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HOOGOVENS USA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

AUDIT OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF
HOOGOVS USA, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
WARREN, OHIO

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Hoogovens USA, Inc. and Subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Hoogovens USA, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Consolidating Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The consolidating information on pages 23-28 is presented for purposes of additional analysis of the consolidated financial statements rather than to present the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the individual companies, and it is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The consolidating information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the consolidating information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.



New Castle, Pennsylvania
July 11, 2017

Hoogovens USA, Inc. and Subsidiaries
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS	March 31,	
	2017	2016
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 2,769,505	\$ 13,959,691
Accounts receivable		
Trade, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$30,616 and \$0 at March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively	9,529,561	8,941,552
Affiliated companies	2,146,573	509,721
Miscellaneous	(3,254)	274,694
Total accounts receivable	<u>11,672,880</u>	<u>9,725,967</u>
Inventories		
Work in process and finished goods	8,591,644	7,492,122
Raw materials and supplies	9,911,090	5,500,992
Total inventories	<u>18,502,734</u>	<u>12,993,114</u>
Note receivable from affiliated company	28,167,515	6,600,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	678,945	581,229
Federal income tax refundable	-	202,000
Deferred federal income taxes	865,375	1,612,590
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	62,656,954	45,674,591
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Land	5,151,669	5,151,669
Buildings	38,679,782	38,679,782
Machinery and equipment	214,628,547	214,047,993
Computer software	8,266,568	8,266,568
Gas well	290,613	290,613
Construction in progress	8,324,236	2,354,626
	<u>275,341,415</u>	<u>268,791,251</u>
Less accumulated depreciation	251,847,230	248,827,887
NET PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	23,494,185	19,963,364
OTHER ASSETS		
Deferred federal income taxes	30,805,455	34,234,776
Other	110,677	110,677
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	30,916,132	34,345,453
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 117,067,271	\$ 99,983,408

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

March 31,

	2017	2016
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Bank overdraft	\$ 2,922,413	\$ -
Accounts payable		
Trade	5,777,143	2,989,826
Affiliated companies	15,029,015	1,520,357
Total accounts payable	<u>20,806,158</u>	<u>4,510,183</u>
Accrued vacation	937,013	902,770
Accrued income taxes	785,000	-
Other accrued liabilities and expenses	2,797,867	3,951,067
Current portion of accrued pension and postretirement benefits	3,478,834	5,522,212
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	<u>31,727,285</u>	<u>14,886,232</u>
OTHER LIABILITIES		
Notes payable to affiliated company	-	3,000,000
Accrued workers' compensation	570,377	518,694
Accrued pension liability	43,012,088	52,661,470
Accrued postretirement benefits	6,668,925	6,613,567
TOTAL OTHER LIABILITIES	<u>50,251,390</u>	<u>62,793,731</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>81,978,675</u>	<u>77,679,963</u>
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Common stock, no par value; 1,000 shares authorized, 100 shares issued and outstanding	100	100
Additional paid-in capital	71,331,657	71,331,657
Accumulated earnings	4,936,848	1,476,812
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss), net of tax	(41,180,009)	(50,505,124)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	<u>35,088,596</u>	<u>22,303,445</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	<u>\$ 117,067,271</u>	<u>\$ 99,983,408</u>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Years ended			
	2017	%	2016	%
NET SALES	\$ 113,213,460	100.00	\$ 117,318,360	100.00
COST OF GOODS SOLD	85,738,749	75.73	91,943,827	78.37
GROSS PROFIT	27,474,711	24.27	25,374,533	21.63
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES				
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	3,752,038	3.31	3,412,456	2.91
Selling, general and administrative expenses	19,951,235	17.62	21,127,297	18.01
TOTAL OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	23,703,273	20.93	24,539,753	20.92
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	3,771,438	3.34	834,780	0.71
OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSES)				
Interest expense	(18,736)	(0.02)	(97,542)	(0.08)
Interest income	218,223	0.19	116,333	0.10
(Loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(24,724)	(0.02)	(23,622)	(0.02)
Profit sharing bonus	(146,477)	(0.13)	(99,088)	(0.08)
TOTAL OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSES)	28,286	0.02	(103,919)	(0.08)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	3,799,724	3.36	730,861	0.63
INCOME TAXES (BENEFIT)				
Current	967,000	0.85	30,000	0.03
Deferred	(627,312)	(0.55)	(746,345)	(0.64)
TOTAL INCOME TAXES (BENEFIT)	339,688	0.30	(716,345)	(0.61)
NET INCOME	\$ 3,460,036	3.06	\$ 1,447,206	1.24

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Years ended March 31,	
	2017	2016
NET INCOME	\$ 3,460,036	\$ 1,447,206
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (NET OF TAX)		
Unrealized loss on commodity futures contracts	278,199	206,069
Unrealized gain on commodity futures contracts	(278,199)	(206,069)
Pension and postretirement liability adjustment (net of tax of (\$4,803,847) and (\$502,227)) for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively	9,325,115	974,913
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	9,325,115	974,913
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 12,785,151	\$ 2,422,119

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

	<u>COMMON STOCK</u>	<u>ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL</u>	<u>ACCUMULATED EARNINGS (DEFICIT)</u>	<u>ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
BALANCE--March 31, 2015	\$ 100	\$ 71,331,657	\$ 29,606	\$ (51,480,037)	\$ 19,881,326
Net income	-	-	1,447,206	-	1,447,206
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	974,913	974,913
BALANCE--March 31, 2016	100	71,331,657	1,476,812	(50,505,124)	22,303,445
Net income	-	-	3,460,036	-	3,460,036
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	9,325,115	9,325,115
BALANCE-- March 31, 2017	\$ 100	\$ 71,331,657	\$ 4,936,848	\$ (41,180,009)	\$ 35,088,596

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Years ended March 31,	
	2017	2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 3,460,036	\$ 1,447,206
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows from operating activities:		
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	3,752,039	3,412,456
Deferred federal income taxes (benefit)	(627,312)	(746,345)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	24,724	23,622
Provision for allowance for doubtful accounts	30,616	-
(Increase) decrease in assets:		
Accounts receivable	(16,168,565)	(2,183,409)
Notes receivable	(21,595,515)	-
Inventories	(5,509,620)	5,219,981
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(97,714)	18,505
Other assets	-	(11)
Federal income taxes refundable	202,000	30,000
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable	30,515,010	3,037,025
Other liabilities	(282,276)	(625,598)
Accrued pension liability	3,392,521	1,500,097
Accrued postretirement benefits	(900,960)	(1,552,549)
Bank overdraft	2,922,413	-
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(882,603)	9,580,980
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(7,307,583)	(3,969,309)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(7,307,583)	(3,969,309)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Payments on note payable to affiliate	(3,000,000)	(4,000,000)
NET CHANGE IN CASH	(11,190,186)	1,611,671
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	13,959,691	12,348,020
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$ 2,769,505	\$ 13,959,691
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$ 32,153	\$ 113,743

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2017 and 2016

NOTE A – NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Hoogovens USA, Inc. (“HUSA”) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tata Steel Limited (“Tata”). HUSA is a holding company for Thomas Steel Strip Corporation (“TSS”) which is a manufacturer of cold rolled and preplated steel products, Thomas Processing Company (“TPC”), Hille & Mueller USA, Inc. (“HMU”) which is a sales organization, and Apollo Metals, Ltd. (“AML”) which is a steel processor. All subsidiaries are wholly-owned by HUSA.

