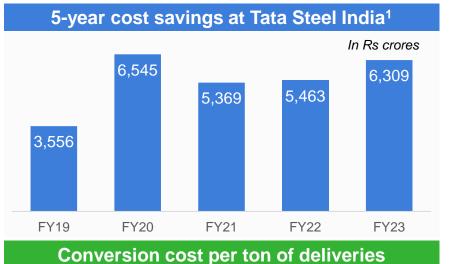
and Trade & Commercial is sales to rerollers, fabrication etc., B2B – Business to Business, ECA – Emerging Corp. accounts, B2C –

Note: <sup>1</sup> India incl. Tata Steel Standalone and Tata Steel Long Products, BPR – Branded Products and Retail, IPP – Industrial Products and Projects

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### Focused on staying cost competitive through business cycles Cost improvement initiatives to optimise cash flows





Scaling up Iron ore mining capacity 6 MTPA pellet plant commissioned at Tata Steel Kalinganagar in India Improving logistics - Slurry pipeline, **Inland waterways** 

Note : <sup>1</sup> India incl. Tata Steel Standalone and Tata Steel Long Products, CPI – Consumer Price Index



Tata Steel Consolidated

(All figures are in Rs. Crores unless stated otherwise)	1QFY24	4QFY23	1QFY23
Production (mn tons) <sup>1</sup>	7.13	7.80	7.74
Deliveries (mn tons)	7.20	7.78	6.62
Total revenue from operations	59,490	62,962	63,430
Raw material cost <sup>2</sup>	25,961	25,988	31,319
Change in inventories	1,515	2,668	(8,099)
Employee benefits expenses	5,925	5,795	5,963
Other expenses	20,915	21,291	19,273
EBITDA	6,122	7,225	15,047
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>3</sup>	6,238	7,225	14,348
Adjusted EBITDA per ton (Rs.)	8,664	9,288	21,661
Other income	1,177	170	268
Finance cost	1,825	1,794	1,218
Pre exceptional PBT	1,842	3,309	11,945
Exceptional items (gain)/loss	(13)	(12)	39
Tax expenses	1,331	1,755	4,192
Reported PAT	525	1,566	7,714
Other comprehensive income	(3,173)	(195)	(6,611)

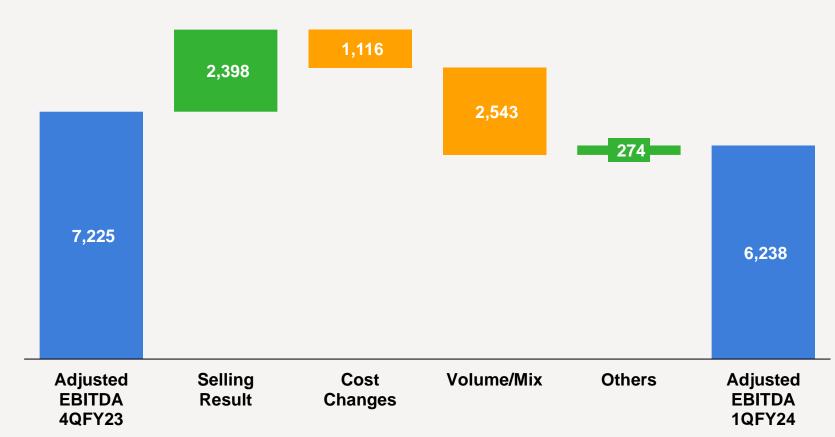
#### Key drivers for QoQ change:

- Revenues: decreased by 6% due to lower volumes, partly offset by higher realisations across geographies
- Raw Material cost: was broadly similar as increase in India was mostly offset by decline at Europe due to relining of one of the blast furnaces
- Change in inventories: primarily due to drawdown in Europe
- Other expenses: decreased on lower emission rights costs and repairs, which were partly offset by higher royalty and power related expenses
- Other Income: primarily increased on execution of long-term lease agreement with Tata BlueScope with respect to color coated lines at Angul and Khopoli
- Other comprehensive income: primarily relates to remeasurement loss on defined benefit plans

