No	Conditions	Compliance Status		
Spe	cific Conditions:			
	The project proponent should install 24x7 air monitoring devices to monitor air emissions, as provided by the CPCB and submit report to Ministry and its Regional Office.	SO ₂ , NO ₂ , CO other AAQ particles by CPCB is laboratory as prescribed lim. Real-time day stations are of at CPCB and Joint The six month being submitted office, CPCB at Please refermonitoring results.	onnected with the server ISPCB. Ily compliance reports are ed to Ministry's Regional and JSPCB.	
ii.	The Project Proponent should ensure the compliance of environmental safeguard stipulated in the earlier environment clearance letter dated 11th May, 2010 and submit the compliance report to the Ministry and its Regional Office, Ranchi	all existing granted by submitted to regularly. The submitted to lead to the control of the cont	the regional office e report for last 4 years Ministry's Regional office, PCB is as follows:	
		Six Monthly report	Submitted on December 05, 2015 vide	
		December 2015	letter no. EMD/C-33/215/15	
		June 2015	May 19, 2015 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/58/15	
		December 2014	November 18, 2014 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/175/14	
		June, 2014	June 24, 2014 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/116/14	
		December, 2013	December 16, 2013 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/237/13	
		June, 2013	June 22, 2013 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/124/13	
		December, 2012	December 29, 2012 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/330/12	
		June, 2012	June 30, 2012 vide letter no.	
		along the muploaded (http://www.taate-citizen/envreports.asp)	thly compliance reports nonitored data is also in the website atasteelindia.com/corpor vironment-compliance-	
iii.	On-line ambient air quality monitoring shall be provided and sufficient air pollution control devices viz. Electrostatic precipitator (ESP), bag house, gas cleaning plant, bag filters etc. shall be provided to keep the emission levels below 50 mg/Nm³ by installing energy efficient technology. Low NOx burners shall be installed to control NOx emissions. At no time, the emission level shall go beyond the prescribed standards. Interlocking facilities shall be provided so that process	SO ₂ , NO ₂ , CO, • Please find pollution control production un • Low NOx burn all the new un • Similarly in a facility have the units exceed	AAQMS have been to monitor PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5} , NH ₃ continuously. enclosed a list of air trol devices for each of it as Annexure 1 . ers have been provided in its. Imost all the units alert been provided in case of any prescribed emission interlocking is technically	

can be automatically stopped in case emission level exceeds the limit. Efforts shall be made to further reduce PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$ levels in the ambient air and a time bound action plan shall be submitted.

iv. Existing Electrostatic Precipitator (ESP) shall be upgraded and provided to new units to control gaseous emissions within 50 mg/Nm³. Waste gas from the drying and grinding unit of pellet plant shall be cleaned by bag filters. Adequate provisions shall be made to control NOx

emissions. Bag house shall be provided to

Lime kilns.

- not feasible in all the production units.
- Please find enclosed the updated status of implementation of action plan to reduce dust emission level in each of production unit and raw material storage area as **Annexure 2.**
- There is a proposal to upgrade all the ESP of Sinter Plant (SP), F & G Blast Furnace & LD1 & LD2 steel melting shops. Among these 5 ESP i.e. 1 of SP1, 1 of SP2, 3 of SP3 have already been upgraded by the agency. The agreed emission for their upgraded emission has been guaranteed to be 50 mg/Nm³ with an efficiency of 99.9%.
- Bag Filters are provided in the Cast House and Stock House of all the Blast Furnaces.
- 3 nos. of bag filters have been provided in the Pellet Plant to control waste gas from the drying and grinding unit.
- 12 nos. of Bag House have been provided in Lime Plant in process and dedusting units.
- A total of 5 nos. of schemes to upgrade Existing Electrostatic Precipitator (ESP) have been commissioned at SP 1, 2 & 3. Additional 12 nos. of schemes to upgrade APCE including ESP and Bag Filters are being commissioned at various locations inside Works which shall be completed by June 2018.
- Land based fume extraction system shall be provided to coke oven battery to arrest fugitive emissions during charging and pushing operations. The coke oven gas shall be desulphurized by reduction of H₂S content of coke oven gas in the byproduct recovery section to below 500 mg/Nm³. On-line charging with high pressure liquor aspiration (HPLA) for extraction of oven gas, leak proof oven doors, hydraulic door and door frame cleaner, water sealed AP caps and charging & pusher side emission extractor device shall be provided for the coke oven batteries to maintain VOC emissions within permissible limit. Land based fume extraction system for pushing emission control from coke ovens shall be provided.
- Land based fume extraction, desulphurization facilities, online charging with HPLA, Hydraulic door and door frame clearance, water seal AP caps and charging and pusher side emission extractor device etc were in place in both coke ovens battery 10 & 11 to minimize leaks from doors CAPs, etc and also to meet the CREP recommendations.
- Coke oven gas is being desulphurised in Battery 10&11. The monitoring reports shows that H_2S content is below 300 mg/Nm³.
- vi. All the standards prescribed for the coke oven plants shall be followed as per the latest guidelines. Proper and full utilization of coke oven gases in power plant using heat recovery steam generators shall be ensured and no flue gases shall be discharged into the air. Sulphur shall be recovered from the coke
- As per the CREP guidelines, % of PLD, PLL & PLO of all batteries are being monitored thrice in a month. The max % of PLD is found to be 7.6 in Battery#6, max % of PLL found to be 0.9 in battery#6 & 7 and % of maximum PLO is found to be 1.6 in Battery#8 and maximum charging