HUSA was formed in 1997 through the contribution of capital stock in TSS and HMU by a predecessor to Tata. The investment values at HUSA were recorded at the historical acquisition cost recorded by the predecessor to Tata. Therefore, recorded investment values may be different from the equity values of the respective subsidiaries because certain historical purchase price allocation adjustments have not been pushed down to the respective subsidiary financial statements.

TPC is a general partnership, organized in the state of Ohio, for the purpose of pickling and slitting hot rolled steel primarily for TSS. The partners of TPC are TSS and HMU. TSS and HMU are equal voting partners and share in the net income of TPC on the basis of 35.7% and 64.3%, respectively. TSS and HMU account for their investment in TPC using the equity method.

AML was acquired in 1999. The acquisition was funded by a capital contribution of \$5,900,000 by a predecessor to Tata and a loan of \$3,000,000 from Hoogovens Aluminum Europe, Inc. (“HAE”). The loan was subsequently assumed by AML.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Consolidation

The financial statements of Hoogovens USA, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the “Companies”) have been consolidated due to the common ownership discussed above. Intercompany balances and transactions were eliminated in consolidating the financial statements of the Companies.

For cash management reasons and to control receipts and disbursements, the Companies maintain, along with other related but legally separate entities, a cash pool at a financial institution. The cash account is administered by Tata Steel International (Americas) Holdings, Inc., a related party. None of the funds are restricted in any way, and the funds on deposit can be freely transferred for use in the general business of the Companies.

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-11, “Inventory (Topic 330): Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory” (“ASU 2015-11”). ASU 2015-11 simplifies the measurement of inventory by requiring inventory to be measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The FASB defines net realizable value as the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation. Under previous guidance, an entity subsequently measures inventory at the lower of cost or market, with market defined as the replacement cost, net realizable value or net realizable value less a normal profit margin. An entity used current replacement cost provided that it was not above net realizable value (i.e. the ceiling) or below net realizable value less an approximately normal profit margin (i.e. the floor). ASU 2015-11 eliminates this analysis for entities within the scope of the guidance. ASU 2015-11 applies to entities that recognize inventory within the scope of ASU 330, except for inventory measured under the LIFO method or the retail inventory method. The Company has early adopted the amendments in ASU 2015-11, effective April 1, 2016. The adoption did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2017 and 2016

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Trade Accounts Receivable

The Companies grant credit in the ordinary course of business to their customers. The Companies perform ongoing credit evaluations of their customers' financial condition and, generally, requires no collateral.

The Companies provide for uncollectible trade accounts receivable by the allowance method. Uncollectible accounts are charged to the allowance in the year that they are determined to be uncollectible. Recoveries are credited to the allowance. The allowance for doubtful accounts is determined based on management's estimate of uncollectible accounts whereby management considers the Companies' historical credit losses, existing economic conditions and the financial stability of its customers.

Inventories

Inventories of finished and in-process products and raw materials are valued at cost, which is not in excess of net realizable value ("NRV"), determined by the FIFO (first-in, first-out) method. The remaining inventories are valued at either specific cost or average manufacturing cost which is not in excess of NRV.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Expenditures which significantly extend the useful life of the fixed assets are capitalized. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Land improvements	10 to 30 years
Buildings	25 to 50 years
Machinery and equipment	2 to 30 years

Gas wells are depleted on the basis of units produced.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition and Shipping and Handling Costs

Revenues from sales are recorded as products are shipped, except for consignment programs where revenues are recorded as products are taken into production by the customer. Expenditures related to shipping and handling costs are expensed as incurred and included in cost of goods sold.

Income Taxes

The Companies file a consolidated federal income tax return. The Companies account for income taxes using an asset and liability approach. Deferred taxes are recorded for the difference between the book and tax bases of various assets and liabilities.

Nature of Hedged Risks, Strategies, and Fair Value of Hedging Instruments

TSS periodically uses commodity futures contracts to hedge the impact of price fluctuations on anode inventories used in manufacturing. Additionally, TSS enters into corresponding forward contracts with select customers that ensures a matching of the associated risk assumed under the commodity futures contract. These contracts are accounted for as effective hedges.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2017 and 2016

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Unrealized gains and losses on these contracts are included in other accrued liabilities or miscellaneous receivables with a related charge or credit to accumulated other comprehensive income. Upon settlement of the futures contracts, the related gain or loss is included in cost of goods sold to coincide with the classification of those costs of the anode inventories as they are consumed in the manufacturing process. Upon settlement of the corresponding forward contracts, the related gain or loss is included in sales to coincide with the related surcharge or discount associated with the fixed pricing for nickel.

Commodity future contracts and corresponding forward contracts entered into through March 31, 2017 and 2016, with fair market values of \$5,672 and \$272,527 were outstanding as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified to enhance comparability with the current period information. Such reclassifications had no impact on the Companies' financial position, results of operations, comprehensive income, or cash flows.

NOTE C – NOTES RECEIVABLE AND NOTES PAYABLE TO AFFILIATED COMPANY

AML had borrowings from a certain related entity. The borrowings from the related entity were unsecured. At March 31, 2016, the borrowings amounted to \$3,000,000. The interest rate on the outstanding borrowings at March 31, 2016 was 2.3%. During the year ended March 31, 2017, the borrowings were paid off.

Total interest expense on the related entity borrowings was \$18,736 and \$97,542 for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

HUSA issued an unsecured note receivable on January 3, 2017 with a related entity. At March 31, 2017 the receivable amounted to \$21,567,515. Interest rate on the note is the Short Term Monthly AFR rate, which was 1.01% at March 31, 2017. The note has a set payment schedule with principal payments ending June 30, 2017.

HUSA has an unsecured note receivable from a related entity. At March 31, 2017 and 2016, the receivable amounted to \$6,600,000. The interest rate at March 31, 2017 was 1.96% per annum. The receivable matures at April 20, 2017. This receivable is expected to be extended upon reaching its stated maturity.

