No.	Conditions	Compliance Status
	cific Conditions:	Comphance Status
i.	Compliance to all the specific and general conditions stipulated for the existing plant by the Central/State Govt. shall be ensured and regular reports submitted to the Ministry and its Regional Office at Bhubaneswar.	The six monthly compliance reports are being submitted to the regional office regularly. The report for last 4 years submitted to Regional office at Bhubaneswar is as follows: Six Monthly report Submitted on
		June 2015 May 19, 2015 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/58/15 December 2014 November 18, 2014 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/175/14 June, 2014 June 24, 2014 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/116/14 December, 2013 December 16, 2013 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/237/13 June, 2013 June 22, 2013 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/124/13 December, 2012 December 29, 2012 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/330/12 The six monthly compliance reports along the monitored data is also uploaded in the website(http://www.tatasteelindia.com/ corporate-citizen/environment-compliance-reports asp)
ii.	Efforts shall be made to reduce RSPM levels in the ambient air and a time bound action plan shall be submitted. On-line ambient air quality monitoring and continuous stack monitoring facilities for all the stacks shall be provided and sufficient air pollution control devices <i>viz.</i> Electrostatic precipitator (ESP), bag house, gas cleaning plant, bag filters etc. shall be provided to keep the emission levels below 50 mg/Nm³ by installing energy efficient technology. Low NOx burners shall be installed to control NOx emissions. At no time, the emission level shall go beyond the prescribed standards. Interlocking facilities shall be provided so that process can be automatically stopped in case emission level exceeds the limit.	 citizen/environment-compliance-reports.asp) 4 online AAQMS have been commissioned to monitor PM₁₀, PM_{2.5}, SO₂, NO₂, CO, NH₃ continuously. Low NOx burners have been provided in all the new units. Similarly in almost all the units alert facility have been provided in case of units exceed any prescribed emission level as the interlocking is technically not feasible in all the production units.
iii.	Existing electrostatic precipitator (ESP) shall be upgraded and provided to new units to control gaseous emissions within 50 mg/Nm³. ESPs shall be provided to pellet plant, cast house and stock house of blast furnaces and LD#3 shop. Waste gas from the drying and grinding unit of pellet plant shall be cleaned by bag filters. Adequate provisions shall be made to	 There is a proposal to upgrade all the ESP of Sinter Plant (SP), F & G Blast Furnace & LD1 & LD2 steel melting shops. Among these 5 ESP i.e. 1 of SP1, 1 of SP2, 3 of SP3 have already been upgraded by the agency. The agreed emission for their upgraded emission has been guaranteed to be 50 mg/Nm3 with an efficiency of 99.9%. Bag Filters are provided in the Cast House and Stock House of all the Blast Furnaces. 3 nos. of bag filters have been provided in the Pellet Plant to control waste gas from the drying and grinding unit. 12 nos. of Bag House have been provided in Lime Plant in process and dedusting units.

iv.	control NOx emissions. Bag house shall be provided to Lime kilns. Data on ambient air quality stack emissions and fugitive emissions shall regularly submit to the Ministry's Regional Office at Bhubaneswar, Jharkhand Pollution Control Board (JPCB) and Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) once in six months. Land based fume extraction	•	Precipita Addition and Ba inside W 6 out o complete	ator (ESP) ha lal 11 nos. of g Filters are Vorks which sh f total 16 sch ed.	ve been comm schemes to up being commiss all be completed emes to reduce	grade Existing E hissioned at SP ograde APCE inclusioned at various d by July 2018. e stack emission	1, 2 & 3. uding ESP s locations have been
v.	system shall be provided to coke oven battery # 10 and 11 to arrest fugitive emissions during charging and pushing operations. The coke oven gas shall be desulphurized by reduction of H ₂ S content of coke oven gas in the by-product recovery section to below 500 mg/Nm³. On-line charging with high pressure liquor aspiration (HPLA) for extraction of oven gas, leak proof oven doors, hydraulic door and door frame cleaner, water sealed AP caps and charging & pusher side emission extractor device shall be provided for the coke oven batteries to maintain VOC emissions within permissible limit. Land based fume extraction system for pushing emission control from coke ovens shall be provided. All the standards prescribed for the coke oven plants shall be followed as per the latest guidelines. Proper and full utilization of coke oven gases in power plant using heat recovery steam generators shall be ensured and no flue gases shall be discharged into the air. Sulphur shall be recovered from the coke oven gases from new product plant.	•	As per that are being to be 7.6 7 and % maximum 7 & 10. Byproduce Power Ho is also be is recover	with HPLA, I al AP caps a device etc wern imize leaks frommendations on gas is being reports shown in Battery#6, 1 of maximum in charging emitting generated and generated area from coke of By Products CO Gas BF Gas LD Gas Inhouse Power generation	Hydraulic door and charging re in place in be from doors CAPs. Ing desulphuris ws that H ₂ S consists with the second size of	The max % of PI bund to be 0.9 in bund to be 0.9 in bund to be 1.6 in Batt to be 48 sec in Batt for power generaturpose in all the max at Blast Furnace and to authorized bursel for Power generation, heating Power generation, heating Power generation, heating Supply to Works for operation	clearance, e emission attery 10 & o meet the 0&11. The mg/Nm³.
vi.	Only dry quenching method in the coke oven in new battery #					er commissioning ect likely to be co	
	the coke oven in new pattery #	<u> </u>	DAC OVEIL	<u> Башегу # 10 а</u>	na 11. me proj	cet likely to be co	inpicted by