	oven gases from new product plant.	Battery#5 • Byproduction for power House # in all the generated Furnace.	is found to 5, 6, 7 & 10. et gas is recover generation 3, 4 & 5 and he mills. Power in TRT at G. Sulphur is regas and sold Quantity Generated in 2015-16 157575 Nm³/hr 1903531 Nm³/hr	ered and used captive Power eating purpose is also being , H & I Blast ecovered from	
		LD Gas	40139 Nm ³ /hr	Power generation, heating	
		Inhouse Power generation	132.47 MW	Supply to Works for operation	
vii.	Only dry quenching method in the coke oven in new battery shall be adopted. The National Ambient Air Quality Emission Standards issued by the Ministry vide G.S.R. No. 826(E) dated 16th November, 2009 shall be followed.	under com Oven Batte likely to be 4 onlin commissi SO ₂ , NOx	Coke Dry quenching (CDQ) facility under commissioning in the new C Oven Battery # 10 and 11. The prolikely to be completed by year 2018-19. • 4 online AAQMS have be commissioned to monitor PM10, PMSO2, NOx, CO, NH3 continuously. • There is one mobile monitoring facing & about 20 manual AAQMS located both inside the plant and also outset the plant area. • All other AAQ parameters be analysed by approved environmental laboratory are also found with prescribed limit. • Monthly monitoring reports are be submitted to JSPCB and six month monitoring reports are being submitted along with EC compliance reports Ministry's Regional office, CPCB at JSPCB. • Please refer Annexure — I monitoring reports for April 2015		
		& about both insite the plant • All other analysed laboratory prescribe • Monthly submitted monitorinalong with Ministry's JSPCB. • Please			
ix.	In-plant control measures for checking fugitive emissions from all the vulnerable sources including bag filters and fume extraction system shall be provided. Dry fog dust suppression system / water sprinkling system shall be provided in raw material handling areas to control fugitive dust emissions. Fugitive emissions from different sources shall also be controlled by covered conveyors, water sprinkling in open yards and with dry fogging in the closed zones. Further, specific measures like asphalting of the roads within premises shall be carried out to control	fugitive enclosed devices for Annexure • All the an junction conveyors and/or system. • All these once in more	a are provided dust emission a list of air poor each of prode 1. The eas of dedusting house, transfer are connected dry fog dust locations are be	d to control . Please find bllution control . uction unit as . g operation as . nsfer tower, . with bag filters . suppression . eing monitored	

fugitive emissions. Fugitive emissions shall be controlled, regularly monitored and records maintained.

- system (DE) have been commissioned at G Blast Furnaces and RMM. Additional 22 nos. of units for dust extraction system (DE) are being commissioned at various locations inside Works which shall be completed by Sep 2017.
- A total of 156 nos. of points for dust suppression system (DS) have been commissioned at Lime Plant, RMBB 1& 2, and C & F Blast Furnaces. Additional 135 nos. of points for dust suppression system (DS) are being commissioned at various locations inside Works which shall be completed by March 2017.
- A total of 24 nos. Industrial vacuum cleaners (IVC) have been commissioned at MPSPP, RMBB 1&2, SP 1, 2 & 3 and HBF. Additional 27 nos. of Industrial vacuum cleaners (IVC) are being commissioned at various locations inside Works which shall be completed by March 2017.
- emission levels including secondary fugitive emissions from all the sources shall be controlled within the latest permissible limits issued by the and regularly monitored. Ministry Guidelines / Code of Practice issued by CPCB shall be followed. standards issued by the Ministry vide G.S.R. 414(E) dated 30th May, 2008 shall be followed.
- Secondary dust emission inside the plant in different critical areas is being monitored in about 350 locations monthly.
- The average work area dust monitoring during April 2015 to March 2016 is 5.7 mg/m³.
- Traffic decongestion plan shall implemented in a time bound manner to reduce emissions in the Jamshedpur city and separate budget shall be allocated for implementing the same. Maximum in bound and out bound material movement shall be done by railway wagons only to reduce dust emissions. Measures like covered conveyors for handling of bulk materials, centralized screening of iron ore, rationalization of weighing system, use of higher capacity vehicles etc. shall be adopted to reduce dust emissions. Mechanized vacuum cleaning of arterial roads shall be carried out on regular basis to further reduce dust emissions.

Under the traffic decongestion plan in Jamshedpur city :

- Strengthening of marine drive (Western corridor) has been implemented
- Proposal of Eastern Corridor is in discussion with Govt. of Jharkhand and key issues settled

Inside the plant:

- Automatic traffic control system is in place to control the traffic density as well as the safely including secondary emission inside the plant.
- All the loaded trucks are ensured to be covered with tarpaulin sheets to avoid dust getting air borne and thus generation of secondary emission.
- Sign board have been placed on all the critical areas to keep the speed of the vehicle within 35 kmph to control secondary emission along the internal road (VIP Road) and similarly the vehicle speed is limited to 16 kmph in the units.
- All the loaded trucks/dumpers coming

	knand vide Mobr Letter no 5-11011/691/200	
		 inside the plant with their valid PUC. 4 nos. of mechanized sweepers are deployed within Works for regular cleaning and dust evacuation of roads. 2 nos. of mechanized sweepers are deployed in Jamshedpur town for regular cleaning and dust evacuation of roads.
xii.	Vehicular pollution due to transportation of raw materials and finished products shall be controlled. Proper arrangements shall also be made to control dust emissions during loading and unloading of the raw material and finished product.	 Approx. all the raw material is being transported through railways to reduce the road transport load and vehicular pollution. Dry fog dust suppression and water sprinklers are provided to control dust emission during loading and unloading activity. Tyre washing facility has also been provided in 7 strategic locations to keep tyres clean to reduce dust emission on roads and being installed in 6 additional locations.
xiii.	All the wastewater from various units shall be treated in the common effluent treatment plant (CETP) for primary, secondary and tertiary treatment and shall be either recycled or used for dust suppression, slag quenching and green belt development etc. within the lease hold area. The phenolic effluent from the by-product recovery section of coke oven battery shall be treated in BOD plant. Wastewater containing suspended solids shall be passed through clarifloculation plant to recover and reuse the clarified water for cooling or cleaning. Mill effluent containing oil and suspended solids shall be passed through oil skimmers and filter press. No treated wastewater shall be released outside recycling all the treated waste water in the plant itself including from the existing plant.	 Due to water recycling facilities the total water requirement from River Subarnarekha shall not cross 33.3 MGD for Steel Works. A central effluent treatment plant (CETP) of 4 MGD has been constructed to treat and recycle most of the effluent by tertiary treatment with Reverse Osmosis (RO). CETP is being augmented to increase treatment capacity from 4 to 8 MGD. New BOD plant has been commissioned and existing BOD has been upgraded to treat the additional effluent generated from Coke Oven Batteries including Battery 10 & 11. Closed circuit cooling systems have been installed. Catch pits at all the five designated drains have been constructed to recycle the treated effluent within plant. All the mills are equipped with respective effluent treatment plants with settling tanks and oil skimming facility.
xiv.	Efforts shall be made to make use of rain water harvested. If needed, capacity of the reservoir shall be enhanced to meet the maximum water requirement. Only balance water requirement shall be met from other sources.	 There are two ponds inside Steel works viz. Upper Cooling Pond (UCP) and Lower Cooling Pond (LCP), which stores and harvest most of the surface run off with cooling water of the units. 38 nos. of rainwater harvesting structures in different office buildings have been provided inside the plant area of which some area has the facility of Ground Water Recharge system. RWH structure has been constructed based on the maximum rainfall of last

XV.	Continuous monitoring of Total Organic Compounds (TOC) in the wastewater treated in BOD plant from the coke oven plant shall be done at the outlet of ETP (BOD plant). All the treated wastewater shall be monitored for pH, BOD, COD, oil & grease, cyanide, phenolic compounds, Chromium+6 etc. besides other relevant parameters.
vvi	Regular monitoring of influent and

xvi. Regular monitoring of influent and effluent and surface, sub-surface and ground water shall be ensured and treated wastewater shall meet the norms prescribed by the State Pollution Control Board or prescribed under the E(P) Act whichever are more stringent. Leachate study for the effluent generated and analysis shall also be regularly carried out and report submitted to the Ministry's Regional Office at Ranchi, Jharkhand, SPCB and CPCB.

All the blast furnace (BF) slag shall be xvii. granulated and provided to manufacturers for further utilization in cement making as per the MOUs signed with various companies including M/s Lafarge, M/s Eco-cement & M/s ACC. LD slag after metal recovery shall be used in sinter plant, blast furnaces and LD convertor, aggregates making, ballast making, soil conditioning etc. All the flue dust generated shall be recycled within the plant to the maximum extent. Mill scales, LD sludge, lime fines and flue dust shall be recycled back to the sinter plant. The BF gas cleaning plant sludge shall be used for manufacturing briquettes.

20 yrs.

- The BOD plant has facility of continuous monitoring of TOC.
- Similarly monitoring of other parameters on the outlet of the BOD plant is being done regularly.
- The monthly monitoring data is being submitted to JSPCB and six monthly reports are being submitted to regional office of MoEFCC at Ranchi and CPCB.
- All the effluent viz. catch pits, service water etc are being monitored regularly.
- The treated effluents such as all ETP outlets and drains are being analyzed regularly.
- Online effluent monitoring system has been commissioned in all the drains to monitor effluent quality on a real time basis.
- Online effluent monitoring data is connected with CPCB/JSPCB.
- River Water quality of Subarnarekha and kharkai is also being monitored as a part of regular monitoring of surface water quality.
- There are two cooling water pond whose water quality is also regularly monitored as part of sub surface water quality.
- Ground water quality is also being monitored at 7 locations both inside and outside plant premises.
- The monthly monitoring data is being submitted to JSPCB and six monthly reports are being submitted to regional office of MoEFCC at Ranchi and CPCB.
- Online slag granulation facilities have been implemented in the all Blast Furnaces.
- All the BF Slag is being granulated and made available to the Cement plants for cement making.
- Blast Furnace gas cleaning plant (GCP) sludge is re-utilised in the process as well as being used for manufacturing briquettes.
- Additional initiatives undertaken for improving the utilization of LD Slag:
 - Co-processing of LD Slag at Cement Kilns.
 - o Open Steam Ageing inside Works
 - Use of LD Slag in Road Making & railway Ballast
- Collaboration with expert external agency for processing and subsequent use of LD Slag as aggregates and ballast.
- Status of hazardous and other waste

