No.	Conditions		Comp	oliance Status
Spec	ific Conditions:			
i.	The project proponent should install 24x7 air monitoring devices to monitor air emissions, as provided by the CPCB and submit report to Ministry and its Regional Office.	<ul> <li>PM<sub>10</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, CO, NH<sub>3</sub> continuously. All other AAQ parameters being analysed by CPCB recognized environment laboratory are also found within prescribed limit.</li> <li>Real-time data of the monitoring stations are connected with the server at CPCB and JSPCB.</li> <li>The six monthly compliance reports are being submitted to Ministry's Regional office, CPCB and JSPCB.</li> <li>Please refer <b>Annexure</b> – <b>I</b> for monitoring reports for April 2016 to March 2017.</li> </ul>		
ii.	The Project Proponent			mpliance reports of all existing
	should ensure the			es granted by Ministry are being
	compliance of environmental safeguard			onal office regularly. The report itted to Ministry's Regional office,
	stipulated in the earlier		B and JSPCB is a	υ υ
	environment clearance		Six Monthly report	Submitted on
	letter dated 11 <sup>th</sup> May, 2010 and submit the		December 2016	November 25, 2016 vide letter no. EMD/C-41/183/16
	compliance report to the		June 2016	June 01, 2016 vide letter no. EMD/C-41/78/16
	Ministry and its Regional Office, Ranchi		December 2015	December 05, 2015 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/215/15
			June 2015	May 19, 2015 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/58/15
			December 2014	November 18, 2014 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/175/14
			June, 2014	June 24, 2014 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/116/14
			December, 2013	December 16, 2013 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/237/13
			June, 2013	June 22, 2013 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/124/13
			December, 2012	December 29, 2012 vide letter no. EMD/C-33/330/12
		mon (http	itored data is o://www.tatasteel	compliance reports along the also uploaded in the website india.com/corporate-compliance-reports.asp)
iii.	On-line ambient air			e been commissioned to monitor
	quality monitoring shall be provided and sufficient			, CO, NH <sub>3</sub> continuously.
	air pollution control			a list of air pollution control oduction unit as <b>Annexure 1.</b>
	devices viz. Electrostatic		_	ve been provided in all the new
	precipitator (ESP), bag	unit		-
	house, gas cleaning plant, bag filters etc. shall be		2	the units alert facility have been
	provided to keep the			f units exceed any prescribed e interlocking is technically not
	emission levels below 50		ible in all the prod	
	mg/Nm <sup>3</sup> by installing energy efficient	installed missions. included implementation of action plan to reduce dustated in standard implementation of action plan to reduce dustated in standard implementation of action plan to reduce dustated in standard implementation in standard implementation of action plan to reduce dustated in standard implementation in standard implementation of action plan to reduce dustated in standard implementation in standard		<u> </u>
	$\approx$			
	burners shall be installed			
	to control NOx emissions.			
	At no time, the emission level shall go beyond the			
	prescribed standards.			
	Interlocking facilities shall			
	be provided so that			

can process automatically stopped in emission level case exceeds the limit. Efforts shall be made to further reduce PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub> levels in the ambient air and a time bound action plan shall be submitted. • There is a proposal to upgrade all the ESP of Sinter Existing Electrostatic Precipitator (ESP) shall be Plant (SP), F & G Blast Furnace & LD1 & LD2 steel upgraded and provided to melting shops. Among these 6 ESPs of Sinter Plant control to units have already been upgraded by the agency. The agreed gaseous emissions within emission for their upgraded emission has been 50 mg/Nm<sup>3</sup>. Waste gas guaranteed to be 50 mg/Nm<sup>3</sup> with an efficiency of from the drying and 99.9%. grinding unit of pellet • Bag Filters are provided in the Cast House and Stock plant shall be cleaned by House of all the Blast Furnaces. filters. Adequate 3 nos. of bag filters have been provided in the Pellet provisions shall be made Plant to control waste gas from the drying and grinding to control NOx emissions. unit. house shall • 12 nos. of Bag House have been provided in Lime Plant provided to Lime kilns. in process and dedusting units. • A total of 6 nos. of schemes to upgrade Existing (ESP) Electrostatic Precipitator have been commissioned at SP 1, 2 & 3. Additional 10 nos. of schemes to upgrade APCE including ESP and Bag Filters are being commissioned at various locations inside Works which shall be completed by FY19. Land based fume based fume extraction, desulphurization extraction system shall be facilities, online charging with HPLA, Hydraulic door provided to coke oven and door frame clearance, water seal AP caps and battery to arrest fugitive charging and pusher side emission extractor device etc emissions during were in place in both coke ovens battery 10 & 11 to charging and pushing minimize leaks from doors CAPs, etc and also to meet operations. The coke oven the CREP recommendations. shall be gas Coke oven gas is being desulphurised in Battery desulphurized by 10&11. The monitoring reports shows that H<sub>2</sub>S content reduction of H<sub>2</sub>S content is below 300 mg/Nm<sup>3</sup>. of coke oven gas in the by-product recovery section to below 500  $mg/Nm^3$ . On-line charging with high pressure liquor aspiration (HPLA) for extraction of oven gas, leak proof oven doors, hydraulic door and door frame cleaner, water sealed APcaps and charging & pusher side emission extractor device shall be provided for the coke oven batteries to maintain VOC emissions within permissible limit. Land based fume system extraction pushing emission control