	10 & 11 shall be adopted.	year 2018-19.
vii.	The National Ambient Air Quality Emission Standards issued by the Ministry vide G.S.R. No. 826(E) dated 16 th November, 2009 shall be followed.	 4 online AAQMS have been commissioned to monitor PM₁₀, PM_{2.5}, SO₂, NOx, CO, NH₃ continuously. There is one mobile monitoring facility & about 20 manual AAQMS located both inside the plant and also outside the plant area. All other AAQ parameters being analysed by approved environment laboratory are also found within prescribed limit. Monthly monitoring reports are being submitted to JSPCB and six monthly monitoring reports are being submitted along with EC compliance reports to Ministry's Regional office, CPCB and JSPCB. Please refer Annexure - I for monitoring reports for April 2016 to September 2016.
viii.	In-plant control measures for checking fugitive emissions from all the vulnerable sources including bag filters and fume extraction system shall be provided. Dry fog dust suppression system / water sprinkling system shall be provided in raw material handling areas to control fugitive dust emissions. Fugitive emissions from different sources	 Necessary air pollution control measures are provided to control fugitive dust emission. Please find enclosed a list of air pollution control devices for each of production unit as Annexure 1. All the areas of dedusting operation as junction house, transfer tower, conveyors are connected with bag filters and/or dry fog dust suppression system. All these locations are being monitored once in month. 4 nos. of unit for dust extraction system (DE) have been commissioned at G Blast Furnaces, RMBB and RMM. Additional 20 nos. of units for dust extraction system (DE) are being commissioned at various locations inside Works which shall be completed by Sep 2017.
	shall also be controlled by covered conveyors, water sprinkling in open yards and with dry fogging in the closed zones. Further, specific measures like asphalting of the roads within premises shall be carried out to control fugitive emissions. Fugitive emissions shall be controlled, regularly monitored and records maintained.	 A total of 225 nos. of points for dust suppression system (DS) have been commissioned at Lime Plant, RMBB 1& 2, and C & F Blast Furnaces. Additional 155 nos. of points for dust suppression system (DS) are being commissioned at various locations inside Works which shall be completed by March 2017. A total of 34 nos. Industrial vacuum cleaners (IVC) have been commissioned at MPSPP, RMBB 1&2, SP 1, 2 & 3 and HBF. Additional 17 nos. of Industrial vacuum cleaners (IVC) are being commissioned at various locations inside Works which shall be completed by March 2017.
ix.	Gaseous emission levels including secondary fugitive emissions from all the sources shall be controlled within the latest permissible limits issued by the Ministry and regularly monitored. Guidelines / Code of Practice issued by the CPCB shall be followed. New standards issued by the Ministry vide G.S.R. 414(E) dated 30th May, 2008 shall be followed.	 Secondary dust emission inside the plant in different critical areas is being monitored in about 350 locations monthly. The average work area dust monitoring during April 2016 to Sep 2016 is 5.2 mg/m³.
x.	As proposed, traffic decongestion plan shall be implemented in a time bound manner to reduce emissions in the Jamshedpur city and separate budget shall be allocated for implementing the same. Maximum inbound and out bound material movement shall be done by railway wagons only to reduce dust emissions.	 Under the traffic decongestion plan in Jamshedpur city: Strengthening of marine drive (Western corridor) has been implemented Proposal of Eastern Corridor is in discussion with Govt. of Jharkhand and key issues settled Inside the plant: Automatic traffic control system is in place to control the traffic density as well as the safely including secondary emission inside the plant. All the loaded trucks are ensured to be covered with tarpaulin