Page 6

xviii.	As proposed, coal tar sludge and BOD sludge shall be recycled for coke making by mixing with the coal charge and used in the coke ovens. Chromium sludge shall be disposed in a HDPE lined secured landfills as per the CPCB guidelines within the complex. All the other solid waste including broken refractory mass shall be properly disposed off in environment-friendly manner. Oily waste and spent oil shall be provided to authorized recyclers/reprocessors.	generation and utilization from April 2015 to March 2016 is enclosed as Annexure - 3. • BOD Sludge and Coal Tar sludge generated from By Product Plant is being recycled in coke plant by mixing with raw materials. • All other kind of process wastes are being reutilised in sinter plant. • In house secured landfill with HDPE liner has been constructed to dispose chrome sludge generated from Cold Rolling Mill. • A de-oiling plant has been commissioned and in operation to reuse the mill scale and sludge in the Sinter Plant by mixing with raw materials.
xix.	All the slag shall be used for land filling inside the plant or used as building material only after passing through Toxic Chemical Leachability Potential (TCLP) test. Toxic Chromium sludge and other hazardous substances recovered from the slag and output waste shall be disposed off in secured landfill as per CPCB guidelines.	 LD Slag is being used for road making. The TCLP test conducted by external approved agency. Leachate potential of all Heavy metals is negligible. Chrome Sludge is being disposed in the secured landfill inside Works. Status of hazardous and other waste generation and utilization from April 2015 to March 2016 is enclosed as Annexure - 3.
xx.	Proper handling, storage, utilization and disposal of all the solid waste shall be ensured and regular report regarding toxic metal content in the waste material and its composition, end use of solid/hazardous waste shall be submitted to the Ministry's regional office at Ranchi, Jharkhand SPCB and CPCB.	 Most of the solid waste is being reutilized. Information regarding solid waste and hazardous waste is being submitted in Environment Statement to the Board every year. Status of hazardous and other waste generation and utilization from April 2015 to March 2016 is enclosed as Annexure - 3.
xxi.	Proper utilization of fly ash shall be ensured as per Fly Ash Notification, 1999 and subsequent amendment in 2003. All the fly ash shall be provided to cement and brick manufacturers for further utilization and "Memorandum of Understanding" shall be submitted to Ministry's Regional Office at Ranchi.	The quantity of generation of fly ash for last four years is as follows: Year
xxii.	A Risk and Disaster Management Plan alongwith the mitigation measures shall be prepared and a copy submitted to the Ministry's Regional Office at Ranchi, Jharkhand SPCB and CPCB within 3 months of issue of environment clearance	Disaster Management Institute, Bhopal has verified and certified the Risk assessment report and Disaster Management Plan vide their letter no. DMI/IDMU/Con-227/24 dated April 16, 2012. The same has been submitted to

Juai	knand vide MoEr Letter no 5-11011/691/200	
	letter.	JSPCB.
xxiii.	As proposed, green belt shall be developed	We have planted approx. 20,986 saplings
	in more than 33 % area within and	during April 2015 to March 2016 inside
	around the plant premises as per the	the works and Jugsalai Muck Dump area
	CPCB guidelines in consultation with	and in Township. Every year plantation
	DFO.	done in available space. Details of
		plantation are enclosed as Annexure -4 .
		The following plant species are being
		planted:
		Ficus, karanj, Cicilipinia, Palm, Ashoka,
		Mahogany, Caesalpinia Arjun, Sita Ashok,
		Bakul, Spathodia, Kanchan, Jural,
		Tabulia, Sissam, Termanelia Sp.,Arica
		palm, foxtail palm, Tecoma, Kannel,
		Tababia, Ghandhraj, calendra, Tagar,
		Hemelia, Kamani, Karbi, Calendra etc.
xxiv.	Prior permission from the State Forest	Prior Permission from State Forest
AAIV.	Department shall be taken regarding	Department has been obtained vide their
	likely impact of the expansion of the	memo. No. 2605 dated October 29, 2010.
	proposed steel plant on the reserve	Wildlife Conservation Plan for Tata Steel
	forests. Measures shall be taken to	is under preparation with the help of
	prevent impact of particulate emissions /	approved external agency recommended
	fugitive emissions, if any from the	by State Forest Department. The same
	proposed plant on the surrounding	will be been submitted after its approval.
	reserve forests viz. Jora Pahar PF, Sand	will be been sublificed after its approval.
	Pcha Rahar PF, Deluse RF located within	
	10 km radius of the project. Further,	
	Conservation Plan for the conservation of	
	wild fauna in consultation with the State	
	Forest Department shall be prepared and implemented.	
373737	All the recommendations made in the	CREP recommendations are being
XXV.	Charter on Corporate Responsibility for	CREP recommendations are being implemented.
	Environment Protection (CREP) for the	implemented.
	Steel Plants shall be implemented	
3737371	At least 5 % of the total cost of the project	It is being complied and reported in the
xxvi.	shall be earmarked towards the corporate	Annual Report as well as Corporate
		_
	social responsibility and item-wise details	Sustainability Report. These reports are
	alongwith time bound action plan shall be	available on the website of Tata Steel and
	prepared and submitted to the Ministry's	may be seen/downloaded from
	Regional Office at Ranchi. Implementation	• http://www.tatasteel.com/investo
	of such program shall be ensured	rs/performance/annual-report.asp
	accordingly in a time bound manner.	and
		http://tatasteelindia.com/corpora
	mi titalian in tin	te-citizen/pdf/csr-14-15.pdf
xxvii.	The company shall provide housing for	Necessary amenities for contractors like
	construction labour within the site with	canteen, toilets, rest rooms, drinking
	all necessary infrastructure and facilities	water have been provided for all
	such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets,	workers/contractors.
	mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical	
	mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may	
	mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to	
	mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may	
	mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.	
Gen	mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project. eral Conditions	
Gen i.	mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.	We are regularly obtaining the Consent to
	mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project. eral Conditions	We are regularly obtaining the Consent to Operate and authorization under Hazardous Waste from Jharkhand State
Gen	mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.	