1. Production Numbers: Standalone & Tata Steel Long Products - Crude Steel Production, Europe - Liquid Steel Production; SEA - Saleable Steel Production. 2. Raw material cost includes raw material consumed, and purchases of finished and semi-finished products. 3. Adjusted for changes on account of FX movement on intercompany debt / receivables. BSPS - British Steel Pension Scheme

## Consolidated 1QFY24 EBITDA<sup>1</sup> stood at Rs 6,238 crores

EBITDA margin was broadly stable at 10%



#### in Rs crores

- Selling Result: driven by higher realisations in India and Europe
- Cost Changes: due to increase in raw material costs especially coking coal
- Volume/Mix: primarily driven by lower deliveries in India and Europe
- Others: majorly relates to lower emission rights costs at Europe

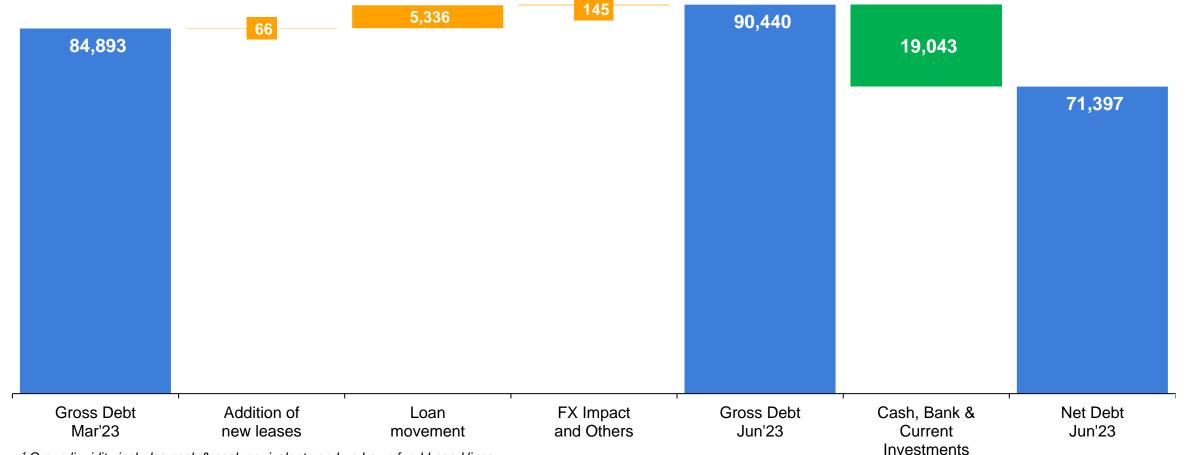


in Rs crores

#### TATA STEEL

## Net debt stood at Rs 71,397 crores

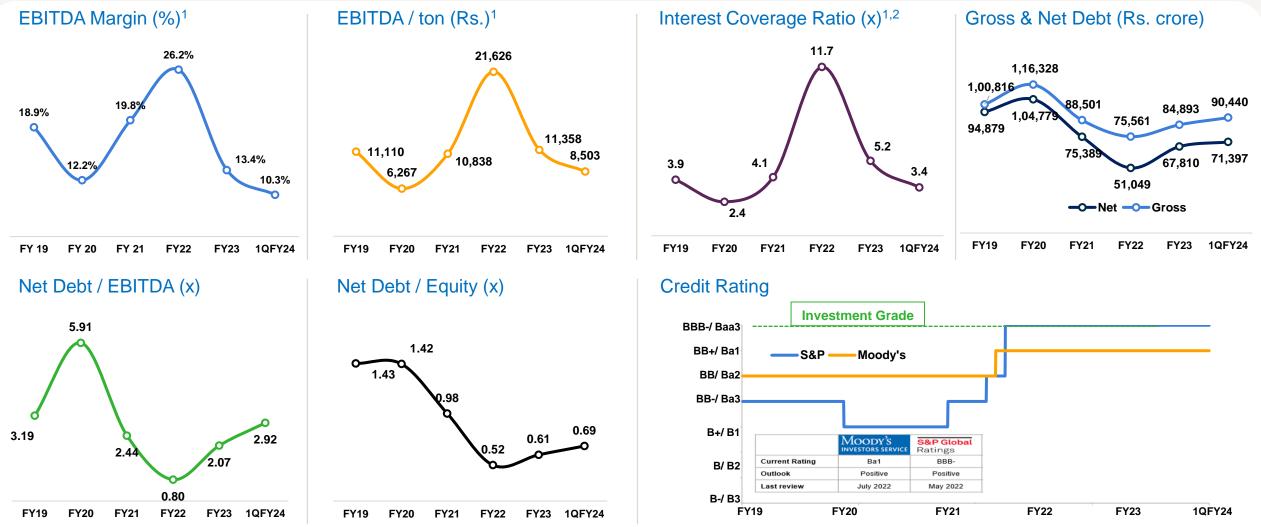
Group liquidity remains strong at Rs 30,569<sup>1</sup> crores