Measures like covered conveyors for handling of bulk materials, centralized screening of iron ore, rationalization of weighing system, use of higher capacity vehicles etc. shall be adopted to reduce dust emissions. Mechanized vacuum cleaning of arterial roads shall be carried out on regular basis to further reduce dust emissions.

- sheets to avoid dust getting air borne and thus generation of secondary emission.
- Sign board have been placed on all the critical areas to keep the speed of the vehicle within 35 kmph to control secondary emission along the internal road (VIP Road) and similarly the vehicle speed is limited to 16 kmph in the units.
- All the loaded trucks/dumpers coming inside the plant with their valid PUC.
- 4 nos. of mechanized sweepers are deployed within Works for regular cleaning and dust evacuation of roads.
- Approx. 400 tonnes/month of dust from road being collected by these mechanized sweepers which are being reused in sinter making through RMBB.
- 2 nos. of mechanized sweepers are deployed in Jamshedpur town for regular cleaning and dust evacuation of roads.
- xi. Vehicular pollution due to transportation of raw materials and finished products shall be controlled. Proper arrangements shall also be made to control dust emissions during loading and unloading of the raw material and finished product.
- Approx. all the raw material is being transported through railways to reduce the road transport load and vehicular pollution.
- Dry fog dust suppression and water sprinklers are provided to control dust emission during loading and unloading activity.
- Tyre washing facility has also been provided in 8 strategic locations to keep tyres clean to reduce dust emission on roads and being installed in 5 additional locations.
- xii. As proposed, total water requirement from River Subarnarekha shall not exceed 33.3 MGD although permission for 227 MGD water is obtained vide letter dated 7th January, 1992. Closed circuit cooling system shall be provided to reduce further water consumption. All the wastewater from various units shall be treated in the common effluent treatment plant (CETP) primary, secondary and tertiary treatment shall be either recycled or used for dust suppression, slag quenching and green belt development etc. within the lease hold area. The phenolic effluent from the byproduct recovery section of coke oven battery # 10 and 11 shall he. treated in BOD plant. Wastewater containing solids shall suspended passed through clarifloculation plant to recover and reuse the clarified water for cooling or cleaning. Mill effluent containing oil and suspended solids shall be passed through oil skimmers and filter press. No treated

wastewater shall be released out

and

premises

the

- Due to water recycling facilities the total water requirement from River Subarnarekha shall not cross 33.3 MGD for Steel Works.
- A central effluent treatment plant (CETP) of 4 MGD has been constructed to treat and recycle most of the effluent by tertiary treatment with Reverse Osmosis (RO).
- CETP is being augmented to increase treatment capacity from 4 to 8 MGD
- New BOD plant has been commissioned and existing BOD has been upgraded to treat the additional effluent generated from Coke Oven Batteries including Battery 10 & 11.
- Closed circuit cooling systems have been installed. Catch pits at all the five designated drains have been constructed to recycle the treated effluent within plant.
- All the mills are equipped with respective effluent treatment plants with settling tanks and oil skimming facility.

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'Zero'