	the Chate Community Delication Control Delicati					1	
	the State Government.	Pollution Control Board. The Project informed that there shall be					
ii.	No further expansion or modifications in	_					
	the plant should be carried out without			ission	obtain		
	prior approval of the Ministry of	concerne					
	Environment, Forests and Climate	medicatio					
	Change (MoEFCC).	mix char					
		various p	rod	ucts for	last th	ree year	rs is as
		follows:			•		
			U	Capaci ty			
		Product	n	grante	2013- 14	2014- 15	2015- 16
			it	d in	17	13	10
		Hot Metal		EC 12.5	9.899	10.163	10.655
		Crude	M T	11	9.155	9.331	9.959
		Steel	P	11	9.100	9.551	9.909
		Saleable Steel	Α	10.8	8.931	9.073	9.697
iii.	At least four ambient air quality	4 online	AAC	MS hav	ve been	commis	ssioned
	monitoring stations shall be established	to monit		_			
	in the downward direction as well as	NH ₃ cont					
	where maximum ground level	is one r					
	concentration of PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5} , SO ₂ and	manual			_		
	NOx are anticipated in consultation with	plant an					
	the SPCB. Data on ambient air quality	Monitori					
	and stack emission should be regularly	JSPCB, C	_	-			
	submitted to this Ministry including its	The mon					d April
	Regional Office at Ranchi and the	2015 to I					
	SPCB/CPCB once in six months.	paramete					
		occasions					
		of NAAQS					
			don		CPCE		ognized
		environm		5			8
		The amb				epreser	nts the
		status o					
		impact of					
		-		ustrial		ities,	traffic
		movement, commercial and domestic activities etc.					
iv.	Industrial wastewater shall be properly				ring at		
	collected, treated so as to conform to the	various		_			_
	standards prescribed under GSR 422 (E)	analysis				_	
	dated 19 th May, 1993 and 31 st December,	MoEFCC				٠٠ <u></u> -	,
	1993 or as amended form time to time.		~ (
	The treated wastewater shall be utilized						
	for plantation purpose.						
v.	The overall noise levels in and around the	Personal	Pro	tective	Eauinm	ent (PPI	E) have
''	plant area shall be kept well within the	been pro					
	standards (85 dBA) by providing noise	to avoid					
	control measures including acoustic	Facilities					
	hoods, silencers, enclosures etc. on all	etc have					
	sources of noise generation. The ambient	source.					
	noise levels should conform to the	zone reve					
	standards prescribed under EPA Rules,	exceeds					
	1989 viz. 75 dBA (daytime) and 70 dBA	Similarly				_	
	(nighttime).	levels me					
	(The amb					
		being d					
		Jamshed					
		outside S					
		noise lev					
		TIOISE ICA	CIS	iaius. N	OTOC IC/	CI III III	ic iOWII

vi.	Occupational Health Surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis and records maintained as per the Factories Act.	is found beyond the standard in few occasions. The possible reason of equivalent noise levels in respect of all categories of areas exceeded the standards for day and night times is due to heavy traffic movement in the town, market and commercial activities, festivals and other domestic celebrations and frequent religious rituals. Regular health surveillance is being conducted i.e. 2 times in a year to all the workers who have already attended more than 40 years of age. The workers having age less than 40 years are under gone occupational health surveillance program
vii.	The company shall develop surface as well as ground water harvesting structures to harvest the rainwater for utilization in the lean season besides recharging the ground water table.	once in a year. Rain Water Harvesting structure of 38 Nos. has been provided inside the plant area of which some area has the facility of Ground Water Recharge system. RWH structures have been constructed based on the maximum rainfall of last 20 yrs.
viii.	The project proponent shall also comply with all the environmental protection measures and safeguards recommended in the EIA/EMP report. Further, the company must undertake socio-economic development activities in the surrounding villages like community development programmes, educational programmes, drinking water supply and health care etc.	Socio economic development activities are regularly undertaken in and around Jamshedpur through the two agencies namely, Tata Steel Rural Development Society and Tata Steel Community Development & Welfare Services Centers. The development activities undertaken in the surrounding community are need based and are in the field of health care, education, mid-day meals in schools, sports and culture, self-employment, drinking water, rural electrification, etc. Tata Steel also facilitate the Institutes like R D Tata Technical Institute, Tata Football Academy, Tata Archery Foundation, etc. which encourages the local talent to develop themselves and participate at National and International levels.
ix.	towards total capital cost and recurring cost/annum for environmental pollution control measures to implement the conditions stipulated by the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEFCC) as well as the State Government. An implementation schedule for implementing all the conditions stipulated herein shall be submitted to the Regional Office of the Ministry at Ranchi. The funds so provided shall not be diverted for any other	Capital expenditure on environment is being spent on Air Pollution Control, Solid Waste Management, Zero Waste Water Discharge and Others including Greenery, Online Monitoring, etc. The total budget for the same as allocated by TSL Board is ₹ 2340 Crores. Form this budgeted amount, total commitment has been made for ₹ 1,321 Crores till end of FY 16. The funds for capital investment on pollution control equipment are not diverted.
x.	purpose. A copy of Clearance letter shall be sent by proponent to concerned Panchayat, Zila Parishad/Municipal Corporation/Urban Local Body and the Local NGO, if any,	The copy of Clearance letter has been sent to District Commissioner, Block Development Officer and Jamshedpur Notified Area Committee vide our letter