	from coke ovens shall be provided.						
vi.	All the standards prescribed for the coke oven plants shall be followed as per the latest guidelines. Proper and full utilization of coke oven gases in power plant using heat recovery steam generators shall be ensured and no flue gases shall be discharged into the air. Sulphur shall be recovered from the coke oven gases from new product plant.	ba ma of PL ch • By ge: pu in	tteries are ax % of PLI PLL found to O is found arging emist product generation cap trose in all TRT at G, I om coke ove By Products  CO Gas  Inhouse Power generation	being monitor is found to be 0.9 in to be 1.6 is in is found as is recording the mills. Here I be a substitute of the mills of the mills. Here I be a substitute of the mills	tored thrice to be 7.9 in 1 battery#6 ar in Battery# d to be 52 severed and House # 3, 4 Power is als Furnace. Subold to author Quantity Generated in Apr'16- Mar'17 157533 Nm³/hr 1897386 Nm³/hr 57687 Nm³/hr 141.22 MW	Power generation, heating Power generation, heating Power generation, heating Supply to Works for operation	The ax % num num 7. ower ating ated
			Sulpher	315 tonnes	365 tonnes	Sold to external authorized parties	
vii.	Only dry quenching method in the coke oven in new battery shall be adopted.		nissioning :	in the new	Coke Oven	cility is ur Battery # 10 y year 2018-19	
viii.	The National Ambient Air Quality Emission Standards issued by the Ministry vide G.S.R. No. 826(E) dated 16th November, 2009 shall be followed.	<ul> <li>PM<sub>10</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, NOx, CO, NH<sub>3</sub> continuously.</li> <li>There is one mobile monitoring facility &amp; about 20 manual AAQMS located both inside the plant and also outside the plant area.</li> </ul>			also oved thin d to eing t to		
ix.	In-plant control measures for checking fugitive emissions from all the vulnerable sources including bag filters and fume extraction system shall be provided. Dry fog dust suppression system / water sprinkling system shall be provided in raw	• N to a p • A h b	lecessary air control further list of air conduction with the area louse, transpag filters arouth.	r pollution of gitive dust of pollution unit as <b>Anne</b> as of dedusfer tower, on don't do cations are	control measemission. Ple control devexure 1. esting opera conveyors are g dust suppre e being mo	sures are providence find enclovices for each attion as juncted to the connected to the control of the control	etion with n.

material handling areas to control fugitive dust emissions. Fugitive emissions from different sources shall also be controlled by covered conveyors, water sprinkling in open yards and with dry fogging in the closed zones. Further, specific measures asphalting of the roads within premises shall be carried out to control fugitive emissions. Fugitive emissions shall be controlled, regularly monitored and records maintained.

- been commissioned at G Blast Furnaces, RMBB and RMM. Additional 20 nos. of units for dust extraction system (DE) are being commissioned at various locations inside Works which shall be completed by Mar 2018.
- A total of 350 nos. of points for dust suppression system (DS) have been commissioned at Lime Plant, RMBB 1& 2, and C & F Blast Furnaces.
- A total of 43 nos. Industrial vacuum cleaners (IVC) have been commissioned at MPSPP, RMBB 1&2, SP 1, 2 & 3 and HBF. Additional 8 nos. of Industrial vacuum cleaners (IVC) are being commissioned at various locations inside Works which shall be completed by June 2017.
- Gaseous emission levels including secondary fugitive emissions from all the sources shall be within controlled the latest permissible limits issued by the Ministry and regularly monitored. Guidelines / Code Practice issued by the CPCB shall be followed. New standards issued by the Ministry vide G.S.R. 414(E) dated 30th May, 2008 shall be followed.
- Secondary dust emission inside the plant in different critical areas is being monitored in about 350 locations monthly.
- The average work area dust monitoring during April 2016 to March 2017 is 5.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

Traffic decongestion plan xi. shall be implemented in a time bound manner to reduce emissions in the Jamshedpur city and separate budget shall be allocated for implementing the same. Maximum in bound and out bound material movement shall be done by railway wagons only to reduce dust emissions. Measures like covered conveyors for handling of bulk materials, centralized screening of iron ore, rationalization of weighing system, use of higher capacity vehicles etc. shall be adopted to reduce dust emissions. Mechanized vacuum cleaning of arterial roads shall be carried out on

Under the traffic decongestion plan in Jamshedpur city:

- Strengthening of marine drive (Western corridor) has been implemented
- Proposal of Eastern Corridor is in discussion with Govt. of Jharkhand and key issues settled

#### Inside the plant:

- Automatic traffic control system is in place to control the traffic density as well as the safely including secondary emission inside the plant.
- All the loaded trucks are ensured to be covered with tarpaulin sheets to avoid dust getting air borne and thus generation of secondary emission.
- Sign board have been placed on all the critical areas to keep the speed of the vehicle within 35 kmph to control secondary emission along the internal road (VIP Road) and similarly the vehicle speed is limited to 16 kmph in the units.
- All the loaded trucks/dumpers coming inside the plant with their valid PUC.
- 4 nos. of mechanized sweepers are deployed within Works for regular cleaning and dust evacuation of roads.
- Approx. 400 tonnes/month of dust from road being collected by these mechanized sweepers which are