NOTE D – INCOME TAXES

Components of the Companies' deferred tax assets and liabilities at March 31, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	March 31,	
	2017	2016
Taxable temporary differences:		
Partnership tax differences	\$ (15,183)	\$ 35,983
Other	92,657	81,317
	GROSS DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES	117,300
Deductible temporary differences:		
Net operating loss	-	644,341
Alternative minimum tax credits	13,467,237	13,878,547
Pension and postretirement obligations	18,043,585	21,988,584
Depreciation	561,394	172,980
Accrued liabilities	760,848	809,512
Other	271,624	287,086
	GROSS DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	37,781,050
	NET DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	37,663,750
	NET DEFERRED TAX ASSET VALUATION ALLOWANCE	(1,816,384)
	\$ 31,670,830	\$ 35,847,366

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2017 and 2016

NOTE D – INCOME TAXES (continued)

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes computed on a stand-alone basis.

In evaluating the reasonableness of the valuation allowance, management assesses whether it is more likely than not that some portion, or all, of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Ultimately, the realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon generation of future taxable income during those periods in which temporary differences become deductible and/or credits can be utilized. To this end, management considers the level of historical taxable income, the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, tax-planning strategies and projected future taxable income. Based on these considerations, and the indefinite carry-forward availability of certain deferred tax credits (principally related to alternative minimum tax), management believes it is more likely than not that the Companies will realize \$31,670,830 of the deferred tax asset, thereby reducing the allowance by \$460,000 for the year ended March 31, 2017, resulting in a total valuation allowance of \$1,356,384 as of March 31, 2017.

The net deferred tax assets include amounts related to the pension liability adjustment, which is accounted for as a separate component of stockholder's equity. The differences between the provision for income taxes at the U.S. statutory rate (34%) and the tax shown in the statement of operations are due to the effect of state taxes and nondeductible expenses and the valuation allowance.

NOTE E – PENSIONS AND POSTRETIREMENT PLANS

TSS sponsors pension (hourly) and retirement income (salary) defined benefit pension plans. The retirement income plan was frozen by TSS as of December 31, 2007. Pension benefits are based on years of service, career average compensation and compensation during certain years immediately preceding retirement. TSS's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach the normal retirement while working for TSS. TSS's postretirement health care and life insurance plan is not funded.

AML sponsors defined benefit pension plans for hourly and salary employees. Pension benefits are based on years of service and average career compensation. AML's employees may become eligible for reduced benefits upon attaining age 55 and completing 15 years of service with AML. Normal retirement benefits are attained upon reaching age 65 and completing five years of service.

Hoogovens USA, Inc. and Subsidiaries

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2017 and 2016

NOTE E – PENSIONS AND POSTRETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

The following information pertains to these plans for the years ended March 31:

	Pensions		Postretirement Benefits	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Change in accumulated benefit obligation:				
Beginning of year	\$ 145,358,164	\$ 152,620,158	\$ 7,392,867	\$ 8,207,202
Service cost	1,201,136	1,327,101	105,121	117,607
Interest cost	5,713,871	5,904,933	288,590	300,910
Benefits paid	(8,694,404)	(6,407,554)	(1,841,540)	(1,738,582)
Actuarial loss (gain)	(3,963,303)	(8,086,474)	1,529,601	505,730
ACCUMULATED BENEFIT OBLIGATION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 139,615,464	\$ 145,358,164	\$ 7,474,639	\$ 7,392,867
Change in plan assets:				
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$ 87,953,780	\$ 94,500,518	\$ -	\$ -
Actual return on plan assets	10,720,106	(4,210,166)	-	-
Employer contribution	3,950,772	5,749,902	1,841,540	1,738,582
Benefits	(8,694,404)	(8,086,474)	(1,841,540)	(1,738,582)
FAIR VALUE OF PLAN ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 93,930,254	\$ 87,953,780	\$ -	\$ -
Funded status	\$ (45,685,208)	\$ (57,404,382)	\$ (7,474,639)	\$ (7,392,867)
Unrecognized actuarial loss	52,188,917	67,299,986	8,433,775	7,745,399
Unrecognized prior service cost (credit)	-	625	(247,641)	(541,997)
NET AMOUNT RECOGNIZED	\$ 6,503,709	\$ 9,896,229	\$ 711,495	\$ (189,465)

	Apollo Metals, Ltd. Pensions		Thomas Steel Strip Corporation Pensions		Thomas Steel Strip Corporation Postretirement	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Weighted-average assumptions used to determine:						
Net periodic benefit cost						
Discount rate	4.10%	3.85%	4.25%	4.25%	4.10%	4.10%
Expected return on plan assets	6.50%	6.50%	6.50%	6.50%	-	-
Rate of compensation increase (n/a for TSS retirement income plan)	-	-	2.00%	2.00%	-	-
Benefit obligations						
Discount rate	4.10%	4.10%	4.10%	4.10%	4.10%	4.10%

As of March 31, the following amounts were recognized in the balance sheet and in accumulated other comprehensive (loss):

	Pensions		Postretirement Benefits	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet:				
Current liabilities	\$ (2,673,120)	\$ (4,742,912)	\$ (805,714)	\$ (779,300)
Other liabilities	(43,012,088)	(52,661,470)	(6,668,925)	(6,613,567)
Total	\$ (45,685,208)	\$ (57,404,382)	\$ (7,474,639)	\$ (7,392,867)
Amounts recognized in Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss):				
Prior service (cost) credit	\$ -	\$ (625)	\$ 247,641	\$ 541,997
Net actuarial (loss)	(52,188,917)	(67,299,986)	(8,433,775)	(7,745,399)
Total	\$ (52,188,917)	\$ (67,300,611)	\$ (8,186,134)	\$ (7,203,402)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2017 and 2016

NOTE E – PENSIONS AND POSTRETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

The following amounts were recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax, for the years ended March 31:

	Pensions		Postretirement Benefits	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net actuarial gain (loss)	\$ (15,111,069)	\$ (2,213,646)	\$ (688,376)	\$ 239,445
Prior service (cost) credit	625	1,708	(294,356)	(977,659)
Net Amount Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	\$ (15,110,444)	\$ (2,211,938)	\$ (982,732)	\$ (738,214)

The assumed health care trend rates at March 31 for the postretirement plans were:

	2017	2016
Health care trend rate assumed for next year	5.00%	5.50%
Rate that the cost trend rate gradually declines to Year that the rate reaches the rate it is assumed to remain at	5.00%	5.00%
	2018	2018

The expected long-term return on plan assets assumption is based on a periodic review and modeling of the plans' asset allocation and liability structure over a long-term period. Expectations of returns for each asset class are the most important of the assumptions used in the review and modeling and are based on comprehensive reviews of historical data and economic/financial market theory. The expected long-term rate of return on assets was selected from within the reasonable range of rates determined by historical real returns, net of inflation, for the asset classes covered by the investment policy and projections of inflation over the long-term period during which benefits are payable to plan participants.