	laikhanu viue Moef Lettei no 3-11011/091/2007-IA.ii (i) uateu maich 01, 2010				
	from whom suggestions/ representations, if any, were received while processing the proposal. The clearance letter shall also be put on the website of the company by the proponent.	no. EMD/C-41/32-34/16 dated March 04, 2016.			
xi.	The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and shall update the same periodically. It shall simultaneously be sent to the Regional Office of the MoEFCC at Ranchi, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the JPCB. The criteria pollutant levels namely; PM ₁₀ , SO ₂ , NOx (ambient levels as well as stack emissions) or critical sectoral parameters, indicated for the projects shall be monitored and displayed at a convenient location near the main gate of the company in the public domain.	Six monthly compliance reports and the monitored data are being submitted regularly. The ambient air quality parameters are being monitored and displayed at the main gate of the company in the public domain.			
xii.	The project proponent shall also submit six monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions including results of monitored data (both in hard copies as well as by e-mail) to the Regional Office of MOEFCC, the respective Zonal Office of CPCB and the JSPCB. The Regional Office of this Ministry at Ranchi / CPCB / JPCB shall monitor the stipulated conditions.	Six monthly compliance reports are being submitted regularly both in hard copy and by e-mail.			
xiii.	The environmental statement for each financial year ending 31st March in Form-V as is mandated to be submitted by the project proponent to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of environmental conditions and shall also be sent to the respective Regional Offices of the MOEFCC at Ranchi by e-mail.	The environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V is regularly being submitted to the Jharkhand State Pollution Control Board.			
xiv.	The Project Proponent shall inform the public that the project has been accorded environmental clearance by the Ministry and copies of the clearance letter are available with the SPCB and may also be seen at Website of the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEFCC) at http://envfor.nic.in. This shall be advertised within seven days from the date of issue of the clearance letter, at least in two local newspapers that are widely circulated in the region of which one shall be in the vernacular language of the locality concerned and a copy of the same shall be forwarded to the	The Notice has been advertised in two local newspapers viz. Prabhat Khabar (Hindi) and The Telegraph (English) on March 08, 2016. The same has also been informed to the regional office of MoEFCC at Ranchi on March 09, 2016.			

	Regional office.	
XV.	Project authorities shall inform the	This shall be communicated to Regional
	Regional Office as well as the Ministry,	office of MoEFCC at Ranchi.
	the date of financial closure and final	
	approval of the project by the concerned	
	authorities and the date of commencing	
	the land development work.	

Annexure-1

Details of Air/Water Pollution Control Equipment and Stacks with sampling arrangement

1. Unit wise Air/Water Pollution Control Equipment

S1. No.	Area/Location	Air/Water Pollution Control Measures
1	Raw Material Handling Section	Covered storage under shed Covered conveyor
		Dry Fogging
		Water sprinkling
		Fabric filter based DE system
		Bag Filters
		Catchpit for storage of storm water
2	Coke Ovens	
	Battery # 5,6 & 7	Charging Gas Cleaning Cars (CGC)
		Dry Fogging
		Dust suppression
		Dust Extraction system for screen house
	D # # 0 0 0	Coke Dry Quenching
	Battery # 8 & 9	Coke Transfer Car (CTC)
	Dottom: # 10 % 11	Charging Gas Transfer (CGT)
	Battery # 10 & 11	Main Charging by High Pressure LA Land based coke side dust extraction
		Hydro jet door cleaning
		Pushing and dedusting Bag filter
		Coke Dry Quenching (under construction)
	Coke Oven By Product Plant	De-Sulphurisation
	Coke Oven by Froduct Frant	BOD Plant (Advent Integral System)
3	Pellet Plant	Bag Filters
3	Tenet Tiant	Dust Suppression
		Wet Scrubber
		Electrostatic Precipitators
4	Sinter Plants	210011001111101111111111111111111111111
	Sinter Plant# 1	Bag Filters
		Dust Suppression
		Foam Spray System
		Electrostatic Precipitators
	Sinter Plant# 2	Bag Filters
		Dust Suppression
		Foam Spray System
		Electrostatic Precipitators
	Sinter Plant# 3	Bag Filters
		Dust Suppression
		Foam Spray System
		Electrostatic Precipitators
	Sinter Plant# 4	Bag Filters
		Dust Suppression
		Foam Spray System
4	Lime Dient	Electrostatic Precipitators
4	Lime Plant	D Dil4
	Process and dedusting	Bag Filters
	Stock Pile	DS System
	Track Hopper	DS System
_	Wagon Tippler	DS System
5	Blast Furnaces	