		J-11011/691/2007-IA.II (I) dated March 01, 2016
	regular basis to further	being reused in sinter making through RMBB.
	reduce dust emissions.	• 2 nos. of mechanized sweepers are deployed in
		Jamshedpur town for regular cleaning and dust
		evacuation of roads.
xii.	Vehicular pollution due to transportation of raw materials and finished products shall be controlled. Proper arrangements shall also be made to control dust emissions during loading and unloading of the raw material and finished product.  All the wastewater from various units shall be	<ul> <li>Approx. all the raw material is being transported through railways to reduce the road transport load and vehicular pollution.</li> <li>Dry fog dust suppression and water sprinklers are provided to control dust emission during loading and unloading activity.</li> <li>Tyre washing facility has also been provided in 8 strategic locations to keep tyres clean to reduce dust emission on roads and being installed in 5 additional locations.</li> <li>Due to water recycling facilities the total water requirement from River Subarnarekha shall not cross</li> </ul>
	treated in the common effluent treatment plant (CETP) for primary, secondary and tertiary treatment and shall be either recycled or used for dust suppression, slag quenching and green belt development etc. within the lease hold area. The phenolic effluent from the by-product recovery section of coke oven battery shall be treated in BOD plant. Wastewater containing suspended solids shall be passed through clarifloculation plant to recover and reuse the clarified water for cooling or cleaning. Mill effluent containing oil and suspended solids shall be passed through oil skimmers and filter press. No treated wastewater shall be released outside recycling all the treated waste water in the plant itself including from the	requirement from River Subarnarekha shall not cross 33.3 MGD for Steel Works.  A central effluent treatment plant (CETP) of 4 MGD has been constructed to treat and recycle most of the effluent by tertiary treatment with Reverse Osmosis (RO).  CETP is being augmented to increase treatment capacity from 4 to 8 MGD.  New BOD plant has been commissioned and existing BOD has been upgraded to treat the additional effluent generated from Coke Oven Batteries including Battery 10 & 11.  Closed circuit cooling systems have been installed. Catch pits at all the five designated drains have been constructed to recycle the treated effluent within plant.  All the mills are equipped with respective effluent treatment plants with settling tanks and oil skimming facility.
xiv.	existing plant.  Efforts shall be made to	There are two ponds inside Steel works viz. Upper
	make use of rain water harvested. If needed, capacity of the reservoir shall be enhanced to meet the maximum water requirement. Only balance water requirement shall be met from other sources.	Cooling Pond (UCP) and Lower Cooling Pond (LCP), which stores and harvest most of the surface run off with cooling water of the units.  • 38 nos. of rainwater harvesting structures in different office buildings have been provided inside the plant area of which some area has the facility of Ground Water Recharge system.  • RWH structure has been constructed based on the maximum rainfall of last 20 yrs.

Online

slag

- Continuous monitoring of Total Organic Compounds (TOC) in the wastewater treated in BOD plant from the coke oven plant shall be done at the outlet of ETP (BOD plant). All the treated wastewater shall be monitored for pH, BOD, COD, oil & grease, cvanide, phenolic compounds, Chromium+6 etc. besides other relevant parameters.
- The BOD plant has facility of continuous monitoring of TOC.
- Similarly monitoring of other parameters on the outlet of the BOD plant is being done regularly.
- The monthly monitoring data is being submitted to JSPCB and six monthly reports are being submitted to regional office of MoEFCC at Ranchi and CPCB.
- xvi. Regular monitoring influent and effluent and surface, sub-surface and ground water shall be ensured and treated wastewater shall meet the norms prescribed by the State Pollution Control Board prescribed or under the E(P) Act whichever are more stringent. Leachate study for the effluent generated and analysis shall also be regularly carried out and report submitted to the Ministry's Regional Office at Ranchi, Jharkhand, SPCB and CPCB.
- All the effluent viz. catch pits, service water etc are being monitored regularly.
- The treated effluents such as all ETP outlets and drains are being analyzed regularly.
- Online effluent monitoring system has heen commissioned in all the drains to monitor effluent quality on a real time basis.
- Online effluent monitoring data is connected with CPCB/JSPCB.
- River Water quality of Subarnarekha and kharkai is also being monitored as a part of regular monitoring of surface water quality.
- There are two cooling water pond whose water quality is also regularly monitored as part of sub surface water quality.
- Ground water quality is also being monitored at 7 locations both inside and outside plant premises.
- The monthly monitoring data is being submitted to JSPCB and six monthly reports are being submitted to regional office of MoEFCC at Ranchi and CPCB.
- All the blast furnace (BF) xvii. slag shall be granulated and provided to cement manufacturers for further utilization in signed with
- implemented in the all Blast Furnaces. • All the BF Slag is being granulated and made available to the Cement plants for cement making.

granulation

facilities

- Blast Furnace gas cleaning plant (GCP) sludge is reutilised in the process as well as being used for manufacturing briquettes.
- Additional initiatives undertaken for improving the utilization of LD Slag:
  - o Co-processing of LD Slag at Cement Kilns.
  - Open & closed Steam Ageing inside Works
  - o Use of LD Slag in Road Making & railway Ballast
- Collaboration with expert external agency for processing and subsequent use of LD Slag as aggregates and ballast.
- Status of hazardous and other waste generation and utilization from April 2016 to March 2017 is enclosed as Annexure - 3.