	Sharkhanu vide Moef Letter no 5-11011/091/2007-IA.II (i) dated May 11, 2010			
xiii.	discharge shall be adopted by recycling all the treated water in the plant itself including from the existing plant. Efforts shall be made to make use of rain water harvested. If	There are two ponds inside Steel works viz. Upper Cooling Pond (UCP) and Lower Cooling Pond (LCP), which stores and harvest		
	needed, capacity of the reservoir shall be enhanced to meet the maximum water requirement. Only balance water requirement shall be met from other sources.	 most of the surface run off with cooling water of the units. 38 nos. of rainwater harvesting structures in different office buildings have been provided inside the plant area of which some area has the facility of Ground Water Recharge system. RWH structure has been constructed based on the maximum rainfall of last 20 yrs. 		
xiv.	Continuous monitoring of Total Organic Compounds (TOC) in the wastewater treated in BOD plant from the coke oven plant shall be done at the outlet of ETP (BOD plant). All the treated wastewater shall be monitored for pH, BOD, COD, oil & grease, cyanide, phenolic compounds, Chromium+6 etc. besides other relevant parameters.	 The BOD plant has facility of continuous monitoring of TOC. Similarly monitoring of other parameters on the outlet of the BOD plant is being done regularly. The monthly monitoring data is being submitted to JSPCB and six monthly reports are being submitted to regional office of MoEFCC at Ranchi and CPCB. Please refer Annexure - I for monitoring reports for April 2016 to September 2016. 		
XV.	Regular monitoring of influent and effluent surface, sub-surface and ground water shall be ensured and treated wastewater shall meet the norms prescribed by the State Pollution Control Board or described under the E(P) Act whichever are more stringent. Leachate study for the effluent generated and analysis shall also be regularly carried out and report submitted to the Ministry's Regional Office at Bhubaneswar, Jharkhand SPCB and CPCB.	regularly. The treated effluents such as all ETP outlets and drains are being analyzed regularly. Online effluent monitoring system has been commissioned in all the drains to monitor effluent quality on a real time basis. Online effluent monitoring data is connected with CPCB/JSPCB. River Water quality of Subarnarekha and kharkai is also being monitored as a part of regular monitoring of surface water quality. There are two cooling water pond whose water quality is also regularly monitored as part of sub surface water quality. Ground water quality is also being monitored at 7 locations both inside and outside plant premises. Monthly monitoring data is being submitted to JSPCB and six monthly reports are being submitted to regional office of MoEFCC.		
xvi.	'Zero' effluent discharge shall be strictly followed and no additional wastewater shall be discharged outside the premises. Domestic wastewater shall be treated in septic tanks followed by soak pit and used for green belt development.	plant effluent is being recycled in to different process units for various uses. The rain water which is being discharged into the nearby nallah is being collected and in low lying area and settled water is let out thereafter. Maximum effort is being taken to minimize the discharge of rain water.		
xvii.	As proposed, the water consumption shall not exceed 5.7 m³/Ton of steel at 9.7 MTPHY stage. All the blast furnace (BF) slag	The specific water consumption has been reduced to 4.01 m³/tcs during April – September 2016 as compared to 5.54 m³/tcs for the year 2014-15. Year Specific Water Consumption (m³/tcs) FY 14 5.58 FY 15 5.54 FY 16 4.39 Apr-Sep'16 4.01 • Online slag granulation facilities have been implemented in the all		
AVIII.	shall be granulated and provided	Blast Furnaces.		

xxii.	A time bound action plan shall be submitted to reduce solid waste, its proper utilization and disposal to the Ministry's Regional Office at Bhubaneswar, Jharkhand SPCB and CPCB.	An action plan for Solid waste management has been submitted to JSPCB vides our letter no. EMD/C-02/460/11 dated December 16, 2011. We had also submitted road map regarding future generation and the disposal of solid waste vide our letter no. EMD/C-33/124/13 dated June 22, 2013. We have taken a number of steps to improve the solid waste utilization. For the period during April 2016 to September 2016, the solid waste utilization was 80% excluding storage of LD slag at
xxi.	As proposed, Jugsalai muck dump (JMD) shall be reclaimed in a time bound manner by covering the dump site with geonetting and vegetation alongwith localized water harvesting.	The reclamation of JMD has been completed. A rainwater harvesting facility has been constructed at the top of the JMD which is being utilized for development of greenery. Besides this, there is a provision to pump surface drainage carry out from the plant to JMD area for development of greenery.
xx.	All the slag shall be used for land filling inside the plant or used as building material only after passing through Toxic Chemical Leachability Potential (TCLP) test. Toxic Chromium sludge and other hazardous substances recovered from the slag and output waste shall be disposed off in secured landfill as per CPCB guidelines.	 LD Slag is being used for road making. The TCLP test conducted by external approved agency. Leachate potential of all Heavy metals is negligible. Chrome Sludge is being disposed in the secured landfill inside Works.
xix.	As proposed, coal tar sludge and BOD sludge shall be recycled for coke making by mixing with the coal charge and used in the coke ovens. Chromium sludge shall be disposed in a HDPE lined secured landfill as per the CPCB guidelines within the complex. All the other solid waste including broken refractory mass shall be properly disposed off in environment-friendly manner. Oily waste and spent oil shall be provided to authorized recyclers/reprocessors.	 BOD Sludge and Coal Tar sludge generated from By Product Plant is being recycled in coke plant by mixing with raw materials. All other kind of process wastes are being reutilised in sinter plant. In house secured landfill with HDPE liner has been constructed to dispose chrome sludge generated from Cold Rolling Mill. A de-oiling plant has been commissioned and in operation to reuse the mill scale and sludge in the Sinter Plant by mixing with raw materials.
	to cement manufacturers for further utilization in cement making as per the MoUs signed with various companies including M/s Lafarge, M/s Ecocement & M/s ACC. LD slag after metal recovery shall be used in sinter plant, blast furnaces and LD convertor, aggregates making, road ballast making, soil conditioning etc. All the flue dust generated shall be recycled within the plant to the maximum extent. Mill scales, LD sludge, lime fines and flue dust shall be recycled back to the sinter plant. The BF gas cleaning plant sludge shall be used for manufacturing briquettes.	 All the BF Slag is being granulated and made available to the Cement plants for cement making. Blast Furnace gas cleaning plant (GCP) sludge is re-utilised in the process as well as being used for manufacturing briquettes. Additional initiatives undertaken for improving the utilization of LD Slag: Co-processing of LD Slag at Cement Kilns. Open & Closed Steam Ageing inside Works Use of LD Slag in Road Making & railway Ballast Collaboration with expert external agency for processing and subsequent use of LD Slag as aggregates and ballast.