C-F Blast Furnaces Bag Filters	·
Scrubbers	
DS System	
Gas Cleaning Plant wi	
Effluent Treatment Pla	ant
G Blast Furnace Bag Filters	
Scrubbers	
DS System	
Gas Cleaning Plant wi	
Effluent Treatment Pla	ant
H Blast Furnace Bag Filters	
Scrubbers	
DS System	
Gas Cleaning Plant wi	
Effluent Treatment Pla	ant
I Blast Furnace Bag Filters	
Scrubbers	
DS System	
Gas Cleaning Plant wi	
Effluent Treatment Pla	ant
6 Steel Melting Shops	
LD 1 Bag Filters	
Electrostatic Precipita	tors
Gas Cleaning Plant	
Effluent Treatment Pla	ant
LD 2 Bag Filters	
Electrostatic Precipita	tors
Gas Cleaning Plant	
Effluent Treatment Pla	ant
LD 3 Bag Filters	
Electrostatic Precipita	tors
Gas Cleaning Plant	
Effluent Treatment Pla	ant
7 Power Plants	
PH# 3 Effluent Treatment Pla	
PH# 4 Electrostatic Precipita	
Effluent Treatment Pla	ant
PH# 5 Effluent Treatment Pla	ant
8 Finishing Mills	
Cold Rolling Mill Scrubbers	
Effluent Treatment Pla	ant
Hot Strip Mill Effluent Treatment Pla	ant
	ant
Merchant Mill Effluent Treatment Pla	
Merchant Mill Effluent Treatment Pla CAPL Scrubbers	
CAPL Scrubbers Mist Separators Effluent Treatment Pla	
CAPL Scrubbers Mist Separators	ant
CAPL Scrubbers Mist Separators Effluent Treatment Pla	ant ant
CAPL Scrubbers Mist Separators Effluent Treatment Pla Wire Rod Mill New Bar Mill Effluent Treatment Pla Effluent Treatment Pla	ant ant ant
CAPL Scrubbers Mist Separators Effluent Treatment Pla Wire Rod Mill New Bar Mill Steplet Treatment Pla Pla Steel Works - Common Industrial Vacuum Cla	ant ant ant eaning System
CAPL Scrubbers Mist Separators Effluent Treatment Pla Wire Rod Mill New Bar Mill Steel Works - Common Industrial Vacuum Cla Mechanized Road swe	ant ant ant eaning System
CAPL Scrubbers Mist Separators Effluent Treatment Pla Wire Rod Mill New Bar Mill Steel Works - Common Industrial Vacuum Cla Mechanized Road swe Water sprinklers	ant ant ant eaning System eping system
CAPL Scrubbers Mist Separators Effluent Treatment Pla Wire Rod Mill New Bar Mill Steel Works - Common Industrial Vacuum Cla Mechanized Road swe	ant ant ant eaning System eping system

Annexure -2

Up to Date Status of Environmental Upgradation Project

1. Stack Emission Reduction Progress Status

S1.	Facility Description	Completion Date	No. of Facility	Current Status
1	SP# 2 Waste Gas ESP PhI	Feb'13	1	Commissioned and in operation
2	SP# 3 Waste Gas ESP	Oct'13	1	Commissioned and in operation
3	SP# 2 Waste Gas ESP PhII	Jun'14	1	Commissioned and in operation
4	SP# 1 Waste Gas ESP	May'14	1	Commissioned and in operation
5	SP# 3 De-dusting System	Dec'14	1	Commissioned and in operation
6	SP# 1 De-dusting System	Dec'16	1	Erection work in progress
7	SP# 2 De-dusting System	Oct'16	1	Erection work in progress
8	F Blast furnace APC Systems	Dec'16	2	Cast House Bag Filter Commissioned; Stock House Bag Filter in Progress
9	LD#1 DE System	Dec'16	1	Erection work in progress
10	LD#2 DE System	Jun'16	1	Commissioning in progress
11	G Blast Furnace APC System	Jun'18	1	Erection work in progress
12	Lime Plant Process Bag-Filter (Waste Gas System)	Jan'18	1	Erection work in progress
13	LD#2 Secondary Emissions	Dec'17	1	Erection work in progress
14	SP# 4 Waste Gas ESP	Jan'18	1	Ordering in progress
15	C Blast Furnace APC System	Jan'18	1	Ordering in progress
16	Lime Plant De-dusting system	Dec'17	1	Erection work in progress
17	LD#1 Secondary Emissions	Dec'17	1	Erection work in progress

2. Fugitive dust control - Progress Status

S 1.	Facility Description	Completion Date	No. of points
A	Dust Extraction System		
11	New Silo for pneumatic conveying system at G BF Stock House	Apr'15	1
2	Dust Extraction (DE) System at RMM	Mar'16	1
3	Dust Extraction (DE) System at Coke Plant	Jan'17	3
4	Dust Extraction (DE) System at RMBB#1	Mar'17	8
5	Dust Extraction (DE) System at H BF Stock House	Mar'17	2
6	Dust Extraction (DE) system at RMBB#2	Sep'17	3
7	Dust Extraction (DE) System at RMBB1, GBF	Sep'17	6
В	Dust Suppression System		
1	Dust Suppression (DS) System Lime Plant	Jun'15	68
2	Dust Suppression (DS) System in Stock House at C&F BF	Jun'15	53
3	Dust Suppression (DS) System at RMBB#1	Jan'16	35
4	Dust Suppression (DS) System at RMBB#2	May'16	40