cement making as per the MOUs various companies including M/s Lafarge, M/s Eco-cement & M/s ACC. LD slag after metal recovery shall be used in sinter plant, blast furnaces and LDconvertor, aggregates road ballast making, making, soil conditioning etc. All the flue dust generated shall be recycled within the plant to the maximum extent. Mill scales, LD sludge, lime fines and flue dust shall be recycled back to the sinter plant. The BF

	minima vide mobi ee better ne	
	gas cleaning plant sludge	
	shall be used for	
L	manufacturing briquettes.	
xviii.	As proposed, coal tar sludge and BOD sludge shall be recycled for coke making by mixing with the coal charge and used in the coke ovens. Chromium sludge shall be disposed in a HDPE lined secured landfills as per the CPCB guidelines within the complex. All the other solid waste including broken refractory mass shall be properly disposed off in environment-friendly manner. Oily waste and spent oil shall be provided to authorized recyclers/reprocessors.	<ul> <li>BOD Sludge and Coal Tar sludge generated from By Product Plant is being recycled in coke plant by mixing with raw materials.</li> <li>All other kind of process wastes are being reutilised in sinter plant.</li> <li>In house secured landfill with HDPE liner has been constructed to dispose chrome sludge generated from Cold Rolling Mill.</li> <li>A de-oiling plant has been commissioned and in operation to reuse the mill scale and sludge in the Sinter Plant by mixing with raw materials.</li> </ul>
xix.	All the slag shall be used	LD Slag is being used for road making.
	for land filling inside the plant or used as building material only after passing through Toxic Chemical Leachability Potential (TCLP) test. Toxic Chromium sludge and other hazardous substances recovered from the slag and output waste shall be disposed off in secured landfill as per CPCB guidelines.	<ul> <li>The TCLP test conducted by external approved agency.</li> <li>Leachate potential of all Heavy metals is negligible.</li> <li>Chrome Sludge is being disposed in the secured landfill inside Works.</li> <li>Status of hazardous and other waste generation and utilization from April 2016 to March 2017 is enclosed as Annexure - 3.</li> </ul>
XX.	Proper handling, storage, utilization and disposal of	<ul> <li>Most of the solid waste is being reutilized.</li> <li>Information regarding solid waste and hazardous</li> </ul>
	all the solid waste shall be ensured and regular	waste is being submitted in Environment Statement to the Board every year.
	report regarding toxic metal content in the waste material and its composition, end use of solid/hazardous waste shall be submitted to the Ministry's regional office at Ranchi, Jharkhand SPCB and CPCB.	• Status of hazardous and other waste generation and utilization from April 2016 to March 2017 is enclosed as <b>Annexure - 3.</b>
xxi.	Proper utilization of fly	The quantity of generation of fly ash is on decreasing
	ash shall be ensured as per Fly Ash Notification, 1999 and subsequent amendment in 2003. All the fly ash shall be provided to cement and brick manufacturers for further utilization and	trend. Generation for last five years is as follows:

		0-11011/091/2007-1A.11 (1) dated match 01, 2010
xxii.	"Memorandum of Understanding" shall be submitted to Ministry's Regional Office at Ranchi.  A Risk and Disaster	All the boilers have been converted from coal fired to gas fired. Thus there is no additional generation of fly ash in the power plant.  Disaster Management Institute, Bhopal has verified and
AAII.	Management Plan alongwith the mitigation measures shall be prepared and a copy submitted to the Ministry's Regional Office at Ranchi, Jharkhand SPCB and CPCB within 3 months of issue of environment clearance letter.	certified the Risk assessment report and Disaster Management Plan vide their letter no. DMI/IDMU/Con-227/24 dated April 16, 2012. The same has been submitted to JSPCB.
xxiii.	As proposed, green belt shall be developed in more than 33 % area within and around the plant premises as per the CPCB guidelines in consultation with DFO.	We have planted approx. 60,801 saplings during April 2016 to March 2017 inside the works, Jugsalai Muck Dump area and in Jamshedpur town. Every year plantation done in available space. Details of plantation are enclosed as <b>Annexure -4</b> . The following plant species are being planted: Ficus, karanj, Cicilipinia, Palm, Ashoka, Mahogany, Caesalpinia Arjun, Sita Ashok, Bakul, Spathodia, Kanchan, Jural, Tabulia, Sissam, Termanelia Sp.,Arica palm, foxtail palm, Tecoma, Kannel, Tababia, Ghandhraj, calendra, Tagar, Hemelia, Kamani, Karbi, Calendra etc.
xxiv.	Prior permission from the State Forest Department shall be taken regarding likely impact of the expansion of the proposed steel plant on the reserve forests. Measures shall be taken to prevent impact of particulate emissions / fugitive emissions, if any from the proposed plant on the surrounding reserve forests viz. Jora Pahar PF, Sand Pcha Rahar PF, Deluse RF located within 10 km radius of the project. Further, Conservation Plan for the conservation of wild fauna in consultation with the State Forest Department shall be prepared and implemented.	<ul> <li>Prior Permission from State Forest Department has been obtained vide their memo. No. 2605 dated October 29, 2010.</li> <li>Wildlife Conservation Plan for Tata Steel has been prepared with the help of approved external agency recommended by State Forest Department and submitted for approval vide our letter no. EMD/C-41/128/16 dated August 22, 2016.</li> <li>The same has been reviewed by PCCF-Wildlife, Jharkhand and final approved is awaited.</li> </ul>
xxv.	All the recommendations made in the Charter on Corporate Responsibility for Environment Protection (CREP) for the Steel Plants shall be	CREP recommendations are being implemented.
xxvi.	implemented  At least 5 % of the total	It is being complied as per the requirement under the