<sup>1</sup> Group liquidity includes cash & cash equivalents and undrawn fund-based lines

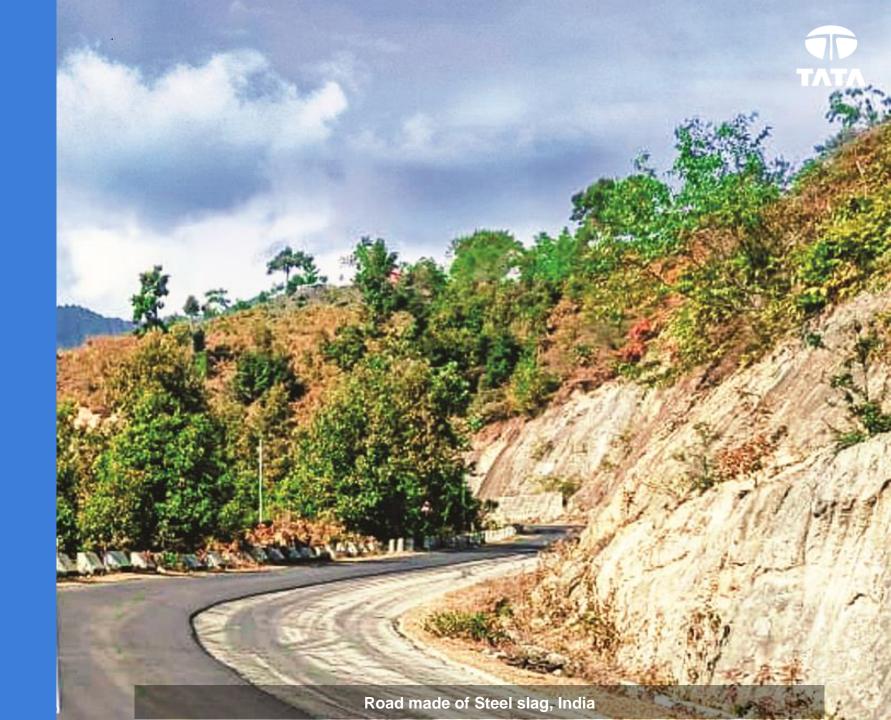


## Key financial credit metrices



Note : All data is on consolidated basis; 1. FY20 and FY21 incl. Southeast Asia Operations which is reclassified as continuing operations; 2. Interest Coverage Ratio: EBITDA / Interest

## Annexures

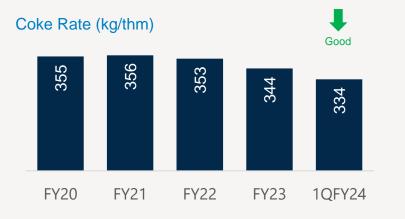


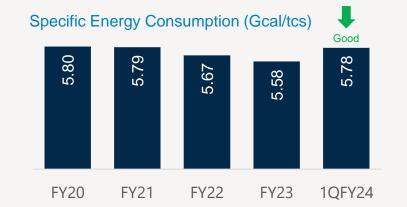


Tata Steel Standalone

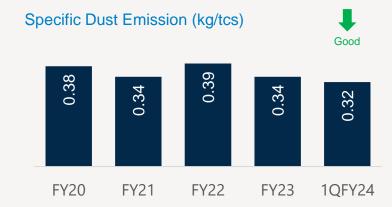
## **Continued focus**

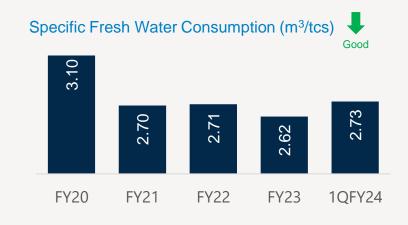
#### on operational efficiencies and minimizing environmental impact