		Galudih for processing. Various actions have been already planned to improve the solid waste utilization further.
xxiii.	Proper handling, storage,	Most of the solid waste is being reutilized.
	utilization and disposal of all the solid waste shall be ensured and regular report regarding toxic metal content in the waste material and its composition, end use of solid/hazardous waste shall be submitted to the Ministry's Regional Office at Bhubaneswar, Jharkhand SPCB and CPCB.	Information regarding solid waste and hazardous waste is being submitted in Environment Statement to the Board every year.
xxiv.	Proper utilization of fly ash shall	The quantity of generation of fly ash is on decreasing trend.
xxv.	be ensured as per Fly Ash Notification, 1999 and subsequent amendment in 2003. All the fly ash shall be provided to cement and brick manufacturers for further utilization and 'Memorandum of Understanding' shall be submitted to the Ministry's Regional Office at Bhubaneswar. A Risk and Disaster Management Plan along with the	Generation for last four years is as follows: Year
	mitigation measures shall be prepared and a copy submitted to the Ministry's Regional Office at Bhubaneswar, Jharkhand SPCB and CPCB within 3 months of issue of environment clearance letter.	letter no. DMI/IDMU/Con-227/24 dated April 16, 2012. The same has been submitted to JSPCB.
xxvi.	As proposed, green belt shall be developed in more than 33 % area within and around the plant premises as per the CPCB guidelines in consultation with DFO.	We have planted approx. 56,464 saplings during April 2016 to September 2016 inside the works and Jugsalai Muck Dump area and in Township. Every year plantation done in available space. The following plant species are being planted: Ficus, karanj, Cicilipinia, Palm, Ashoka, Mahogany, Caesalpinia Arjun, Sita Ashok, Bakul, Spathodia, Kanchan, Jural, Tabulia, Sissam, Termanelia Sp.,Arica palm, foxtail palm, Tecoma, Kannel, Tababia, Ghandhraj, calendra, Tagar, Hemelia, Kamani, Karbi, Calendra etc.
xxvii.	Prior permission from the State Forest Department shall be taken regarding likely impact of the expansion of the proposed steel plant on the reserve forests. Measures shall be taken to prevent impact of particulate emissions / fugitive emissions, if any from the proposed plant on the surrounding reserve forests viz. Jora Pahar PF, Sand Pcha Rahar PF, Deluse RF located within 10 km radius of the project. Further, Conservation Plan for the conservation of wild fauna in consultation with the State Forest Department shall be	 Prior Permission from State Forest Department has been obtained vide their memo. No. 2605 dated October 29, 2010. Wildlife Conservation Plan has been submitted to PCCF, Jharkhand vide our letter no. EMD/C-33/368/11 dated October 07, 2011. A revised Wildlife Conservation Plan for Tata Steel has been prepared with the help of approved external agency recommended by State Forest Department and submitted for approval vide our letter no. EMD/C-41/128/16 dated August 22, 2016. The same is in process at State Forest Department.