5	Yard Sprinkling System at RMBB1&2	May'16	2
6	Dust Suppression (DS) System at various location	Dec'16	35
7	Movable Fogging System at various location	Jan'17	30
8	Dust Suppression (DS) System for Ore circuit and yard sprinkler at RMM	Mar'17	28
C	Industrial Vacuum Cleaning System		
1	Industrial Vacuum Cleaning (IVC) for Conveyor no. 149 for MRSP	Jun'13	1
2	Industrial Vacuum Cleaning (IVC) System at RMBB#1, 2 & SP#1, 2 & 3	Sep'14	17
3	Industrial Vacuum Cleaning (IVC) System for H Blast Furnace	Mar'15	4
4	IVC at Locations IBF, Coke Plant, SP#1 & SP#4, RMM & Pellet Plant	Mar'17	29
D	Tyre Washing & Others		
1	Tyre Washing Facility Inside Works (Phase -1)	Dec'12	2
2	Fabrication and Erection of ducting at H-BF Cast House	Jun'16	2
3	Tyre Washing at Various Locations (LD#1,2,3, HSM, RMM etc.)	Mar'17	10

3. Solid waste utilization Progress Status

S1.	Facility Description	Completion Date
1	Composting Plant & Trash Incinerator	Aug'12
2	De-oiling Plant for Mill Scale and Sludge	May'14
3	Magnetic Drums - MRSPP	Jan'14
4	Infrastructure Development at Galudih Phase - I Jun'14	
5	Infrastructure for LD slag processing - Galudih Phase - II Jun'16	
6	Blast Furnace Sludge drying Jul'17	
7	Revert mix feeding system to RMBB 1&2 Sep'19	
8	Revert homogenization Sep'19	

4. Zero water discharge Progress Status

S1.	Facility Description	Completion Date
1	HSM Catch Pit	May'13
2	HSM (Increase in Pumping Capacity)	May'13
3	Jugsalai 2 Catch Pit	Sep'13
4	Susungariah Catch Pit	Jan'14
5	Storage pumping distribution of recycled water Jan'15	
6	Central Effluent Treatment Plant Aug'14	
7	Garam Nallah and Jugsalai-I Catch Pit Dec'14	
8	Waste Water Re-cycling from Ram Mandir Nallah Jun'15	
9	Damp Pump House Jan'16	
10	Waste Water Recycling from BOT Plant Feb'17	
11	CETP Capacity Augmentation (Phase-II) Jun'18	

Central Effluent Treatment Plant



Upgradation of ESPs



Annexure -3

Status of Hazardous and Other Waste Generation and Utilization (April 2015 to March 2016)

	Generation	Consumption
Internal Usage	15,11,821	13,39,639
RMBB	11,08,774	10,79,405
Flue Dust	1,48,649	1,52,321
GCP Sludge	83,034	31,141
LD Sludge	4,10,970	4,56,003
Kiln Dust	19,464	18,764
Mill Scale	80,103	80,911
Mill Sludge	1,138	1,412
Iron Oxide		1,249
Fe bearing muck	11,639	10,208
ESP/DE Dust	26,535	35,535
Lime Fines		28,067
LD Slag Metallic	29,492	29,492
LD Slag Non Metallic	2,97,749	2,34,300
Sinter Plant	2,25,071	1,71,947
Lime Fines	2,25,071	1,71,947
Blast Furnace	54,830	54,830
LD Slag(Scrap)	54,830	54,830
Coke Plant	3,168	819
BOD Sludge	245	135
Coal Tar Sludge	2,923	684
LD Shops	1,19,979	32,638
LF Slag	89,990	2,649
Steel Scrap	29,989	29,989
External Usage + Sale	49,50,770	38,66,935
BF Slag	36,38,848	36,32,734
GCP Sludge		69,949
Lime Fines		5,529
LD,HIS,LF Slag	13,11,921	1,58,722
LD Slag to Galudih		7,12,836
Others		5,43,181

Annexure - 4

Details of Plantation (nos.) done in 2015-16

Month	Plantation in Town and JMD	Plantation in Works	Species	
Apr-15	73	515	Ficus, karanj, Cicilipinia,Palm, Ashoka,	
May-15	99	502	Mahogany,Palmm,Caesalpinia	
Jun-15	5,232	790	Arjun,Mahagune,Cicilipinia,Karanj,Sita Ashok,Bakul, Spathodia,	
Jul-15	2,512	754	Caesalpinia,Kanchan,Jural,Tabulia,Arjun,Mahagune,Karanj	
Aug-15	3,815	335	Mahagune, Cicilipinia, Karanj, Sissam, Arjun, Termanelia Sp., Arica palm, foxtail palm, Tecoma, Kanchan, Kael.	
Sep-15	864	340	Tababia, Ficus, Kanchan, Ashok, Ghandhraj.	
Oct-15	448	381	Bakul, Techoma,calendra,Tagar,Hemelia,Kamani	
Nov-15	655	536	Cicilipinia,Ashok,Bakul, Tecoma,Kamani,Arica palm.	
Dec-15	56	505	Arica palm,Cicilipinia,Ashoka,Kamani,	
Jan-16	356	361	Bakul, Ashoka,Arica palm,Karbi,Kannel	
Feb-16	200	407	Bakul, Ashoka,Mahogany,Calendra,Karbi,Tecoma,Kannel	
Mar-16	762	488	Mahogany,Calendra,Karbi,Tecoma,Ashoka,Ficus	
Total	15,072	5,914	20,986	