cost of the project shall be Companies Act. The amount spent by the Company on earmarked towards the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities during 2015-16 was ₹ 150.36 crore while during 2014-15, it was corporate social responsibility and item-₹168.26 crore. It is reported in the Company's Integrated Report. These reports are available on the website of Tata details alongwith time bound action plan Steel may be seen/downloaded http://www.tatasteel.com/investors/performance/109thshall be prepared and submitted to the annual-report-related-documents.asp Ministry's Regional Office at Ranchi. Implementation of such program shall be ensured accordingly in a time bound manner. shall xxvii. The company Necessary amenities for contractors like canteen, toilets, provide housing for rest rooms, drinking water have been provided for all construction labour workers/contractors. within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health crèche The care, etc. housing may be in the of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project. **General Conditions** project authorities We are regularly obtaining the Consent to Operate and The authorization under Hazardous Waste from Jharkhand must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by State Pollution Control Board. the Jharkhand Pollution Control Board and the State Government. The Project informed that there shall be prior permission No further expansion or modifications in the plant obtained for the concerned authorities in case of any should be carried medications, augmentation, and product mix change. The without prior approval of detail of production of various products for last three years is as follows: the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Capacity 2014-2015-2016-Product Unit granted Climate Change 16 in EC (MoEFCC). Hot 12.5 10.163 10.655 10.826 Metal Crude MTPA 11 9.331 9.959 10.005 Steel Saleable 10.8 9.073 9.697 4 online AAQMS have been commissioned to monitor At least four ambient air iii. monitoring PM<sub>10</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, NOx, CO, NH<sub>3</sub> continuously inside the quality stations Works. There is one mobile monitoring facility & 20 shall. be manual AAQMS located both inside the plant and also established in the downward direction outside the plant area. Monitoring report is being as submitted to JSPCB, CPCB and Regional Office. well as where maximum The monitoring data for the period April 2016 to March ground level concentration of  $PM_{10}$ , 2017 indicates that all the parameters (except PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub> and NOx are PM<sub>2.5</sub> in few occasions) are within the prescribed limit of

with

in

the

anticipated

consultation

NAAQS. PAHs, Lead and Ammonia are being done by

CPCB recognized environment laboratory.

		70 11011/051/2007 MMI (I) datod Maion 01, 2010
	SPCB. Data on ambient air quality and stack emission should be regularly submitted to this Ministry including its Regional Office at Ranchi and the SPCB/CPCB once in six months.	The ambient air quality represents the status of environment, which includes impact of several external factors such as other industrial activities, traffic movement, commercial and domestic activities etc.
iv.	Industrial wastewater shall be properly collected, treated so as to conform to the standards prescribed under GSR 422 (E) dated 19th May, 1993 and 31st December, 1993 or as amended form time to time. The treated wastewater shall be utilized for plantation purpose.	Surface and ground water monitoring at various locations are being done and analysis reports also being sent to RO, MoEFCC and JSPCB.
V.	The overall noise levels in and around the plant area shall be kept well within the standards (85 dBA) by providing noise control measures including acoustic hoods, silencers, enclosures etc. on all sources of noise generation. The ambient noise levels should conform to the standards prescribed under EPA Rules, 1989 viz. 75 dBA (daytime) and 70 dBA (nighttime).	Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) have been provided to all the workers/officers to avoid any accompanied noise hazards. Facilities like silencers, enclosers, hood etc have been provided to reduce noise at source. The monitored data in the work zone reveals that the noise level does not exceeds >85 dBA for 8 hr exposures. Similarly in the ambient also, the noise levels meet the prescribed standards.  The ambient noise level monitoring is being done at different part of the Jamshedpur town in frequent interval outside Steel Works to assess the ambient noise level status. Noise level in the town is found beyond the standard in few occasions. The possible reason of equivalent noise levels in respect of all categories of areas exceeded the standards for day and night times is due to heavy traffic movement in the town, market and commercial activities, festivals and other domestic celebrations and frequent religious rituals.
vi.	Occupational Health Surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis and records maintained as per the Factories Act.	Regular health surveillance is being conducted i.e. 2 times in a year to all the workers who have already attended more than 40 years of age. The workers having age less than 40 years are under gone occupational health surveillance program once in a year.
vii.	The company shall develop surface as well as ground water harvesting structures to harvest the rainwater for utilization in the lean season besides recharging the ground water table.	Rain Water Harvesting structure of 38 Nos. has been provided inside the plant area of which some area has the facility of Ground Water Recharge system. RWH structures have been constructed based on the maximum rainfall of last 20 yrs.
viii.	The project proponent shall also comply with all the environmental protection measures and safeguards recommended in the EIA/EMP report. Further, the company	Socio economic development activities are regularly undertaken in and around Jamshedpur through the two agencies namely, Tata Steel Rural Development Society and Tata Steel Community Development & Welfare Services Centers. The development activities undertaken in the surrounding community are need based and are in the field of health care, education, mid-day meals in

must undertake socioeconomic development
activities in the
surrounding villages like
community development
programmes, educational
programmes, drinking
water supply and health
care etc.

schools, sports and culture, self-employment, drinking water, rural electrification, etc. Tata Steel also facilitate the Institutes like R D Tata Technical Institute, Tata Football Academy, Tata Archery Foundation, etc. which encourages the local talent to develop themselves and participate at National and International levels.