	prepared and implemented.								
xviii.	All the recommendations made	CDFD roomn	aondotic	no hor	vo boon i	mnlomo	ntod		
XVIII.	in the Charter on Corporate	CREP recomn	ncmanic	ms na	ve been 1	mbieille	mea.		
	Responsibility for Environment								
	Protection (CREP) for the Steel								
	Plants shall be implemented	A 11 41	•, ,	1	4 41	1 1'	1 '	41 D	1.1' TT '
xxix.	All the commitments made to	All the comm			to the	public (auring	tne Pi	ablic Hearing
	the public during the Public	are being imp	iemente	a.					
	Hearing / Public Consultation								
	meeting held on 18th June, 2009								
	shall be satisfactorily								
	implemented and a separate								
	budget for implementing the								
	same shall be allocated and								
	information submitted to the								
	Ministry's Regional Office at								
	Bhubaneswar.								
XXX.	At least 5 % of the total cost of	It is being cor							
	the project <i>i.e.</i> ₹ 750.00 Crores	The amount							
	shall be earmarked towards the	Responsibility							
	corporate social responsibility	while during							
	and item-wise details along with	Annual Repo							
	time bound action plan shall be	reports are			tne web	site of	Tata	Steel	and may be
	prepared and submitted to the	seen/downloa			1 /:		, ,		, ,
	Ministry's Regional Office at				el.com/in	vestors	/pertor	mance	e/annual-
	Bhubaneswar. Implementation	_	asp and		,			, 10,	
	of such program shall be	• http:/	/tataste	elindia	a.com/co	rporate	-cıtızen	i/pdi/	csr-14-15.pdf
	ensured accordingly in a time								
	bound manner.	As the project	+ ia alma	dr. oo	mmiaaia	and Co	malian	00 to t	his condition
xxxi.	The company shall provide housing for construction labour	As the project is already commissioned. Compliance to this condition is not applicable.							
	within the site with all necessary	is not applica	DIC.						
	infrastructure and facilities such								
	as fuel for cooking, mobile								
	toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking								
	water, medical health care,								
	crèche etc. The housing may be								
	in the form of temporary								
	structures to be removed after								
	the completion of the project.								
Gene	eral Conditions:								
i.	The project authorities must	We are regu	ılarlv c	btaini	ng the	CTO :	and ar	athoria	zation under
	strictly adhere to the	Hazardous W			0	(diaoi
	stipulations made by the								
	Jharkhand Pollution Control								
	Board (JSPCB) and the State								
	Government.								
ii.	No further expansion or	The Project in	formed	that th	nere shal	l be pri	or pern	nission	obtained for
	modifications in the plant should	the concerned							
	be carried out without prior	and product i	nix cha	nge. Th	ne detail	of prod	uction	of vari	ous products
	approval of the Ministry of	for last three	years is	as foll					
	Environment and Forests.		Product	Unit	Capacity granted	2014- 15	2015- 16	Apr- Sep	
			Hot Metal		in EC 12.5	10.163	10.655	2016 5.28	
			Crude	MTPA	11	9.331	9.959	4.82	
			Steel Saleable						
iii.	The gaseous emissions from	There is a pro	Steel		10.8	9.073	9.697	4.62	nt (CD) E0 C
	THE GREENIS AMISSIONS FROM	inere is a nro	mosal to	1 11nor	ane all fl	16 H.SP	or Sint	er Plat	TILL IN DI H'XT ()