No future increases in pensionable earnings are assumed for participants of TSS's salary pension plan. The annual rate of increase in future compensation is assumed to be 2% for participants in TSS's hourly pension plan.

	Pensions		Postretirement Benefits	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Components of net periodic benefit cost:				
Service cost	\$ 1,201,136	\$ 1,327,101	\$ 105,121	\$ 117,607
Interest cost	5,713,871	5,904,933	288,590	300,910
Expected return on plan assets	(5,673,590)	(6,184,563)	-	-
Recognized prior service cost	625	1,708	-	-
Amortization of unrecognized net loss	-	-	841,225	745,175
Amortization of prior period cost	-	-	(294,356)	(977,659)
Recognized actuarial loss	6,101,251	6,200,820	-	-
NET PERIODIC BENEFIT COST (INCOME)	\$ 7,343,293	\$ 7,249,999	\$ 940,580	\$ 186,033

The weighted average asset allocation by asset category for pension plans were as follows:

	Thomas Steel Strip Corporation			
	Pension Plan		Retirement Income Plan	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Equity securities	56.00%	55.00%	56.00%	55.00%
Debt securities	23.00%	22.00%	23.00%	22.00%
Real estate	5.00%	6.00%	5.00%	6.00%
Other	16.00%	17.00%	16.00%	17.00%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2017 and 2016

NOTE E – PENSIONS AND POSTRETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

	Apollo Metals, Ltd.			
	Salaried Employees' Pension Plan		Hourly Employees' Pension Plan	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Equity securities	61.00%	59.00%	61.00%	59.00%
Debt securities	39.00%	41.00%	39.00%	41.00%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

The following estimated future benefit payments, which reflect expected future service, as appropriate, are expected to be paid in the years indicated:

Year ending March 31:	Amount
2017	\$ 8,804,847
2018	8,851,940
2019	8,932,175
2020	9,100,855
2021	9,130,790
2021-2026	45,633,679

Financial accounting standards establish a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 fair values are based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 fair values are based on inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1 that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 fair values are based on at least one significant unobservable input for the asset.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at March 31, 2017 and 2016.

Common stock: Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

Money market accounts: Valued at the net asset value (NAV) of shares held by the Plan at year end.

Common/collective funds: Units held in collective investment funds are valued using the NAV of the fund. The NAV is based on the fair value of the underlying assets owned by the fund, minus its liabilities, and then divided by the number of units outstanding. The NAV of a collective investment fund is calculated based on a compilation of primarily observable market information. The number of units of the fund that are outstanding on the calculation date is derived from observable purchase and redemption activity in the fund. Accordingly, the unit value for a collective investment fund is classified within level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2017 and 2016

NOTE E – PENSIONS AND POSTRETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

The estimated fair value of the collective fund is net asset value. The use of net asset value as fair value is deemed appropriate as the collective funds do not have finite lives, unfunded commitments relating to these types of investments, or significant restrictions on redemptions.

Investment contract. The guaranteed interest accounts are reported at fair value as determined by Principal Life. The accounts' fair value is the amount that would be received currently if funds were withdrawn from the Plan prior to their maturity for an event other than death, disability, termination, or retirement. This fair value presents guaranteed interest account valued adjusted to reflect current market interest rates only to the extent such market rates exceed contract crediting rates. This value represents contributions allocated to the guaranteed interest accounts, plus interest at the contractually guaranteed rate, less funds used to pay plan benefits and the insurance company's administrative fees.

Investment contracts issued by Principal are backed by a general account. Due to the nature of these contracts, they do not have specific underlying assets assigned. The guaranteed interest accounts cannot be sold to a third party, thus, the only option to exit the guaranteed interest accounts is to withdraw the funds prior to maturity. The fair value of the account is the value paid when funds are withdrawn prior to their maturity. If the applicable interest rate is greater than the interest rate on the account, the fair value is the contract value reduced by a percentage. This percentage is equal to the difference between the applicable interest rate and the interest rate on the account, multiplied by the number of years (including fractional parts of a year) until the maturity date.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the Plan believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Plan's assets at fair value as of March 31, 2017 and 2016.

Assets Measured at Fair Value at March 31, 2017 on a Recurring Basis			
Description	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Common/collective funds:			
Fixed income	\$ -	\$ 21,549,068	\$ -
Domestic equities	-	16,937,018	-
International equities	-	27,401,350	-
Other	-	21,870,074	-
Total common/collective funds	-	87,757,510	-
Investment contract	-	-	4,399,781
Money market funds	-	1,772,963	-
Total assets at fair value	\$ -	\$ 89,530,473	\$ 4,399,781

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2017 and 2016

NOTE E – PENSIONS AND POSTRETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Assets Measured at Fair Value at March 31, 2016 on a Recurring Basis			
Description	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Common/collective funds:			
Fixed income	\$ -	\$ 19,775,501	\$ -
Domestic equities	-	16,393,488	-
International equities	-	24,378,226	-
Other	-	21,542,302	-
Total common/collective funds	-	82,089,517	-
Investment contract	-	-	4,055,761
Money market funds	-	1,808,502	-
Total assets at fair value	\$ -	\$ 83,898,019	\$ 4,055,761

The following tables set forth a summary of changes in the fair value of the Plan's level 3 assets:

	Investment Contract
Balance, April 1, 2016	\$ 4,055,760
Realized gains	-
Unrealized gains relating to instruments still held at the reporting date	344,021
Purchases	-
Sales	-
Transfers in and/or out of level 3	-
Balance, March 31, 2017	\$ 4,399,781

	Investment Contract
Balance, April 1, 2015	\$ 4,959,707
Realized gains	754,758
Unrealized gains relating to instruments still held at the reporting date	(178,704)
Purchases	-
Sales	(1,480,000)
Transfers in and/or out of level 3	-
Balance, March 31, 2016	\$ 4,055,761

TSS expects to contribute \$2,545,220 to the pension plans for the year ended March 31, 2017. AML expects to contribute \$127,900 for the year ended March 31, 2017.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2017 and 2016

NOTE E – PENSIONS AND POSTRETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

TSS and AML also have 401(k) defined contribution plans. Both hourly and salaried employees are eligible to participate. Total expense for these plans was \$423,567 and \$421,882 for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Multiemployer Pension Plans

TSS and AML contribute to a multiemployer defined benefit pension plan under the terms of collective-bargaining agreements that cover certain unionized employee groups in the United States. Total pension expense charged to continuing operations for union-sponsored plans for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 was \$214,079 and \$174,405, respectively.