Details of CSR spend in Jamshedpur

Fin Year	Rs Crs
FY10-11	97.15
FY11-12	106.43
FY12-13	120.34
FY13-14	136.95
FY14-15	76.85
FY15-16	57.42
Total	595.14

Requisite funds shall be earmarked towards total capital cost and recurring cost/annum for environmental pollution control measures implement the conditions stipulated by the Ministry of Environment, Forests Climate Change (MoEFCC) as well as the State Government. implementation schedule for implementing all the conditions stipulated herein shall be submitted to the Regional Office of the Ministry at Ranchi. The funds so provided shall not be diverted for any other purpose.

Capital expenditure on environment is being spent on Air Pollution Control, Solid Waste Management, Zero Waste Water Discharge and Others including Greenery, Online Monitoring, etc. The total budget for the same as allocated by TSL Board is ₹ 2340 Crores. Form this budgeted amount, total commitment has been made for ₹ 1,508 Crores till end of March 2017.

The funds for capital investment on pollution control equipment are not diverted.

A copy of Clearance letter shall be sent by proponent to concerned Panchayat, Zila Parishad/Municipal Corporation/Urban Local Body and the Local NGO, from whom any, suggestions/ representations, if any, received were while processing the proposal. The clearance letter shall also be put on the website of the company by the proponent.

The copy of Clearance letter has been sent to District Commissioner, Block Development Officer and Jamshedpur Notified Area Committee vide our letter no. EMD/C-41/32-34/16 dated March 04, 2016.

xi. The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment

Six monthly compliance reports and the monitored data are being submitted regularly. The ambient air quality parameters are being monitored and displayed at the main gate of the company in the public domain.

Jnari	knand vide Moefce Letter no	J-11011/691/2007-IA.II (I) dated March 01, 2016
	clearance conditions,	
	including results of	
	monitored data on their	
	website and shall update	
	the same periodically. It	
	shall simultaneously be	
	sent to the Regional Office	
	of the MoEFCC at Ranchi,	
	the respective Zonal Office	
	of CPCB and the JPCB.	
	The criteria pollutant	
	levels namely; $PM_{10}$ , $SO_2$ ,	
	NOx (ambient levels as	
	well as stack emissions)	
	or critical sectoral	
	parameters, indicated for	
	the projects shall be	
	monitored and displayed	
	at a convenient location	
	near the main gate of the	
	company in the public	
	domain.	
xii.	The project proponent	Six monthly compliance reports are being submitted
XII.	1 3 1 1	
		regularly both in hard copy and by e-mail.
	monthly reports on the	
	status of the compliance	
	of the stipulated	
	environmental conditions	
	including results of	
	monitored data (both in	
	hard copies as well as by	
	e-mail) to the Regional	
	Office of MOEFCC, the	
	respective Zonal Office of	
	CPCB and the JSPCB.	
	The Regional Office of this	
	Ministry at Ranchi /	
	CPCB / JPCB shall	
	monitor the stipulated	
	conditions.	
xiii.	The environmental	The environmental statement for each financial year in
,	statement for each	Form-V is regularly being submitted to the Jharkhand
	financial year ending 31st	State Pollution Control Board.
	March in Form-V as is	2000 I ondion control bourd.
	mandated to be submitted	
	by the project proponent	
	to the concerned State	
	Pollution Control Board	
	as prescribed under the	
	Environment (Protection)	
	Rules, 1986, as amended	
	Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also	
	Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of	
	Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with	
	Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of	
	Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with	
	Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance	
	Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently, shall also be put on the website of the company along with the status of compliance of environmental	

	MOEFCC at Ranchi by e-	
	mail.	
xiv.	The Project Proponent shall inform the public that the project has been accorded environmental clearance by the Ministry and copies of the clearance letter are available with the SPCB and may also be seen at Website of the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEFCC) at http:/envfor.nic.in. This shall be advertised within seven days from the date of issue of the clearance letter, at least in two local newspapers that are widely circulated in the region of which one shall be in the vernacular language of the locality concerned and a copy of the same shall be forwarded to the Regional office.	The Notice has been advertised in two local newspapers viz. Prabhat Khabar (Hindi) and The Telegraph (English) on March 08, 2016. The same has also been informed to the regional office of MoEFCC at Ranchi on March 09, 2016.
xv.	Project authorities shall inform the Regional Office as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities and the date of commencing the land development work.	This shall be communicated to Regional office of MoEFCC at Ranchi.

### Annexure-1

## Details of Air/Water Pollution Control Equipment and Stacks with sampling arrangement

### 1. Unit wise Air/Water Pollution Control Equipment

S1.	Area/Location	Air/Water Pollution Control Measures
No.		
1	Raw Material Handling	Covered storage under shed
	Section	Covered conveyor
		Dry Fogging
		Water sprinkling
		Fabric filter based DE system
		Bag Filters
0	0.1.0	Catchpit for storage of storm water
2	Coke Ovens	Changing Cas Classing Care (CCC)
	Battery # 5,6 & 7	Charging Gas Cleaning Cars (CGC) Dry Fogging
		Dust suppression
		Dust Extraction system for screen house
		Coke Dry Quenching
	Battery # 8 & 9	Coke Transfer Car (CTC)
	Battery " o as y	Charging Gas Transfer (CGT)
	Battery # 10 & 11	Main Charging by High Pressure LA
		Land based coke side dust extraction
		Hydro jet door cleaning
		Pushing and dedusting Bag filter
		Coke Dry Quenching (under construction)
	Coke Oven By Product Plant	De-Sulphurisation
		BOD Plant (Advent Integral System)
3	Pellet Plant	Bag Filters
		Dust Suppression
		Wet Scrubber
		Electrostatic Precipitators
4	Sinter Plants	
	Sinter Plant# 1	Bag Filters
		Dust Suppression
		Foam Spray System
	Sinter Plant# 2	Electrostatic Precipitators
	Sinter Plant# 2	Bag Filters Dust Suppression
		Foam Spray System
		Electrostatic Precipitators
	Sinter Plant# 3	Bag Filters
		Dust Suppression
		Foam Spray System
		Electrostatic Precipitators
	Sinter Plant# 4	Bag Filters
		Dust Suppression
		Foam Spray System
		Electrostatic Precipitators
4	Lime Plant	
	Process and dedusting	Bag Filters
	Stock Pile	DS System
	Track Hopper	DS System
	Wagon Tippler	DS System
5	Blast Furnaces	