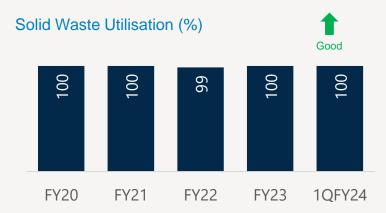














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#### TATA STEEL

Tata Steel Standalone

(All figures are in Rs. Crores unless stated otherwise)	1QFY24	4QFY23	1QFY23
Production (mn tons)	4.65	4.82	4.73
Deliveries (mn tons)	4.62	4.98	3.89
Total revenue from operations	32,342	34,275	32,021
Raw material cost <sup>1</sup>	14,710	13,209	17,336
Change in inventories	(520)	1,471	(4,562)
Employee benefits expenses	1,565	1,820	1,540
Other expenses	10,127	9,646	8,139
EBITDA	7,348	8,089	9,616
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>2</sup>	7,403	8,318	8,304
Adjusted EBITDA per ton (Rs.)	16,014	16,719	21,326
Other income	1,642	665	736
Finance cost	1,016	1,038	722
Pre exceptional PBT	5,753	6,386	8,237
Exceptional items (gain)/loss	11	699	55
Tax expenses	1,471	1,666	2,068
Reported PAT	4,271	4,021	6,114
Other comprehensive income	159	66	4

#### Key drivers for QoQ change:

- Revenues: decreased on lower volumes, partly offset by higher net realisations
- Raw Material cost: primarily increased due to higher coking coal consumption cost and purchase of scrap
- Other expenses: increased on higher royalty and rates & taxes, partly offset by lower repairs to machinery
- Other Income: was higher on on execution of long-term lease agreement with Tata BlueScope with respect to color coated lines at Angul and Khopoli
- Exceptional items: primarily reflects charge relating to Employee Separation Scheme
- Tax expenses: decreased inline with profitability



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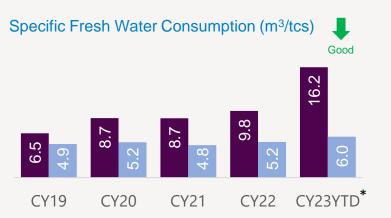
#### TATA STEEL

TSUK

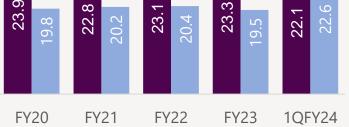
TSN

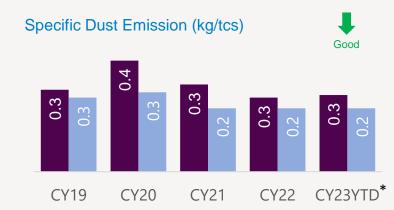
## Key operating parameters

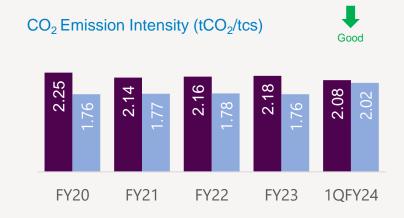


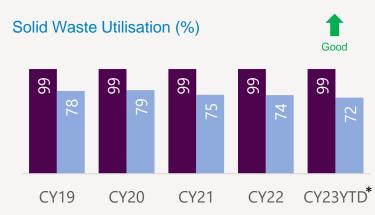












Note : TSUK and TSN report KPIs on a calendar basis aligned to regulatory requirements in their geographies, TSN parameters have been affected by ongoing reline of one of the blast furnaces, CO<sub>2</sub> emission intensity as per worldsteel methodology, \*CY23YTD is an estimate



#### Tata Steel Europe

(All figures are in Rs. Crores unless stated otherwise)	1QFY24	4QFY23	1QFY23
Liquid Steel production (mn tons)	1.79	2.27	2.44
Deliveries (mn tons)	1.99	2.16	2.14
Total revenue from operations	21,335	22,036	25,961
Raw material cost <sup>1</sup>	9,014	10,132	11,162
Change in inventories	2,043	1,148	(2,563)
Employee benefits expenses	3,820	3,448	3,929
Other expenses	8,063	8,942	7,415
EBITDA	(1,569)	(1,641)	6,037
EBITDA per ton (Rs.)	(7,890)	(7,610)	28,220