The risks of participating in multiemployer pension plans are different from single-employer plans. Assets contributed to a multiemployer plan by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers. If a participating employer stops contributing to the plan, the unfunded obligations of the plan may be borne by the remaining participating employers.

TSS's and AML's participation in multiemployer pension plans for the year ended March 31, 2017, is outlined in the table below. The "EIN/PN" column provides the Employee Identification Number (EIN) and the three-digit plan number (PN). The most recent Pension Protection Act (PPA) zone status available for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 is for the plan year-ends as indicated below. The zone status is based on information that TSS and AML received from the plan and is certified by the plan's actuary. Among other factors, plans in the red zone are generally less than 65 percent funded, plans in the yellow zone are between 65 percent and 80 percent funded, and plans in the green zone are at least 80 percent funded. The "FIP/RP Status Pending/Implemented" column indicates plans for which a financial improvement plan (FIP) or a rehabilitation plan (RP) is either pending or has been implemented.

In addition to regular plan contributions, TSS and AML may be subject to a surcharge if the plan is in the red zone. The "Surcharge Imposed" column indicates whether a surcharge has been imposed on contributions to the plan. The last column lists the expiration dates of the collective-bargaining agreements (CBA) to which the plans are subject.

Pension Trust Fund	EIN/PN	PPA Zone Status for year ended March 31,		FIP/RP Status Pending/Implemented	Contributions by TSS and AML for year ended March 31,			Surcharge Imposed	Expiration Date of CBA
		2017	2016		2017	2016	2015		
Steelworkers Pension Trust	23-6648508 / 499	Green - 12/31/2016	Green - 12/31/2015	No	\$214,079	\$174,405	\$142,941	No	3/30/2017 (TSS) 5/5/2018 (AML)

Neither TSS nor AML provided more than 5 percent of total contributions to the plan for the plan years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

In addition to regular contributions, TSS and AML could be obligated to pay additional amounts, known as a withdrawal liability, if a multiemployer pension plan has unfunded vested benefits and TSS and AML decreases or ceases participation in that plan. TSS and AML have not recognized a withdrawal liability or withdrawal liability expense related to curtailment and special termination benefits associated with withdrawal from the multiemployer plan.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2017 and 2016

NOTE F – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Companies, through their owners, are affiliated with various entities of HUSA and the Tata Group. Total steel sales to various affiliated companies were \$2,634,456 and \$2,907,041 for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Total steel purchases from various affiliated companies were \$29,049,535 and \$32,168,756 for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Receivables from these companies totaled \$2,225,242 and \$509,721 at March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Accounts payable to these companies totaled \$4,780,370 and \$1,520,357 at March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Management fees charged to TSS and AML from Tata Steel Plating and Tata Steel UK Limited totaled \$1,913,536 and \$2,063,674 for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

NOTE G – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

TSS is involved in several pending legal proceedings related to workers' compensation claims. While the ultimate outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of management that the ultimate resolution will not have a material adverse effect on the Companies' consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In accordance with the interim status standards under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), in 1998 the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA) approved TSS's closure plan for one USEPA Hazardous Waste No. F006 surface impoundment and three lime stabilized waste pickle liquor (LSWPL) lagoons located onsite. However, these units were never closed in accordance with the approved closure plan.

In 2003, TSS submitted a modified closure plan for OEPA's review and approval. Based upon decisions and agreements reached between OEPA and TSS, TSS prepared and submitted amended closure/post-closure plans for the F006 impoundment and LSWPL lagoons to OEPA in January, 2005.

In the plans, TSS committed to complete closure activities and to commence post-closure care activities within 180 days of approval of the plans by OEPA. The closure portions of these plans were implemented during the summer of 2005. TSS forwarded final closure certification reports to the OEPA in October, 2005.

In December, 2005 OEPA approved the reports and granted final certification of closure of the F006 impoundment and the LSWPL lagoons. In March 2008, TSS obtained approval to reduce its groundwater monitoring frequency from semi-annually to annually during the continued implementation of its RCRA post-closure plans. On March 6, 2008, TSS submitted modified post-closure plans to reflect OEPA's approval of the reduced monitoring frequency. By letter dated May 22, 2008, OEPA approved TSS' modified plans. TSS is currently fulfilling its post-closure care obligations for the F006 impoundment and the LSWPL lagoons.

By letter dated August 30, 2006 from OEPA, TSS was notified of its responsibilities under the regulations at Ohio Administrative Code Section 3745-54-101 for investigating and addressing, as necessary, any hazardous waste or hazardous constituent release at or from TSS, regardless of when such releases occurred. An OEPA site inspection was conducted on January 24, 2007. By letter dated February 6, 2007, OEPA requested TSS to create a Statement of Current Conditions by identifying and evaluating solid waste management units (SWMU) and areas of concern (AOC) at the facility. TSS submitted the Statement of Current Conditions to OEPA on April 11, 2007 which identified twenty-four SWMU's as well as two additional AOC's. OEPA concurred with TSS's assessment by letter dated May 7, 2007. TSS has since submitted and implemented an OEPA approved RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI) Work Plan which began in November, 2007. The RFI report recommended no further action for all SWMU's and AOC's pending ultimate decommissioning of the facility operations at some future time, provided one of the investigated SWMU (the on-site, capped nonhazardous waste landfill) is included in a deed

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2017 and 2016

NOTE G – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

notice restricting disturbance of the landfill's clay cap. The OEPA concurred with the RFI Report recommendations by letter dated April 8, 2008.

By letter dated June 5, 2008 from OEPA, TSS was notified of OEPA's intent to issue a Statement of Basis for Remedial Decisions. By letter dated September 23, 2008 from OEPA, TSS was notified of OEPA's issuance of a Final Declaration and Statement of Basis for Remedial Decision (the "Final Decision"). In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Final Decision, TSS submitted an Operations and Maintenance Plan for Waste Management Unit No.5 ("WMU 5") - the on-site, capped nonhazardous waste landfill - which is the only corrective action unit at TSS that has not attained "No Further Action" status. In response to OEPA comments, TSS submitted a Revised Operations and Maintenance Plan for WMU 5 on December 11, 2008. By letter dated February 18, 2009 from OEPA, TSS was notified of OEPA's approval of the Revised Operations and Maintenance Plan for WMU 5.

TSS received and approved final Environmental Covenant language for WMU 5 with OEPA on October 28, 2015. TSS has received and approved a Consensual Findings and Orders ("CF&O") document from OEPA on October 8, 2015. TSS will submit a work plan within 90 days of cessation of operation of a waste management unit on the facilities. Management is unable to estimate the cost of the RFI Work Plan as of March 31, 2017.