	C-F Blast Furnaces	
	e i blast i diffaces	Bag Filters
		Scrubbers
		DS System
		Gas Cleaning Plant with Press filter
	0.01	Effluent Treatment Plant
	G Blast Furnace	Bag Filters
		Scrubbers
		DS System
		Gas Cleaning Plant with Press filter
	TT D1	Effluent Treatment Plant
	H Blast Furnace	Bag Filters
		Scrubbers
		DS System
		Gas Cleaning Plant with Press filter
		Effluent Treatment Plant
	I Blast Furnace	Bag Filters
		Scrubbers
		DS System
		Gas Cleaning Plant with Press filter
		Effluent Treatment Plant
6	Steel Melting Shops	
	LD 1	Bag Filters
		Electrostatic Precipitators
		Gas Cleaning Plant
		Effluent Treatment Plant
	LD 2	Bag Filters
		Electrostatic Precipitators
		Gas Cleaning Plant
		Effluent Treatment Plant
	LD 3	Bag Filters
		Electrostatic Precipitators
		Gas Cleaning Plant
		Effluent Treatment Plant
7	Power Plants	
	PH# 3	Effluent Treatment Plant
	PH# 4	Electrostatic Precipitators
		Effluent Treatment Plant
	PH# 5	Effluent Treatment Plant
8	Finishing Mills	
	Cold Rolling Mill	Scrubbers
		Effluent Treatment Plant
	Hot Strip Mill	Effluent Treatment Plant
		Effluent Treatment Plant
	CAPL	Scrubbers
		<u> </u>
	Wire Rod Mill	
9		
_		
		2 0 0
		Tyre Washing facilities
		Tyre Washing facilities Catch-pits at all drains for recycling
9		Effluent Treatment Plant Effluent Treatment Plant Scrubbers Mist Separators Effluent Treatment Plant Effluent Treatment Plant Effluent Treatment Plant Industrial Vacuum Cleaning System Mechanized Road sweeping system Water sprinklers

#### Annexure -2

### Up to Date Status of Environmental Upgradation Project

#### 1. Stack Emission Reduction Progress Status

S1.	Facility Description	Completion Date	No. of Facility	Current Status
1	SP# 2 Waste Gas ESP PhI	Feb'13	1	Commissioned and in operation
2	SP# 3 Waste Gas ESP	Oct'13	1	Commissioned and in operation
3	SP# 2 Waste Gas ESP PhII	Jun'14	1	Commissioned and in operation
4	SP# 1 Waste Gas ESP	May'14	1	Commissioned and in operation
5	SP# 3 De-dusting System	Dec'14	1	Commissioned and in operation
6	LD#2 DE System	Sep'16	1	Commissioned and in operation
7	SP# 2 De-dusting System	Jun'17	1	Erection work in progress
8	F Blast furnace APC Systems	Jun'17	2	Cast House Bag Filter Commissioned; Stock House Bag Filter in Progress
9	LD#1 DE System	Jun'17	1	Erection work in progress
10	SP# 1 De-dusting System	Aug'17	1	Erection work in progress
11	SP# 4 Waste Gas ESP	May'18	1	Ordering in progress
12	Lime Plant Process Bag-Filter (Waste Gas System)	May'18	1	Erection work in progress
13	G Blast Furnace APC System	Feb'19	1	Erection work in progress
14	LD#2 Secondary Emissions	Jun'18	1	Erection work in progress
15	Lime Plant De-dusting system	Nov'19	1	Erection work in progress
16	LD#1 Secondary Emissions	Nov'19	1	Erection work in progress

### 2. Fugitive dust control - Progress Status

S1.	Facility Description	Completion Date	No. of points
A	Dust Extraction System		
1	New Silo for pneumatic conveying system at G BF Stock House	Apr'15	1
2	Dust Extraction (DE) System at RMM	Mar'16	1
3	Dust Extraction (DE) System at RMBB#1	Aug'17	8
4	Dust Extraction (DE) System at H BF Stock House	Aug'17	2
5	Dust Extraction (DE) System at Coke Plant	Dec'17	3
6	Dust Extraction (DE) system at RMBB#2	Mar'18	3
7	Dust Extraction (DE) System at RMBB1, GBF Mar'18 6		6
В	Dust Suppression System		
1	Dust Suppression (DS) System Lime Plant	Jun'15	68
2	Dust Suppression (DS) System in Stock House at C&F BF Jun'15 53		53
3	Dust Suppression (DS) System at RMBB#1 Jan'1		35
4	Dust Suppression (DS) System at RMBB#2 May'16 40		
5	Yard Sprinkling System at RMBB1&2 May'16 2		