1. Raw material cost includes raw material consumed, and purchases of finished and semi-finished products

#### Key drivers for QoQ change:

- Revenues: were lower on reduction in volumes, this was partly offset by increase in realisations
- Raw Material cost: was lower QoQ due to drop in production on reline of one of the blast furnaces at ljmuiden
- Change in Inventories: charge was on consumption of slab stock inventory
- Other Expenses: decreased on lower emission rights costs, consumables and repairs on QoQ basis
- Employee benefits expenses: increased due to higher social security costs



Tata Steel Long Products

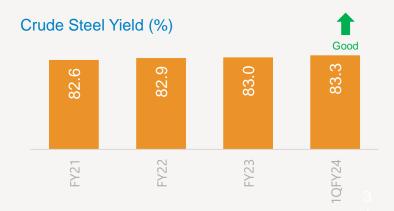
## Key operating parameters











Note : CO<sub>2</sub> emission intensity calculated as per worldsteel methodology, PCI - Pulverised Coal Injection



Tata Steel Long Products (Consolidated with NINL)

(All figures are in Rs. Crores unless stated otherwise)	1QFY24 <sup>1</sup>	4QFY231	1QFY23
Total revenue from operations	3,568	3,016	1,994
Raw material cost <sup>2</sup>	2,194	1,922	1,665
Change in inventories	154	25	(147)
Employee benefits expenses	107	117	61
Other expenses	951	995	484
EBITDA	166	2	(34)
EBITDA per ton (Rs.) <sup>3</sup>	4,689	46	(1,956)
EBITDA Margin (%)	5%	-	-
Reported PAT	(254)	(524)	(331)

1. Post acquistion of NINL, figures for 1QFY24 and 4QFY23 are on consolidated basis

2. Raw material cost includes raw material consumed, and purchases of finished and semi-finished products

3. EBITDA/Steel deliveries

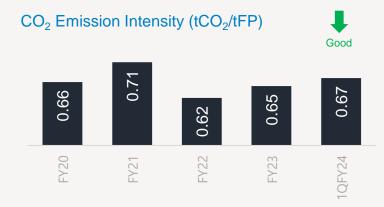
#### Key drivers for QoQ change:

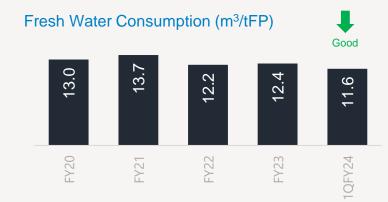
- Revenues: increased driven by ramp up at NINL, which is presently operating at run rate of around 1 MTPA (crude steel + pig iron on annualised basis)
- Raw Material cost: was higher due to higher production and rise in coking coal consumption cost
- Other Expenses: decreased upon stabilisation of NINL operations and lower consumables
- EBITDA: stood at Rs 166 crores vs. Rs 2 crores in 4QFY23



Tinplate Company of India Limited

## Key operating parameters





Good

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IQFY24





Note : CRM – Cold Rolled Mill, tFP – ton of finished product, CO<sub>2</sub> emission intensity calculated as per worldsteel methodology

## TATA

#### TATA STEEL

#### Tinplate Company of India Limited

(All figures are in Rs. Crores unless stated otherwise)	1QFY24	4QFY23	1QFY23
Total revenue from operations	914	1,033	1,007
Raw material cost <sup>1</sup>	708	672	884
Change in inventories	(19)	51	(225)
Employee benefits expenses	38	38	39
Other expenses	180	190	188
EBITDA	14	88	125
EBITDA per ton (Rs.) <sup>2</sup>	1,531	8,385	17,380
EBITDA Margin (%)	1%	9%	12%
Reported PAT	3	57	85