NOTE H – PROFIT SHARING PROGRAM

Pursuant to its collective bargaining agreement with the United Steel Workers of America, TSS is required to pay a profit sharing bonus equal to a specified percentage of its pretax profit before profit sharing expense to eligible hourly employees. Under this agreement, there was no profit sharing expense for the year ended March 31, 2017 and 2016.

Pursuant to its collective bargaining agreement with the United Steel Workers of America, AML is required to pay a profit sharing bonus equal to a specified percentage of its pretax profit before profit sharing expense to eligible hourly employees. Under this agreement, profit sharing expense was \$146,477 and \$105,674 for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

NOTE I – CONCENTRATION OF RISK

The Companies maintain their cash in a financial institution which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits of \$250,000. The Companies have not experienced any losses from such accounts, and management believes the Companies are not exposed to significant credit risk related to bank deposit accounts.

Major Customers

TSS has a concentration of sales and receivables in the battery industry. Three companies accounted for approximately 56% and 62% of TSS's sales for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Receivables from these customers were \$3,243,960 and \$2,652,932 at March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

AML's three largest customers accounted for approximately 67% and 65% of AML's sales for the year ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Receivables from these customers were \$1,526,606 and \$1,252,482 at March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Collective Bargaining Arrangements

Approximately 76% and 75% of TSS's workforce was subject to collective bargaining agreements as of March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. These agreements expire in March of 2017 and have been extended pending

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2017 and 2016

NOTE I – CONCENTRATION OF RISK (continued)

further negotiations. Management expects an agreement to be reached and believes that an operational disruption is unlikely.

As of March 31, 2017 and 2016, approximately 77% and 76%, respectively, of AML’s workforce was subject to collective bargaining agreements. None of these agreements expire within one year.

NOTE J – OPERATING LEASES

TSS and AML lease certain equipment under agreements accounted for as operating leases. The following is a yearly statement of the future minimum payments under noncancellable leases at March 31, 2017:

Year ending March 31:	Amount
2018	\$ 453,066
2019	313,041
2020	279,296
2021	279,296
2022	279,296
After 2022	1,117,186
	<u>\$ 2,721,181</u>

In most cases, management expects that in the normal course of business all leases will be renewed or replaced by other leases. Rental expense charged to operations totaled \$706,908 and \$688,712 for the years ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

NOTE K – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Companies have characterized their financial instruments, based on the priority of the inputs used to value the financial instruments, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities [Level 1], and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs [Level 3]. If the inputs used to measure the investments fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the financial instruments.

Financial instruments recorded in the balance sheet are categorized based on the inputs to valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1: These are financial instruments where values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical sets in an active market that the Companies have the ability to access.

Level 2: These are financial instruments where values are based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or model inputs that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the financial instruments.

Level 3: These are financial instruments where values are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. These inputs reflect assumptions of management about assumptions market participants would use in pricing the financial instruments.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2017 and 2016

NOTE K – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)**Assets Measured at Fair Value at March 31, 2017 on a Recurring Basis**

Description	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets			
Derivatives	\$ -	\$ 5,672	\$ -
Liabilities			
Derivatives	\$ -	\$ 5,672	\$ -

Assets Measured at Fair Value at March 31, 2016 on a Recurring Basis

Description	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets			
Derivatives	\$ -	\$ 272,527	\$ -
Liabilities			
Derivatives	\$ -	\$ 272,527	\$ -

Commodity derivatives are valued using a market approach based on the London Metal Exchange.

NOTE L – COMPONENTS OF ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

Balances of related components comprising accumulated comprehensive loss, net of tax, included in stockholder's equity, is as follows:

	Unrealized (Gain)/Loss on Commodity Futures Contracts	Pension and Postretirement Liability Adjustment	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss
Balance at March 31, 2015	\$ -	\$ 51,480,037	\$ 51,480,037
Unrealized gain on commodity futures contracts	(206,069)	-	(206,069)
Unrealized loss on commodity futures contracts	206,069	-	206,069
Liability adjustment	-	(974,913)	(974,913)
Balance at March 31, 2016	-	50,505,124	50,505,124
Unrealized gain on commodity futures contracts	(278,199)	-	(278,199)
Unrealized loss on commodity futures contracts	278,199	-	278,199
Liability adjustment	-	(9,325,115)	(9,325,115)
Balance at March 31, 2017	\$ -	\$ 41,180,009	\$ 41,180,009

NOTE M – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management evaluates events occurring subsequent to the date of the financial statements in determining the accounting for and disclosure of transactions and events that affect the financial statements. Subsequent events have been evaluated through July 11, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Hoogovens USA, Inc. and Subsidiaries
CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEETS

March 31, 2017

	HOOGOVELS USA, INC.	THOMAS STEEL STRIP CORP.	THOMAS PROCESSING COMPANY	HILLE & MUELLER USA, INC.	APOLLO METALS, LTD.	RECLASSIFICATIONS AND ELIMINATIONS	CONSOLIDATED
CURRENT ASSETS							
Cash	\$ 2,092,764	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 167,763	\$ 508,978	\$ -	\$ 2,769,505
Accounts receivable							
Trade, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$30,616 at March 31, 2017	-	7,298,352	71,724	408,527	1,750,958	-	9,529,561
Affiliated companies	1,765,585	36,783,738	60,463,287	5,628,476	5,568,881	(108,063,394)	2,146,573
Miscellaneous	-	(3,465)	-	-	211	-	(3,254)
Total accounts receivable	1,765,585	44,078,625	60,535,011	6,037,003	7,320,050	(108,063,394)	11,672,880
Inventories:							
Work in process and finished goods	-	7,060,692	11,388	545,654	973,910	-	8,591,644
Raw materials and supplies	-	8,613,658	17,798	-	1,279,634	-	9,911,090
Total inventories	-	15,674,350	29,186	545,654	2,253,544	-	18,502,734
Note receivable from affiliated company	28,167,515	-	-	-	-	-	28,167,515
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	142,717	276,556	-	-	259,672	-	678,945
Federal income tax refundable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred federal income taxes	-	865,375	-	-	-	-	865,375
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	32,168,581	60,894,906	60,564,197	6,750,420	10,342,244	(108,063,394)	62,656,954
INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES	55,544,137	5,694,425	-	15,392,809	-	(76,631,371)	-
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT							
Land	-	2,722,228	2,004,441	-	425,000	-	5,151,669
Buildings	-	31,230,165	4,699,042	-	2,750,575	-	38,679,782
Machinery and equipment	-	189,647,360	14,773,945	-	10,207,242	-	214,628,547
Computer software	-	8,266,568	-	-	-	-	8,266,568
Gas well	-	290,613	-	-	-	-	290,613
Construction in progress	-	8,324,236	-	-	-	-	8,324,236
	-	240,481,170	21,477,428	-	13,382,817	-	275,341,415
Less accumulated depreciation	-	221,225,364	19,813,186	-	10,808,680	-	251,847,230
NET PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	-	19,255,806	1,664,242	-	2,574,137	-	23,494,185
OTHER ASSETS							
Deferred federal income taxes	-	29,592,993	-	42,311	1,170,151	-	30,805,455
Other	-	110,677	-	-	-	-	110,677
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	-	29,703,670	-	42,311	1,170,151	-	30,916,132
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 87,712,718	\$ 115,548,807	\$ 62,228,439	\$ 22,185,540	\$ 14,086,532	\$ (184,694,765)	\$ 117,067,271