viii.	The company shall develop surface as well as ground water harvesting structures to harvest	Rain Water Harvesting structure of 38 Nos. has been provided inside the plant area of which some area has the facility of Ground Water Recharge system. RWH structures have been constructed based on
vii.	Occupational Health Surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis and records maintained as per the Factories Act.	Regular health surveillance is being conducted i.e. 2 times in a year to all the workers who have already attended more than 40 years of age. The workers having age less than 40 years are under gone occupational health surveillance program once in a year.
vi.	around the plant area shall be kept well within the standards (85 dBA) by providing noise control measures including acoustic hoods, silencers, enclosures etc. on all sources of noise generation. The ambient noise levels should conform to the standards prescribed under EPA Rules, 1989 viz. 75 dBA (daytime) and 70 dBA (nighttime).	Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) have been provided to all the workers/officers to avoid any accompanied noise hazards. Facilities like silencers, enclosers, hood etc have been provided to reduce noise at source. The monitored data in the work zone reveals that the noise level does not exceeds >85 dBA for 8 hr exposures. Similarly in the ambient also, the noise levels meet the prescribed standards. The ambient noise level monitoring is being done at different part of the Jamshedpur town in frequent interval outside Steel Works to assess the ambient noise level status. Noise level in the town is found beyond the standard in few occasions. The possible reason of equivalent noise levels in respect of all categories of areas exceeded the standards for day and night times is due to heavy traffic movement in the town, market and commercial activities, festivals and other domestic celebrations and frequent religious rituals.
v.	Industrial wastewater shall be properly collected, treated so as to conform to the standards prescribed under GSR 422 (E) dated 19 th May, 1993 and 31 st December, 1993 or as amended form time to time. The treated wastewater shall be utilized for plantation purpose.	Surface and ground water monitoring at various locations are being done and analysis reports also being sent to RO, MoEF and JSPCB.
iv.	At least four ambient air quality monitoring stations shall be established in the downward direction as well as where maximum ground level concentration of SPM, SO ₂ and NOx are anticipated in consultation with the Jharkhand PCB. Data on ambient air quality and stack emission should be regularly submitted to this Ministry including its Regional Office at Bhubaneswar and the Jharkhand PCB/CPCB once in six months.	4 online AAQMS have been commissioned to monitor PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5} , SO ₂ , NOx, CO, NH ₃ continuously inside the Works. There is one mobile monitoring facility & 20 manual AAQMS located both inside the plant and also outside the plant area. Monitoring report is being submitted to JSPCB, CPCB and Regional Office. The monitoring data for the period April 2016 to September 2016 indicates that all the parameters (except PM ₁₀ and PM _{2.5} in few occasions) are within the prescribed limit of NAAQS. PAHs, Lead and Ammonia are being done by CPCB recognized environment laboratory. The ambient air quality represents the status of environment, which includes impact of several external factors such as other industrial activities, traffic movement, commercial and domestic activities etc.
	various process units shall conform to the load/mass based standards notified by this Ministry on 19th May, 1993 and standards prescribed from time to time. The state Board may specify more stringent standards for the relevant parameters keeping in view the nature of the industry and its size and location.	Blast Furnace & LD1 & LD2 steel melting shops. Among these 5 ESP i.e. 1 of SP1, 1 of SP2, 3 of SP3 have already been upgraded by the agency. The agreed emission for their upgraded emission has been guaranteed to be 50 mg/Nm³ with an efficiency of 99.9%. ESPs have been provided in pellet plant (Hood Stack, Wind Box Stack and Central dedusting stack) and bag filters in other areas where dedusting as the main criteria. Bag Filters are provided in the Cast House and Stock House of H and I Blast Furnace each. As explained as above, 3 bag filters have been provided in the pellet plant to control waste gas from the drying and grinding unit of pellet plant.