1. Raw material cost includes raw material consumed

2. EBITDA/Steel deliveries

#### Key drivers for QoQ change:

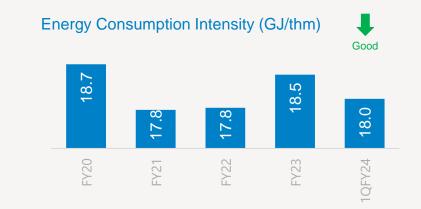
<ul> <li>Revenues: decreased primarily due to lower sales volumes on QoQ basis</li> </ul>
Raw Material cost: was higher on QoQ basis
<ul> <li>Change in Inventories: decreased as usually there is a drawdown in 4Q followed by built up in 1Q</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Other Expenses: were lower QoQ due to lower maintenance related expenses</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>EBITDA: stood at Rs 14 crores and Rs 1,531 on per ton basis</li> </ul>



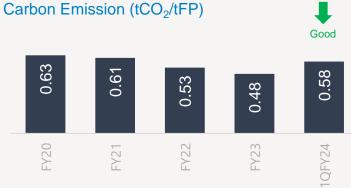
Tata Metaliks

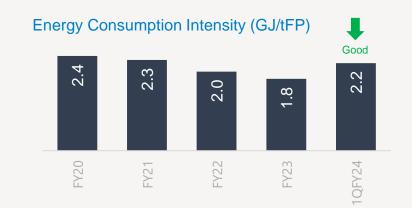
## Key operating parameters

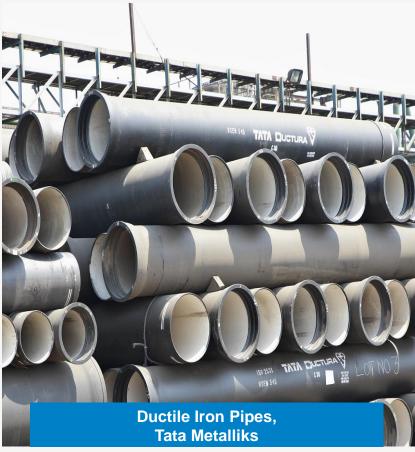












Note : tFP - ton of finished product, CO<sub>2</sub> emission intensity calculated as per worldsteel methodology



#### Tata Metaliks Limited (All figures are in Rs. Crores **1QFY24 4QFY23 1QFY23** unless stated otherwise) 654 930 669 **Total revenue from operations** 574 Raw material cost<sup>1</sup> 396 531 13 12 (73) Change in inventories Employee benefits expenses 42 47 38 200 147 164 Other expenses 97 EBITDA<sup>2</sup> 39 27 3,853 6,430 2,391 EBITDA per ton (Rs.)<sup>3</sup> 6% EBITDA Margin (%) 10% 4% 5 56 **Reported PAT** 1

1. Raw material cost includes raw material consumed

2. EBITDA = PBT + Interest + Depreciation

3. EBITDA/Total deliveries

4. DIP – Ductile Iron Pipe

#### Key drivers for QoQ change:

<ul> <li>Revenues: decreased mainly on account of lower deliveries. DIP<sup>4</sup> share of total revenues increased QoQ</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Raw Material cost: was lower inline with production and decline in coking coal consumption cost</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Employee benefit expenses: was marginally lower as there were wage arrears in 4QFY23</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Other Expenses: declined on lower consumables and freight related costs</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>EBITDA: margin was at 6%, translating to Rs 39 crores</li> </ul>



Tata Steel Thailand

(All figures are in Rs. Crores unless stated otherwise)	1QFY24	4QFY23	1QFY23
Saleable Steel production (mn tons)	0.26	0.31	0.31
Deliveries (mn tons)	0.27	0.31	0.31
Total revenue from operations	1,472	1,786	1,966
Raw material cost <sup>1</sup>	878	1,171	1,591
Change in inventories	138	76	(189)
Employee benefits expenses	56	51	53
Other expenses	372	430	360
EBITDA	30	57	150
EBITDA per ton (Rs.)	1,146	1,827	4,891

1. Raw material cost includes raw material consumed, and purchases of finished and semi-finished products

#### Key drivers for QoQ change:

- **Deliveries:** were lower on QoQ basis inline with production
- **Revenues:** decreased on lower volumes and steel realisations
- EBITDA: decreased on QoQ basis



## Investor Relations Contact

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