Hoogovens USA, Inc. and Subsidiaries
CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEETS

March 31, 2017

	HOOGOVELS USA, INC.	THOMAS STEEL STRIP CORP.	THOMAS PROCESSING COMPANY	HILLE & MUELLER USA, INC.	APOLLO METALS, LTD.	RECLASSIFICATIONS AND ELIMINATIONS	CONSOLIDATED
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Bank overdraft	\$ -	\$ 2,841,780	\$ 80,633	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,922,413
Accounts payable							
Trade	-	4,960,805	67,147	51,163	698,028	-	5,777,143
Affiliated companies	21,567,515	56,955,797	40,959,383	1,815,783	1,793,931	(108,063,394)	15,029,015
Total accounts payable	21,567,515	61,916,602	41,026,530	1,866,946	2,491,959	(108,063,394)	20,806,158
Accrued vacation	-	937,013	-	-	-	-	937,013
Accrued income taxes	765,000	20,000	-	-	-	-	785,000
Other accrued liabilities and expense	-	2,144,032	34,042	(6,928)	626,721	-	2,797,867
Current portion of accrued pension and postretirement benefits	-	3,350,934	-	-	127,900	-	3,478,834
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	22,332,515	71,210,361	41,141,205	1,860,018	3,246,580	(108,063,394)	31,727,285
OTHER LIABILITIES							
Accrued workers' compensation	-	570,377	-	-	-	-	570,377
Accrued pension liability	-	40,541,141	-	-	2,470,947	-	43,012,088
Accrued postretirement benefits	-	6,668,925	-	-	-	-	6,668,925
TOTAL OTHER LIABILITIES	-	47,780,443	-	-	2,470,947	-	50,251,390
TOTAL LIABILITIES	22,332,515	118,990,804	41,141,205	1,860,018	5,717,527	(108,063,394)	81,978,675
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (DEFICIT)	65,380,203	(3,441,997)	21,087,234	20,325,522	8,369,005	(76,631,371)	35,088,596
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (DEFICIT)	\$ 87,712,718	\$ 115,548,807	\$ 62,228,439	\$ 22,185,540	\$ 14,086,532	\$ (184,694,765)	\$ 117,067,271

Hoogovens USA, Inc. and subsidiaries
CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEETS

March 31, 2016

	HOOGOVS USA, INC.	THOMAS STEEL STRIP CORP.	THOMAS PROCESSING COMPANY	HILLE & MUELLER USA, INC.	APOLLO METALS, LTD.	RECLASSIFICATIONS AND ELIMINATIONS	CONSOLIDATED
CURRENT ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,074,251	\$ 2,331,841	\$ 224,615	\$ 5,447,924	\$ 3,881,060	\$ -	\$ 13,959,691
Accounts receivable							
Trade, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$0 at March 31, 2016	-	7,332,669	38,370	221,884	1,348,629	-	8,941,552
Affiliated companies	798,585	33,910,526	58,016,617	-	689,349	(92,905,356)	509,721
Miscellaneous	-	274,191	-	-	503	-	274,694
Total accounts receivable	798,585	41,517,386	58,054,987	221,884	2,038,481	(92,905,356)	9,725,967
Inventories:							
Work in process and finished goods	-	6,254,352	3,019	564,099	670,652	-	7,492,122
Raw materials and supplies	-	4,477,533	19,763	-	1,003,696	-	5,500,992
Total inventories	-	10,731,885	22,782	564,099	1,674,348	-	12,993,114
Note receivable from affiliated company	6,600,000	-	-	-	-	-	6,600,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	23,759	282,793	-	-	274,677	-	581,229
Federal income tax refundable	202,000	-	-	-	-	-	202,000
Deferred federal income taxes	-	1,556,014	-	-	56,576	-	1,612,590
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	9,698,595	56,419,919	58,302,384	6,233,907	7,925,142	(92,905,356)	45,674,591
INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES	52,221,572	5,834,241	-	15,644,635	-	(73,700,448)	-
PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT							
Land	-	2,722,228	2,004,441	-	425,000	-	5,151,669
Buildings	-	31,230,165	4,699,042	-	2,750,575	-	38,679,782
Machinery and equipment	-	189,112,924	14,773,945	-	10,161,124	-	214,047,993
Computer software	-	8,266,568	-	-	-	-	8,266,568
Gas well	-	290,613	-	-	-	-	290,613
Construction in progress	-	2,354,626	-	-	-	-	2,354,626
	-	233,977,124	21,477,428	-	13,336,699	-	268,791,251
Less accumulated depreciation	-	218,845,493	19,552,369	-	10,430,025	-	248,827,887
NET PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	-	15,131,631	1,925,059	-	2,906,674	-	19,963,364
OTHER ASSETS							
Deferred federal income taxes	-	32,972,251	-	16,199	1,246,326	-	34,234,776
Other	-	110,677	-	-	-	-	110,677
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	-	33,082,928	-	16,199	1,246,326	-	34,345,453
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 61,920,167	\$ 110,468,719	\$ 60,227,443	\$ 21,894,741	\$ 12,078,142	\$ (166,605,804)	\$ 99,983,408

Hoogovens USA, Inc. and subsidiaries
CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEETS

March 31, 2016

	HOOGOVELS USA, INC.	THOMAS STEEL STRIP CORP.	THOMAS PROCESSING COMPANY	HILLE & MUELLER USA, INC.	APOLLO METALS, LTD.	RECLASSIFICATIONS AND ELIMINATIONS	CONSOLIDATED
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable							
Trade	\$ -	\$ 2,193,234	\$ 69,553	\$ 18,293	\$ 708,746	\$ -	\$ 2,989,826
Affiliated companies	-	53,082,468	38,645,017	1,745,340	952,888	(92,905,356)	1,520,357
Total accounts payable	-	55,275,702	38,714,570	1,763,633	1,661,634	(92,905,356)	4,510,183
Accrued vacation	-	902,770	-	-	-	-	902,770
Other accrued liabilities and expense	-	3,014,304	33,997	4,330	898,436	-	3,951,067
Current portion of accrued pension and postretirement benefits	-	5,355,812	-	-	166,400	-	5,522,212
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	64,548,588	38,748,567	1,767,963	2,726,470	(92,905,356)	14,886,232
OTHER LIABILITIES							
Notes payable to affiliated company	-	-	-	-	3,000,000	-	3,000,000
Accrued workers' compensation	-	518,694	-	-	-	-	518,694
Accrued pension liability	-	49,685,124	-	-	2,976,346	-	52,661,470
Accrued postretirement benefits	-	6,613,567	-	-	-	-	6,613,567
TOTAL OTHER LIABILITIES	-	56,817,385	-	-	5,976,346	-	62,793,731
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	121,365,973	38,748,567	1,767,963	8,702,816	(92,905,356)	77,679,963
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (DEFICIT)	61,920,167	(10,897,254)	21,478,876	20,126,778	3,375,326	(73,700,448)	22,303,445
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (DEFICIT)	\$ 61,920,167	\$ 110,468,719	\$ 60,227,443	\$ 21,894,741	\$ 12,078,142	\$ (166,605,804)	\$ 99,983,408

Hoogovens USA, Inc. and subsidiaries
CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Year ended March 31, 2017

	HOOGOVS USA, INC.	THOMAS STEEL STRIP CORP.	THOMAS PROCESSING COMPANY	HILLE & MUELLER USA, INC.	APOLLO METALS, LTD.	ELIMINATIONS	CONSOLIDATED
NET SALES							
Nonaffiliated companies	\$ -	\$ 89,367,262	\$ 720,500	\$ 2,992,231	\$ 17,499,011	\$ -	\$ 110,579,004
Affiliated companies	-	1,109,548	2,793,797	-	6,186,027	(7,454,916)	2,634,456
TOTAL NET SALES	-	90,476,810	3,514,297	2,992,231	23,685,038	(7,454,916)	113,213,460
COST OF GOODS SOLD	-	72,846,594	3,074,150	1,970,142	15,302,779	(7,454,916)	85,738,749
GROSS PROFIT	-	17,630,216	440,147	1,022,089	8,382,259	-	27,474,711
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES							
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	-	3,112,566	260,817	-	378,655	-	3,752,038
Selling, general and administrative	80,752	16,062,788	570,972	569,631	2,667,092	-	19,951,235
TOTAL OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	80,752	19,175,354	831,789	569,631	3,045,747	-	23,703,273
(LOSS) INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	(80,752)	(1,545,138)	(391,642)	452,458	5,336,512	-	3,771,438
OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSES)							
Equity in loss of Thomas Processing Company	-	(139,816)	-	(251,826)	-	391,642	-
Equity in loss of Thomas Steel Strip Corporation	(1,410,412)	-	-	-	-	1,410,412	-
Equity in earnings of Hille & Mueller USA, Inc.	198,744	-	-	-	-	(198,744)	-
Equity in earnings of Apollo Metals, Ltd.	4,534,233	-	-	-	-	(4,534,233)	-
Interest expense	-	-	-	-	(18,736)	-	(18,736)
Interest income	218,223	-	-	-	-	-	218,223
(Loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	(24,724)	-	-	-	-	(24,724)
Profit sharing bonus	-	-	-	-	(146,477)	-	(146,477)
TOTAL OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSES)	3,540,788	(164,540)	-	(251,826)	(165,213)	(2,930,923)	28,286
(LOSS) INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	3,460,036	(1,709,678)	(391,642)	200,632	5,171,299	(2,930,923)	3,799,724
INCOME TAXES (BENEFIT)							
Current	-	198,000	-	28,000	741,000	-	967,000
Deferred	-	(497,266)	-	(26,112)	(103,934)	-	(627,312)
TOTAL INCOME TAXES (BENEFIT)	-	(299,266)	-	1,888	637,066	-	339,688
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 3,460,036	\$ (1,410,412)	\$ (391,642)	\$ 198,744	\$ 4,534,233	\$ (2,930,923)	\$ 3,460,036

CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Year ended March 31, 2016

	HOOGOVS USA, INC.	THOMAS STEEL STRIP CORP.	THOMAS PROCESSING COMPANY	HILLE & MUELLER USA, INC.	APOLLO METALS, LTD.	ELIMINATIONS	CONSOLIDATED
NET SALES							
Nonaffiliated companies	\$ -	\$ 92,510,538	\$ 563,223	\$ 3,301,933	\$ 18,035,625	\$ -	\$ 114,411,319
Affiliated companies	-	881,524	2,767,870	-	5,770,704	(6,513,057)	2,907,041
TOTAL NET SALES	-	93,392,062	3,331,093	3,301,933	23,806,329	(6,513,057)	117,318,360
COST OF GOODS SOLD	-	75,086,510	2,582,519	2,616,262	18,171,593	(6,513,057)	91,943,827
GROSS PROFIT	-	18,305,552	748,574	685,671	5,634,736	-	25,374,533
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES							
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	-	2,897,314	119,888	-	395,254	-	3,412,456
Selling, general and administrative	58,932	17,303,862	832,936	595,526	2,336,041	-	21,127,297
TOTAL OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	58,932	20,201,176	952,824	595,526	2,731,295	-	24,539,753
(LOSS) INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	(58,932)	(1,895,624)	(204,250)	90,145	2,903,441	-	834,780
OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSES)							
Equity in earnings of Thomas Processing Company	-	(72,917)	-	(131,333)	-	204,250	-
Equity in earnings of Thomas Steel Strip Corporation	(1,280,889)	-	-	-	-	1,280,889	-
Equity in earnings of Hille & Mueller USA, Inc.	11,400	-	-	-	-	(11,400)	-
Equity in earnings of Apollo Metals, Ltd.	2,689,305	-	-	-	-	(2,689,305)	-
Interest expense	-	-	-	-	(97,542)	-	(97,542)
Interest income	116,322	11	-	-	-	-	116,333
(Loss) on disposal of property, plant, and equipment	-	(23,622)	-	-	-	-	(23,622)
Profit sharing bonus	-	6,586	-	-	(105,674)	-	(99,088)
TOTAL OTHER INCOME AND (EXPENSES)	1,536,138	(89,942)	-	(131,333)	(203,216)	(1,215,566)	(103,919)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	1,477,206	(1,985,566)	(204,250)	(41,188)	2,700,225	(1,215,566)	730,861
INCOME TAXES (BENEFIT)							
Current	30,000	-	-	-	-	-	30,000
Deferred	-	(704,677)	-	(52,588)	10,920	-	(746,345)
TOTAL INCOME TAXES (BENEFIT)	30,000	(704,677)	-	(52,588)	10,920	-	(716,345)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 1,447,206	\$ (1,280,889)	\$ (204,250)	\$ 11,400	\$ 2,689,305	\$ (1,215,566)	\$ 1,447,206



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