6	Dust Suppression (DS) System at Coke Plant, Coke Shed & SSC-11	Mar'17	74
7	Dust Suppression (DS) System for Ore circuit and yard sprinkler at RMM	Mar'17	78
C	Industrial Vacuum Cleaning System		
11	Industrial Vacuum Cleaning (IVC) for Conveyor no. 149 for MRSP	Jun'13	1
	Industrial Vacuum Cleaning (IVC) System at RMBB#1, 2 & SP#1, 2 & 3	Sep'14	17
1.3	Industrial Vacuum Cleaning (IVC) System for H Blast Furnace	Mar'15	4
4	IVC at Locations IBF, Coke Plant, SP#1 & SP#4, RMM & Pellet Plant	Jun'17	29
D	Tyre Washing & Others		
1	Tyre Washing Facility Inside Works (Phase -1)	Dec'12	2
2	Fabrication and Erection of ducting at H-BF Cast House	Apr'16	1
3	Tyre Washing at Various Locations (LD#1,2,3, HSM, RMM etc.)	Oct'16	5
4	Tyre Washing Facility Inside Works (Phase -4)	Feb'18	5

### 3. Solid waste utilization Progress Status

S1.	Facility Description	Completion Date
1	Composting Plant & Trash Incinerator	Aug'12
2	De-oiling Plant for Mill Scale and Sludge	May'14
3	Magnetic Drums - MRSPP Jan'14	
4	Infrastructure Development at Galudih Phase - I Jun'14	
5	Infrastructure for LD slag processing - Galudih Phase - II Dec'16	
6	Blast Furnace Sludge drying Dec'17	
7	Revert mix feeding system to RMBB 1&2	Sep'19
8	Revert homogenization	Sep'19

### 4. Zero water discharge Progress Status

S1.	Facility Description	Completion Date
1	HSM Catch Pit	May'13
2	HSM (Increase in Pumping Capacity)	May'13
3	Jugsalai 2 Catch Pit	Sep'13
4	Susungariah Catch Pit	Jan'14
5	Storage pumping distribution of recycled water	Jan'15
6	Central Effluent Treatment Plant	Aug'14
7	Garam Nallah and Jugsalai-I Catch Pit	Dec'14
8	Waste Water Re-cycling from Ram Mandir Nallah	Jun'15
9	Damp Pump House Jan'16	
10	Waste Water Recycling from BOT Plant Jun'18	
11	CETP Capacity Augmentation (Phase-II)  Jun'18	

#### **Central Effluent Treatment Plant**



#### **Upgradation of ESPs**



Sinter Plant 3 New Waste Gas ESP

Sinter Plant 2 New Waste Gas ESP

#### Annexure -3

# Status of Hazardous and Other Waste Generation and Utilization (April 2016 to March 2017)

	Generation	Consumption
Internal Usage	10,57,259	11,70,036
RMBB	7,97,424	9,62,487
Flue Dust	1,39,657	1,40,492
GCP Sludge	2,962	82,583
LD Sludge	2,71,679	3,42,054
Kiln Dust	18,530	18,369
Mill Scale	91,099	89,512
Mill Sludge	1,133	979
Iron Oxide	3,350	530
Fe bearing muck	11,473	10,160
ESP/DE Dust	33,301	33,301
Lime Fines		22,597
LD Slag Metallic	1	0
LD Slag Non Metallic	2,24,239	2,21,909
Sinter Plant	2,04,339	1,67,759
Lime Fines	2,04,339	1,67,759
Blast Furnace	687	687
LD Slag Non Metallic	687	687
Coke Plant	4,182	3,000
BOD Sludge	162	272
Coal Tar Sludge	4,020	2,728
LD Shops	50,626	36,102
LF Slag	15,587	991
Lime Fines		71
Steel Scrap	35,040	35,040
External Usage+Sale	39,62,517	41,11,299
BF Slag	37,78,004	3661655
GCP Sludge		60,914
Lime Fines		14,839
LD,HIS,LF Slag	1,84,513	3,67,708
Iron Oxide		6,184
LD Slag to Galudih		4,73,300
Others		691857

Annexure - 4

Details of Plantation (nos.) done during April – March 2017

Month	Plantation in Town and JMD	Plantation in Works	Species
Apr-16	357	214	karanj, Mahogany, Ashoka,
May-16	215	50	Tecoma, celendra
Jun-16	1,826	908	Ashok, Bakul, Karanj, Ticoma, Tabbia, Puteranjeeva, Neem etc.
Jul-16	25,780	2,030	Cassia, Kanchan, Tecoma, Tabbia, Karanj, Sita Ashoka, Calandria, Karbe, Gulmohar, Nerium, Thivetia.
Aug-16	16,254	407	Karanj, Sissam, cicilipinia, Tababeia, Tecoma,
Sep-16	8,018	405	Karanj, Tecoma, platform, Calandria, Xeroa, Alstonia
Oct-16	10	208	Bakul, Karanj, Ficus, Arica palm, Gulmohar, Ticoma, Calenderia.
Nov-16	55	504	Bakul, Karanj, Ficus, Arica palm, Gulmohar, Ticoma, Calenderia, cicilipinia,
Dec-16	1073	475	Bakul, Mahagauni, Karanj, Tecoma, Kanchan
Jan-17	215	366	Bakul, Ficus, Arica Palm
Feb-17	184	412	Neem, Chatim, peltaform, kadam, Bakul, largestorimia, Mahagauni,
Mar-17	340	430	Bakul, Mahagauni, Ashoka, Chatim,
Total	54,327	6,409	60,801 (including 65 at JCPCPL inside Works)