	Sharkhand vide MoEF Letter no	
	the rainwater for utilization in	the maximum rainfall of last 20 yrs.
	the lean season besides	
	recharging the ground water	
ix.	table. The project proponent shall also	Socio economic development activities are regularly undertaken in
IX.	comply with all the environmental protection measures and safeguards	and around Jamshedpur through the two agencies namely, Tata Steel Rural Development Society and Tata Steel Community Development & Welfare Services Centers. The development activities undertaken in
	recommended in the EIA/EMP report. Further, the company must undertake socio-economic	the surrounding community are need based and are in the field of health care, education, mid-day meals in schools, sports and culture, self-employment, drinking water, rural electrification, etc. Tata Steel
	development activities in the surrounding villages like	also facilitate the Institutes like R D Tata Technical Institute, Tata Football Academy, Tata Archery Foundation, etc. which encourages
	community development programmes, educational programmes, drinking water	the local talent to develop themselves and participate at National and International levels.
	supply and health care etc.	
X.	As proposed, ₹ 2,107.00 Crores and ₹ 60.00 Crores shall be earmarked towards total capital cost and recurring cost/annum for environmental pollution control measures and	Capital expenditure on environment is being spent on Air Pollution Control, Solid Waste Management, Zero Waste Water Discharge and Others including Greenery, Online Monitoring, etc. The total budget for the same as allocated by TSL Board is ₹ 2340 Crores. Form this budgeted amount, total commitment has been made for ₹ 1,452 Crores till end of September 2016.
	judiciously utilized to implement the conditions stipulated by the Ministry of Environment and	The funds for capital investment on pollution control equipment are not diverted.
	Forests as well as the State Government. The funds so provided shall not be diverted for any other purpose.	
xi.	The Regional Office of this	Six monthly compliance reports and the monitored data are being
	Ministry at	submitted regularly.
	Bhubaneswar/CPCB/Jharkhand	
	SPCB will monitor the stipulated conditions. A six monthly	
	compliance report and the	
	monitored data along with	
	statistical interpretation shall be	
	submitted to them regularly.	
xii.	The Project Proponent shall inform the public that the project has been accorded environmental clearance by the	The Notice has been advertised in two local newspapers viz. Hindustan (Hindi) and Hindustan Times (English) on May 18, 2010 and communication to this effect was also sent to the MoEF vide our letter no. EMD/C-33/128/10 dated June 15, 2010.
	Ministry and copies of the clearance letter are available	
	with the JSPCB and may also be seen at Website of the Ministry of Environment and Forests at	
	http://envfor.nic.in. This shall be advertised within seven days	
	from the date of issue of the clearance letter, at least in two	
	local newspapers that are widely	
	circulated in the region of which	
	one shall be in the vernacular	
	language of the locality	
	concerned and a copy of the same shall be forwarded to the	
1	Regional office.	

		0-11011/091/2007-1A.11 (1) dated may 11, 2010
xiii.	A copy of Clearance letter shall	The copy of Clearance letter has been sent to Zila Parishad, DIC,
	be sent by proponent to concerned Panchayat, Zila	Local Body and all concerned vide EMD/C-33/129-137/10 dated
	concerned Panchayat, Zila Parishad/Municipal	June 15, 2010.
	Corporation/Urban Local Body	
	and the Local NGO, if any, from	
	whom suggestions/	
	representations, if any, were	
	received while processing the	
	proposal. The clearance letter	
	shall also be put on the website	
	of the company by the	
	proponent.	
xiv.	The project proponent shall	Six monthly compliance reports and the monitored data are being
	upload the status of compliance	submitted regularly. The ambient air quality parameters are being
	of the stipulated environment	monitored and displayed at the main gate of the company in the
	clearance conditions, including	public domain.
	results of monitored data on	
	their website and shall update the same periodically. It shall	
	simultaneously be sent to the	
	Regional Office of the MoEF, the	
	respective Zonal Office of CPCB	
	and the JPCB. The criteria	
	pollutant levels namely; SPM,	
	RSPM, SO ₂ , NOx (ambient levels	
	as well as stack emissions) or	
	critical sectoral parameters,	
	indicated for the projects shall	
	be monitored and displayed at a	
	convenient location near the main gate of the company in the	
	public domain.	
xv.	The project proponent shall also	Six monthly compliance reports are being submitted regularly both in
	submit six monthly reports on	hard copy and by e-mail.
	the status of the compliance of	
	the stipulated environmental	
	conditions including results of	
	monitored data (both in hard	
	copies as well as by e-mail) to	
	the Regional Office of MOEF at Bhubaneswar, the respective	
	Zonal Office of CPCB and the	
	JSPCB. The Regional Office of	
	this Ministry at Bangalore /	
	CPCB / JPCB shall monitor the	
	stipulated conditions.	
xvi.	The environmental statement for	The environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V is
	each financial year ending 31st	regularly being submitted to the Jharkhand State Pollution Control
	March in Form-V as is mandated	Board.
	to be submitted by the project	
	proponent to the concerned	
	State Pollution Control Board as	
	prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules,	
	1986, as amended subsequently,	
	shall also be put on the website	
	of the company along with the	
	status of compliance of	

	environmental conditions and shall also be sent to the	
	respective Regional Offices of the	
	MOEF by e-mail.	
xvii.	Project authorities shall inform	It has been complied as the project has already been completed.
	the Regional Office as well as the	
	Ministry, the date of financial	
	closure and final approval of the	
	project by the concerned	
	authorities and the date of	
	commencing the land	
	development work.	